"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

VOL. LXII...NO. 20,187. ... NEW YORK, FRIDAY, MAY 2, 1913.— TWENTY PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City and Newark, { Elsewhere TWO CENTS

THE WEATHER.

Fair, continued warm to-day and probably to-morrow; light, variable winds.

☞For full weather report see Page 17.

WILSON DECLARES BOSSES MUST GO

Warns Them in Two Speeches in New Jersey of the Rising Temper of the Masses.

ELECTION DIDN'T FOOL HIM

It Wasn't a Democratic Victory, He Says, and the Party Is Only Now on Trial.

IS FIRM FOR JURY REFORM

And Promises to Build a Fire Under the "Old Gang" in New Jersey That Seeks to Prevent It.

President Woodrow Wilson, asserting his right to exercise the responsibilities of private citizenship, re-entered the arena of active politics in New Jersey last night to do his part in obtaining State reforms. He made no reference to the fact that his activities were precedent-making, and frankly took his place on the firing line.

Although his re-enlistment was for the announced purpose of helping in the crucial fight now being waged in his home state for jury reform and a constitutional convention, he took occasion to voice messages intended for the Nation at large.

Speaking in Newark and Elizabeth, he warned political bosses that the sovereign will was the will of the people and must be obeyed. He expressed the belief that the self-control, the public spirit, and the legal conscience of the Nation would protect it against conditions that were menacing. He said the Democratic Party must make good its pledges or merit complete repudiation.

"The people of this country and of this State are going to have what they know they ought to have by one process or another," he said in his Newark speech. "I pray that it may not be a wrong process. I do not myself believe that the dangerous things will happen. But I want to warn these men (the bosses) not too long to show the people of this country that justice cannot be got by the ordinary processes of law. I warn them to stand out of the sovereign way.

Warns Bosses of People's Might.

"I have traveled from one end of this country to the other. I have looked into the faces of many audiences. I have never seen any symptoms that men were going to kick over the traces of the laws they have made, but I have seen a great majesty seated upon their countenances, and infinite patience. Thus they are sitting now.

"This is the test; this is the trial, this is the ultimate seat of judgment, and if these men will not serve the people they will be swept away like chaff before the wind. Other men more honest, more active, more wholesome, with the freshness of a new age upon them, with eyes that see the country as it is—men who are cool and thoughtful and determined—will go to the front and lead the people to the day of victory.

"Then America will be crowned with a new wreath of self-revelation and of self-discovery, and these creatures will have disappeared like the dust in the wheels of the chariot of God. It is this hope, it is this confidence that keeps the President of the United States alive. It is this confidence that makes it good to come back to Jersey and fight for the old cause."

There was a long-continued demonstration in the New Auditorium in Newark, where the first speech was made, when President Wilson appeared and was recognized in the somewhat worn gray suit known as his uniform in his pre-election campaigns. He advanced to the front of the platform, his eyes beaming with pleasure, and waved his hand repeatedly in response to personal salutations from many in the audience which filled the flag-decorated building to its capacity. Hundreds missed their suppers to make sure of getting seas. There were more than 2,000 present at 7 o'clock.

The Reform Bills Which Failed.

It was nearly an hour later when President Wilson arrived with his personal aid, Major Rhoads; Private Secretary Tumulty, and his bodyguard of four Secret Service men, who accompanied him from Washington. The President was met at the station in Newark by Judge Harry V. Osborne, Mayor Julian A. Gregory, and Theodore S. Fetinger. Citizens throughout New Jersey were keyed up to a high pitch of interest in what the President would have to say on the only two reform measures which failed of being enacted into laws during his term as Governor.

He indicated in his two speeches last night that his liveliest interest was centred in the bill rejected by the New Jersey Legislature a month ago, providing that the power of drawing panel juries be taken from the Sheriff's and lodged in Commissioners to be appointed by Justices of the Supreme Court. The bill as drawn last month was saddled with a joker in the form of a referendum. President Wilson insisted that the measure be mandatory. He was opposed by the Smith-Nugent machine, which he fought successfully until his elevation to the Presidency.

It was known that President Wilson before his departure for the New Jersey battleground had held conferences with National Democratic leaders in Washington, and that it was the opinion of the conferrees that the defeat of the proposed reform legislation might mean the return of New Jersey to the Republican column. This was the view

Continued on Page 2.

'NONE HURT' AMAZED DEWEY

Higher Power Than Fleet, He Says, Fought Battle of Manila.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 1.—In spite of his 75 years, Admiral George Dewey looked hale and hearty as he sat to-night at a dinner in the Willard Hotel surrounded by officers who fought with him at Manila Bay.

"A small family party," the Admiral called this gathering to celebrate the naval victory of fifteen years ago to-day. More than twenty officers who served in the engagement were present.

Admiral Dewey read a poem, written by Edward C. Curran of Pennsylvania, entitled "Lest We Forget." Speaking of Mr. Curran's production prior to the dinner, the Admiral said:

"This poem will have particular interest for us because it sets forth why the battle of Manila Bay was remarkable. It was that, indeed, although, of course, nothing like Togo's great modern naval victory in the Sea of Japan. I shall never forget the day fifteen years ago, when the battle was over and the six Captains of the squadron came aboard the Olympia, one by one. I said to them:

"'Well, how about it? How about your men? Are you hurt? Did you come through it all right?' And when they answered, 'Not a hurt,' 'Not a wound,' and so on, I just couldn't believe it, at first. Finally I came to the conclusion, and I said: 'Well, gentlemen, a higher power than we fought this battle to-day.'

"And so it was a remarkable battle, for the Spaniards fired twice the number of shots that we did, and we killed and wounded hundreds of the enemy's men, but they did us no damage, except on the cruiser Baltimore, where six men were injured by the explosion of one of that ship's shells. And even at that, all six of those men were right back on duty almost immediately."

KNICKERBOCKERS AT YALE.

Seniors Adopt the Garb—May Day Revels at Bryn Mawr and Wellesley

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, May 1.—Knickerbockers as a distinctive costume have been adopted by the Yale senior class, and the fashion is so popular that other classes have requested permission to adopt it. The seniors, who celebrated May Day by going forth in their new garb, feel that the idea is theirs, and are reluctant to allow other classes to take it up. At least, they object to the others adopting the light gray which they wear.

The garb will be worn by the seniors until commencement week.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, May 1.—The students at Bryn Mawr celebrated May Day with the usual ceremonies. Four poles draped in light blue, navy blue, green, and red were planted at the four corners of the green, with their streamers trailing. The students were massed in the middle of the field, and at a given signal took up the May Day dance. Miss M. Carey Thomas, Dean of the college, presented to the May Queen, Miss Kathleen Page, daughter of Walter H. Page, Ambassador to England, a necklace of jade beads.

WELLESLEY, May 1.—Wellesley College's 1,300 girls joined in May Day revels to-day. A scrubbing party enlivened the early morning, when seniors, carrying pails of soapsuds and dressed as scrubwomen, scoured the statues in and about the college grounds until they fairly shone. A May pole dance followed. Miss Edith F. Jones of Los Angeles, the freshman President, was the May Queen.

POSTAL EARNINGS ADVANCE.

Balance of $186,508 in Government's Favor in First Half of Year.

WASHINGTON, May 1.—The quarterly report of Charles A. Kram, Auditor of the Post Office Department, made public to-day, shows a balance of $186,508 in postal receipts over expenditures for the first half of the current fiscal year, ended Dec. 31.

The audited revenues for the December quarter amounted to $70,277,532, an increase of $11,138,798, or 19 per cent. over the preceding three months. Expenditures amounted to $66,027,987, an increase of $2,847,849.

The largest expenditures of the quarter were railroad mail transportation, $12,383,533; rural delivery service, $11,823,981; Assistant Postmasters and clerks in Post Offices, $11,229,537, and city delivery service, $8,922,424.

There were 24,437,725 domestic money orders issued amounting to $176,797,645, while 1,237,205 international money orders were valued at $25,377,577.

HOLD VACCINATION PARTIES.

Swedish Smallpox Epidemic Gives Rise to a New Fad.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

GOTHENBURG, May 1.—So many people have been vaccinated as the result of the outbreak of smallpox in Stockholm that the supply of vaccine is exhausted. Sufficient vaccine for over 100,000 persons has been ordered from abroad.

"Vaccination parties" are now fashionable in Stockholm. The guests are invietd to an "at home" at 5 o'clock, and a doctor arrives and vaccinates them. When this is over the guests dine together.

KENDALL MUST TESTIFY.

He Will Be Called Before the Grand Jury in the Stilwell Matter.

Attorney General Carmody went over yesterday with District Attorney Whitman and Assistant District Attorney Nott the testimony taken before the Senate in connection with the charge of attempted bribery made against State Senator Stephen J. Stilwell by George H. Kendall, President of the New York Bank Note Company.

At the end of the conference Mr. Carmody said that there was some doubt as to whether Mr. Kendall would appear before the Grand Jury as a willing witness, as he had said he would not should the Senate refuse to act upon the Stilwell matter. Mr. Nott, who is in charge of the investigation, said that he knew nothing of this, and after studying the case carefully he would call Mr. Kendall and other witnesses.

The case will not be ready for the Grand Jury before the middle of next week.

DEMOCRATS FIGHT TO HALT LAND BILL

Efforts of Wilson, Bryan, and California Minority Delay Action Another Day.

PRESIDENT SENDS WARNING

Tells Gov. Johnson Webb Bill Will Cause Delicate Litigation—Bryan Visits Japanese Colony.

Special to The New York Times.

SACRAMENTO, May 1.—Appeals by telegraph from the President and the visit of Secretary Bryan had the effect to-day of delaying action upon the Webb Alien Land bill at least for another day. The Democrats in the Senate pleaded for more time to study the proposed legislation, but the delay was granted only on the understanding that no further time would be asked. The bill is scheduled for consideration by the Senate at 11 o'clock to-morrow.

It was the original plan of the majority to force the bill to a vote at once, and the Administration leaders exacted a pledge from the minority that it would abide by the results as shown in the final roll call to-morrow, and not demand a reconsideration. Thus the Progressives feel that although apparently they lost a day, in realty they saved several by checking further efforts to impede their plans.

The brief debate to-day on the motion to postpone disclosed the fact that the Democrats had hearkened to the advice from Washington as delived by Secretary Bryan, and would make a formal stand in support of the National Administration. In order to meet the issue squarely Senator Curtin, Democrat, introduced a resolution setting forth the fact that President Wilson is opposed to the alien land bill, and including the following declaration:

> Be it Resolved, That the people of the State of California do hereby defer to the wishes of the President of the United States, and this Legislature will not at this session pass the bills herein mentioned.

It is believed that to the extent of supporting Mr. Curtin's resolution, the Democrats will defer to Secretary Bryan. Beyond that, however, their party platform in California calls upon them to aid in the enactment of an anti-alien land law, and most of them are expected to cast their votes for the Webb bill in its present form if it succeeds in escaping amendment.

Senator Caminetti, a Democrat, working independently of his colleagues, is preparing several amendments to the bill to be offered to-morrow.

President Sends Warning.

President Wilson sent a telegram to Gov. Johnson to-day warning him of litigation involving treaty rights likely to follow the adoption of the Webb bill. The President's message was as follows:

> I take the liberty of calling your attention to the Webb bill, which would involve an appeal to the courts on the question of treaty rights, and bring on what might be long and delicate litigation.

Gov. Johnson immediately replied:

> I thank you very much for your suggestion. The fault may be due to the fact that we have endeavored to preserve affirmatively upon the face of our bill the existing treaty. I have referred the matter at once to our Attorney General, and I would be extremely grateful for any suggestions that would avoid the objection you mention.

Gov. Johnson transmitted the correspondence to Senator Thompson, one of the authors of the original bill, with this comment:

> In consultation with Attorney General Webb, we were unable to see how any language can be employed which might not be ultimately subject to the same objection that is suggested in the President's telegram. The Attorney General in the bill prepared has endeavored affirmatively to preserve all treaty rights, and any bill that might be passed upon the subject of alien land ownership, of course, would, from our standpoint, endeavor in the most emphatic fashion to protect our National good faith in the matter of treaties that have heretofore been executed, and none of us would impair—no matter what might be the legal question involved—the obligations of any treaty that may have been heretofore made. This being our desire, it seems to the Attorney General and myself that no language can be employed that will not be equally open to the objection suggested.
>
> In order that the widest publicity may be given to the views of the President, although this telegram, I take it, was not given for transmission in a message to the Legislature, I shall give the telegram to the press, and you are at liberty to present it or any of the matters contained in this note.

Say Litigation Is Certain.

The President's warning seems to have aroused no apprehension in the ranks of those who favor the bill. Gov. Johnson and Attorney General Webb both believe that, regardless of its wording, any alien land act that the State may adopt will be appealed to the courts.

The Attorney General in a statement to-night said:

> I have seen the President's telegram to the Governor to the effect that the proposed land bill might involve an appeal to the courts, and it has been in the minds of every one having to do with this subject of legislation since the beginning of the session that any character of bill must necessarily involve the same thing.
>
> No method of avoiding an appeal to the courts by the parties interested has occurred to us, and if the Federal Government is advised of the existence of a way to avoid this question without a complete and unwarranted surrender of the rights of the State, it is to be regretted that such method is not pointed out by the telegram.
>
> If this act should be passed, I quite realize that hereafter some person might contend for greater rights than the act would seem on its face to give him, and in that case it would be quite proper for the courts to pass upon the question. I am at a loss, however, at this time to understand how the Federal Government could become in any way involved in or be responsible for such a contention.

Secretary Bryan, who was in his temporary office at the Capitol Building all day with the exception of a few hours spent in inspecting the Japanese colony at Florin, declined to discuss the question raised by the President.

There is much interest in the future movements of the Secretary of State, who has given out no word as to his immediate plans other than to say that he expects to remain in Sacramento for several days. He had no suggestions to make and no communications to transmit to the Legislature to-day. This afternoon he received and talked with

Continued on Page 3.

CHANGE OF TERMINALS, NEW YORK. Lehigh Valley passenger trains now arrive at and depart from the C. R. R. of N. J. terminal, Jersey City, with ferries to and from West 23d Street and Liberty Street.—Adv.

Spending Billions for Europe's War Expenses.

Yves Guyot, French economist, analyzes this enormous expenditure and shows how America profits by it.

IN NEXT SUNDAY'S TIMES.

AUSTRIAN EMPEROR CALLS WAR COUNCIL

Montenegro Offers to Compromise, but Immediate Action Against Her Is Feared.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

VIENNA, May 1.—Intense excitement has been caused here by the announcement that Emperor Francis Joseph has summoned for to-morrow a Crown Council, to be presided over by himself. The Premiers and War Ministers of Austria and Hungary will attend it.

War correspondents will leave here to-morrow for Cattaro, Dalmatia.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Friday, May 2.—The Ambassadors' Conference on the Balkan question met in London yesterday and adjourned until Monday.

The fact that the Austrian Ambassador agreed to the adjournment is in itself a hopeful sign, but even more satisfactory is the offer of Montenegro to accept compensation for the abandonment of Scutari.

While all along there had been a suspicion that King Nicholas was bluffing the powers with the object of getting the utmost possible out of the bargain, there remained the fear that the little kingdom, relying on Slav developments in Russia and Austria, might carry its intransigeance to a point where active measures of coercion would be inevitable.

Though the war feeling still runs high in Vienna, in all the other capitals of Europe the belief is growing that with time and patience Montenegro will be induced to climb down.

While recognizing some slackening in the European tension, The Times says:

"Though the adjournment of the Ambassadors' Conference to Monday is everywhere regarded as a hopeful sign, there is no reason whatever to imagine that Count Mensdorff (the Austrian Ambassador) did not act on the instructions he is known to have received. Those instructions, it is understood, were to warn the Ambassadors' meeting yesterday that Austria now held herself at liberty to take independent action.

"At any moment news may come that independent action has actually been taken.

"Every effort is being made to induce Austria to refrain from immediate action, especially now that Montenegro for the first time has declared herself ready to abandon Scutari if paid the price.

"The price, unfortunately, includes territorial compensation which Austria regards as utterly inadmissible."

LONDON, Friday, May 2.—No date has yet been fixed for the reassembling of the Peace Conference in London, but the powers are urging Turkey and the Balkan allies to send their delegates here as quickly as possible, in the belief that the conclusion of peace will assist in the settlement of the other problems.

The plenipotentiaries on meeting in London will be invited to sign a draft of the preliminaries which the powers have already drawn up. This course has been adopted in order to prevent prolonged discussions.

Reports through Vienna say that the Montenegrins are preparing Scutari for a siege.

The reply of Montenegro to the demand of Europe for the evacuation of Scutari had previously been received by the powers. It is non-committal in character and keeps the door open for further negotiations.

The little kingdom of the Black Mountain tells its big neighbors that it has the greatest deference for them and declares the capture of Scutari to be in no way a defiance of their announced decision to give the former Turkish fortress to Albania. At the same time, Montenegro suggests that there is room for discussion, and reserves the right of bringing up the question of Scutari in the course of the peace negotiations when the definitive delimitation of Albania comes before the Balkan allies and the European powers for settlement.

King Nicholas thus, while he has not consented to yield Scutari, opened the way for further discussion.

CETTINJE, May 1.—The Russian Minister to-day presented a curt note to the Government, urging immediate compliance on the part of Montenegro with the demands of the European powers for the evacuation of Scutari and intimating that a policy of defiance was likely to lead to the ruin of Montenegro.

SOFIA, May 1.—The Premier to-day informed the representatives of the powers that at the conference to negotiate peace which is to be held in London Bulgaria would be represented by the same delegates as at the first conference.

TIE-UP IN THE SUBWAY.

Short Circuit Forces Turning Off of Power for 15 Minutes.

Trains in the subway were held up for fifteen minutes last night and traffic on the entire system was delayed for more than an hour after a Lenox Avenue local caught fire from a short-circuit between the shoe and the third rail at 10:55 P. M., between the Eighty-sixth and Ninety-first Street stations. The motor car had flames playing beneath it until the power was turned off on all the four tracks from Ninety-sixth Street to Fifty-third Street. Some of the passengers were alarmed and fled from the car to the rear cars, but they were in no danger as the motor car was of steel.

After the power had been turned off the shoe of the motor was broken off. The train was then moved by the motor in the second car. The long lines of stalled trains were not running according to schedule for almost an hour after the accident. Defective insulation was believed to have caused the trouble.

AT LAKEWOOD.—The pleasures of Lake and Woodland are most delightful in May. Golf, motoring, and all outdoor diversions. Laurel-in-the-Pines, Laurel House, now open.—Adv.

STOVER AGAIN LOSES HIS PARK ARCHITECT

Mr. Lay Says He Didn't Have Help Enough, and Commissioner Didn't Co-operate.

For the second time in the administration of Park Commissioner Stover the department has lost the services of a landscape architect with the resignation yesterday of Charles Downing Lay. Mr. Lay gave up because he did not have adequate help for the work he deemed necessary to protect the natural beauties and save the soil in the city's parks. Mr. Lay had been in favor of a comprehensive plan of park development, and he asserts that he got no co-operation from the Commissioner, owing to the present department regulations.

Mr. Lay is a Columbia and Harvard graduate, and prior to his connection with the Park Department had charge of the planning and renovating of some of the costliest estates in New York and New England. He was appointed to the office of landscape architect following the removal by the Park Board of Samuel Parsons, Jr., on May 10, 1911.

Most of his work has been confined to Central Park, although he has given personal attention to the other parks under his jurisdiction. In Central Park he was responsible for the closing up and fencing off of the North Meadow temporarily in the Fall of 1911, when it was plowed up, fertilized, and seeded with rye. The rye was afterward plowed under the permanent grass seed sown. This course of treatment restored to Central Park one of its most expansive fields, and won the approbation of soil experts who had doubted the land could be restored.

At the southern end of the Park Mr. Lay instituted other needed improvements. He caused to be cut down old and decaying trees, and had them replaced where he deemed it necessary by younger trees. He also instituted a new system of cleaning shrubs and trees, and replanted some of the slopes which had been too steep and unsightly at the southern end of the Park. On the slopes adjoining the Park walls at various points he caused to be planted thorny shrubs in order to induce a thick growth, through which children would hesitate to rush pell-mell, and which would keep out disorderly persons.

Mr. Lay has been frequently complimented by landscape architects for his achievement in exterminating the weeds which formerly overgrow all of the rocky hillsides.

It has been known for some time that serious differences on matters of policy existed between Commissioner Stover and Mr. Lay.

At the time of his appointment Mr. Lay said that he did not believe that even tennis playing should be permitted in the Park under all conditions, because of the difference in the wear and tear upon the lawns at various times. At certain seasons or under certain weather conditions, he explained, the lawns might endure hard wear which at other times would destroy them. Commissioner Stover, on the other hand, has always favored the unrestricted use of the parks by the people.

Mr. Lay at the time of his appointment by the Park Board was reported to have been the personal selection of Mayor Gaynor. He was born at Newburg, N. Y., in 1877, and was educated at J. H. Moss's private school in this city, after which he entered Columbia University. After completing a course in architecture with the class of 1900, he entered Harvard University, where he studied landscape architecture under Prof. Frederick Law Olmstead, graduating with a degree of B. S. in 1902.

His predecessor in the office of landscape architect to the Park Department was removed by the Park Board after several months of bitter controversy with Commissioner Stover. Mr. Parsons had been connected with the Park Department for thirty years, and his policies had been warmly commended and indorsed by Gustavus B. Maynadier, a soil expert of the United States Department of Agriculture. Charges made against him were investigated by Raymond D. Fosdick, former Commissioner of Accounts, who recommended his dismissal.

LIFE KEPT BY FREEZING.

Johns Hopkins Tests Tend to Show a State This Side of Death.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, May 1.—Recent investigations in the laboratories of the Johns Hopkins Medical School seem to indicate a state intermediate between life and death, since life in many organisms may be suspended by freezing in liquid air, and by other processes, and then may be resuscitated.

Bacteria, the lowest plant organisms, have enormous powers of resisting death. Bacteria of various diseases are seen in the laboratory frozen in liquid air at a temperature of 360 degrees Fahrenheit.

There are instances of the lives of frogs, rats, snails, and fish being suspended by this freezing process, yet on being "thawed out" after several weeks they revive.

These animals are perfectly normal when placed in a refrigerating jar filled with liquid air at a certain temperature. After a short time the animals appear lifeless. A month later they are removed, and on being massaged show signs of life, often reviving completely.

Recently successful efforts were made in the medical school to revive the apparently dead heart of an animal. As explained by Dr. Alexis Carrel, who recently lectured before the student body here, in about five cases out of ten the heart of a chicken took on renewed energy several hours after death. Immediately after death the heart was frozen and preserved. A few hours later it was resuscitated by massage.

Latest Shipping News.

BY MARCONI WIRELESS.—SS Caronia, (Cunard Line,) Liverpool to New York, was 1,021 miles east of Sandy Hook at 8 P. M.; due 4th, 8:30 A. M.

INDIVIDUAL CUPS FOR OFFICES. The Lily Drinking Cup is the best of all sanitary cups. It is made by the Public Service Cup Co., Bush Terminal, Brooklyn. Samples mailed free.—Adv.

SULZER BILL BEATEN IN ASSEMBLY ALSO

Primary Measure Rejected This Morning After Long Debate—Governor Plans His Tour.

WILL START OUT ON JULY 4

Battle Has Only Begun, He Asserts—Makes Ready for Reprisals by Use of Patronage.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Friday, May 2.—After a debate lasting for five hours the Assembly early this morning defeated Gov. Sulzer's Direct Primary bill, following the example of the Senate.

The final vote, which was taken at 3 o'clock, stood: For, 47; against, 93.

Despite the late hour, scores of spectators, including several women, remained in the Assembly Chamber listening to the debate.

The Governor had half a dozen officeholders lobbying for his bill while the debate was in progress.

Most of the advocates of his plan spoke to rows of empty benches in the Assembly Chamber, while the lawmakers lounged about the lobbies and committee rooms.

Mark Eisner, the Democratic representative of Abe Gruber's district, who introduced the Governor's bill, was the first to speak. He defended the Governor's course.

"The motives behind this bill have been questioned," said Mr. Eisner. "I have no apology to make for placing this measure before the Assembly. But even if my motive was open to question that would not have any more to do with the merits of the case than the flowers that bloom in the Spring—"

"Tra-la" broke in a derisive chorus of scoffing opponents from all parts of the chamber. The laughter drowned the voice of Gov. Sulzer's spokesman in the House, while a procession of his colleagues started for the doors. Assemblyman Gibbs of the Bronx and Mr. Schaap, Bull Moose leader in the Assembly, also spoke in favor of the bill. The friends of the measure took up all the time until well after midnight.

Sulzer Tour to Begin on July 4.

Before the Assembly met last night for the purpose of debating the Sulzer bill there was much talk among the members about the extra session which will be called probably in August. The members knew that the extra session would be preceded by a mid-Summer campaign in the course of which Gov. Sulzer intended to visit every district where the leaders and the representatives in the law-making body had shown hostility to his direct primary plans.

It is the intention of Gov. Sulzer and his friends to make this Summer campaign as spectacular as stage craft and fiery oratory can make it. Unless there is a change in the tentative programme mapped out, Gov. Sulzer, accompanied by a large retinue of supporters will open the war on July 4. Gov. Sulzer's friends who are aiding him in mapping out the campaign are in favor of red fire, band music, and a gala display of flags all along the route. A special appeal will be made to the farmers.

"The Governor expects to hit hard," said one of Mr. Sulzer's spokesmen yesterday. "He will call a spade a spade, and will not permit himself to be deterred by any feeling of delicacy in laying bare the record of legislators who have aided in this nefarious work, and defeated the party will as expressed in the platform. I predict that when Gov. Sulzer is through some of his opponents in both houses of the Legislature and many of the bosses will not have a shred of their reputations left."

Gov. Sulzer himself was very wrathful yesterday over the defeat of his bill by the Senate.

Primary Battle "Just Begun."

Gov. Sulzer made public yesterday the following formal statement concerning the primary situation.

> The battle for direct primaries has just begun. The fight will go on until the cause of the people triumphs.
>
> The success of direct primaries in the State of New York is just as certain as that we are alive. The voters of the State are determined to have this reform, so that they can nominate as well as elect candidates for office, and I have never known the time when the people wanted to write on the statute books a great reform that they did not ultimately succeed in doing so.
>
> The vote in the Senate yesterday expressed nothing except what the people know—that the Senate of the State of New York is not a free agency. The Senators did not discuss the merits of the Direct Primary bill. They amused themselves by criticising the Governor, and sought to exculpate their votes by finding fault with the Executive. What a spectacle was presented in the Senate!
>
> For the first time in the history of this State, so far as we have been able to ascertain, both political parties caucused to defeat a bill to carry out the solemn pledges of their platforms. Very often one political party will caucus to beat a bill, but this is the first time, I venture to say, when both political parties had to caucus to defeat a meritorious measure. It goes to show the desperation of the bi-partisan political combination in the Legislature.
>
> We are advised that if the Direct Primary bill had not been adversely caucused by both political parties it would have passed, and if it had been caucused by only one political party the bill would have received twice as many votes as it did.
>
> The bill was not beaten on its merits. It was defeated solely by the party lash and the bi-partisan caucus combination, dictated by agencies outside the Capitol. When the campaign begins through the State these facts will be brought home to the voters, and I undertake to say that when the extraordinary session of the Legislature convenes neither party will dare to caucus its members on this measure for direct primaries, and beat it, as it was beaten yesterday, by the lash of the party caucus and the spur of party regularity.
>
> All honor and all credit to the brave and farseeing Senators who had the courage of their convictions and voted for the bill. They will never have cause to regret it. They will never find it necessary to apologize or make explanations.

Reprisals Planned by Sulzer.

Gov. Sulzer will not make "appeals to the people" his only weapon in his fight for a new primary law of his own making. It is well known that the Governor at this very moment is planning reprisals all along the line against leaders who have opposed his plans. He will

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ARCHDUKE MEANT TO VANISH

"John Orth" Arranged for Communication by Cipher Advertisement.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, May 1.—Countess Marie Larisch, niece of the late Empress Elizabeth of Austria, interviewed to-day regarding the reasons that prompted her to write "My Past," declared that it was not for the sake of acquiring cheap, ephemeral notoriety. She added:

"Many anonymous venomous publications have appeared on the subject, and I owed it to my family to exonerate myself from the slanderous charges leveled against me."

As regards the unsolved problem of the existence or non-existence of Archduke John, (John Orth,) Countess Larisch emphatically declared that he was still living. "A day or two before he set out for an unknown destination," she said, "John Orth begged me, if I ever got into trouble over the Meyerling affair, to communicate with him by means of a cipher message in the Berliner Tageblatt."

This, she added, she had not done, for the simple reason that the Austrian authorities had never interfered with her.

BANKER'S SON A BELLBOY.

Gets 60-Cent Tip for Carrying His Father's Grips.

For the last two weeks Leigh W. Harrington, 23 years old, son of a Philadelphia banker, has been working as a bellboy at the McAlpin to learn the hotel business from the bottom up. He had been away from home for several months and his family did not know where he was working.

Yesterday morning, while Harrington was sitting at the head of the bench, the room clerk called "front," and handing him a room key, said: "Take care of Mr. Harrington," indicating a guest, in whom the bellboy recognized his father. Mr. Harrington, paying no particular attention to the boy who was carrying his bags, did not recognize his son until they were in the elevator.

Harrington received a 60-cent tip, and a dinner at the Engineers' Club. The elder Mr. Harrington will sail for Europe on May 13. On returning to his home in Philadelphia last night, he set the seal of fatherly appproval on his son's job by telling him to stick to it.

OTIS SKINNER'S CONDITION.

Actor Is Seriously Ill After an Operation for Mastoiditis.

Special to The New York Times.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., May 1.—An operation performed at the Methodist Hospital this morning on Otis Skinner, the actor, showed that he was in a more serious condition than had been supposed, and there is much apprehension concerning the outcome. Mr. Skinner has been suffering for about four weeks with mastoiditis, an affliction of the ear. An incision was made behind the ear, and it was found that the abscess had reached the membranes of the brain, but had not yet affected the brain.

Dr. Page says he believes Mr. Skinner will recover in a satisfactory manner if brain trouble does not set in. Mrs. Skinner did not get here in time to be at the hospital when the operation was performed.

MRS. PRESTON JOINS ANTIS.

The Former Mrs. Cleveland a Vice President of Association.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., May 1.—Mrs. Thomas J. Preston of Princeton, the former Mrs. Cleveland, was elected a Vice President of the New Jersey Association Opposed to Woman's Suffrage at the annual meeting here to-day. Other officers chosen were:

Honorary President—Miss Anna Dayton, Trenton; President—Mrs. E. Yarde Breese, Trenton; Recording Secretary—Miss Annie McIlvane, Trenton; Corresponding Secretary—Miss Julia Minnegerode, Trenton; Treasurer—Mrs. J. M. Forst, Trenton; Vice Presidents—Mrs. Ledyard Blair of Bernardsville, Mrs. Thomas Craven of Salem, Mrs. Cornelius Hook of Trenton, and Mrs. Alexander F. Jamison of Lawrenceville.

Among the speakers were Mrs. Horace Brock, President of the Pennsylvania Society; Mrs. Arthur H. Dodge of New York, President of the National society; Mrs. John E. Martin of New York, Mrs. John W. Church of New York, and Mrs. Francis W. Lowthorp, President of the New Jersey Society of the Colonial Dames of America.

MICHIGAN OFFICIAL COUNT.

Republicans Polled Nearly Twice the Strength of Progressives.

LANSING, May 1.—According to the official count made by the State Board of Canvassers to-day the Republican, Democratic and Progressive Parties finished in the order named in the recent Spring election in Michigan. The entire Republican State ticket won with pluralities ranging from 28,000 to 47,000. Equal suffrage, which lost by a close vote last November, was defeated by a majority of 96,144. The Republicans polled nearly twice as many votes as the Progressives.

The amendment relative to the initiative and referendum on Constitutional amendments carried by a majority of 42,404. The amendment concerning the initiative on statutes carried by 66,669, while the recall amendment had a majority of 92,31. The firemen's pension amendment was defeated by a majority of 26,256.

CITY OFFICIALS CARRY HODS.

Mayor and Police Commissioner of Geneva Take Places of Strikers.

Special to The New York Times.

GENEVA, N. Y., May 1.—Mayor Reuben H. Gulvin and Police Commissioner John Monroe donned overalls and carried hods for several hours this afternoon, after 55 members of the Hod Carriers' Union and 117 members of the Carpenters' Union had struck for higher wages. The men were engaged in constructing the new City Hall.

A half-dozen bricklayers remained at work after the walk-out. While an admiring audience cheered from the streets, the Mayor and the Police Commissioner, perspiring freely in the hot sun, kept these workmen in material. The two officials seemed to enjoy themselves immensely.

ANGOSTURA BITTERS originated 1824, an old friend; an effective Spring tonic.—Adv.

THOMPSON HIT HARD AT TRIAL

Witness Picks Him Out in Court and Tells of Bribe Offer for Fox.

CONSPIRACY NET TIGHTER

Fox, Sipp, and Mrs. Walsh Give Damaging Testimony Against Four ex-Inspectors.

$2,800 REFUSED BY FOX

Whitman to Call His Last Witness To-day—Defense May Seek to Prove Alibis.

When Justice Seabury adjourned court at 10:10 o'clock last night all of the District Attorney's star witnesses against ex-Inspectors Sweeney, Murtha, Thompson, and Hussey, on trial for conspiracy to defeat the ends of justice, had been heard excepting Lawyer Edward J. Newell. A big volume of testimony, far more damaging than had been expected, had been leveled against the four defendants during the three court sessions, and when they left for their cells in the Tombs last night the graft net was drawn much tighter around them.

Sweeney and Thompson, particularly, were hard hit by the day's grind. Sweeney got most of his blows in the morning and afternoon session, and Thompson at the night session. Hussey was also deeply involved, but the real knocks for him are to come to-day, when his former lawyer, Newell, will testify against him. Of the four Murtha was spared most, his only real discomfiture appearing when Lawyer Jacob Rouss pointed him out in the courtroom as one of the men he had seen at Police Headquarters as an interested spectator at the hearing of ex-Patrolman Fox.

The greatest bomb of the whole day's proceedings was hurled at Thompson shortly after 9 o'clock last night. It was thrown by an insignificant witness, Olaf Nelson, a nephew of the wife of Fox. Not once had Nelson's name been mentioned in connection with the graft investigation. Awkward and unnerved, he was placed on the stand to corroborate some testimony given earlier in the day. No one took him seriously when he cast a shy glance around the courtroom to get his bearings.

Nelson Sent to See "a Man."

"Did you have a conversation with Patrolman Fox on the evening of Jan. 28 last?" asked Assistant District Attorney Clark.

"I did," replied the Swede. "Fox called me up at the Western Union Telegraph office at Broadway and 116th Street, where I work, and told me he wanted to see me at his home in the Bronx. I went to see him."

"What did Fox say?"

"He told me to go to Broadway and 109th Street at 11 o'clock that same night, Jan. 28. He told me I would find 'a man' there. He said that I should listen to what 'the man' had to say."

"Did he tell you the man's name?"

"No."

"Do you see that same man in the courtroom now?"

"Yes, I see him," replied Nelson, while every one in the crowded courtroom leaned forward to see what would happen.

"Where is he!" asked Mr. Clark.

"That is the man," said Nelson, "that man sitting there third from the end with the hand up to his chin."

His finger pointed straight at Thompson, and Thompson twitched his mustache nervously.

"I met that man at 109th Street and Broadway at 11 P. M. on Jan. 28," continued Nelson, "and I told him Fox had sent me. Then he took me by the arm and led me to Amsterdam Avenue, and while we walked he said, 'I understand that Gene Fox wants to squeal. Doesn't he know he'll lose his job if he squeals? He has everything to gain by sticking. There's no chance in the world for them to put him away. We'll pay all his expenses and we'll pay the wife $125 a month while he is away. We'd like to make it more, but we can't on account of the holler that is being made. It will be a large sum in the end. It will be just like paying for furniture on the instalment plan.' 'Ah,' I says, 'but suppose you beat it with the furniture?'"

"When did you find out that you had talked to Inspector Thompson," asked Mr. Clark.

"When I reported the conversation to Fox later that night."

Fox a Damaging Witness.

The way for this witness had been prepared in the afternoon by Patrolman Fox himself. Fox, a giant in stature, proved a stone wall for the darts of the combined lawyers for the defense. He laughed in their faces. He parried their blows at his character with able repartee. His story was not shaken in the least detail. He frankly told the jury that he had squealed because the Inspectors promised him only $2,800 to "stand pat," whereas he wanted $10,000.

The next strongest witness was George A. Sipp, formerly owner of the Hotel Baltic, from which Fox collected graft for Capt. Walsh "and the Inspectors." Sipp came on the stand with vengeance in his eye. His bitterness was all directed toward Inspector Sweeney, who had obtained the affidavits which had blackened his character. He, too, sparred successfully with the able lawyers for the defense. They succeeded in dragging his blackened character into the record, but Sipp never budged an inch from District Attorney Whitman's line of attack.

The other witnesses included Mrs. Walsh, whose most humiliating admission was that she depended on her husband's graft money for all her finery and automobiles; Howard Sipp, who corroborated his father and earlier witnesses regarding money which he gave to Fox; Jacob Rouss, the lawyer, and several minor witnesses, who helped to impress points brought up in the testimony of the witnesses who will be charged by the defense with being parties to the alleged conspiracy.

From the line of cross-examination yesterday the first inkling of the defense which may be put up by the Inspectors was gleaned. It appeared that alibis might be introduced for Sweeney and Thompson, and possibly also for the other two defendants, and that an attempt might be made to smash the whole network of the District Attorney by establishing that George A. Sipp was inspired to appear against Sweeney and the other Inspectors because of enmity incurred by raids against his disorderly house.

Mrs. Walsh Takes Stand.

Mrs. Nellie Walsh, wife of ex-Capt. Walsh, was the first witness to be called when court reconvened in the morning. She was dressed in lavender and she did not wear a veil as she did in the Hartigan trial. Under the questioning of Assistant District Attorney Clark she told of witnessing her husband's giving $950 to Patrolman Hartigan, and said that she had heard Hartigan say that $800 of the money came from Sweeney. It was in connection with his perjury regarding this transaction that Hartigan was sentenced to Sing Sing about six weeks ago.

Mrs. Walsh, on direct examination, also told of Sweeney's visits to her home and said that on one occasion she herself handed Sweeney $600 as her husband's share for the "hush" fund for Patrolman Fox. Mrs. Walsh appeared a little nervous. The large array of counsel within the rail and directly in front of her appeared to be the disturbing influence. The story of Hartigan's visit had been told at the Hartigan trial, but Mrs. Walsh had never before testified concerning the fund for Patrolman Fox. Here is her testimony on the Fox fund:

Q.—Did you know the defendant, Sweeney? A.—Yes.

Q.—See him at your house? A.—Yes, he called two or three times a week.

Q.—Did Inspector Sweeney come around again any more after Dec. 30? A.—Yes.

Q.—Did you keep track of Fox being arrested again, did you hear about it when it happened? A.—I read about it.

Q.—After Sipp came back? A.—Yes.

Q.—Did you read the papers at the time? A.—Not very much, because my husband was so sick.

Q.—But you knew Fox was going to be brought on trial? A.—Yes, Sir.

Q.—Do you remember the date? A.—It was about Feb. 3.

Q.—Did you see Sweeney after that at all? What was the last time you saw him? A.—The Friday night before.

Q.—Fox pleaded guilty on Monday morning? A.—Yes, I remember it, because I went to church on that morning.

Q.—What happened when you came home that night? A.—My husband wanted $500 for Inspector Sweeney, and he wanted another $100. I got the other $100.

Q.—You got another $100? Where from? A.—From the table.

Q.—What did you do with it? A.—I gave it to him. I gave it with the $500 to Inspector Sweeney.

Q.—At the time when Capt. Walsh asked you to get the other $100 was the Inspector in the room at the time? A.—Yes, Sir. In my husband's bedroom. I got it and gave it to him with the other money.

Walsh's Two Automobiles.

Francis Wellman, counsel for Hussey, took up the cross-examination at this point and asked about some of the luxuries in which Walsh indulged on the salary of a Police Captain. He laid particular emphasis on the possession of two automobiles, one of them a $5,000 car. He also asked Mrs. Walsh about the propriety of associating with the wife of George A. Sipp, the keeper of a disorderly resort. Here is some of the testimony:

Q.—Did you go every Monday with Mrs. Sipp to the Waldorf? A.—No; only every two weeks.

Q.—You went there with her to card parties? A.—Yes.

Q.—And you had no idea she was associated with a disorderly house; part of the Baltic Hotel? A.—Yes.

Q.—You never suspected the character of the hotel? A.—No.

Q.—Did you ever know of raids on the Baltic Hotel? A.—Yes, I had heard it. Mrs. Sipp was a very good woman and a very nice woman.

The climax came when Mr. Wellman appealed to her sense of honor in spending money which had been collected from disorderly resorts.

"You admit that you shared your husband's graft, don't you?" asked the lawyer.

The head of the witness dropped. The courtroom became very quiet, while every one strained to hear her answer. When Mrs. Walsh lifted her head again her face was crimson.

"Yes," she replied, "I suppose I did."

Fail to Trap Mrs. Walsh.

The lawyer, pursuing his plan of the day before, tried in vain to get substantial contradictions of testimony regarding the Sipp bribery fund. In this case he tried to get Mrs. Walsh to admit guilty knowledge concerning the $950 which Hartigan took to Fox. If she had admitted such knowledge it is probable that the defense could have held that Mrs. Walsh, like her husband, was an accomplice to the bribery. But Mrs. Walsh did not fall into the trap.

"You knew the money was going to Fox, didnt you?" asked the lawyer.

"Yes, I knew where it was going," she replied, "but I didn't know what it was for."

Abraham S. Gilbert, Murtha's lawyer, took pains to have Mrs. Walsh admit that her husband was a "professional grafter." Alfred J. Talley, Sweeney's lawyer, took up the example of Mr. Wellman and tried to lead Mrs. Walsh into contradictions. In one instance he quoted the record of her testimony in the Hartigan trial incorrectly. Mr. Whitman was on his feet in a moment and he succeeded in driving Mr. Talley to his seat.

Mina Mischel, the nurse in the Walsh home, was the next witness. She testified that she saw Sweeney at Walsh's home on Dec. 30. This was the day that both Walsh and Mrs. Walsh testified Sweeney got the $600 as Walsh's preliminary quota for the $10,000 Fox bribery fund. There was no cross-examination, for Miss Mischel had said nothing about actually seeing money passed.

Fox Tells of "Collections."

Ex-Patrolman Fox, a big, broad-shouldered six-footer, was put on the stand at 11:45 A. M. He said that he had been a patrolman for sixteen years until his dismissal from the force in March. He admitted freely that he was Walsh's "collector," and that he had been "busy" until Dec. 1 last year. He collected, on the average, from fifteen places, he said. The man who collected before he was assigned to Walsh's precinct, he said, was John Summers.

"Who was the Inspector when you began your collections in 1907?" asked Mr. Clarke.

"Thompson," replied Fox.

"How did you know from which places to collect?"

"Capt. Walsh handed me a list of the places."

"And the collections continued through the administrations of other Inspectors?"

"Yes."

Fox said that he continued his collections in the East 126th Street Precinct even after he was transferred in June, 1910, to the West 152d Street Station. He continued to get his percentage of all collections, he said.

Mr. Clark took Fox over his testimony before Deputy Commissioner Dillon. Had he done that with Capt. Walsh on Wednesday he would have saved the Captain humiliation at the hands of Mr. Wellman. Mr. Clark did not want to repeat his mistake it appeared, for he got Fox to admit on direct examination that he had given his superior police officers the lie in order to save himself and all those who had become enmeshed in Sipp's graft story before the Curran committee.

"I saw Thompson at Police Headquarters," said Fox. "He said: 'Don't worry, old man; everything will be all right.'"

Fox also told how Jacob Rouss, the lawyer, approached him at Police Headquarters, and begged him to be allowed to take his case.

"I didn't know Rouss," said Fox. "He showed me his card. I told him I had no money for counsel fees. He said: 'Don't worry about that.' I said: 'Well, who'll pay the bill?' 'Oh, that will be all right,' said Rouss, 'Sweeney sent me to you.'"

The jury listened to every word of Fox. The witness was corroborating in every detail the story of Capt. Walsh. It was the story of the actual collector of blackmail, and, as such, was more interesting than that of the man who merely took the money in a lump sum from his collector and then divided with his Inspector. Fox reeled off the confessions of his guilt with arms folded and without a sign of uneasiness.

Mr. Clark asked about the witness's connections with Rouss.

"On Dec. 26," said Fox, "Rouss came to me and said that Sipp ought to be got out of town. He said that Sipp was willing to go if his expenses were paid. He said that Lawyer Edward J. Newell wanted $1,500 for Sipp. Rouss told me to take the matter up with Capt. Walsh and to make it $2,000. I said I would."

"Did you see Capt. Walsh after that?" asked Mr. Clark.

"I did. It was that evening, on Dec. 26. I told him what Rouss had told me. He said, 'Give me time. I will try to get in touch with Inspector Sweeney and try to get that sum together.' That was all that evening. I saw Rouss the following day in his office. I told him I had seen Walsh and Walsh had told me he would try to get the money together."

Fox Borrowed $250.

The next day, Fox testified, was the day of his arraignment before Magistrate Kernochan. He said that Rouss had come to court with him and that Rouss had told him that he needed $300 at once to start Sipp on his way South. Later in the day, Fox said, he borrowed $250 from his brother and gave the money to Rouss for Sipp.

"What did Rouss say?" asked Mr. Clark.

"He told me to get busy and get the balance of the money. The amount agreed upon was $1,400."

"Did you mention Howard Sipp?"

"Yes, Rouss told me that he had heard from Newell that Howard Sipp had a friend who had seen me take money from Howard Sipp in the Hotel Baltic. I saw right away that that fellow would be a bad witness against me, and Rouss said he would get an affidavit from Howard that he had never given me any money or seen any one else give me money."

Thereafter, Fox testified, he was bothered morning, noon, and night by Rouss for the balance of the Sipp bribery fund, namely, $950. That was delivered, he said, by Hartigan on Dec. 30 through his brother, James Fox. Fox swore that he told Hartigan to give it to his brother. He said he got the money from his brother in Rouss's office. He took this course, he said, to prevent being detected by spies. The money was turned over to Rouss.

Court was adjourned for the noon recess before Mr. Clark concluded the direct examination, and at the opening of the afternoon session Fox continued the story of his relations with Rouss, the lawyer, whom Sweeney had provided for him, according to his earlier testimony.

"Did you have any communication with any of the Inspectors while you were in the Tombs?" asked Mr. Clark.

"I did not. I saw my brother, who was sent by Walsh."

"How did you get out of the Tombs?"

"On cash bail of $5,000."

"Was it your money?"

"No."

Mr. Stanchfield raised objections when Mr. Clark asked the witness who had furnished this $5,000. Justice Seabury sustained him.

"When I got out I saw Walsh and I told him I knew I would be convicted for bribery. He said he was sorry I had spent so long a time in the Tombs and told me that I ought to have at least $10,000 for standing for trial. He told me to try and get a man whom I could trust to send to Sweeney or the other Inspectors and tell them that I ought to have $10,000."

Saw Thompson Three Times.

Fox here introduced the name of "Al" Nelson, a nephew of Mrs. Fox, and also Inspector Thompson's name. While the latter's name held the attention of the jurors Thompson held his hand to his face and nervously twitched his short mustache. He saw Thompson on three different occasions, he said, and dickered with him about the amount of the bribe fund. Thompson was a close bargainer, he said, and "kicked" at $10,000 as too high. The testimony follows:

Q.—Did you ever hear from Inspector Thompson? A.—I got a telephone call from some one representing Thompson. This man wanted me to send some one to see Thompson the next morning, some one I could trust. I told him I would send my wife's nephew, Nelson.

Q.—Did you see Nelson that night at your house? A.—Yes; Nelson told me that Thompson had told him that they would pay me $125 a month while I was in prison; that the sick man was trying to run the matter from his bed and had made a bungle out of it, and for me to call up my lawyer and he would also call up the lawyer and make an appointment for us to meet.

Q.—This information came from Nelson as from the man he had seen. A.—Yes.

Q.—Did you talk to your lawyer? A.—Yes. Later on that night I was called on the telephone and talked with Thompson, whose voice I recognized. He wanted me to meet him, saying that he'd meet me half way, and I did meet him about 8 o'clock at Ninety-sixth Street and Broadway, in the Subway station. He told me that he had talked with the lawyers and that he was willing to help me, but as yet he had not talked with any of the other men who had succeeded him in the district. He did tell me that he could guarantee me $125 a month while I was in trouble and in prison. I told him that that didn't satisfy me, and he said that I was unreasonable. He then told me the sick man couldn't manage things, and then we separated. The next night we met at the same place, but as he had not seen the other men we arranged a meeting the following night. I met him and he told me that he had talked with the other men, and that they wouldn't listen to the sum I suggested.

Q.—Had you suggested any sum? A.—No.

Q.—Had he? A.—Yes.

$10,000 to Fox Fund.

Q.—How much? A.—Ten thousand dollars.

Continuing his testimony, Fox swore that Thompson told him that they would not give him any such sum, but that they would see to it that he was paid $125 a month.

"Then what happened?" asked Mr. Clark.

"Thompson told me that I could quit just where I was," replied Fox. "That was the best they would do."

"What did you say?"

"I said that that satisfied me all right."

Mr. Clark led Fox through his story up to the time that Fox's trial was called on Feb. 3. Then Mr. Stanchfield began the cross-examination, making his questions bear particularly on the case of J. Thompson, whom he represented at the trial. The testimony ran:

Q.—Prior to June 19, 1907, had you ever been corrupt? A.—What do you mean?

Q.—Did you ever accept graft before that? A.—No, I did not.

Q.—Do you know Johnnie Summers? A.—Yes.

Q.—You told the District Attorney that Johnnie Summers collected graft in East 126th Street Station before you. Did you ever see him collect graft? A.—No, I just knew it, but I didn't see it.

Mr. Stanchfield turned to Deputy Commissioner Dillon's examiantion of Fox, in which Fox professed ignorance of graft conditions in Harlem. Fox made the lawyer's road very easy by exclaiming frankly:

"Anything I may have told Commissioner Dillon was untrue."

Walsh had testified that the graft collections in the East 126th Street Precinct amounted to $400 a month. Fox, however, under prodding by Thompson's lawyer, said the graft amounted during some months to $1,000. He said that he had never talked to Thompson directly about collecting graft.

"Can you tell the total amount of graft you collected during the years you were in Harlem?" Fox was asked.

"I cannot," he answered.

"Who followed Thompson to the Sixth Inspection District?"

"Hussey."

"Did you ever turn money over to any of the Inspectors?"

"No. All the money I ever collected went directly to Walsh."

"Did Walsh tell you, while Thompson was in your district, that he shared the money with Thompson?"

"Yes, a dozen times."

"What did he say?"

"He said, 'Half of what you give me goes across town to Thompson.'"

Fox successfully parried Mr. Stanchfield. The longer the cross-examination continued the more impressive a witness he became. Fox appeared to enjoy his job.

"You were after Thompson for money, weren't you?" asked Mr. Stanchfield.

"Not only after Thompson," replied Fox.

"If Thompson had paid you $10,000 you would have said nothing more?"

"No, not that night I saw him early in February."

"And later?"

"Later I wouldn't have kept still if he had given me $100,000. That was because I had made up my mind to go it alone."

Determined to Confess.

"By 'go it alone' you meant to confess to the District Attorney?"

"Yes, to plead guilty."

Herbert C. Smyth began cross-examining Fox at 4 o'clock. He, also, tried to get an admission of a "bargain" with the District Attorney in reward for services to the State. He did not succeed and Fox smiled. Even the knowledge of getting the full maximum sentence of 10 years, he said, would not have changed his determination to plead guilty.

District Attorney Whitman took up the rebuttal himself and allowed Fox to bring out even more emphatically that immunity had never been promised. Fox was excused as a witness at 4:30 P. M. He had proved a better witness even than Mr. Whitman had hoped for.

Sipp the Fourth Witness.

George A. Sipp was the fourth witness. Here is some of his testimony:

Q.—Did you ever pay graft to Fox? A.—I did.

Q.—When was the last time you paid graft to Fox? A.—In November, 1911. I gave him $100 as usual, and I said: "Take this to that boss, Sweeney, and tell him its the last dirty dollar he'll ever get from me. I'm going to close my place up next week."

Q.—Who was your lawyer? A.—Edward J. Newell.

Q.—Did you see Newell after you testified before the Aldermanic Committee? A.—Yes, he told me I ought to be ashamed of myself for raising such a "stink." He said I ought to go away for a while. He wanted me to go to Europe, but I told him I had so many checks to sign that I couldn't go so far away. Then he suggested that I go South for a while. "If I arrange for all your expenses," said Newell, "will you go away for a while?" I said: "Well, if you think it is so urgent, I'll go away, but I want my expenses."

It was not necessary for Mr. Clark to ask Sipp many questions. Sipp volunteered more than was asked of him, and had to be stopped frequently by the lawyers for defense. His story continued:

"When Newell talked to me the next time he called up Rouss in my presence. That was in Newark after I had left the city on my way to Atlantic City. Newell asked Rouss what he was going to do. Newell put his hand on the transmitter and turned to me and said, 'They are willing to give you $1,000.'

"A few days later Rouss gave me $250 and took out $100 for fees. This was the Friday before Fox's trial, at which I was to appear as a witness. Rouss told me to go to Red Bank, N. J., and that he would pay the rest of the money the next day."

"Did you get the money the next day?" he was asked.

"No, Sir," said Sipp. "I went to Jersey City to meet Newell, but he said he didn't have the money. He said he would have to have an affidavit from my son, Howard, setting forth that he had never seen the $250 passed. I said he would never get my son to sign any false affidavit. I said I was getting tired of the business, and that I would go back to New York. 'Oh, keep up your nerve, stand pat,' said Newell, 'I'll give you the money on Monday.'

"On Monday, Dec. 30, I saw Newell again in a Jersey City hotel, but he didn't have the money. He again wanted me to get my boy to sign those false papers, but neither I nor my wife would hear of it. Then Newell went to a telephone and called up Rouss and Hussey. I heard him tell Rouss that he couldn't get Howard to sign the affidavits.

Got $550 Without Affidavit.

"At midnight that night Newell gave me $550 without Howard's affidavit. I went to Atlantic City, where I was arrested on charges prepared in New York. While in Atlantic City I saw Mr. Groehl of District Attorney Whitman's office."

"Did you ever communicate with any of the defendants?" asked Mr. Clark.

"Yes, I wrote a letter to Sweeney."

Counsel for the Inspectors protested to the introduction of this letter as evidence, and then Mr. Wellman surprised everybody by saying that he himself would introduce the letter. Mr. Clark concluded the direct examination at this point and Mr. Wellman immediately introduced the letter, with a copy of Sweeney's reply attached.

In this letter, written in February, 1912, Sipp called Sweeney's attention to three alleged disorderly houses in Harlem, and asked him to take action against these places.

"Did you have any animosity toward Sweeney?" asked Mr. Wellman.

"Not particularly," replied Sipp.

"Didn't he close your hotels?"

"He did not."

"Didn't you say to Thomas Dorian that you would get even with Sweeney if it cost you your last cent?"

"No, Sir; I did not."

"Didn't you say to Michaels that you'd get even with Sweeney if it cost you $10,000 and twenty years of your life?"

"I did not."

Mr. Wellman tried to get Sipp to admit that he had fled to Atlantic City because he knew of the affidavits charging him with a serious crime which were being gathered against him. Sipp denied it.

"They brought me back as soon as I could get back," retorted Sipp.

"Why didn't you come back immediately?"

"I couldn't because I was in jail."

Mr. Wellman got an admission from Sipp that he had not told the truth in a Magistrate's court in 1911, when he had sworn that he was worth $100,000. But Sipp insisted that it was a mistake; that he thought the amount was $10,000. Shortly afterward, he admitted, he went into voluntary bankruptcy. The session was adjourned at 6 o'clock.

After Sipp had been recalled at the night session and questioned about raids on three Harlem hotels, his son, Howard Sipp, succeeded him in the witness chair. He corroborated the testimony of his father regarding their ignoring subpoenas to appear at Police Headquarters on Dec. 25, and of their flight to New Jersey.

Fox's Brother Tells of $250.

James A. Fox, brother of ex-Patrolman Fox, was called. He said his brother drew $250 on Dec. 27 from the bank, which he took to the office of Attorney Rouss at his brother's request.

Olaf Nelson, a clerk in the Western Union office, 116th Street and Broadway, and a nephew of the wife of Patrolman Fox, then told of the conversation with Thompson, about paying money to Fox.

On cross-examination by John B. Stanchfield for the defense Nelson denied he had previously related to any one any part of their conversation. Nor did he make any notes of what Thompson had told him, but his memory enabled him to recall it perfectly, he insisted.

Bessie J. Kidd, telephone operator in the Continental Hotel, Newark, was called to identify "call slips" bearing the numbers of the telephones which Sipp asked for, and with which connections were made with Newark and Manhattan. These calls, Audubon 472, were conceded by Mr. Wellman to be the private telephone number to the home of Rouss.

Rouss's Part in Conspiracy.

At 9:30 P. M. Jacob Rouss, who for many years was the partner of the late Louis J. Grant, took the stand. When he first reached the witness chair he was pale and nervous, and his first glance was directed at the four defendants, who were watching him intently.

He was brought into the bribe plot, he testified under leading questions from Assistant District Attorney Clark, by the invitation of Newell. He was a go-between, according to his testimony, in the collection and handing over the fund of $1,500 for Sipp.

Beginning with his appearance at Police Headquarters, where Commissioner Waldo started an inquiry following the arrest of Fox, Rouss detailed the various moves in the bribery case to the time he delivered the money, or part of it, to Sipp in Jersey City. Describing the situation after Sipp had fled from the city, Rouss said:

"Newell told me that Sipp was anxious about the money, that he was sick and wanted funds. I told him that it was no matter to me what he wanted. Fox could not get any more money, it being Saturday and the banks closed. Newell then said that Sipp felt that he was being held up for some reason that he did not understand, and suggested that he might be able to get the money from another source."

"Did he mention the source?" asked Mr. Clark.

"No. He intimated that he would telephone to some party."

Rouss then related his efforts to get a statement from Howard Sipp to the effect that Sipp had not paid any money to Fox nor seen any one else pay money to the policeman. Rouss then said he made an appointment over the telephone and met the Sipps in Jersey City and handed the father the $250 which Fox had sent to him through his brother? This completed the link in the chain of evidence submitted by the District Attorney as to the passing of the bribe money.

Mr. Whitman said he expected to finish his case to-day. Mr. Clark told the court that he would call Newell, and probably one other witness. Court adjourned at 10:10 o'clock after Rouss had identified Murtha as one of the men he had talked with at Police Headquarters concerning Fox.

YELLOW PERIL STIRS ROW ON TARIFF BILL

Orientals Will Run Hawaii and Lumber Camps with Sugar and Wood Cuts, House Hears.

SHARP ATTACK ON WILSON

But New Sugar and Lumber Rates Prevail—Agriculture Duties Up—Republicans Quit Fight.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 1.—President Wilson's proposal of a 25 per cent. reduction in the tariff rates on sugar for three years and free sugar afterward was approved by the Democratic House to-day by a large majority. The test vote came on the motion of Representative James R. Mann of Illinois, the Republican floor leader, to strike out the provision in the Underwood bill which would admit all sugar free of duty after May 1, 1916. The vote was 186 to 88 in favor of the provision.

Rapid headway was made with the bill under the five-minute rule to-day. The steel schedule was completed and the lumber and tobacco schedules were adopted without change. The same was true of the sugar schedule, and then the leaders plunged into the long agricultural schedule, preparatory to taking up Schedule K, which deals with raw wool and its manufactures. Shingles, sugar, and meats were the storm centres of debate, but the bill was held intact and no break effected in the Democratic support of the party programme on the tariff.

The bogey of the so-called yellow peril of Japanese encroachment along the Pacific was introduced into the discussion of shingles and sugar. Representative J. A. Falconer, a Progressive Party man and a new member of the House from the State of Washington, who since 1894 has been engaged in the manufacture of shingles and buying and selling timber lands, thrust the Japanese question into the arena in the effort made to restore the duty on shingles, which the Underwood bill proposes to put on the free list. This proposal aroused the wrath of the members from the northern Pacific Coast States.

Shaking his fist at the Democratic leaders, Representative Falconer shouted at them:

"You Hindu-Japanese-Chinese lovers, who want to put shingles on the free list, if you have a grain of sense, you must know you are ruining a great industry. You're trying to put the Japanese into California with a pedagogic President who knows a lot of fine phrases, but little about the labor economics of our country."

Again, when the sugar schedule was under fire, J. Kuhio Kalanianole, the Republican Territorial Delegate from Hawaii, who cannot vote, but has the right to speak in the House, dragged in the Japanese question.

Hawaii Fears Japanese, Too.

"We only ask for justice," he said. "Free sugar means that Hawaii will become peopled with Asiatics. We have prospered under American domination and have succeeded in making it an American country. You are attempting to turn our islands over to the Asiatics."

Representative Broussard of Louisiana also predicted that the admission of sugar free of duty would result in the whites leaving Hawaii, and the turning of those islands over to the Japanese as an outpost in the Pacific.

The row on the sugar schedule began by Representative Fordney offering the Payne law rates as a substitute for those in the bill.

"If sugar goes on the free list," he continued, "the domestic cane industry must die and the beet sugar industry either will be crushed or greatly injured. The public will be at the mercy of the American Sugar Refining Company and Arbuckle Brothers, as August Spreckels is planning a merger of the American and Federal Sugar Refining Companies. With August Spreckels at the head of the industry in New York and his brother, Rudolph Spreckels, on the Pacific Coast, the industry will perish."

Representative Mondell of Wyoming said Montana could not recover in a decade, and in Colorado it meant the dismantling of seventeen beet sugar factories which paid $15,000,000 to Colorado farmers last year.

Sees End of Louisiana Sugar.

Representative Underwood later analyzed the sugar rates in the proposed bill, described the Louisiana cane industry as one that could not survive, and asserted that the rates in the bill would not affect the beet sugar industry.

Big Rancher for Free Cattle.

When the agriculture schedule was reached the proposal tto reduce the duty on cattle to 10 per cent. developed widely contradictory views from the opposition, which proposed varying rates as substitutes for the Underwood 10 per cent.

According to Mr. Wood of Iowa it was ridiculous to have a duty of 10 per cent. on cattle with meat on the free list.

William Kent of California, the only member officially classifying himself as an "independent," who is a big raiser of live stock in the West, said that it would be a great mistake not to place cattle on the free list.

"Meat," he exclaimed, "is a luxury. It will always be a luxury. It will never be cheap again. If catttle were put on the free list, then catttle could be raised in Mexico, as an incubator, and then sent to this country to be grown to full development."

No Fight by Republicans.

That the Republicans, as forecast in THE TIMES this morning, have virtually abandoned the tariff fight, and are making only perfunctory opposition to the Underwood bill, was admitted to-day by Representative J. Hampton Moore of Pennsylvania, who in the past few days has offered many amendments, only to have them rejected. Mr. Moore is a minority Republican member of the Ways and Means Committee. He said to-night:

"In view of the solidity of the Democratic vote in the House it is more than probable that the Republican minority, having made a test on the early schedules, will not undertake to obstruct the passage of the bill beyond this week.

Six Democratic Western Senators carried their protests against the Tariff bill to-day to President Wilson. They were Senators Newlands, Chamberlain, Lane, Thompson, Shafroth, and Walsh, although an invitation was extended to all Democratic Senators from intermountain States. The sugar and wool schedules were principally under consideration at the conference, which lasted three hours.

Later the President issued the following statement:

"It was not a conference to arrive at any conclusion, but merely for the purpose of effecting a frank interchange of views as to the possible effects of several schedules of the tariff upon the industries of the States represented by the Senators present."

WILSON WINS FIRST APPOINTMENT FIGHT

Southern Senators' Opposition Fails to Prevent Confirmation of Neill as Labor Commissioner.

ACTION ON BERRY HELD UP

Pennsylvania Senators Want to Know Why Republican Was Removed to Put In Democrat.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 1.—The first skirmish within the Democratic Party in the new régime over appointments to office was won to-day by President Wilson, when the Senate confirmed Charles P. Neill as Commissioner of Labor Statistics in the new Department of Labor. Senators Overman of North Carolina, Tillman of South Carolina, and other Democrats from the South opposed Dr. Neill because of adverse reports submitted by him when Labor Commissioner on labor conditions in Southern cotton mills, but did not go to the extreme length of preventing a vote.

In the closing weeks of his administration, President Taft renominated Dr. Neill to be Commissionership of Labor in the then Department of Commerce and Labor. The nomination was held up in the general Democratic filibuster. Dr. Neill's name was among the first President Wilson submitted to the Senate.

Besides that of Dr. Neill, the Senate to-day confirmed these nominations:

J. F. A. Strong of Juneau as Governor of Alaska.

H. M. Smith as Commissioner of Fisheries.

A. R. Magruder as Secretary of Legation at Copenhagen.

Also fifty-one Postmasters.

Opposition prevented the confirmation of William H. Berry as Collector of Customs for the Port of Philadelphia. Mr. Penrose and Mr. Oliver, the Republican Senators from Pennsylvania, do not approve of the way in which Chester W. Hill was removed from the position by Secretary McAdoo to make room for Mr. Berry. Mr. McAdoo has explained that there were no charges against Mr. Hill, but that he wanted a man in charge of the office who would be more in sympathy with the fiscal views of the present Administration.

Senator Oliver introduced a resolution inquiring into the causes of Mr. Hill's dismissal.

Edward K. Campbell, a lawyer of Birmingham, Ala., was nominated to-day by President Wilson to be Chief Justice of the United States Court of Claims, to succeed the late Justice Stanton J. Peelle. Until to-day it had been generally understood that he was to be an Associate Justice, and that one of the present members would be elevated to the Chief Justiceship.

Mr. Campbell, who is a native of Washington County, Va., has been a lifelong friend of Representative Underwood, the Democratic House leader, and identified with all of the Underwood political campaigns. He headed the Underwood Marching Club at the National Convention last year. When Mr. Campbell was first mentioned in connection with the appointment, Alabama Democrats here pointed out that he opposed instructing the Alabama delegation to vote for Wilson in the event Underwood could not be nominated.

Other nominations sent to the Senate to-day included these:

Joseph E. Davies of Wisconsin, as Commissioner of Corporations.

Walter W. Warwick of Ohio, as Assistant Controller of the Treasury.

John W. Martin as Collector of Customs for the district of Jacksonville, Fla.

Warner S. Kinkaid as Surveyor of Customs for the Port of Louisville.

Judge William R. King of Portland, Democratic National Committeeman for Oregon, has been appointed chief counsel of the United States Reclamation Service by Secretary Lane. Mr. King, who was Associate Justice of the Oregon Supreme Court from 1908 to 1911, was selected originally to fill a vacancy on the Board of General Appraisers in New York, but at the solicitation of the President and Secretary Lane he consented to take charge of the legal department of the Reclamation Service, a pursuit which Mr. King himself felt was more in line with his experience.

Will Ride Over Old Battlefields.

FREDERICKSBURG, Va., May 1.—Four hundred and fifty-five miles will be covered in the twenty-day horseback ride of the War College staff cavalcade, which started from here to-day on a journey over the civil war battlefields of Virginia, Maryland and Pennsylvania. Thirty-six officers, including two British Army officers of high rank, a naval officer, two surgeons and the War College instructors and student officers, galloped away over the quiet Virginia roads. The riders will reach Gettysburg on May 17.

Connecticut Moves for Home Rule.

HARTFORD, May 1.—The General Assembly adopted the New Haven Home Rule bill to-day, which means the first step toward home rule for all Connecticut cities. If the Governor signs the bill it will not be necessary for the cities to petition the Legislature for amendments to their charters.

WILSON DECLARES BOSSES MUST GO

Continued from Page 1.

taken by those who connected President Wilson's visit to the State with National politics.

In his two speeches last night he was defiant when speaking of the bosses, and masterful in his proposals of measures to obtain reforms. Yet during his delivery he interpolated much that was epigrammatic, sarcastic, witty or whimsical. Apparently, he caught the spirit of his audience, many of whom wore red badges emblazoned with gilt letter reading "President Wilson's Party."

Warmly Greeted by "Wilson's Party."

His reception suggested a family greeting in its warmth, and he talked as would the head of a family to his flock. Pending his arrival in the auditorium, Assemblyman Matthews, the only one among the twelve Assemblymen of Essex County who is a Wilson man, outlined the measures championed by the President. Mr. Matthews's speech was interrupted by the entrance of the Presidential party. Introduced by Public Prosecutor Louis Hood, the President said:

"It is with very deep and genuine pleasure that I find myself in New Jersey again."

"And you're welcome, Mr. President," a man in the gallery shouted.

"I know it," the President responded.

"And we need you," another voice contributed.

The President held up his hand to check the interchange of pleasantries, and continued:

"I know of no greater satisfaction than speaking for the people of this State. I know what you believe in; I know what you want. I have come to speak for you, and to these men with whom we are dealing. I want to tell them what it is their business to do, for we are their masters; they are not ours.

"It made all my pulses beat quick again to think I was going back to speak for those who want to govern themselves, yet cannot. The most amazing thing in all my life has been the observance that, in spite of the aggressive, intelligent, independent men in this country, these men have failed to grapple with the situation and master their own local governments.

"But there come times when the great force of the people of this country speak out in such volume that even those who ordinarily dare to aspire to mastery haven't the voice of the pure master. That is what has to be done now.

Has No Candidate for Governor.

"I have exercised a great deal of self-denial about New Jersey. When I had to make up my mind where I was going to spend next Summer, after I got back from the Panama Canal, my great temptation was to come back and pitch my tent near where I used to pitch it on the shore, and was withheld by this consideration: There is going to be a conetst next Summer for the nomination for the Governorship of the State, and I did not want anybody to suppose that I was coming back to try to boss the job.

"I have no candidate for the Democratic nomination, but I am opposed to whoever is desired for Governor by some gentlemen whom I shall have the pleasure of naming to-night. I do not want to see any more Governors of New Jersey privately owned; I do not want to see any Governors of New Jersey privately manipulated by hands that were not discovered to the people themselves.

"I am going to New Hampshire next Summer. New Hampshire is in telegraphic communication with New Jersey, and anybody who wants to know what I think can find it out by asking the question. But I am going just as far away from New Jersey as it is convenient to go, so that nobody may think I have come here as if to nominate a choice for a people that I have labored for as I have never labored for anything else. I tell them to make their own choice. That was the whole object of the electoral reform for which we worked so hard, and, thank God, so successfully, while I was Governor of New Jersey.

"I want to say a few words about the Democratic Party. I want everybody to realize that I was not taken in by the results of the last National election. The country did not go Democratic in November. It was impossible for it to go Republican because it couldn't tell which kind of Republican t ogo. The only united helpful instrument with which it could accomplish its purposes was the Democratic Party, and what it did was to say this:

"'There are certain things that we want to see done, not certain persons who we want to see elevated; there are certain things we want to see administered. This great United States can no longer be controled by special interests. Now we are going to try the Democratic Party as our instrument to discover these things. If the try is not successful we will never make it again. We want an instrument in our hands by which we can be masters of our own affairs. It looks likely that this is a suitable and representative instrument; therefore we will try it.'

"Not adopt it; try it. You know what happened to the Democratic Party of this State. It got so confident of power about twenty years ago that it supposed the people of New Jersey had gone asleep and were intrusting it with their fortunes and were asking no questions. Therefore, that power was grossly based, and the people turned away from that party for twenty years because it had betrayed these trusts, and then it came back to 1910. To us this was a rejuvenation, a renewed party, and the first question that came up was whether the old gang ran it or not.

Old Gang Scotched, Not Killed.

"I won't go into the history of the two years during the fight with the old gang. Nevertheless, the old gang did not run it, and they kept under cover even in the lobby at Trenton, knowing that there were fingers that pointed to their past history. These kind of people don't like the open. They don't like to have the limelight shown upon them. They trembled in the spotlight.

"I was told that just as soon as I went to Washington the old gang would come back, but I didn't believe it until I saw it. Once more that bulky form of a gentleman who used to personally lead the Legislature of New Jersey into disgrace, reappeared upon the very floor of the Legislature, and again it was that his intrigues were successful in blocking the things he did not wish done. Am I mistaken, have you not heard it, that the same old gang that had for two years been scotched had not ben killed?"

President Wilson then spoke of the system which had opposed him while he was Governor, describing it as "that great, whispering system." He dwelt long on the pronunciation of the letter "s," the audience taking it as reference to his political enemy in the Smith-Nugent faction. He said there were many honest sheriffs in New Jersey, and he was gunning only for the dishonest ones.

The Corruption of Justice.

"The ways of the dishonest are as astute as they are devious," he said. "They can let their Grand Juries indict at the strategic and dramatic moment, or they can withhold their Grand Juries from indicting when everything is quiet and there is no storm on the horizon. We passed a very stringent electoral reform to put the Government of this State in your hands. But if the Grand Jury's hand is withheld at chosen moments what good is it that you go to the polls and vote?

"Who counts the votes? Who controls the management of the polls? How will the crimes committed against the ballot be brought before your Judges? Do you want a system under which it is possible to choose when the hand of the law shall be withheld and when it shall not? [Cries of No! No!]

"Gentlemen, I tell you that the process of corruption in the justice of this country does not lie so often where it is supposed to lie, with the men who preside over the trial of cases. It lies with the system which determines who shall feel the pinch of the law and who shall not, and the poor man, the uninfluential man, the man who does not stand in with the gang will feel the pinch of the law and the other man will not. It is a disgrace to the judicial system of the State and the Union, and I come here to protest against it as an American representative citizen.

"Such things should not be allowed to exist. [Loud applause.]

The Broken Agreement.

"Before I left the Governorship I requested that I might be present at a conference of the members of the present Legislature. We came to that conference, we debated and fought out on that floor in the most candid possible manner the form of jury commission which a majority of us could agree upon, and I, for my part, yielded my personal judgment with regard to reform.

"I believed then, as I believe now, that the safest thing is to make this a judicial process from top to bottom, and that it would be wise to have jury commissions chosen by the Justices of the Supreme Court of New Jersey. There were others quite as thoughtful as myself, certainly quite as honest as myself, who thought it would be better to lodge it in the hands of the Circuit Judges of the court, and then there were others who turned out to be in the majority of that conference, or who, at the end of it seemed to be in the majority, who thought that the Governor ought to be given the right to name a jury commission in each of the counties.

"I myself, though I had been Governor of the State, did not think that was the wisest form. But when the majority of my colleagues in that conference declared their preference for it I yielded.

"Other gentlemen present seemed to yield their preferences, and it was settled, so far as the expression of the opinion of that conference was concerned, what the Democratic platform meant. It meant jury commissions in the several counties appointed by the Governor. Ah, but there is a little string attached to a conference. If the Governor is not present it is a caucus. If the Governor is present, it is not a caucus but a conference, and the members are not bound. A very neat and significant distinction.

"There was a time when only two things would move those who defied the sovereign will of the people—fire and fodder. I am going to put the fire beneath them. Fodder has gone out of fashion."

President Wilson will meet the legislators of New Jersey at a private conference to be held at 11 o'clock this morning in the Carteret Club, Jersey City. Following this conference, which is scheduled to end at 2 P. M., there will be a secret conference between the leaders of each faction. President Wilson will speak to-night in the Jersey City High School Building. He spent last night at the home of Col. E. M. House, 145 East Thirty-fifth Street, Manhattan.

WILSON FLAYS NUGENT.

In Elizabeth Speech He Held Smith Ally Up to Scorn.

James R. Nugent of Essex County, close political ally of James Smith of Newark in what has long been known as the Smith-Nugent machine in Jersey politics, was bitterly denounced and held up to scorn by the President in his address before nearly 4,000 men and women who crowded into the Elizabeth Armory last night to hear him after his Newark speech.

The President was greeted with great applause when he asserted that he was glad to be back to fight in the cause of the people for the jury reform legislation. Then he mentioned the name of Mr. Nugent, and the cheers changed like magic to hisses, which continued until President Wilson raised his hand for silence.

"I don't know whether those hisses are for me or for Jim Nugent," he exclaimed, "but I hand them over to Jim Nugent, to whom they belong; a sinister private agent, openly and shamelessly conducting the affairs of New Jersey before the Legislature; a man who did not dare to act that way when he knew there was a man on hand who would go even to his own home and point him out for what he was."

The hisses were repeated when Mr. Wilson spoke of a "conference he held with the members of the Legislature" prior to his leaving for Washington, and "before James Nugent of Essex took charge of the Legislature."

Mr. Wilson told his hearers that he had come to fight the moment he entered the hall.

"I am sorry that I had to come back to speak words of criticism," he said, "but it is familiar to have on the war paint in New Jersey. An old Indian I know gave me a very gorgeous headdress before I came away, and I had intended to bring it along, because I believe they are worn with war paint. And isn't it odd that we are always fighting to get control of our own affairs? And if you tell me that there is something on foot to cheat the people out of their rights then I'm your man enlisted for the battle. I challenge these men to show what they are willing to give up of private interest in order to stand for righteous action for the people."

On the platform with Mr. Wilson were Assemblymen John J. Griffin, William A. Leonard, and Hugh McLoughlin of Union County, in which Elizabeth is located. Leonard is with President Wilson, but Griffin and McLoughlin voted against the legislation, despite the fact that McLoughlin was one of his followers when he was Governor and supported the legislation for honest elections. President Wilson gave a striking example of the way he had mapped out his fight, a turn that almost startled his hearers. Referring to Assemblyman McLoughlin, he said:

"Some upright men are allowing themselves to become the catspaw of men who have debauched the politics of this State and are about to debauch it again unless you assert yourselves. One of the men in this county, I believe, is a very honest and a very upright man. I want to ask him why he has taken this position. I know where his heart lies; he wants to be for the people. It is a matter of amazement and distress to me that he does not see that this legislation is in the cause of the people.

"He stood by me once before in the cause of the people and now I wonder why he is not with me again. I want to tell him affectionately why he is wrong. Some very deep men who do not love the people are trying to use him to disappoint the people. Every subtle method is being used to set honest men against one another and band dishonest men together.

"I want to free the jurisprudence of the stain—it is a certainty—that men are not treated honestly in the courts of law. I won't say they are treated dishonestly by the courts, but the court approaches to the courts of justice are not used in the same way."

President Wilson then referred to the office of Sheriff as the citadel of power in New Jersey, and said that the machine was willing to give up the election of any other officer to obtain the Sheriff, because by that office justice could be withheld.

"When I started for New Jersey I got on the train with a light heart and I didn't know that I liked warfare. But a game of hide and seek is being played with the people of New Jersey and it is time that they took the bandages off their eyes and caught these fellows."

Then Mr. Wilson referred to the "referendum clause," saying that he was ready for a genuine referendum, but not a referendum where the very officers who would be affected by the change controlled the counting of the vote.

"Never with my eyes open have I gone into an open and shut game," he asserted.

The President also spoke for the holding of a constitutional convention, saying that a Constitution prepared in 1844 was many years behind the trend of the times.

"If you should go back to and see your country in 1844 you would have to be introduced to it," he said, "and yet you are living under a Constitution framed in that year.

"The play is on the boards again next Tuesday. Let your Assemblyman know that the way he votes constitutes the line of his career for the rest of his life. I would rather be in jail than among people who despise me. To be despised and at liberty is to be in a prison of the soul, which is worse than any prison provided by the law.

"We are going to get jury reform; don't be nervous about that. The mill of the gods grind on and they grind out justice and will see that purity in Government is ogain enthroned."

President Wilson was met at the Newark city line by a committee of Union County political leaders, headed by Mayor Mravlag. Judge James C. Connolly presided at the meeting and Martin P. Devlin, Prosecutor of the Pleas of Trenton, spoke. Those in charge of the meeting were confident, they said, that President Wilson would win his fight.

"Look at that crowd," said one of the committee, "does that look as if the people were awakened? This big armory was filled half an hour before the time set for the opening of the doors. We had to let them in."

After the meeting President Wilson was taken to his private car at Newark, and left at once for New York, where he spent the night at the home of his friend Col. House.

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It may be necessary sometimes to give more particulars. A great deal can be said, however, in 50 words.

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ROOSEVELT PRELUDE TO SUFFRAGE PARADE

Colonel to be Featured at To-night's Meeting in the Metropolitan Opera House.

HUSBANDS TO REVIEW WIVES

They Will Occupy Seats in Stand at the Public Library—Antis to Count the Marchers.

All the women suffrage headquarters, where the last touches were being added to the preparations for the big suffrage parade of Saturday, were filled yesterday with gay banners and parade hats and busy women. To-night the big pageant in the Metropolitan Opera House, with a suffrage address by Col. Theodore Roosevelt, who will be introduced by Dr. Anna Howard Shaw, will serve as a grand prelude to the parade. For this pageant there has been an unprecedented demand for seats and boxes. Every seat has been sold out for weeks, and the money is all in and in the bank. The pageant is under the direction of a committee of co-ordinated suffrage societies.

As the procession marches up Fifth Avenue on Saturday, the Woman's Political Union Division leading, it will turn into Fifty-seventh Street to Carnegie Hall, where a meeting will be held, with Dean Sumner, the Chicago Vice Commission head, as chief speaker. Miss Margaret Foley will also have something to say. There will be elaborate decorations, many prominent people in the boxes, and music.

The other organizations will break ranks at Fifty-eighth Street, and the Plaza between Fifty-eighth and Sixtieth Streets will be turned into a suffrage forum. There will be a double band in a central position, four speakers' stands under the direction of different organizations, and addresses will be made as long as the audiences remain to hear.

At different points in the parade young women carrying suffrage soapbox stands will drop from the ranks, take their places along the avenue and make addresses.

Anti-Suffragists to Count Them.

Meantime the anti-suffragists themselves will be busy. Their temporary headquarters are at 428 Fifth Avenue, between Thirty-eighth and Thirty-ninth Streets. They will have their anti-suffrage decorations of red, black and white out, and at different points on the avenue men associated with the anti-suffrage association will keep tab with counting machines on the suffrage army as it marches past. The men will go before a notary at the close of the parade and swear to the truthfulness of their count.

Miss Josephine Beiderhase will be Grand Marshal of the parade. The procession will form at Washington Square. At the east side will be the National Board, with National President Dr. Anna Howard Shaw and Miss Jane Addams, First Vice President, in the lead. The Congressional Committee, the Congressional Union, and the Enfranchised States form there.

On the west side will be the Woman's Political Union officers, Mrs. Harriot Stanton Blatch, President, and Miss Perritt as Marshal, with the horsewomen, among whom will be Miss Alberta Hill, standard bearer; Miss Ruth Wellington, Miss Marlin, Mrs. James A. Wentz, Miss Annie R. Tinker, Miss Agnes Savin, and Miss Leona Tobias. There will be a double band, First to Sixteenth Senatorial district groups, a woman bugler, a fife and drum corps of the Boy Scouts, the Pilgrims, and the Pioneers.

At Ninth Street, East, under Miss F. Treat as Marshal, will be W. P. U. professional groups, a band, public school teachers, another band, private school teachers and students. At Ninth Street, West, under Miss Ethel Peyser as marshal, will be three bands, one of them the Finnish Band. The doctors, lawyers, architects, nurses, editors, journalists, writers, musicians, artists, sculptors, interior decorators, jewelers, actresses, librarians, social workers, civil servants, will fall in here, and, in their national costumes, the women of Finland, Norway, and Sweden.

At Tenth Street, under Miss O'Keefe as Marshal, with two bands, will be the division for suffragists in real estate and insurance, secretaries, bookkeepers, stenographers, printers, employes of tea rooms, milliners, dressmakers, laundry workers, and motorists.

Mrs. Olive Schultz and Miss Charlotte Delafield will drive their own motor cars, and in Miss Delafield's big car will be a small army of children, whose mothers will march with the exception of one, who will look out for the little people.

The men's section will form in East Tenth Street with its army of horsemen and horsewomen, Mrs. Beatrice Forbes Robertson Hale and Oswald Garrison Villard leading the cavaliers, and there will be a large army of men on foot, with James Lees Laidlaw as Chief Marshal of the State organization and R. C. Beadle as Marshal of the City Association. The marchers will be led by William Jay Schieffelin.

Mrs. Herbert Carpenter, carrying an American flag, will head the hosts of the State suffragists, who will form at West Tenth Street under Miss Portia Willis as Marshal. The Seventh Regiment Band will head the State division, and following will be the representatives of eighteen counties, all with banners.

Blue is the Equal Franchise color, and that body, which will form at West Tenth Street, will carry besides its handsome large banners and many small banners, attractive small balloons. Mrs. Howard Mansfield is President of the Equal Franchise, and will be with the officers at the head of the division.

The big Woman Suffrage Party, with representatives from each of the Assembly districts of the city, will form at both the east and west sides of Eleventh Street, with big yellow banners and innumerable pennants. This division will wear the parade hat, with various kinds of yellow trimming. This will be one of the largest delegations and will have many picturesque features. One of these will be the Second Assembly District group, under Miss Lavinia Dock, in which all the different nationalities of the district will be represented by banners in different languages—Turkish, Russian, Slavic, Italian, Gaelic, and Chinese.

College League in Cap and Gown.

The College League, under its President, Mrs. Charles Tiffany, will form in East Twelfth Street, the women in caps and gowns. Representatives of the non-suffrage States come in at West Twelfth Street, and at East Twenty-seventh Street Mrs. Belmont's Political Equality Association, which she led in person last year. The W. P. U. division of uptown department store clerks come in here also. On the east side will come carriages and autos.

There will be many picturesque features, the big prairie schooner from the Wild West Show representing the caravan team in which Mrs. Marie Nelson Lee will campaign the up-State towns this Summer. This will carry Mrs. Wilmer Kearns, Mrs. Lee's partner, and Mrs. Kearns's little girl, both dressed as Quakers, the sect to which they belong. The prairie schooner will be drawn by six mules. The newly converted Indian suffragettes, Albert-Kills-in-Winter and four other Indians in warpaint and feathers as escorts to the five suffragette cowgirls, will be there, and Mary Donnelly will parade also with her four donkeys, representing the four political parties.

There will be no floats this year. The suffrage army, it is expected from the greatly increased interest and the number of pledges, will be very much larger than ever before, but the procession will be shorter, the army marching eight abreast.

Husbands to Review Wives.

There will be many prominent men in the grand stand in front of the Public Library whose wives will be marching in the parade. Among the prominent women who will be thus reviewed by their husbands will be Mrs. James W. Gerard, Mrs. Robert H. Elder, Mrs. Charles H. Whitman, Mrs. Samuel Untermyer, Mrs. John Ford, Mrs. John Dewey, Mrs. Simon Flexner, Mrs. Thomas L. Manson, Mrs. Edward E. Slossan, Mrs. Carroll Beckwith, and Mrs. John Winters Brannan.

Mrs. Sol Smith, the veteran actress, will precede the actresses' group in a carriage. In the pioneer group will be Mrs. Antoinette Brown Blackwell, more than 80 years old, and driving with her, Miss Emily Howland, another of the early workers, who is still doing suffrage work up-State. Miss Elizabeth Freeman will lead a band of white Zouaves, former members of Mr. Belmont's organization.

The Pilgrims, led by Gen. Rosalie Jones and Col. Ida Craft, will march in their hiking suits and the worn boots that carried them to Albany and Washington. There will be a band of flower girls in the Woman's Political Union division, and they will sell some of the flowers they have made in suffrage colors.

There will be more than thirty-five bands in all, and a quartet of women will sing the Woman's Marseillaise before the reviewing stand.

EVERETT P. WHEELER AN ANTI

His New Organization Will Work Against Votes for Women.

"Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Women" is the name Everett P. Wheeler says he seriously thought of calling a new organization of men which has been formed to oppose the granting of the franchise to women. The men who are acting as Executive Committee for the organization are Fritz Achelis Frank L. Babbott, Cleveland H. Dodge, John R. Dos Passos, Charles S. Fairchild, George Douglass Miller, Louis T. Romaine, Prof. Monroe Smith; Dr. Talcott Williams, Frank S. Witherbee, and Arhtur B. Church. The real name of the organization which is soon to open the New York State Association Opposed to the Political Suffrage for Women.

"The whole object of the organization," said Mr. Wheeler, "is to prevent the burden of political activity from being placed upon the shoulders of the mothers of the State. We are planning to form a State-wide organization, the permanent officers of which shortly will be announced.

"We are thoroughly in sympathy with the Women's Anti-Suffrage Association, but we shall be entirely independent of it. Within two years it is probable that the voters of the State will be asked to pass upon the question of woman suffrage, and it is none too soon to begin to awaken the men generally to the need of serious reflection upon the subject. I am quite convinced that when once the voters of New York State find that it is necessary to say yes or no to woman suffrage they will outdo Michigan, which recently defeated woman suffrage by a majority of 100,000."

DEMOCRATS FIGHT TO HALT LAND BILL

Continued from Page 1.

a majority of the Democratic members and advised them, as he had advised before, to delay action until it was determined whether results could not be obtained by diplomacy.

Visits Japanese Colony.

The Japanese problem in California as it actually exists on the farms and ranches of the Sacramento Valley was viewed at close range by the Secretary of State in the course of a two hour automobile run through the thickly populated Florin district, ten miles south of the capital, this morning.

Gov. Johnson and Assemblyman Hugh Bradford, who accompanied the Secretary, were armed with facts and figures to explain the scenes that met the eyes of their visitor. Mr. Bryan seemed deeply interested. His only comment, however, at the end of the trip was that he had seen "not only a Japanese colony, but a very pretty California valley."

In the Florin district, embracing about 25 square miles of rich soil, there is a population of 1,500 Japanese farmers and 400 Americans. Twelve years ago there were fewer than a score of Japanese in the community; now they practically control the grape and berry industry of that section.

They own the factory where the berry boxes are made, and when the party visited the shop Mr. Bryan saw 35 Japanese girls at work. Gov. Johnson told him that six years ago American girls were employed there at higher wages and with shorter hours of labor.

A stop was made at the district school of Florin, where the party visited the first grade. It was a typical school room, with pictures of Washington and Lincoln on the walls, but in the seats there were twenty-two Japanese children and twenty American boys and girls. The American youngsters were six and seven years of age. The Japanese included several who were sixteen and so large that new desks had been supplied for them.

Gov. Johnson received a visit to-night from William Carter of New York, Secretary of the International Peace Forum. He told the Governor he had crossed the continent to oppose, in the interests of world peace, the passage of a land law restricting Japanese in California.

"After explaining his mission," the Governor said later, "Mr. Carter made a plea for the rights of Japanese in California. I asked him if he had ever thought of Americans and Californians and their rights here.

"Then he spoke of peace, and I told him we were doing nothing that could be deemed offensive in the slightest degree to any one, and that it was not our purpose to change that rule."

Mr. Carter also called on Bryan.

Another land bill, copied directly from the Webb act, but with a clause permitting aliens ineligible to citizenship to lease farming lands for a period of three years, was introduced to-night in the Assembly. The idea in offering the new bill is to get the features of the Webb bill before the Assembly, so that no time will be lost when the Senate bill is passed.

TOKIO SEES NO HOPE.

Japanese Press Says Only Recourse Is The Hague Tribunal.

TOKIO, May 2.—Special dispatches from America reporting the failure of Secretary Bryan's mission and the probable passage of the Alien Land bill by the California Legislature has caused disappointment here and aroused popular sentiment.

At a meeting of the American-Japanese Society last night the speakers discussed the situation and pointed to the impotence of the Federal authorities as evidence of race prejudice on the part of the Californians in their determination to ruin or drive out the Japanese residents. Commercial retaliation against California was advocated.

Resolutions affirmed that while Japan had hitherto appreciated and respected the traditional friendship and believed that Americans generally desired to afford the Japanese the same protection and privileges as other foreigners, the State of California was determined to violate the American-Japanese treaty, thus estranging and seriously affecting diplomatic and commercial relations. The resolutions further set forth that unless the people of California recognized the gravity of the situation and modified their attitude, it might be difficult to restrain the growing irritation of the Japanese.

The leading newspapers in Tokio express the belief that the last hope is gone and that the only recourse is the submission of the question to The Hague Tribunal.

The most influential commercial firms assert that, irrespective of the Government's attitude, they will decline to exhibit at the Panama-Pacific Exposition and will decline to trade with California ports, directing everything to Seattle and Tacoma, without regard to cost.

WILSON MAY CAUSE APPEAL.

Hints That President Would Urge Test of Alien Land Law.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 1.—It is generally believed here that the California Legislature will pass a land bill aimed directly at the Japanese. Secretary Bryan has expressed a hopeful feeling in his telegraphic reports to the President that the legislation, when enacted, will give Japan no cause for complaint that there has been a violation of the treaty rights of her subjects.

What course the Federal Administration will pursue if Japan makes a protest against the terms of the bill ultimately enacted has not been determined, but it was rumored that an appeal to the courts at the instance of President Wilson was probable. This probably was based upon the President's telegram to Gov. Johnson of California.

At the State Department absolute silence is maintained. It is made plain that there will be no announcements before the return of Secretary Bryan. The Japanese Embassy is equally reticent, although it is generally understood in official circles that the Webb bill is regarded there as even more offensive than any of the previous drafts of proposed legislation.

MASS MEETING IN TOKIO.

Resolutions Adopted Protesting Against California Bill.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 1.—At a mass meeting in Tokio speeches were made by S. Shimada and Y. Takagashi, members of Parliament, and a resolution against the California land bill was adopted, according to advices received by The Japanese American, a local publication. Despite a heavy rain, the meeting, which was held in the Y. M. C. A. Building, was attended by a large crowd.

Additional advices say that officials of the Japanese Foreign Department deny that negotiations are being conducted with the United States to change existing treaties between Japan and the United States.

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THINKS SHE SAW PASSING OF A SOUL

Mrs. D. H. Baldwin of Montclair Relates Remarkable Vision at Death Bed.

SHE IS NOT A SPIRITUALIST

Circumstance Attended the Death of Her Father-in-law, Nathaniel H. Baldwin, 96 Years Old.

Special to The New York Times.

MONTCLAIR, N. J., May 1.—Mrs. David H. Baldwin of 74 Christopher Street made public to-day an experience that she participated in on April 10, and which, she firmly believes, afforded her a view of a soul as it took passage from the body of a dying person.

It was the death of Mrs. Baldwin's father-in-law, Nathaniel H. Baldwin, 96 years old, that provided the woman with this supernatural vision. Mr. Baldwin died at the home of his son after a short illness, of acute indigestion.

Mr. Baldwin's illness did not occasion any alarm to the members of the household. In spite of his great age, he was always in good health, and only a short time before he was taken sick, he walked four miles to church and return.

It was about 8 o'clock in the morning that the episode occurred. Mrs. Baldwin was in a room adjoining the chamber of the sick nonagenarian. She heard a noise in her father-in-law's room and hurried to his bedside. The aged man appeared to be in distress, and Mrs. Baldwin, entirely unalarmed, asked if she could help him.

His eyes closed and he gave a gentle sigh. The same moment, Mrs. Baldwin says, there issued from between the lips of the man a distinct and well-defined shape. The form of this emanation was that of two large wings, each about a foot long. Mrs. Baldwin said the wings had the form of those of a butterfly. The wings seemed unattached to any other shape. Involuntarily, Mrs. Baldwin said, she reached out to grasp the strange apparition, which rose toward the ceiling of the room.

As she did so, however, she turned to look at Mr. Baldwin, for she immediately felt that he was dying. His appearance confirmed this impression, and when she looked again for the apparition it had vanished. Calling to her husband, who was in another room on the second floor of the house, Mrs. Baldwin told him she thought the elder Mr. Baldwin had died. The son hurried into the room, and an investigation showed that death had occurred. Mrs. Baldwin said that she was certain that she had seen the soul of her father-in-law take flight from its earthly shell.

When seen at her home to-day Mrs. Baldwin was at first reluctant to speak on the subject. She was asked if there was a possibility of the apparition being due to an exhalation of vapor, but this theory she scouted entirely.

"The material of the apparition I cannot describe," said Mrs. Baldwin, "but I am as positive as I am that you are sitting before me now that it was not vapor or due to any natural cause. I am equally positive that I had the wonderful privilege of seeing the passage of the soul of my husband's father. The thing was so tangible, so real, that I could not mistake it for any ordinary manifestation. I can only explain it as being supernatural. My first thought when I saw it was to seize it, because it appeared to me unaccountable that anything of the character could be in the room. Then, in the instant that I turned to look at Mr. Baldwin, it was gone."

Mrs. Baldwin is not a spiritualist and has never been a student of the occult. Neither has she had any previous experience that would induce the belief that she has mediumistic powers. She thinks the phenomenon may be accounted for by the fact that the soul of the aged Mr. Baldwin, because he was of such a noble character, developed visible form as it dissociated itself from his body in the final moment. She said she was not excited at the time, and that there was no reason whatever for her to conjure the sight. She did not think of death until after the appearance of the strange thing in the sick room.

HAWTHORNE A PRISON POET.

Writes on Convict Life in Verse and Prose, Grave and Gay.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTA, May 1.—Julian Hawthorne, No. 3,435 in the Federal Prison here, is using his position as editor of the prison paper to put into print his impressions of convict life. In this week's issue of the paper Hawthorne has a poem inspired by the restless tramping of a convict in the cell above his own. The poem, entitled "Footfalls," follows

In the cell over mine at night
A step goes to and fro.
From barred door to iron wall,
From wall to door I hear it go,
Four paces heavy and slow,
In the heart of the sleeping jail,
And the goad that drives I know.

I never saw his face nor heard him speak;
He may be Dutchman, Dago, Yankee, Greek;
But the language of that prison'd step
Too well I know;
Unknown brother of the remorseless bars,
Pent in your cage from earth and sky and stars,
The hunger for lost life that goads you so
I also know.

Of a concert given in the prison the other day, when he heard Caruso sing, Hawthorne said:

"It is a terrible audience. No other can be compared with it. Whether by justice or by injustice, they are in hell, and they know its secret."

Hawthorne describes one consolation of convict life thus:

"There are consolations in our existence here. In the Spring, a young man's fancy in the outer world lightly turns to thoughts of a new suit of blue serge or black and white check or (vertical) stripe or the like vain and costly gewgaws. Here, on the contrary, we possess our souls in peace and our pockets are unwrung. Uncle Sam in his simple, undemonstrative way puts his tailor at our disposal, chooses the goods for us and pays the bill."

WOMAN LAWYER EJECTED.

Miss Katherine Daniels Forcibly Removed from Children's Court.

Miss Katherine Daniels, a lawyer associated with the Brooklyn law firm of Roy, Watson & Naumer, 44 Court Street, was ejected forcibly from the Children's Court yesterday afternoon by order of Judge Ryan. The incident followed an attempt by Miss Daniels to explain her action in the case of proceedings by the Children's Society against William H. Pierce on a charge of improper guardianship of his 7-year-old son, John Pierce.

The case of the boy was to come up yesterday, following an adjournment several days ago. Miss Daniels obtained the release of the boy from the Children's Society on a writ of habeas corpus a few days ago, and, following this step, she obtained an order from Surrogate Ketcham appointing Mrs. Jennie Stever of Perth Amboy, N. J., legal guardian of the child.

Upon receiving a telephone call to appear in court Miss Daniels was told by Judge Ryan that her action in the case of the child was considered as an interference with the judicial proceeding of the case.

"If you were a man I would fine you for contempt of court," said Judge Ryan.

Miss Daniels, when the court refused to permit her to argue her action in the matter, asked that the objection of the court be placed on the records. Judge Ryan thereupon ordered her out of the courtroom. She persisted in her efforts to be heard, and the court ordered a court officer to eject her. Still protesting Miss Daniels was ejected.

In the corridor she said that her treatment by the court was an insult. Last night she said she had not yet made up her mind what action she would take toward legal reparation in the matter. Commenting on the Children's Court and the Children's Society, Miss Daniels said:

"They are all right in theory, but in practice are infamous. There appears to be too much of a disposition on the part of both to accept hearsay talk as evidence in a complaint. I purpose to make this incident the beginning of an inquiry into the methods of the Children's Court and the Children's Society."

WM. G. WHITE SHIRTMAKER

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Go into the average shop—small or large—and ask for shirts at $2. You may be shown three, four or a dozen patterns in two or three fabrics. Make that same request in any White shop and you can select from dozens of patterns the newest colorings and fabrics that will "match up" with exclusive stuffs used by custom makers only. Variety is the keynote—and I play upon it every style theme that experience, skill, good workmanship and good taste suggest.

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William G. White

FIREMEN AROUSED BY CIVILIAN BILLS

Are Up in Arms Over Measure Passed in Albany to Make Two Men Deputy Chiefs.

HOPE FOR MAYOR'S VETO

Pick of Firemen Must Wait 20 Years for Deputy Rank — Protest Against Pension Bill.

The fire fighters of New York, and particularly the older men of the department who have worked their way up to Chiefships, were disheartened yesterday when word came down from Albany that the Legislature had just pushed through a special bill giving to two comparative newcomers among the Fire Department's civilian employes, the rank and pay to attain which it takes a regular fireman twenty years of hard work in stiff competition and amid great danger.

This piece of special legislation, which on Wednesday night passed both the Senate and Assembly, would present a rank like that of Deputy Chief and the Deputy Chief's salary of $4,200 a year to Inspector Swarthout in the Bureau of Fire Prevention and to John R. Keefe, who holds a clerical post in the Bureau of Supplies and Repairs. Swarthout has been in the department for six months and Keefe has been holding his job for two years. Neither man is a member of the uniformed force, and neither is called to face anything like the hard work and the almost daily peril which is the common lot of the man in uniform.

Only the pick of the fire fighters can reach the post of Deputy Chief, and the salary that goes with it. It means a succession of exacting examinations; it means years of the hardest kind of work. Then, finally, after twenty or more years, comes the final test for the selection of a Chief from among the Deputy Chiefs. It was so that Kenlon became the first officer of the department.

When the firemen heard last night that a similar rank and an equal pay to that enjoyed by the group of men in the department, who are second only to the Chief of them all, had been presented to two civilians who had worked on an average of eighteen months, their sentiments came closer to mutiny than it would be well to record in detail.

The fire chiefs are pinning all their faith on Mayor Gaynor. They will go down before him and tell him just what such legislative performances do in the way of taking the heart out of the firemen and threatening to disrupt the entire organization. They said last night that they could not and would not believe that the Mayor would give his signature to such a measure, and in the office of the Commissioner the same opinion is entertained. There, however, it is not believed that the creation of two such "officers" would in any way block the progress to the top of the uniformed battalion chiefs who are next in rank below the deputies. The firemen themselves, however, are not so sure of this, and many of them last night were asking:

"What's the use? Why should we risk our lives and fight fires day and night if the rewards of years of effort can be tossed to clerks by politicians? What's the use of a civil service examination anyway? We suppose the laugh is on us, but let New York remember that it is on the householders, too."

The action of the Legislature followed quickly upon the passing of Senate Bill 1, which opens the graded pension and promotion system of the uniformed force to portions of the civil list. Against this measure, and all like it, the Chief, the Deputy Chiefs, and the Battalion Chiefs, speaking by authority for every fireman of the 4,500 in the force, have protested in a letter addressed to Speaker Smith. In it they said:

"If it is desired to place the telegraph operators, wiremen and other civilian employes of the Fire Department in the uniformed force, ample power is now given by the Home Rule bill to the Mayor and the members of the Board of Aldermen to do so. We believe that it is unfair to the men who daily risk their lives in the service of the city at fires to legislate clerks and others, some of whom are not one year in the Fire Department, into the uniformed force with the rank of battalion and deputy chiefs. Surely a different method can be found of taking care of these men."

The firemen are appealing to the various civic organizations for help in fighting this movement.

Sulzer Pushes New Auto Law.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, May 1.—Gov. Sulzer sent to the Legislature to-night an emergency message to facilitate the passage of the amendments to the Motor Vehicle Law requested by Secretary of State May. Those amendments provide for the licensing of all operators of automobiles, give the power to evoke licenses to the Secretary of State for cause and reduce to $1 the license fee for chauffeurs, with no charge for renewal of licenses. Senator White, Chairman of the Senate Committee on Internal Affairs, which reported the amendments, objected to the immediate passage of the bill. It is believed, however, that with the suspension of rules which the Governor's message gives, the bill will be passed.

Oppose Trolley on Post Road.

ALBANY, May 1.—Protests were made to Gov. Sulzer to-day against the Healy-Yard bill, which permits the construction of a trolley railroad on thirteen miles of the Albany Post Road in Westchester County. Dr. Albert K. Shaw contended that the portion of the road affected was part of the route considered for the proposed New York to Buffalo highway and should be preserved for that purpose.

SULZER WILL START HIS WAR ON JULY 4

Continued from Page 1.

oust every one of their protegés in the State service who is not protected by civil service regulations. If statements emanating from men in the Governor's confidence are to be relied upon, he is not in a mood to let the civil service regulations stand between him and the vengeance he is determined to wreak on his enemies. The civil service rules can be changed so as to transfer employes from the classified service to the exempt service by a majority vote of the Civil Service Commission. All the present Commissioners owe their appointments to Gov. Sulzer, and can be removed by him at will

In the creation of the new State departments which were provided for through laws passed by the present Legislature, on the Governor's recommendation, the lawmakers gave him another weapon. Gov. Sulzer, it is known, is determined that only men who will take sides with him against the organization are to be appointed to places in these departments. In old departments, too, Gov. Sulzer is seeking to name men for places which under other administrations invariably have been filled by the heads of the departments. This, for instance, is true in regard to the up-State Public Service Commission, where the Secretaryship and the Assistant Secretaryships are vacant. The Public Service Commissioners have not been able to fill these fairly lucrative offices because Gov. Sulzer has said that he desires to select the appointees.

Through Duncan W. Peck, Superintendent of Public Works, he will be able to give employment to a small army of men. These appointments, it is understood, are to be divided up among the Chairmen of the Democratic county organizations along the canal who attended the hearing of last Saturday and voted "right" on the direct nomination resolution. It was learned yesterday that the Sulzer leader of a small county in Western New York, where there is a fight in the organization, made application for not less than 300 jobs on the canal.

All Denounce Sulzer.

The rage of the organization men in the Legislature at being fought in the name of emancipation from boss rule with the weapons which the bosses have always used sought vent yesterday in harsh and bitter language. On every side the Governor was denounced, not for the views he was trying to urge on the lawmakers but for the methods he was using in his warfare on the bosses. Democrats of a conservative turn but with independent learnings joined freely in the denunciation.

During the debate Wednesday Senators Wagner, Healy, Carswell, Patton, and others said that the Governor had gone too far in pushing his bill and hinted that the pressure used was little short of coercion.

Senator E. R. Brown, Republican leader of the Senate, yesterday introduced an amendment to the Penal Code providing that "a State officer who willfully, by intimidation, or otherwise, or by the offer of public office, or by removal from public office, or by offering official action or by offering to withhold official action in respect to any matter which comes before him, seeks to influence or in any way affect the vote of any Senator or member of Assembly, in the performance of any other official act or duty, is guilty of a felony."

Chester C. Platt, secretary to the Governor, yesterday denied that any request for attendance at the primary hearing last Saturday was based upon the fact that the official was holding "a lucrative job under the present administration." Senator Wagner quoted the postscript which it was said was attached to a letter to a State official. Mr. Platt pronounced it bogus, and said it had been prepared by some one who desired to injure the Governor.

Where Our Shafts Are Meant to Land

THE target of these remarks is not essentially the man that has been having his clothes made by the expensive custom tailors.

* *

To aim exclusively at such men would be to shoot our arrows into the air.

* *

It is rather the man whose *desire* it is to wear the highest priced tailored-to-order clothes—whose good taste leads him in that direction, but whose pocketbook rebels.

* *

There are thousands of New Yorkers who are still half-satisfying themselves with the half-good productions of the tailor who cannot command high prices.

* *

And thousands more who are needlessly humiliating themselves with ready-made clothes of the old-fashioned and fresh-water schools.

* *

To these we most particularly address ourselves.

We ask calm consideration, at your convenience, of these $20 to $40 suits and $25 to $40 topcoats and slipons, as representing New York's present-day ideals.

Largest Distributors of Manhattan Shirts

Weber and Heilbroner
Eleven Stores

241 Broadway 369 Broadway 737 Broadway 1185 Broadway 44th and Broadway
1363 Broadway 58 Nassau 150 Nassau 20 Cortland 27 New 42nd and Fifth Ave.
Clothes at 27 New, 150 Nassau, 241 B'way, 1185 B'way, 44th & B'way, 42nd & 5th Ave

BOY HIT BY AUTO LEFT DYING IN LOT

Had Fractured Skull and Other Injuries, and Was Not Found for Hours After Accident.

CHEST CRUSHED BY TIRE

Mother Recognized Boy After His Name Had Been Learned from School Card in His Pocket.

Several boys playing at 9 o'clock last night in a row of half-built houses in Kingland Avenue, near Greenpoint, L. I., heard groans coming from an adjoining vacant lot. They found there a boy about 10 years old, evidently dying from a fractured skull and injuries in his chest.

The police had the injured boy carried to the Greenpoint Avenue Station, where Dr. O'Malley of St. Catherine's Hospital said at once that the boy had been run down by an automobile. Only the tire of a heavy vehicle, he thought, could have crushed in the chest in such a manner. He thought the boy had been lying in the lot for several hours.

An operation was performed immediately after the boy was taken to St. Catharine's Hospital, but it was reported from there last night that there is no chance for his recovery.

A school report card, found in his pocket, showed that he was James Keegan. It bore no address. Shortly after 11 o'clock Mrs. Mary Keegan of 216 Calyer Street, Greenpoint, came into the Greenpoint Station and said her boy was missing. She recognized the report card as one which she had signed that morning.

TWO AUTOS WRECKED.

Both in Collision at Arrowhead Inn and Gasoline Tanks Explode.

James Beckwith, who lives at the Hotel Marseilles, dined last evening at the Arrowhead Inn, in Northern Avenue at 177th Street. After dinner he and a woman with him got into his car, and the chauffeur started to back out to a space clear enough for turning. He backed directly into another car that was attempting the same manoeuvre.

The collision caused the explosion of both gasoline tanks, wrecking both machines, Beckwith's being practically destroyed. From it the three occupants jumped in safety to the sidewalk, and no one was hurt in the other car, which belonged to J. Herbert Ballantine of 90 West Street. The fire in the Ballantine car was extinguished by firemen, who supplemented the work of the bucket brigade from the inn.

Anti-Incendiary Bills Pass.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, May 1.—By a vote of 96 to 20 the Assembly to-day passed the two bills introduced by Assemblyman Walker at the request of Fire Commissioner Johnson to check the operations of what has become known as the arson gang in New York City.

One of the bills provides for a close examination of property to be insured against fire and an inquiry as to the owner in whose interest a policy is drawn. This is to reform the present system, under which heavy insurance has been obtained by unscrupulous men on property of little value. A companion bill makes it a misdemeanor for any person seeking fire insurance to make a false statement to the company regarding the property to be insured. There was a persistent report about the Capitol corridors that these bills were to disappear in the Senate in the rush of the closing days.

Favors Cullen Water Front Bills.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, May 1.—Practically without opposition the Assembly to-day passed the Cullen Terminal Warehouse bills, which had the backing of the New York City Administration. The bills provide for waterfront development on the North River by a plan to be worked out under the guidance of R. A. C. Smith, the new Dock Commissioner. His opposition to the plan contemplated in these bills resulted in the resignation of Calvin Tomkins as Dock Commissioner. Mr. Tomkins insisted that the bills made it possible for the New York Central Railroad Company to obtain a monopoly of the terminal facilities along West Street.

PASS ELECTRIC POWER BILL.

Both Houses Favor Measure Providing for Experiment by State.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., May 1.—Through action by the Legislature the State, if Gov. Sulzer signs the bill, will be committed to an experiment in the ownership and operation of hydro-electric plants under State auspices. By overwhelming majorities both the Senate and Assembly to-day passed the Murtaugh-Patrie Hydro-Electric bill. There is every reason to believe that Gov. Sulzer will approve the measure.

Lieut. Gov. Martin H. Glynn has been the leader in the campaign to have the bill enacted. He succeeded in obtaining the backing of the Democratic organization early in the session, and this influence prevailed against the pressure in opposition brought to bear by the big power concerns.

The first experiment, should the Governor sign the bill, will be made in the capital district, where, it has been said, electric current for lighting and power purposes will be sold to municipalities at half the rate it commands at present.

The Hydro-Electric bill provides for the immediate expenditure of $650,000 for the construction of a State power plant at Visscher's Ferry, where electric current is to be generated with power obtained from surplus waters of the barge canal.

Under the bill the State is authorized to build lines for carrying the current to the eight municipalities within the capital district. The municipalities may dispense the State developed current to private consumers as well as use it for the lighting of streets and public buildings.

During the debate which preceded the passing of the bill in the Assembly opponents of the measure said that the experiment would cost the State nearer $4,000,000 than the amount appropriated in the bill.

The working out of the scheme will be intrusted to the Conservation Commission. Should the experiment prove successful the system will be extended to other parts of the State.

The vote in the Assembly stood 98 to 21. The Senate concurred in the bill as amended in the Assembly by a vote of 32 to 5.

EXCHANGE BILL TO SULZER.

Third of Series Passed—Small Hope for the Eight Others.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, May 1.—The third of the series of bills proposed by Gov. Sulzer to reform Stock Exchange methods was passed by the Senate to-night and it now goes to the Governor for his approval. It prohibits any discrimination on the part of the Stock Exchange against members of another Exchange in connection with the purchase or sale of stocks. Under a rule of the Exchange no member is permitted to transact business with a member of another Exchange. The measure is for the relief of members of the Consolidated Exchange.

There is slight hope for the eight other bills urged by the Governor. The bill requiring the Stock Exchange to incorporate is in the hands of the Judiciary Committee and almost every committeeman is opposed to it. The other measures are in the Senate Codes Committee, of which Senator Stephen J. Stilwell is Chairman, and efforts to advance them have failed.

The bills in addition to the Incorporation Bill still in committee are:

Amending the business law relative to the listing of securities for sale on the Exchange; prohibiting the transaction of business by a broker after insolvency and the rehypothecation of customers' securities; prohibiting the trading by brokers against customers' orders; fixing a penalty for false representations concerning securities; prohibiting the reporting or publishing of fictitious transactions in securities; requiring the delivery to customers of memoranda of transactions by brokers; prohibiting discrimination against the printing or engraving of bonds and certificates of stock (Kendall bill).

It was said to-day that the Codes Committee would not make another regular report of bills in the remaining hours of the session.

CHAIRMAN STEVENS RESIGNS

His Place on Public Service Board Sought by George M. Palmer.

ALBANY, May 1.—Frank W. Stevens of Jamestown offered to Gov. Sulzer to-day his resignation as Chairman of the Public Service Commission, Second District, to take effect at the close of business to-morrow. Mr. Stevens has been Chairman of the commission since its organization on July 1, 1907. His term of office expired on Feb. 1 last.

George M. Palmer, Chairman of the Democratic State Committee is a candidate for the place.

Saks Suit Solutions at $25

¶ Twenty-five dollars cuts a considerable figure at Saks'.

¶ It is not a lean supplicant for favors, but one of the healthiest combinations of currency that ever came out of the Treasury.

¶ And it will buy you a suit at Saks' which will be a revelation to you in quality and style.

¶ Furthermore, it will afford you a selection calculated to double your respect for twenty-five dollars—and for us.

¶ In models at this price we can show you a range of the smartest styles ever assembled at this figure.

¶ Conservative and radical models, in pencil stripes, checks, shepherd plaids, plain serges, unfinished worsteds, and flannels, and tailored as only the Saks tailoring organization knows how!

¶ At twenty-five dollars, mind you, at which price they are unquestionably the greatest value obtainable in clothes.

Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th Street

If you buy one of our suits at $25, and wear it a season

and then feel that you can honestly say that it isn't as good as, or better, than the made-to-order suit that cost you $10 or $15 more; with more smart style and snap and character, more quality, from start to finish, you have our authority to take it back to the dealer who sold it to you and ask for your $25; and he has the authority to give you the money.

You may do the same thing, on the same basis, with our suits at $18 and $20; or our suits at $35 and $40.

We know where our clothes stand by comparison with made-to-measure clothes; and we know where you'll stand regarding them when you once get to wearing them.

Hart Schaffner & Marx

Good Clothes Makers

$5.00

We Can Offer You a Selection of Forty-one Styles of Oxfords at 5.00 Gentlemen

Truly the most comprehensive line in America, comprising all of the latest fashion ideas of the season.

English Custom Models
Swagger Blucher Models
Conservative Broad Toe
Sensible Business Models

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Stamped on a Shoe means
Standard of Merit
6th Ave at 20th St

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T.M. STEWART
438-440-442 WEST 51ST ST.
RUG AND CARPET CLEANSING
in Fire-Proof Building.
FIRE PROOF STORAGE
For Household Goods.
Founded in 1863
TELEPHONE
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John Fox, Jr.'s Greatest Novel
The Heart of the Hills
"By long odds the author's strongest book." —Boston Globe.
Illustrated. $1.35 net;
SCRIBNER'S

At your dealers this morning
OLUS
PATENTED
Laugh at the thermometer

Best domestic servants found in the want columns of The New York Times. Good cooks, butlers, valets. Telephone 1000 Bryant.

THE TIMES'S DAILY TRANSATLANTIC WIRELESS AND CABLE DISPATCHES

A SUFFRAGE PLOT TO BURN LONDON

Police Said to Have Discovered a Plan to Set Fire to All the Big Timber Yards.

AIR ESCAPE FOR LEADER

Militants Ask Aviators to Take Mrs. Pankhurst Out of Country—Manage to Produce Their Paper.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Friday, May 2.—According to The Daily Mirror, the police have discovered an amazing suffragette plot to set London on fire.

The police, it is stated, have captured an elaborately written plan for setting on fire every large timber yard in London and also for cutting all the telephone wires in the vicinity of the yards with the idea of making it impossible immediately to summon fire brigades.

London is full of timber yards, and many are in the neighborhood of small dwelling houses. The chief timber storage areas are near the docks. The Surrey Commercial Dock is the largest timber dock in the world, and in the season over 300 acres of land and water are covered with timber.

The editor of The Standard informs THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent that information reached him last night of a militant suffragette conspiracy to convey Mrs. Pankhurst out of the country in an aeroplane.

Several prominent airmen were requested to undertake this enterprise, and an invitation, remarkable for its audacity, was extended to The Standard, the bitterest enemy of the suffragettes among the London daily papers, to co-operate in placing Mrs. Pankhurst beyond the reach of the British authorities in return for exclusive information regarding the flight.

The newspaper declined to participate in the conspiracy and sent a warning to the authorities at Scotland Yard to watch for an attempt to remove the militant leader by the most modern means of travel.

According to a statement made in the same paper by "Gen." Mrs. Drummond's mother, Christabel Pankhurst was in England yesterday. The statement is little credited, particularly in view of the fact that Annie Kenney, who went to Paris to visit Christabel Pankhurst, was arrested at Dover on returning to England yesterday and will be brought up today with the six other suffragette leaders arrested in Wednesday's raid.

Copies of The Suffragette were sold in the streets of London yesterday. They bear the date May 2, but are in a very incomplete form. The first page is given up to the word "Raided" in big type. There is an article by Christabel Pankhurst entitled "What Militancy Means," in which militancy is compared to Montenegro. "The bodies of militants may be ground into dust" and "Violence has a place in the scheme of things, whatever the anti-militants may say," are two characteristic phrases.

The issue of The Suffragette consists of only eight pages instead of twenty, and has no advertisements.

Outrages are reported from several parts of the country, but none of much consequence.

LONDON, May 1.—The debate on the second reading of the Women's Suffrage bill will begin in the House of Commons next Monday. Both sides to the controversy are actively canvassing for and against the bill, the fate of which is doubtful. The general opinion prevails that it will be defeated by a small majority.

In order to avoid a repetition of the heated scenes which occurred last session between Ministers, the Cabinet has decided that only two Ministers shall speak on the bill, Premier Asquith against it and the Foreign Secretary, Sir Edward Grey, for it.

The authorities are making a determined effort to follow out all the ramifications of the militant campaign, and to-day began a search of the private residences of the suffragettes now under arrest. Among the documents seized is said to be a list of subscribers to the suffragettes' funds, and it is asserted that a sensation would be created if the names became public.

"From now on it will be war—real war." This was the deliverance of the presiding officer, Miss Macauley, at the militant suffragettes' weekly meeting in Essex Hall to-night. The women cheered the announcement lustily.

That the belligerent suffragettes are not daunted by the capture of their stronghold and the arrest of their leaders was evidenced by the attendance, which far exceeded the capacity of the hall. Hundreds of women who were unable to squeeze in remained outside throughout the meeting.

In order to suppress the militants' union, Miss Macauley declared, the Government had tackled a bigger job than it was able to carry through. No amount of coercion, imprisonment of its members, or torture by forcible feeding would make them abandon the fight until victory had been won.

Miss Annie Kenney, one of the most prominent of the militant suffragettes, was arrested to-day as soon as she set foot in England on her arrival from the Continent. A detective had accompanied her from Paris, bearing a warrant charging her with conspiracy. Miss Kenney was later brought up at the Bow Street Police Court and remanded till to-morrow by the Magistrate, who refused to grant bail.

Another arrest took place to-night in connection with the campaign for the suppression of the militants. An analytical chemist named Clayton was taken into custody at Richmond. He will be charged with conspiring with "Gen." Mrs. Drummond and other militant leaders.

The campaign of arson conducted by the suffragettes was continued this morning, when a large stable at Hendon, near London, was set on fire and practically destroyed. A placard with the words "Votes! Votes! Votes! Beware!" was found pasted on the premises.

A boathouse on the Thames apposite Hampton Court Palace, together with a number of skiffs, was also destroyed by suffragettes early this morning.

Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont of New York left here for Paris to-day. Before her departure she said:

"The British Government learns nothing from history. The present coercive measures against the suffragettes are bound to fail."

Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt of New York to-day attended a meeting of protest against the payment of taxes by the Duchess of Bedford, upon whose property distraint was levied on April 21, when a silver cup belonging to her was taken by the tax collectors to satisfy the claim. To-morrow Mrs. Catt will make her first public speech in England at a meeting of the Actresses' Franchise League.

The Duchess of Bedford, in a published statement, expresses the opinion that a much larger body of Englishwomen than is supposed want the franchise, but are afraid to declare themselves publicly for fear of being identified with militancy.

DISHONORED BILL COSTLY.

London Bank Mulcted $6,920 for Violating Agreement with Customer

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, May 1.—A case of considerable commercial interest was decided in the King's Bench Division of the High Court of Justice to-day.

The wholesale bookbinding firm of H. K. Judd brought an action against the London and Southwestern Bank in respect to the bank's alleged failure to honor a bill of exchange for $6,920 given by the plaintiffs to Hart & Co., leather merchants. The bill was returned marked "Not provided for."

The plaintiffs claimed damages for an alleged breach of agreement to honor the bill, saying that there was a bargain between Judd and the defendants' manager of the Clerkenwell branch of the London Southwestern Bank whereby, in recognition of Judd's deposit of certain securities, the bank would honor the bill, and contended that the words "Not provided for" were in the circumstances libelous.

The question arose whether the branch bank manager made the agreement, and whether he had authority to make it. The jury found for the plaintiffs, assessing damages at $12,500.

The Judd firm had done a considerable amount of binding for an American, Jackson, who, with Hooper of The Times, brought out a reprint of the "Encyclopaedia Britannica." It also did binding for Jackson in connection with the Grolier Society, receiving monthly bills of $5,000 from the society. The practice was for the plaintiffs to have these bills discounted at the bank and then to give their acceptances to the Hart company. It was one of these bills over which the case arose.

DONOR OF ROYAL PORTRAITS

Now Known to be W. H. Spottiswoode—Collier's Problem Picture.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, May 1.—The two pictures about which there is the most gossip before the opening of the Royal Academy are John Lavery's portraits of the King and Queen and John Collier's problem picture.

There has been a mystery regarding the donor of the picture of the King and Queen, which has been presented to the nation. It is now announced that he is William Hugh Spottiswoode. Explaining how the picture came to be painted, Mr. Spottiswoode said that when Whistler, shortly before his death, was dining with him, he passed a warm eulogy upon the portraits of Mr. Spottiswoode's wife and daughter, which Mr. Laverty had painted. Since then Mr. Spottiswoode has become a friend of Mr. Lavery, and has followed his progress in his art. It occurred to Mr. Spottiswoode that it might be of interest to the nation to possess a painting of the King and Queen distinct from the usual state picture. The portrait is designed for the National Portrait Gallery.

Mr. Collier's picture, entitled "A Fallen Idol," shows a woman weeping at the knees of a man. The problem is whether it is the man or the woman whose feet are of clay.

BROWNING RELICS GO FOR A SONG

Crowd at First Day of Sale in London, but Total of Only $7,287 Realized.

25 CENTS A FOR BIG PICTURE

Not a Single Bidder for Another Canvas by the Poet's Son—A Pollaiuolo Sold for $2,500.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, May 1.—The sale of the pictures, letters, and manuscripts, books, and miscellaneous works of art that belonged to the late R. W. Barrett Browning, the only child of Robert and Elizabeth Barrett Browning, began at Sotheby's to-day. The sale, perhaps the most important of the season so far as literary interest is concerned, attracted not only dealers and collectors, but also many persons who came in order to look with affection upon the treasures that belonged to Robert Browning and his wife. The salesroom was crowded.

Oil paintings, drawings, and prints were disposed of to-day. Despite the great interest in the sale, very low prices were realized, the total for the day being only $7,287.

The first lot, two drawings by Murillo, could find no better bid than $98. A portrait of Miss Sarianna Browning by an unknown artist brought $7.50. A pencil drawing of Robert Browning by Comte Amédée de Ripert Monclar, dated 1837 and believed to be the earliest portrait of Browning with the exception of a photograph that will be offered later on in the sale, was knocked down for $37.50. Two pencil drawings by Lord Leighton of Barrett Browning went for $95.

There was spirited bidding for a portrait by Charles Hayter of Mrs. Browning as a child, walking into the porch at Hope End, followed by a spaniel carrying her hat. It is believed to be the earliest portrait in existence of the poet's wife, and was sold to Sabin for $450.

Sabin also bought one of the most interesting lots in the day's sale, a pen-and-ink drawing by Rossetti of Tennyson reading "Maud." Rossetti inscribed it, "I hate the dreadful hollow behind the little wood," and on the back Browning wrote:

> Tennyson read his poem of Maud to E. B. B., R. B., Arabel and Rossetti, on the evening of Thursday, Septr. 27, 1855, at 13 Dorset St., Manchester Square. Rossetti made this sketch of Tennyson as he sat reading to E. B. B. who occupied the other end of the sofa.
> R. B., March 6, '74,
> 19 Warwick Crescent.

This drawing was sold for $1,125.

An oil painting of the salon at Casa Guidi, made for Robert Browning by an artist whose name has not been preserved, brought only $92.50. The portraits of Robert and Elizabeth Barrett Browning by Gordigiani, painted in 1860 for Mrs. Eckley, an American, brought $500, and the following lot, a portrait of Browning painted by W. Fisher in 1854, was sold for $250.

A portrait of Robert Browning by his son, painted at Dinant in 1874, fetched $147.50, and another by the same artist of the same subject, begun at Venice in 1888 and finished the following year, sold for $385. A portrait by Wright of Derby of Robert Browning's grandmother went for $49.

The highest price of the day's sale was realized for a painting by Pollaiuolo, "Christ at the Column," from Casa Guidi. It brought $2,500. This is the picture referred to by Browning in "Old Pictures in Florence," Stanza XXVIII:

> Could not the ghost with the close red cap,
> My Pollajolo, the twice a craftsman,
> Save me a sample, give me the hap
> Of a muscular Christ that shows the draughtsman?

Nearly forty pictures by R. W. Barrett Browning, many of them large canvases, were sold. The best bids were quite small. Number 23, "Heresy," a painting that was exhibited at the Royal Academy, did not evoke a single bid, while two others, of even more spacious area, went for $1.25 apiece, and a still bigger one for 25 cents. While some of these pictures were eliciting offers which were a fraction of the cost of the frames there was hilarity in the salesroom.

SALTCELLARS AT $18,375.

Fine Examples of Mediaeval Art Bring $100,000 at Christie's.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, May 1.—Over $100,000 was realized at Christie's this afternoon from the sale of forty objects of art, mostly from the collection of J. Malcolm, though the chief item, a superb pair of Limoges enamel saltcellars by Jean Limousin, which were bought by Thomas for $18,375, came from an anonymous source. They were formerly in the Fontaine collection and were painted inside with male and female heads in colors on a ground dotted with gold. The sides were brilliantly painted in translucent colored enamels, with Greek gods and goddesses and muses.

Another Limoges enamel, a tazza by Jean Courtois, from the same collection, realized $2,730. Hales gave $2,887.50 for a Limoges thirteenth century champlevé enamel chasse, and Seligmann $3,780 for a Louis XV. gold snuffbox, with a Paris hallmark, chased and enameled with waterfowl and dogs on the banks of a stream. Thomas gave $9,975 for a jug of stoneware, silver gilt, with a London hallmark and date of 1572, the maker's mark, "H. W.," with a mullet above and below; formerly in the Magniac collection.

The Malcolm collection is chiefly remarkable for its ivory carvings. A pair of ivory and copper gilt, of German workmanship of the late fifteenth century, formed as a group in two divisions and carved in very bold relief with the Adoration of the Magi, sold for $4,200 to Lippmann. A Byzantine eleventh century cylindrical box and cover, with inscriptions around the cover in Cufic character, brought $9,187.50. A wing from a French mid-fourteenth century diptych, carved with Christ crucified, with figures of the Virgin and St. John, showing traces of gilding, sold for $4,200 to Seligmann. The centre of a triptych (French, fourteenth century,) carved in high relief with the Virgin and Child flanked by angels and with a figure descending from the clouds to crown the Virgin, fetched $2,730; Durlacher was the purchaser. A diptych, (French, fourteenth century,) divided into six compartments and carved with the Annunciation, Nativity, Adoration of the Magi, the Betrayal, the death of Judas, the Crucifixion, the Resurrection, the Ascension, and Pentecost, was sold for $6,037.50. Seligmann bought a leaf from another diptych, (French, fourteenth century,) with scenes from the life of the Virgin, for $3,255.

Seligmann was the purchaser, at $8,682.50, of a Limoges enamel tazza and cover, painted with a Feast of the Gods in grisaille, fleshtints, and gold, by Jean Court, (Vigier.) The same dealer bought a Limoges enamel helmet-shaped ewer by Pierre Raymond, painted with the story of Diana and Actaeon, for $2,940, and an exceptionally beautiful steel casket, (French, middle sixteenth century,) surmounted by a pedestal with shields, one of which shows the Medici palle, and finishing in a crown, from centre of which springs the Florentine lily. On the front panels of the casket are figures in bas-relief of Mars and Minerva, in the manner of Jean Goujon. This was made for one of the Grand Dukes of Tuscany; it sold for $4,305.

CALLS MARCONI THE BEST SYSTEM

British Post Office Committee Satisfied as to Its Practicability.

OTHERS FAILED IN TESTS

Still, the Experts Think the "Imperial Chain" Should Exercise Freedom of Choice.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, May 1.—The report of the technical committee appointed by the Postmaster General to consider various systems of long-distance wireless telegraphy, particularly in relation to the proposed imperial chain of wireless stations, was issued to-night.

The report says: "The Marconi system is at present the only system of which it can be said with any certainty that it is capable of fulfilling the requirements of the imperial chain, but this must not be taken to imply that, in our opinion, the Marconi Company must necessarily be employed as contractors for all the work required for the imperial chain. Indeed, in some respects it might, we think, be better for the Government themselves to undertake the construction and equipment of the necessary stations."

The committee considers wireless telegraphy to be in a condition of rapid development and thinks it undesirable that the Post Office should be pledged to the continued use of any existing apparatus, or subject to any penalty by way of continued royalties. With a trained staff and with an engineer of special knowledge and standing at the head for testing, and, if necessary, further developing any new invention or improvement, the committee sees "no reason why the Post Office wireless stations should not be ultimately equipped with apparatus far more efficient than that now used in any so-called system, more especially as the Post Office will be able to combine, in spite of existing patent rights, apparatus or devices which, because of the existence of such rights, cannot now be combined by any one else."

The committee also investigated the following wireless systems: Telefunken, Poulsen, Goldschmidt, and Gallette.

One of the Post Office requirements is for continuous communication by day and night over land and water for distances ranging from 2,000 to 2,500 miles. The companies controlling the various systems were invited to give practical demonstrations. The report says:

"Except in the case of the Marconi system we did not obtain any demonstration on a commercial scale, or any demonstration over a distance of even 1,000 miles."

But the committee points out the fact that it was apparently impossible for some companies to arrange a demonstration within the three months allowed for the purpose.

In order to test the Marconi plant, a continuous watch was kept for a week by skilled operators on the actual commercial working between Clifden and Glace Bay. The report says:

"The Marconi Company, we are satisfied, is working on a commercial scale between Clifden and Glace Bay. We were present when messages were transmitted automatically at the rate of fifty words (of five letters) a minute. We see no reason why the rate should not considerably increase if it becomes necessary."

With regard to the Telefunken system, the committee reports that its practicability on a commercial scale for a distance of 2,000 miles has not yet been proved.

It is satisfied that the Poulsen system is practicable for short distances, but, though it has been tried between San Francisco and Honolulu, there is no evidence regarding its practicability.

The committee reports that the Goldschmidt system is, no doubt, successful over short distances; the only thing required to make it practicable over long distances is a machine of the necessary power.

No evidence regarding the practicability of the Gallette system, even over short distances, was forthcoming.

Duchess of Connaught Better.

LONDON, May 1.—There was a slight improvement to-day in the condition of the Duchess of Connaught, who was operated on a second time for abdominal trouble on April 29. The bulletin issued by the surgeons in attendance this morning said:

> The Duchess of Connaught had some sleep during the night. Her general condition this morning was slightly improved.

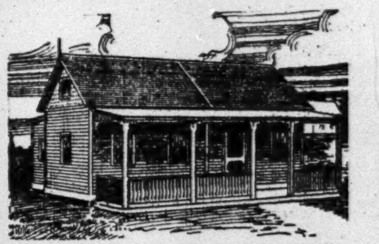
The night bulletin announced that the Duchess had maintained the slight improvement.

Leads them all in Quality, Blend and Popularity

As it has done—for 125 years. From Washington's time to Wilson's, Carstairs has held an honored place in the hearts and homes of discriminating people.

A blend of the choicest ryes, mellow, aged in wood. For social and medicinal purposes it has no superior. At best clubs, hotels, cafes and restaurants.
The numbered label shows our bottling.
Established 1788

Carstairs Rye



THIS SUMMER—TAKE "HOME" WITH YOU WHEN YOU GO AWAY

That's the "Springfield" way—the sensible way—the *only* way. Hundreds of families and parties will spend the coming months at the seashore, in the mountains, at the lakes, in Springfield Portable Houses. Many have done it for years. They find there's nothing like it, with one of these pretty, convenient, homelike houses.

Of course you've got some questions. Ask them—we like to answer them.

SPRINGFIELD MANUFACTURING CO.,
1018 Main St., Springfield, Mass.
New York Office, 29 Cortlandt Street.

That soothing Resinol shave

Resinol Shaving Stick cannot irritate the tenderest skin. 25c

Last Two Days for you to get the benefit of Tariff Agitation at the

Smith Gray & Co.

"SCHEDULE K" SALE

Never such values at this price thus early in the season

No Deposit Required

HIGH GRADE SUITS

Complete Guarantee

$50 VALUE FOR $26.50

"Schedule K" wins.
The Wool Market is uncertain.
We were lucky—bought 8,000 yards.
All high-grade summer fabrics.
We split the profit with you.
But you *must hustle.*

For Today and Saturday our spacious made-to-measure shops will be wide open for you to come in and select the goods for a seasonable sack or Norfolk suit, tailored to your measure from a vast assortment of styles for

$26.50

Many of these suits sell at other times for $50
Experienced tailors at your call at four stores

Smith Gray & Co.

NEW YORK
BROADWAY AT WARREN ST.
5TH AVENUE NEAR 27TH ST.

FOUR STORES

BROOKLYN
FULTON ST. AT FLATBUSH AV.
BROADWAY AT BEDFORD AV.

LEE Puncture-Proof Pneumatic Tires

Better made tires, of better materials, with a unique, mileage adding construction that is guaranteed

Puncture-Proof or Money Back

Lee Tire & Rubber Co
835 7th Ave.

"Everybody's Going to THE BIG STORE"

Sales Like These Are The Reasons Why—

GREENHUT BUILDING

In Most Cases You Save ½ on These Choice Pieces of

Furniture

Prices to Make a Big Day in Our Greenhut Building, Today

$30 Brass Bed Outfits—consisting of brass bedstead with two-inch posts, 1¼-inch top rod and 1-inch filling rods; all regular sizes in either bright or satin finish; also woven wire spring supported by flat steel bands with helical springs and combination felt mattress made in our own bedding factory; at $19.75

Handsome $35 Quartered Oak Hall Stands—as illustrated; rack is 84 inches high and 33 inches wide; French bevelled mirror 18x40 ins.; three two-prong hooks on each side; finished in rich golden oak; umbrella stand attached; at $17.50

$55 Quartered Oak Crystal Closets—as illustrated; 38 inches wide, 69 inches high; all-mirror back and glass shelves; round ends and front; claw feet; at $27.50

$12 Reception Chairs upholstered in tapestry and heavy French legs; substantial and handsome design; frames finished in rich mahogany; at $6.75

$12 Cushion Seat Armchairs—Colonial design; loose velour cushions; comfortable design; well made and finished; at $6.75

$20 Handsomely Inlaid Mahogany Parlor Tables—at	$10
$30 Vernis Martin & Rookwood Nested Tables—at	$15
$85 Handsomely Carved Mahogany Library Tables—at	$42.50
$30 Vernis Martin & Rookwood Curio Cabinets—at	$15
$15 Solid Mahogany Parlor Tables—at	$7.50
Ladies' $17 Vernis Martin Desk—at	$8.50
$150 Solid Mahogany Curio Cabinets—at	$75
$30 "Martha Washington" Armchairs and Rockers—each	$15

(GREENHUT Building, Second and Third Floors.)

Other Big Sales For Today.

MAIN BUILDING	GREENHUT BUILDING
Women's and Misses' Dresses.	Refrigerators.
Trimmed and Ready to Wear Millinery.	Garden Implements.
Boys' Suits and Reefers.	China and Glass Wares.
Men's $3 and $3.50 "Douglas" Shoes at $1.50.	Window Screens and Screen Doors.
Domestic and Fancy Linens.	Linoleums and Oil Cloths.
Dress Goods. Silks. Wash Goods.	Tapestry Brussels Rugs.
"Pullman" Baby Carriages.	Framed Pictures and Oil Paintings.
Groceries, Wines and Liquors.	

The Big Store — A City in Itself
GREENHUT-SIEGEL COOPER Co.
Sixth Avenue — J. B. GREENHUT, Pres. — 18th to 19th Streets

Double S&H Green Trading Stamps Before 12 o'Clock—Single Stamps Thereafter

THE TIMES'S WIRELESS AND CABLE DISPATCHES

PEKING EXPECTS RECOGNITION TO-DAY

State Department Reticent as to Proposed Acknowledgment of Republic of China.

COMPLIES WITH CONDITIONS

Constitutional Assembly Has Organized as Required by This Government—Luncheon for Legation Staff.

PEKING, May 1.—The United States will recognize the Republic of China to-morrow. The Chinese Government will testify its appreciation by an elaborate reception and luncheon to the legation staff at the Winter Palace.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 1.—State Department officials were not prepared to-night to discuss the anonuncement from Peking that the United States would recognize the new Chinese republic to-morrow. They explained that the formal recognition of the republic would be the automatic result of arrangements carefully made weeks ago by President Wilson and Secretary Bryan. The plan of recognition was simply that Edward T. Williams, Secretary of the American Legation at Peking and Chargé d'Affaires, was to represent to the provisional Government of China that the United States would recognize the republic when certain conditions had been met.

Among these conditions was the organization of the Constitutional Assembly by the election of its presiding officers. Some days ago the Senate chose its President. To-day Mr. Williams advised the State Department that the lower house had selected its presiding officer. There has been consideration of the idea of including as a condition the election by the Parliament of the Provisional President of the republic. But that action was not made an indispensable condition precedent to recognition.

The act of recognition will be essentially simple, but State Department officials would not speak of the details, nor state whether or not a communication from President Wilson would be presented to the houses of the Chinese Parliament.

CUSTOMS RECEIPTS DROP.

April Collections $2,500,000 Less Than They Were a Year Ago.

WASHINGTON, May 1.—Footing up accounts the Government found a deficiency of $3,654,000 for the month of April. Exclusive of Panama Canal and public transactions, the receipts for April amounted to $53,452,000, while disbursements reached $57,106,000. Up to date for the current fiscal year, however, there is a surplus of ordinary receipts over ordinary disbursements of $8,966,000, against a deficit a year ago of $12,580,000.

Customs receipts for last month fell off $2,500,000, as compared with April, 1912, while internal revenue receipts increased $2,000,000. A big factor in the increased expenditures for the month just closed was the pension payments under the new law. These exceeded the disbursements of April, 1912, by $3,217,000.

The total balance in the general fund to-day was $141,333,000, including a working balance for the Government of $73,077,000, which soon will be decreased by $10,000,000 under Secretary McAdoo's authorization for additional deposits in the National banks. Trust funds in the treasury include $1,075,198,000 in gold coin and bullion. The mints in April coined $4,250,000 in gold.

The circulation of the 7,460 National banks to-day amounted to $731,044,591.

THERMOS FACTORY AFIRE.

All Employes and J. W. Johnson's Cash and Checks Are Saved.

While all but 300 of the 1,200 girls and men employed in the Thermos Building at 232 West Eighteenth and 243 West Seventeenth Streets were out for lunch yesterday afternoon fire was discovered on the third floor. Before firemen reached the building the blaze had spread and threatened to doom the building. Two alarms were turned in, bringing Chief Kenlon.

The employes got out safely by the fire escapes and the elevator, though Samuel Gumps, a negro elevator man, was overcome by smoke after making repeated trips to the smoke-filled upper floors. Several girl employes were forced to make their way by the roof to neighboring buildings and thence to the street.

The fire was got under control after it had swept through the third floor, causing damage of about $25,000. Most of this was sustained by the American Thermos Bottle Company. J. W. Johnson, a manufacturer of veils and nets, on the eleventh floor, was much concerned about several thousand dollars in cash and checks, which, he told Chief Kenlon, he had left on his desk when he was forced to flee. Chief Kenlon sent his aid, Lieut. Rankin, and Supt. Schwenck of the Salvage Corps to the eleventh floor, and they returned with the checks and cash.

TROOPS ON ALERT FOR MOB.

Ten Atlanta Companies Under Arms to Prevent a Lynching.

ATLANTA, May 1.—Ten companies of State militia are held in readiness in the armory to-night as the result of rumors of a probable attempt to storm the county jail where Newt Lee, a negro, and Leo M. Frank are held in connection with the murder of Mary Phagan. The military order came from Adjutant General Nash, after a conference with Gov. Brown. Police reserves also are being held ready at headquarters.

Frank was Superintendent and Lee night watchman at the National Pencil Company's plant where the body of the woman was found on Sunday morning. Six arrests have been made in the case and the Coroner's inquest is still in progress.

CITY WINS HEARST SUIT.

Verdict for Municipality in Judgment Action for $21,783.

Justice Erlanger yesterday directed the jury to render a verdict in favor of the city in the case of the City of New York against William Randolph Hearst to test Mr. Hearst's liability in suits for damages brought against the city as a result of an election fireworks explosion several years ago. The case will now be taken to the Appellate Division.

Mrs. Shay, wife of a policeman, who was killed in the explosion, won a judgment for $20,000 against the city, and the city brought the present action against Mr. Hearst for $21,783, the amount of the judgment and interest.

SCOTT'S LAST MESSAGE.

Written Very Legibly, Without Erasure or Interlineation.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, May 1.—Trumbull White, editor of Everybody's Magazine, will leave London to-morrow to board the France at Cherbourg. He is taking with him to America the copy of Scott's story of the antarctic expedition, which is ready for publication.

Mr. White came to England in order to get the story as quickly as possible, timing his arrival to coincide with that of Lady Scott from New Zealand.

"THE NEW YORK TIMES is to be congratulated," said Mr. White today, "on having obtained the first newspaper rights in America to Scott's story, and Everybody's is to be congratulated on having obtained the exclusive magazine rights. Our story, which will run to 30,000 words, will be published in four installments, beginning with the July number. It consists in the main of extracts from Scott's diary, made by Lady Scott and Capt. Evans, and edited by Leonard Huxley, the son of the scientist.

"I have over a thousand photographs to select from, and we shall also print photographs of Scott's touching appeal to the British Nation. This is written on three pages of a notebook a little larger than a postcard. The way in which the message is written confirms the impression of the man's character. That remarkable document was written, as has since been established, when the explorer was almost at the point of death and after his companions had passed away.

"It was written in pencil without a single erasure, substitution, or interlineation. The writing is very legible, showing only slight traces of the condition of weakness caused by cold and starvation. It reveals the fibre of the man. The message lay in the frozen camp, alongside the dead hand that wrote it, nine months before the relief party came, and the pages show some slight evidences of the weather."

WOUND GERMAN PARADERS.

Police Attack Them—Thousands of May Day Marchers in London.

WILHELMSHAVEN, May 1.—The police attacked and wounded a number of workmen participating in a May Day procession in the adjacent village of Rustringen, in the Grand Duchy of Oldenburg.

There were 2,000 men in the parade, and they disregarded the warnings of the Prussian boundary police and attempted to cross the frontier into Prussia.

The police thereupon attacked them with drawn swords and dispersed them.

BERLIN, May 1.—May Day processions generally were forbidden by the Prussian officials to-day, but the authorities of the other States of the empire were less strict.

ROME, May 1.—May 1 coinciding with Ascension Day this year, workmen and traders generally in Italy took a holiday, but perfect tranquillity was reported throughout the provinces.

Even at Milan, where 25,000 workmen held a meeting, no disturbances occurred.

LONDON, May 1.—"Labor Day," which hitherto had been celebrated in a minor key in the British Isles, was to-day greeted in louder tones.

Some 10,000 men, mostly Socialists, with an admixture of Germans and other foreigners, paraded the streets and subsequently congregated in Hyde Park, where they received with loud cheering fiery denunciations of the thraldom of capital and militarism delivered in half a dozen languages by numerous orators.

MOORS AMBUSH FRENCH.

But Are Defeated with Heavy Loss—French Lose 18 Killed.

RABAT, May 1.—A French column, part of Col. Mangin's forces, fought a fierce engagement on April 28 at Sidiali with a strong body of tribesmen affiliated with the rebel El Hiba.

The French troops were ambushed, but succeeded in repulsing the tribesmen after seven hours.

The French lost eighteen killed and forty-one wounded. The rebel casualty list was very large.

Mikado Receives Wickershams.

TOKIO, May 1.—Ex-Attorney General Wickersham and Mrs. Wickersham were received in audience by the Emperor today. The Wickersham party throughout their visit to Tokio have received the most marked attention in official and social circles.

MEXICAN REBELS READY FOR BATTLE

Federals Occupy Guaymas and Insurgents Prepare to Defend Hermosillo.

YAQUI CHIEF DEMANDS PAY

Gen. Rabago Orders All Forces in Chihuahua to Mobilize for Defense of the State.

EL PASO, Texas, May 1.—The unexpected entrance of strong Government forces into Northwestern Mexico to-day comes at a time when the insurgent State government is pressed for funds and apparently lacks ammunition and food supplies.

Three thousand Federals from the south are well on their way to Chihuahua City, threatened by an insurgent attack, according to an official report received to-day in Juarez. Guaymas, the California Gulf port and the only remaining point in Sonora held by Huerta troops, was occupied by almost 2,000 Federal soldiers who arrived by boat from the Pacific Coast. The occupying of Guaymas by Federal reinforcements not only prevented danger of an attack, but caused the insurgents to prepare to defend Hermosillo, the Sonora State capital.

Chief Bule, commanding the Yaqui Indians enlisted as Sonora State troops, is in the capital demanding immediate pay for his men and equal rations with the Mexicans.

The movement of a new Federal column into Chihuahua State caused the canceling of the order from Gen. Antonio Rabago, Military Governor, that all forces in the State, including the garrisons of Juarez and Parral, mobilize to the defense of the capital. The invading column is commanded by Gen. Mungia and comes from the Torreon district on the Durango-Coahuila border. Military trains are reported at Jiminez rebuilding the destroyed Mexican Central Railway on the route.

SAN ANTONIO, Texas, May 1.—A warning to American and other foreigners to leave the City of Mexico while there is still rail connection with the coast was issued here to-day by a representative of the Carranza Government. The note asserts that Southern Constitutionalistas are preparing to advance on the Mexican capital.

NOGALES, Ariz., May 1.—State troops in Empalme showed great activity to-night, preparing either to resist an attack from the Federal reinforcements arriving at Guaymas, or to retreat toward Hermosillo. Only the two Mexican gunboats can be seen from positions held by the insurgents. The majority of the reinforcements arrived on the steamer Pesqueira. German and English cruisers have appeared in addition to the American cruisers already in the harbor.

MEXICO CITY, May 1.—Zapata forces dynamited a train on the Interoceanic Railway near La Cascade to-day, killing many and wrecking and burning the train. This train was followed by a military train, which retreated to Otumba when the news of the attack reached the officer in command.

After the explosion the rebels fell upon the passengers, slaughtering even those who were unarmed.

MEXICO CITY, May 1.—Gen. Trucy Aubert, in command of the campaign against the Carranza rebels, and Gen. Rabago, with headquarters in Chihuahua, have joined the rebel movement, according to reports in many quarters here. This, however, is denied in the national palace. The only concrete fact admitted by the Government affecting the status of the men is the recall of Gen. Aubert. No reason for his recall is assigned, but it is understood the Government is not satisfied with the way he is conducting the campaign.

In support of the rumor of the defection of these Generals is the fact that orders have been issued for the concentration of troops at Chihuahua, even to the point of evacuating Juarez. It is conceded that this is equivalent to the surrender of a port of entry, an act not probable, even in a fefensive campaign.

The latest centre of the rebel activities is in the State of Zacatecas, where the rebels recently have gained control of four towns, including Sombrerete, a populous mining town.

Conditions on the west coast are regarded as sufficiently serious by the American Ambassador to impel him to suggest to the State Department to send a warship to Mazatlan.

L. & N. Sells $6,500,000 Bonds.

The Louisville & Nashville Railroad Company has sold to Brown Brothers & Co. and Potter, Choate & Prentiss $6,500,000 5 per cent. gold equipment bonds, Series A. The issue will mature semi-annually, $325,000 each half year from Dec. 1, 1913, to June 1, 1923. The bonds are secured by miscellaneous equipment which cost in excess of $7,200,000. An offering is being made privately to investors at par and interest.

A GOULD PEACE CARTOON.

British Lion and American Eagle Congratulate Each Other.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, May 1.—Sir Francis Carruthers Gould, the cartoonist of The Westminster Gazette, under the caption "A Hundred Years of Peace," shows the British Lion and the American Eagle in a telephonic conversation across the Atlantic.

The Lion says: "I say, Jonathan, we haven't had a fight for a hundred years."

The Eagle replies: "Bully for both of us, John! Let's have a centenary. By the bye, mighty sorry to lose Bryce."

LONDON, May 1.—The extremely hostile attitude toward the British delegation now on the way to the United States to arrange for the programme for the celebration of the Anglo-American Peace Centenary adopted by a section of British workingmen was emphasized today by Ben Tillett, Secretary of the Dock, Wharf, Riverside, and General Workers' Union of Great Britain and Ireland. Tillett sent the following appeal by cable to Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor:

> British workers appeal to the American trades unions not to mask the Carnegie peace delegates' mission to America. They hope America will not support the suggestion that she should assist England in making war against Germany.
>
> BEN TILLETT.

The subject was brought up by Tillett at a labor meeting in Hyde Park, at which he uttered strong invectives against Lord Weardale and the other members of the peace mission to the United States as well as against Andrew Carnegie. These met with frantic approbation. He said:

"There never was a more mischievous or corrupt mission sent from this country. It is financed by Carnegie gold, which comes from the sanguinary imbrued hands of a man who crucified labor at Homestead. The whole population of the British Iles is anti-German, but I stand for my German comrades, and I demand that the comrades of our movement shall resent the selfish conspiracy of these so-called patriots—the Krupps of Germany and the battleship makers of this country—under the guise of peace to foment war and all the horrors which arise out of the blood-lust of the capitalists."

HOME RULE REINTRODUCED.

Bill the Same as Before—Commons Pass Plural Voting Bill.

LONDON, May 1.—The Home Rule for Ireland bill is to be introduced again next week in the precise form in which it left the House of Commons last session.

The House of Commons to-night passed the second reading of the Plural Voting bill without division. A motion to reject it was defeated by 314 votes to 227. The measure is designed to abolish plural voting at elections in the British Isles. It was introduced in the House by the Government on April 8, when it passed its first reading by a vote of 303 to 107.

COMIC SUPPLEMENT EVIL.

Bad for Children, Says Miss Moore—Suggests Kindergarten Cartoons.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 1.—Addressing the members of the International Kindergarten Union to-day, Miss Anne Moore of New York City denounced the comic Sunday supplement as injurious to the minds of children.

"The kindergarten must overcome the deleterious influence of the Sunday comic supplement," she said. "The pictures are in most cases not funny, and the humor that they depict makes an impression on the mind of the child that is not the best thing for the child at a tender age. The portrayal of practical jokes, and the picturing of scenes which appear to the older mind as funny, work harm on a child when imitation is its psychological tendency.

"It is time that the kindergarten took matters in its own hands, and if the newspapers won't print proper humorous pictures the kindergarten teachers themselves should come to the front and select the pictures themselves, if necessary becoming their own cartoonists."

Miss Moore recommended that in place of the comic supplements there should be established for the use of school children a series of weekly color pictures, to be distributed throughout the schools, to be of a wholesome character and appeal to children without teaching them practical jokes.

POLICEMAN SAVES FIVE FROM A MOB

O'Sullivan Rescues Strikebreakers Pursued by a Crowd in Trucks and on Foot.

THEN HE FACES THE CROWD

His Threat of Trouble if Any Violence is Attempted Subdues Angry Shouters.

Traffic Policeman O'Sullivan, stationed at Thirty-fourth Street and Eighth Avenue, last evening saw five men running toward him along Thirty-fourth Street, pursued by two truck-loads of men and several others on foot. The fugitives appealed to him for protection, and Policeman O'Sullivan ordered them into a doorway.

Taking his stand in front of them, the policeman warned the crowd that there would be trouble if any one attempted to molest the men. No further violence was attempted, and after most of the pursuers had gone off in the trucks, O'Sullivan took the five men to the West Thirty-seventh Street Station.

They told the Lieutenant on the desk that they were strike-breaking printers employed by the Charles Schweinler Press, 421 Hudson Street. On leaving work, they said, they boarded an Eighth Avenue car. A number of strikers jumped on the car after them, and the two trucks followed them up. When they left the car at Thirty-fourth Street they were attacked by a crowd of more than 100 strikers and sympathizers. All five bore marks of blows.

They described themselves as James Carroll, 161 Ryerson Street, Brooklyn; Frank Duane, 387 Hicks Street, Brooklyn; Joseph Howard, 342 West Forty-second Street, and Edward Jaccard, 211 West Eighty-fourth Street. One of them, Scott, had a badly lacerated scalp, which was treated by an ambulance surgeon.

HARD FIGHT IN DETINNING.

Vote Announced After Midnight Gave Management Victory.

A hard-fought contest for control of the management of the Vulcan Detinning Company developed at the annual meeting of stockholders in Jersey City yesterday. Proxies for the 35,000 outstanding shares of stock were so evenly distributed between the regular proxy committee of the Directors and a committee headed by John Muir that the opposition to the Directorate was able to nominate a full ticket with good fighting chances.

Before the candidates for Directors were named much acrimonious debating occurred. Mr. Muir's party censured the management for failing to pay dividends on the common stock and scored the Directors for not issuing a comprehensive report of yearly earnings.

The Directors recommended to the stockholders for election by the insurgent proxy committee were Gardiner Dresser, John Eldert, Richard Lindner, Vincent S. Mulford, Robert L. Worsing, Lester J. Saul, and George A. Muir. The regular ticket was made up of the retiring Directors, with the exception of S. J. Bloomingdale, who recently resigned. The Directors of the past year were Eugene E. Spiegelberg, J. H. Prall, Benjamin Nichol, George F. Eldridge, J. W. Buttfield, and Harry Krause. Raymond W. Tucker was nominated in place of Mr. Bloomingdale. place of Mr. Bloomingdale. It was after midnight before the vote was counted and then the management announced its victory.

DILLON INSPECTOR ONE DAY.

Serves His Turn and Is Reappointed Fourth Deputy.

For twenty-four hours ended last night at midnight the Police Department was without a Fourth Deputy Commissioner. James E. Dillon put on his Police Inspector's uniform and assumed control of Brooklyn and Queens. At midnight last night he was reappointed as the Fourth Deputy. Last year the same programme was gone through.

The Police Commissioner has the power to give any member of the uniformed force leave of absence for less than one year. When Dillon was originally appointed as Fourth Deputy Commissioner he got leave of absence as Inspector without pay. As an Inspector his salary is $3,000 a year and as the Fourth Deputy it is $6,000.

As Fourth Deputy he is in charge of Brooklyn, and policemen who were to have been tried yesterday by him for various delinquencies were told that their cases had been adjourned.

DUNN BOOKS BRING $2,232.

Fine Copy of Audubon and Bachman's Viviparous Animals" Sold.

The sale of the library of Charles B. Dunn of Philadelphia was begun at the Anderson Auction Company's rooms yesterday. The total was $2,232.10.

Frederick W. Morris paid $140 for a fine copy of "The Viviparous Quadrupeds of North America," by John J. Audubon and John Bachman, with 150 full-page colored plates. This work is seldom found perfect, as so many copies have been broken up for the purpose of framing the plates.

James F. Drake gave $73 for a first issue of the first edition of "The Ingoldsby Legends," by Richard H. Barham. George D. Smith bought a copy of the first illustrated edition of William Ainsworth's "Rookwood," for $32.50. First editions of the same author's "Jack Sheppard," "The Tower of London" and "Guy Fawkes" were bought on order for respectively $33, $31 and $45.

Dodd & Livingston gave $40 for an interesting copy of Thomas Carlyle's "Chartism, Past and Present," in binding by Riviere. It contains a presentation inscription of Carlyle to a Mr. Price dated June 29, 1866. Inserted in the volume is a three-page autograph letter of Jane Welsh Carlyle undated, but probably written shortly before her death.

George D. Smith obtained for $29 a copy of the first English edition of Lewis Carroll's "Adventures in Wonderland." A set of the Dr. Syntax tours, all first editions and bound by Riviere, was bought on order for $85. "Dr. Syntax's Life of Napoleon" and "The Humorist," both illustrated by George Cruikshank, were also bought on order for respectively $92.50 and $90.

Dodd & Livingston paid $50 for "Life in Paris" and G. Walker $100 for a second edition of the English translation of the Grimm brothers' "German Popular Stores." Both of these works are illustrated by Cruikshank. For a late edition of the Grimm work C. C. Auchincloss paid $35.

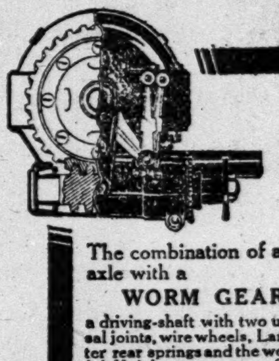
Four small books, illustrated by Cruikshank, viz., "Hop o' My Thumb," "The History of Jack and His Bean Stalk," "Cinderella," and "Puss in Boots," went to George D. Smith for $46. The sale will end to-day.

JAIL FOR FOUR ROWDIES.

Judge Forker Takes New Stand on Street Car Annoyance.

Four street car rowdies were sentenced yesterday to thirty days each in the Tombs following their conviction in Special Sessions of annoying passengers on street cars.

The prisoners were Joseph Dermody, William Kerns, William Webber, and Anthony Miller. The evidence showed that on March 29 they boarded a cross-town car at Eighty-sixth Street, and after annoying several women passengers, went to the platform and began to beat Martin Dwyer, the conductor, who had told them to be more considerate of the other passengers' feelings. In sentencing the four men Judge Forker said that hereafter any persons charged with acting in a disorderly manner on street cars need expect no leniency from him.



The combination of a rear axle with a
WORM GEAR
a driving-shaft with two universal joints, wire wheels, Lanchester rear springs and the wonderful Knight motor are a few of the unique features that give the
Edwards-Knight
more quietness, smoothness and resiliency than is to be found in any other car.

A recognized authority says this wonderful new car "incorporates more advanced features than any other in the market."

You must ride in an Edwards-Knight before you buy—we want you to give it a 30-mile-an-hour test over cobblestones—we want the opportunity of proving its superiority.

EDWARDS MOTOR CAR COMPANY
U. S. Rubber Building, 4th Floor
58th Street and Broadway, New York
Newark Branch, 299 Central Ave.

GIMBELS

FLANNELS are Pre-eminent in This Splendid GIMBEL Gathering of
Summer Suits for Men

DON'T imagine for a minute that we have ignored, or even slighted, the unfinished worsteds, the serges, and the other always desirable fabrics for Summer wear. We are able to show a better variety of all of these, than at any previous time in the history of this Men's Clothing Store.

But men want flannels this season, and they shall have them as far as liberal planning on our part is able to supply the demand.

New Flannel Suits join the ranks every day. Just now men can find them here in gray, Oxford blue and navy blue, all with the pin stripes and pencil stripes which are in such high favor, and in plain gray. Beautiful fabrics, indeed, that show up the superb tailoring to the best advantage.

The Suits are mostly quarter-lined—those at $30 and upwards with silk of our own choosing. They possess that distinction in cut that the critical New York man demands in his clothes. Patch pockets; narrow shoulders that are absolutely devoid of padding or stiffening. Summer comfort and the summit of style.

The price-range is $25 to $40.

Men's New Suits at $17.50 to $25

Afford a great breadth of selection, for the man who wishes to pay a moderate price for his clothes, and yet get value received in quality and style. Drop in and see them this morning.
Fourth Floor.

Men's GIMBEL Special Shoes at $3.95
Have a Distinct Claim on Your Interest

Whether you are in the habit of paying from $3.50 to $4 for your shoes, or are not averse to getting usual $5 shoe quality for about a dollar less, this Gimbel Special grade of Men's Shoes will appeal to your eye, your feet and your sense of economy.

We have them made especially for us, with the leather and labor, which usually retail at $5. Of course, we don't consider them equal to our $5 shoes, or we should sell them for that. But at $3.95 they are stars.

In lace and button, high styles, and a fine range of Oxfords, so designed as to fit closely at the heels. Tan, and gun-metal calfskin and patent coltskin. Full size-range in every style.
Second Floor

GIMBEL BROTHERS
BROADWAY NEW YORK THIRTY-THIRD STREET

STERN BROTHERS

will continue To-day, Friday, their
Extraordinary Sale of
Entirely New and Very Desirable Styles in
Women's Summer Dresses, Suits and Skirts
at
Extremely Low Prices

Dresses, from $3.75 to 22.75
of Pompadour Crepe, Tissue, Voiles, Flaxons, Chambray combined with Novelty Voile; Linens, Ratine, Ramies, Eponge, Plain and Novelty Weave Cotton Crepes, Sheer Batiste and Shadow Laces, Ratine Skirts with Broche Voile Coat effect.

Tailored Suits, at $8.95, 12.50, 21.00
Copies of Foreign Models, of Bagdad, Russian, French and Irish Linens, Ramies and Eponge, in white, natural and desirable colorings,

Washable Skirts
of Cotton Whipcord, Wash Bengaline, Crash, Linens, Ratine, Velvet and Cotton Corduroy, Novelty Eponge, Khaki, etc.; also hand embroidered and real lace trimmed skirts,
at $2.25, 3.75, 4.95, 6.50 and upwards

West 23d and 22d Streets

B. Altman & Co.

Summer Riding Habits
made to order for Women and Misses,
Usual price $45.00 . . at $25.00

The Women's Bathing Suit Dep't has ready for inspection an unusually attractive selection of Bathing Suits, made of Moire Satin, Fancy Taffeta ank other smart fabrics and representing the piquant styles that will dominate Bathing Suit fashions during the coming season.

Furs, Rugs, Draperies and Lace Curtains received for Storage.

Fifth Avenue, 34th and 35th Streets, New York

Our SALE of
HARDMAN
Pianos and Autotones
Autographed by Famous Artists of the Metropolitan Opera Company
Ends Saturday, May 3rd

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CARNEGIE TRUSTS WILSON FOR PEACE

Challenged at St. Louis Congress, He Asks All Who Don't Fear Japan to Stand.

ALL BUT QUESTIONER RISE

Ironmaster Predicts That Present Administration Will Achieve Results.

ST. LOUIS, May 7.—Andrew Carnegie was the leading figure at the fourth American Peace Congress, which began a three-day session here, and made the chief speech in the morning, expressing confidence in President Wilson's desire to promote international peace.

While he was speaking some one in the audience interrupted with:

"How about Japan?"

"Well," replied Mr. Carnegie, "Japan has 19 battleships and we have 33, and more coming."

The questioner admitted this, but said: "Right now we are in mortal terror."

Then Mr. Carnegie appealed to the audience.

"Let every one who is not afraid of Japan stand up," said Mr. Carnegie.

Practically the entire audience, which filled the large hall, where the sessions are being held, stood up.

Mr. Carnegie then turned to his questioner, saying:

"Nobody is in mortal terror but you."

Mr. Carnegie told the peace congress why he believed the nations soon would reach the goal of peace, and by what road they would travel. He described the cost of war and warlike preparation, and explained his confidence that the United States never need fear foreign invasion. President Wilson and his administration, he predicted, would gain immortal glory by dealing successfully with the question of world peace.

The goal, said Mr. Carnegie, was almost attained. He continued:

"If a man wishes to select the safest life possible, the one freest from all danger of violent death, let him enter our army and navy. There is not a workman attending machinery or erecting buildings, nor a railway train employe or a policeman—the soldier of civilization, whose duty is never to attack but always to protect—not one but runs far greater risk of sudden injury or death than the soldier or marine of our country does to-day. There is little danger of any of these ever seeing war, thank God! They will only have to parade."

The speaker pictured a possible foreign invasion as follows:

> British authorities consider it might be possible for an enemy to land as many as 170,000 men upon their island in three weeks, and they believe they have provided a force sufficient to deal with this number. We could cope with seven times this number of invaders, if we could only induce them to accept our invitation to march far enough inland and partake of our hospitality until they were rested and gave us notice they were ready to begin operations. We would probably conquer without firing a shot. Thousands might decide to stay in the great West and work and save until they could buy a farm. We might turn invaders into citizens.
>
> I believe in the League of Peace idea, the formation of an international police, never for aggression, always for protection, if needed, of the peace of the civilized world. This requires only the agreement of a few of the leading nations. Recently six of these—Britain, France, Germany, Russia, Japan, and America—combined their forces in China under command of a German General for a specific purpose, which was successfully accomplished.
>
> Three or four leading peace nations combined, constituting, as they would, an overwhelming force, unbroken peace would almost certainly be insured, for to break it would be folly. If ever it were broken, however, it would be well before resorting to force for the peace-preserving nations to first proclaim non-intercourse with the offender, no loans, no exchange of products, no military or naval supplies—above all, no mails—this would serve as a solemn warning and probably prove effective; but if not, then as a last resort force should be used. This plan seems the easiest and speediest mode of attaining international peace.

Speaking of the failure of the peace treaty with Great Britain and France, Mr. Carnegie said:

> Why this treaty failed to receive the support of the Senate need not be here dwelt upon. Suffice it to say the fault was not altogether that of the Senate—sometimes a blunder is said to be worse than a crime. Well, some one blundered. Looking backward, the error is now clearly seen, and we venture to predict that the present Administration will deal successfully with this vital question.

Benjamin F. Trueblood, Secretary of the American Peace Society, spoke on "The Present Demands of the Peace Movement."

"We must urge," he said, "that all controversies not susceptible of adjustment by direct negotiation be submitted to the court of arbitration at The Hague or to other tribunals, which it may be found advisable to create.

"We have heard too much about 'National honor' and 'vital interests' and hair-splitting distinctions between justiciable and non-justiciable disputes. Are we not trying to conceal a hankering after war and pillage every time we use one of those vague and indefinable terms? There are no unarbitral controversies in our day between nations whose independence is mutually recognized."

Moral Obligation in Canal Tolls.

In an address to-night before the congress former Vice President Charles W. Fairbanks said:

"The United States is under a moral obligation to admit the ships of other nations to the Panama Canal on the same terms on which it admits American vessels. I do not believe," he continued, "that we should put Great Britain to the trouble of resorting to an arbitral tribunal to determine a question that has no basis either in fact or in good conscience."

Some Oppose Disarmament.

A symposium on disarmament, which was a feature of to-night's session of the American Peace Congress, which opened a three-day meeting to-day, took an unexpected turn when two delegates raised an issue with speakers on the platform and asserted that their theory of disarmament was impracticable.

Andrew B. Humphrey, General Secretary of the American Peace and Arbitration League, and Henry A. Dadmun, Secretary of the Army and Navy League, were the delegates who opposed the general sense of the meeting.

Mr. Humphrey said he represented a society standing for an armament consistent with existing conditions and sufficient to preserve peace. The soldier does not cause war, but is called to settle it, he said.

Mr. Dadmun said disarmament did not prevent the War of 1812 or 1861, when the navy was practically dismantled.

"There is no telling how soon the United States will have to go to war in the interests of humanity," he continued. "It was my good fortune to attend the last conference at The Hague. It was the weight of our navy that gave weight to our words at that conference. A display of force makes it unnecessary to use force."

HELD FOR $60,000 THEFT.

Santa Fe Railroad Auditor's Clerk Charged with Embezzlement.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., May 1.—Accused of having embezzled more than $60,000, covering a period of six years, W. J. Ranney, chief clerk in the office of the Auditor of the Santa Fe Railroad, was arrested to-night and lodged in the county jail.

The specific charge against Ranney was the alleged theft of $670, but Acting General Manager Hibbard was authority for the statement that the total amount of the shortage would approximate the larger sum. Fraudulent vouchers are said to have been used to conceal the shortage.

WASHINGTONIANA, $100,000.

Huntington the Buyer—Kane Denies Being Seller of Art.

Grenville Kane, the banker, is a well-known collector of Washingtoniana. His library has been enriched by books which belonged to the first President of the United States and by letters in his autograph. One of Mr. Kane's objects has been the obtaining, so far as possible, of a letter written each year of Washington's eventful life. Naturally, for a number of those years no specimen is obtainable.

It was learned yesterday that Mr. Kane recently parted with a part of his collection, and that it was owned by Henry E. Huntington, who, by the way, sailed for Europe last week to make an automobile tour of France. One report was that Mr. Kane received $80,000 for his literary treasures. He himself denied that the amount was so large, while admitting that he had sold part of his library to George D. Smith.

"I did not sell anything to Mr. Huntington," said Mr. Kane, "but I did to Mr. Smith. It was a small transaction, not worthy of note.

"A Washington letter simply signed by him is worth only about $100, and a holograph letter of his is worth about $400. It would take a great many letters like those to make a total of $80,000. I did not part with all of my Washington letters, but on the contrary still retain possession of a number of them. But I would really prefer to have nothing published about the matter. It is not worth while."

George D. Smith said the letters he bought were now owned by Mr. Huntington.

"I am under a promise," he said, "not to reveal the name of the seller, and I will not do so. The price paid was $100,000. Perhaps later on I may be at liberty to tell from whom I obtained them."

A dealer in autographs said that Mr. Kane's estimate of the present value of Washington letters was somewhat low, the latest one sold in this city having brought something more than $900.

GIRL CARRIED HORSEWHIP.

Intended It for "Mashers," but She Used It on Restaurateur.

Margaret McManus, a militant waitress, who lives at 237 West Nineteenth Street, had to go to Jefferson Market Court yesterday to explain what she meant by taking a horsehair whip and using it to thrash Philip Chertin, a restaurateur of 15 West Thirtieth Street. It appeared that she always carried the whip in her handbag.

"Your Honor," she said to Magistrate Herbert, "no girl can live in New York and be safe from flirts without having something with which to protect herself. I have carried that whip for more than a year. When a man tries to flirt with me I just show it to him, and you would laugh to see him run."

"Do you ever have to use it?" asked the court.

"Never. I just have to show it. Mashers are always cowards."

As for Chertin, she said, he discharged her after she had repulsed him, and when she heard later that he had spoken of her as having been intoxicated she went around to the restaurant with her whip. Chertin, on the other hand, said that she was discharged because she talked all day about the suffrage parade.

Magistrate Herbert, after he had paid his respects to the girl's pluck, expressed the fear that the whip would be dangerous to the general public, so he confiscated it and put her on probation for the next six months.

MISS WILSON RODE FAST.

Chauffeur Driving Car for President's Daughter Fined for Speeding.

William J. Greenwood of 230 East Twenty-first Street, a chauffeur employed by an automobile company, was fined $5 by Magistrate Kernochan in the West Side Court yesterday morning, on his plea of guilty to speeding an automobile on Wednesday night in Broadway at the rate of twenty-four miles an hour. In the machine, when the chauffeur was served with a summons by Patrolman Van Cleef of the Traffic Squad, was Miss Margaret Wilson, daughter of President Wilson, and Boyd Fisher, manager of the Social Centre.

When Van Cleef stopped the machine at 9:30 o'clock last night at th corner of Fifty-first Street and Broadway, he says the chauffeur told him that he had the President's daughter in the car, and that she and Mr. Fisher were in a hurry to get to the Hotel Astor to pick up a Princeton professor, whom they were going to take to the Pennsylvania Station to catch a train for Princeton.

Mr. Fisher was in court this morning, but refused to say anything about the incident. He paid the five-dollar fine imposed on the chauffeur.

$700 A YEAR FOR SCHOOL.

Surrogate Cohalan Refuses to Allow More for 15-Year-Old Boy.

In a decision rendered yesterday, Surrogate Cohalan held that $700 a year was a sufficient sum for the education of a fifteen-year-old boy, whose father wanted him to prepare for and attend Princeton University. The decision was made in denying the motion of Charles S. Gregor, general guardian of Charles Russell Gregor, who asked for permission to spend $1,000 a year for this purpose. Mr. Gregor in his application said that his son, who lives at Morristown, N. J., owned property at 647 Classon Avenue, Brooklyn, and had several bank accounts. His entire estate was worth $10,000 at the present time, the father said, due to his careful husbanding of the principal. The petitioner asserted that he wanted to send his son to the Hill School at Pottstown, Penn., and then to Princeton. This would cost $1,000 a year, he said, and he asked the Surrogate to allow him to spend $300 a year from the principal.

The father said that he was now in the real estate brokerage business, and that business for some time had been poor, so that his own means were insufficient to send the boy to school and college.

NO LABELS ON CHILDREN.

Kearney Forces Board of Health to Abandon Quarantine Idea.

The Board of Health of Kearny last night withdrew an ordinance which would require children living in a house where there was whooping-cough to wear yellow bands around their arms, after a mass meeting of protest had been held by citizens at the Town Hall. Health Officer Walter R. Rieck introduced the ordinance a week ago. It was modeled after one now in effect at New London, Conn. Strong opposition to the proposed law developed as soon as its terms were made known and last night at the mass meeting many threatened to sell out and leave the city with their families if the ordinance passed. The Board of Health decided then to take no action in regard to the ordinance. A recent epidemic of whooping-cough in the town moved Health Officer Rieck to propose the law.

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HAPGOOD TO LEAD FIGHT OF FUSIONISTS

Former Editor Will Have Charge of the Campaign Against Tammany.

INDEPENDENTS BACK HIM

He Says Anti-Tammany Men Hope for Public Confidence and Will Welcome Suggestions.

Norman Hapgood, former editor of Collier's Weekly, was chosen last night to lead the fusion forces this Fall in the municipal fight against Tammany. Mr. Hapgood is an independent Democrat, but he will have back of him Republicans, Progressives and the independent members of his own party. About seventy-five of the 107 members of the committee which was formed to make war on Tammany met in the Green Room of the Fifth Avenue Building and chose besides Mr. Hapgood four Vice Chairmen, a Secretary and Treasurer and an Executive Committee.

The Vice Chairmen are Charles A. Schieren, Republican; Henry Moskowitz, Progressive; Edward M. Bassett, Democrat, and John Henry Hammond, Republican. The Treasurer is Charles L. Bernheimer, Republican, and the Secretary Nathan A. Smyth, Democrat. The Executive Committee was selected according to boroughs. Joseph M. Price of Manhattan, an Independent, is Chairman, and these are the members:

> William J. Schieffelin, (Rep.,) Henry De Forest Baldwin, (Dem.,) Henry L. Stimson, (Rep.,) Timothy Healy, (Prog.,) William H. Hotchkiss, (Prog.,) Frederick M. Stein, (Prog.,) William Loeb, Jr., (Rep.,) and Lloyd C. Griscom, (Rep.)

The Brooklyn members are:

> F. B. Shipley, (Dem.,) Louis H. Pink, (Dem.,) E. W. Allen, (Prog.,) A. W. Adams, (Prog.,) F. S. Tomlin, (Prog.,) Darwin R. James, Jr., (Rep.,) and Alexander M. White, (Rep.)

From the Bronx:

> John Davis, (Dem.,) F. A. Wurzbach, (Prog.,) and Richard W. Lawrence, (Rep.)

Queens:

> George E. Blackwell, (Dem.,) F. L. Ferguson, (Prog.,) and R. W. Higbie, (Rep.)
>
> The Richmond member is W. G. Wilcox, Independent.

In accepting the position of leader, Mr. Hapgood said:

"As I understand it, we are not here as representing any of the old parties or any particular borough or to conduct this fusion movement along the old lines just to see just what we shall divide up.

"We are here to gather together the citizens who care about the welfare of the city and to make the city government something different than the concern of the National parties. We hope to get the public confidence and we welcome any suggestions from every possible source. As for candidates, we hope to get the best men who have the indorsement of every citizen of whatever party."

The committee adjourned to meet again at the call of the Chairman.

"SNYDER UNITED SHOWS."

"Bill of the Zoo" to Beat All Other Circuses on May 17.

The animals of the Central Park Zoo, following a plan first made famous by Father Noah, will come out of their enclosures two by two to see the broad land in which they dwell, on Saturday, May 17.

The animals on that date will be taken for parade, and those who parade with them will include, according to Bill Synder, their keeper, "all the other employes of the city." Hattie, the trick elephant, will lead the parade under the supervision of Bill, who personally trained her to do tricks and to dance, while Louis, the Zoo's most-striped zebra, will be in second place.

It should be noted that, while Hattie will go in leading strings, Louis will be driven, and will in fact be hitched to a cart with a Zoo keeper at the reins.

After the trained animals will come some animals in floats that have not been trained sufficiently for the keepers of the Zoo to care to risk them abroad unrestrained. The floats will have iron bars instead of ribbon decorations, so that every animal that comes forth will be sure of getting home again. The animals in the cages will include lions and tigers, and collectively are expected to make a great and abundant roar for the plain citizens that will be on the side-lines at the parade.

The chief trick of the animal parade will be attempted in front of City Hall, which has known many wonders, but never a wonder equal to the spectacle of a dancing elephant in a special turkey-trot in honor of Father Knickerbocker and the Mayor.

Keeper Snyder, for reasons of expediency and diplomacy, does not call the dance he is teaching to Hattie a turkey-trot or even an elephantine glide. He just calls it a "dance," but he has Hattie come out early in the morning and keeps her out till late in the afternoon teaching her the steps of the dance it is expected that she will perform for the Mayor.

To accustom Hattie to the streets of New York, Keeper Snyder has led her down Fifth Avenue through the traffic jam twice within the last two weeks, and he plans to give her several other excursions abroad before attempting to star her as the feature of the City Employes' Parade.

A sixteen-foot python from India, the largest ever yet sent to the park, was put in a cage in the snake house yesterday. Keeper Snyder, after the struggle he had in inducing the big snake to enter its cage, decided that he would not try to train it to do a Kalamazoo wriggle, or to take any other part in entertaining the crowds at the big parade.

CANAL RUSH NOT FOR WAR.

Goethals Reports Quick Work—Nothing to Do with Japan.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 1.—No significance is attached to the quick work that is being done on the Panama Canal. It has no bearing on the Japanese situation. The report of Col. George W. Goethals, chief engineer, telling of the work in March, has been received here. It shows that rapid progress is being made toward the completion of the waterway. In the hope of having the canal open for traffic in October, Col. Goethals has been pushing it, although the March report does not indicate that the pace he had set previously was maintained in that month.

Col. Goethals says the work was 90 per cent. completed on the eight spillway gates at Miraflores, 95 per cent. finished at Gatun, 85 per cent. completed at Pedro Miguel, and 35 per cent. done at Miraflores on the rising stem gate valves.

The quantity of excavation done was 13 per cent. less than in the same month last year. The total of material excavated from Culebra Cut in March this year was 1,183,900 cubic yards—the lowest record in that section for the month of March since 1907. In March of that year 815,270 cubic yards were removed. That was due to slides.

Work at Culebra last month was increased to the normal rate.

CHILDREN TO MRS. JEFFREY.

Ward Jeffrey Seeks to Recover Them—They Sent for Mother.

Special to The New York Times.

BELFORD, N. J., May 1.—Two children of Ward Jeffrey of New York, who have been boarding here since he was divorced from Mrs. Jeffrey, disappeared yesterday. The missing children are George, 13 years old, and Martha, 11. It is reported that they prefer to be with their mother, and sent word to her to come and get them.

They have been living with Mr. and Mrs. Garrett Lee, whose daughter, Miss Edith Lee, is a divorcee and the fiancee of Jeffrey. Miss Lee was formerly Mrs. John S. McLeod.

Mrs. Jeffrey waited for her children at the home of Mrs. Everett Runyon till after school hours, when the children joined her and they went to New York by train. Mr. Jeffrey will make immediate efforts to recover possession of his children.

ACCUSED STUDENT INSANE?

Leary of Yale, Charged with Theft, Committed for Observation.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., May 1.—John P. Leary of Peabody, Moss., the Yale Law School senior arrested last night for the alleged theft of clothing from another student, was committed to-day to Springtide Home for observation as to his mental condition.

Since his arrest, the police say, he has given indications of insanity. He was kept under close guard while in court.

SUICIDE DROWNS IN CREEK.

His Body Found Upright in a Pool in a Quarry at Nutley.

William Brandol of 16 Centre Street, Nutley, N. J., left his home early yesterday morning and climbed to the edge of an old quarry several blocks from his house. He has been out of work for some time, and was subject to spells of melancholia.

At the endge of the precipice Brandol wrote a farewell note to his wife. Mrs. George Wayner, who lives near the quarry, saw him scribbling something in a notebook.

Brandol went home after writing the note and helped his wife with her housework, and later on went out again without telling her his destination. When he had been gone some time Mrs. Brandol became worried, knowing his melancholy turns. Summoning her brother, Peter De Keyser of 24 Centre Street, she started out to look for her husband. She met Mrs. Wayner in the street, who told her what she had seen earlier in the day.

Mrs. Brandol and her brother at once hurried to the top of the quarry, and then found Brandol's hat, coat, and notebook containing the farewell message.

At the bottom of the precipice of 110 feet is a pool of clear water. De Keyser climbed down to the edge of the pool and saw the dead body of his brother-in-law standing upright on a shelving ledge under the water, the surface of which was but a few inches above his head.

The only way in which the authorities could explain the strange position of the body was that Brandol had allowed himself to slide feet first over the precipice, and that his head had struck some sharp projection of the rock wall. This, it is supposed, stunned him, so that he was unconscious when his body dived beneath the surface of the pool.

DIES AS HE BOASTS HEALTH.

Old Man, Who Said He Had Never Been Ill, Falls Dead on Railroad.

William Strong, a resident of Kearny, N. J., stumbled over a body as he was crossing the tracks near the Erie station at 6 o'clock last evening. He dragged the body to one side of the line and a brief examination showed him that the man was dead.

A few minutes later the body was recognized as that of George Thompson, a retired contractor, 74 years of age. Thompson had left his home a few minutes before to take a walk with some visitors, to whom he had boasted that he had never been ill a day in his life and had never been to see a physician.

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FOR MEN AND WOMEN

THE wearer of a Martin & Martin Hand-Sewed Shoe is assured of perfect ease in walking; solid comfort in standing; absolute freedom from foot burning and irritation.

Martin & Martin Shoes are the most stylish, most perfect fitting, and most economical shoes you can buy.

The leathers used are of finest selected stock—tanned by the long-time oak process. Each individual shoe, right and left, is cut from the same skin, assuring an absolute match in color and quality. Comparisons will prove them. $7.50 upward.

1 East 35th St.,
New York.

TELL OF MULRANEY PLOT.

New Angle Given to McBreen Murder at Secret Hearing.

Judge Rosalsky of General Sessions held another secret session yesterday in connection with the hearing to decide if John Mulraney, convicted of the murder of Patrick McBreen, should have a new trial. At yesterday's hearing William Beaule, known as Harry Clark, who several weeks ago testified for Mulraney and said the latter did not murder McBreen, but recently testified that Mulraney did kill the Tenth Avenue saloonkeeper, testified again. He was followed by Nicholas Jacobson, a prisoner in the Tombs, who testified at the beginning of the hearing that he had taken Mulraney home intoxicated on the night of the murder, and last Monday denied this.

Jacobson, it was learned, told Judge Rosalsky yesterday that he had letters at his home to show that Mulraney plotted with him to obtain this testimony, and that as a result of this plot Mulraney refused to call him as a witness in the murder trial. The hearing will be continued in public to-day.

Nearly $200,000 to Be Saved Beginning Today, at 8.30 A. M.

More than 25,000 Fine Hackett-Carhart Spring Suits and Overcoats at an average saving of $7.50 and more

The Event: In all clothes history the Spring and Summer season was never before ushered in with such clothes at such prices.

To-day, when all other stores throughout the country are getting top figures—*when sales are unheard of elsewhere*—here is a Hackett-Carhart offering that would be sensational at the season's end:

25,000 fine Spring Suits and Spring Overcoats—made up of the most fashionable fabrics from the world's finest weavers—cut along lines that are absolutely in accordance with the most advanced ideas of good fashion—

And yours to choose among at an *average saving of* $7.50 *and more.*

The Reason: At the height of our manufacturing season arose labor conditions which made our immense tailoring plant—*the finest under one roof in New York*—"mark time" for two solid months. Fine retailers who handle our product throughout the United States could not wait. Orders were cancelled right and left. About 25,000 garments, all told.

For these, the fabrics had been bought, and the garments were in process of making—and later on we had an army of experts to keep busy.

We might readily wholesale the result to-day at the prices made to you—but we prefer that Hackett-Carhart customers shall reap the benefit.

$13.50 & up to $20 Young Men's Suits and Broken Size Suits and Overcoats, $10

Included are young men's suits in sizes from 32 to 38. In College and Norfolk models, high grade Velours, Cassimeres and smart cheviots.

Broken sizes and sample suits of smart Cheviots, Homespuns and Cassimeres. In these, all sizes are included, but the lots are limited.

All are of tremendous value. It is simply a matter of finding your size in the style you want.

Overcoats include smart Homespuns and Cheviots, principally in Chesterfield models.

$18, $20 & $22.50 Spring & Summer Suits and Overcoats...... $13.50

Here is assembled an unusual assortment of strictly high grade garments, in distinctive and correct models, and of the most desirable, most popular fabrics. An exceptional showing, even at the full prices, $18, $20 & $22.50.

The suits comprise smart Grays, fancy Blues, correct Browns, Heather mixtures, and new Tan shades. Pin Checks, Line stripes and neat mixture effects, as well as plain Wale Weaves, Self Stripes, fancy Wale Weaves, Homespun effects, Scotch effects and plain Flannel effects—all here in their most attractive variations.

The fabrics are strictly high grade, pure Worsteds, excellent Velours, Worsted Cheviots, fancy Serges, Cheviots and Crashes.

Included are half-lined and full-lined two and three-piece suits in correct English, Fifth Avenue, Conservative and College models—also some Norfolks. In sizes for men, young men and boys.

Overcoats include high grade Black, Oxford and Cambridge Velours, as well as many Scotch and English effects, in London Guard and English Split-Sleeve models. Suitable for street and motor service.

$20, $22.50 & $25 Spring and Summer Suits and Overcoats, $15

An assortment which easily outrivals the finest high-grade clothes in town, selling at $20, $22.50 and $25.

Included are all the shades of Gray, from lightest Silver to darkest Oxford. Various Blue shades, new Browns, correct Tans and many Heather and English mixture ideas abound.

The designs include exclusive Club Checks, Pin Checks, Pencil Stripes and various Line Stripes. Also neat mixture effects, plain Wale Weaves and Self Stripe and Diagonal Weaves.

There are, as well, many wonderful English Weave Blue Serge Suits—standard $22.50 garments each one, and all of the very highest character.

The models include English, Fifth Avenue, Conservative, College and Norfolk styles. In sizes for men, young men and boys.

Overcoats include Silk-lined Black, Oxford and Cambridge Grays, in Chesterfield models. Tan and Oxford Coverts, in London Guard models.

$22.50, $25 & $30 Spring and Summer Suits and Overcoats, $17

As a wonderful example of fine tailoring, exclusive fabrics and distinctive models—also excellent values at $22.50, $25 and $30—this assortment takes first place.

Included are very fine pure Worsteds, Saxony Cassimeres, English finish Velours, Homespuns, Flannels, Worsted Cheviots and English and Scotch effects.

All the correct Pencil Stripes, Hairline Stripes, Club Checks, Glen Checks, Silk mixtures, fancy and plain weaves are here in the most exclusive designs.

You may choose among all the correct Grays, new Blues, smart Browns, new Tans and distinctive Heather, Scotch and English mixtures. Not overlooking some wonderful Blue Serges of the finest English finish—woven from fine Australian yarns and the highest standard of $25 garments.

Models include English Patch Pocket, Fifth Avenue, Conservative, College and English Norfolks—embracing the finest collection of young men's styles in all New York.

Overcoats include Silk lined-to-edge Black and Oxford Vicunas, as well as smart new Blues and Grays, in London Guard and English Split-sleeve styles.

$28, $30 & $35 Spring & Summer Suits and Overcoats . . . $21

In every detail—in exclusiveness of fabric, fineness of tailoring, and distinctiveness of style—the garments in this assortment will compare most favorably with the fine tailor's product at double the cost.

Here for you to choose among are English and German finish Worsteds, Silk Weave Worsted Cheviots, fine English Velours and Flannels. Also English Vicuna Worsteds and many English and Scotch effects.

In the colorings English Grays and Blue Grays predominate, with correct Browns, various Blues, new Homespuns, English and Scotch effects in many handsome variations.

Among the designs are handsome Pin Checks, English Checks and also Bird's Eye and Pall Mall Weaves. Hairline and Silk Stripes, and many Self Stripes and Silk mixtures are shown, together with many plain and fancy Self Weaves and mixtures. Also Blue Serges of highest quality.

Models include English, Fifth Avenue, Conservative and College styles.

In Overcoats, the new double-breasted Velvet collar, English Guard coats, London Split Sleeve, London Guard and Chesterfield coats are shown. For dress, street, travel and motor service.

$30, $35 & $37.50 Spring & Summer Suits and Overcoats, $24

Here are the highest grades of garments possible of production ready-for-service. Each one is the equal in every essential detail of the finest custom creation.

Included are exclusive custom fabrics from the world's most famous weavers. Worsteds of foreign finish, finest Velours, Saxony Cassimeres, Velour and Vicuna Worsteds. Also English Flannels and Serges.

All the correct dressy Grays, smart Browns and new Blues, as well as English and Scotch effects are represented. In exclusive Pin check, Club check, London check, Pencil and Hairline designs, as well as smart Silk Stripes, Silk mixtures, plain Wales, Stripe Weaves, Pall Mall and Bird's Eye Weaves.

Made up in distinctive and exclusive English, Fifth Avenue, Conservative and College models. Also in English Club, silk-lined and braided suits and overcoats.

Overcoats include smart and dressy Chesterfields, English Guard and London Split-sleeve models. Many styles for dress, street, travel and motor service.

NOTE: The first of these Suits and Overcoats were ready this morning at 8:30. The remainder will be put on sale as rapidly as they are received.

NOTE: Every garment in these assortments must give you full value up to the highest indicated worth, or new garments will be given you in exchange, or your money refunded.

265 Broadway
Near Chambers St.
Opposite City Hall

841 Broadway
at 13th Street
Near Union Sq.

Hackett, Carhart & Co. Inc. Retail

119 West 42d St.
Near Broadway
Open Evenings

154 East 125th St.
Near 3d Avenue
Open Evenings

THE MAGAZINE OF NEXT SUNDAY'S TIMES

Will Contain These Features:

Page 1—
Europe's Darkest Royal Mystery Cleared Up at Last.
Countess Marie Larisch tells the inside story of events leading up to the tragic death of Crown Prince Rudolph of Austria and Mary Vetsera.

Page 2—
Shall American Women Become Militant?
Miss E. Sylvia Pankhurst, the noted English suffragette, discusses this and other phases of the movement.

Page 3—
Great Advances Made in the Suffrage Cause.
What has been accomplished since the last great parade told in an unusually interesting article.

Page 4—
"Back to the Farm" to be the Salvation of Our Women.
Mrs. Kate Woolsey says that this is the only apparent means by which the millions of American women will be released from slavery.

Page 5—
The Puppet Show to be Restored to Favor.
A new society made up of distinguished persons hopes to revive Marionettes as a popular amusement.

Page 6—
What Becomes of Our College Graduates?
The Government Bureau of Education collects statistics to show the work they do in the world.
Is Complete Democracy in City Government a Failure?
Many citizens of Los Angeles, where people vote on all sorts of questions once a month, are by no means sure that they have not too much of a good thing.

Page 7—
Unknown Albania, Where War Clouds Are Gathering.
French traveler who penetrated hitherto unexplored regions there tells about hardy people of Europe's most mysterious land.

Page 8—
Spending Billions for Europe's War Expenses.
Noted French economist analyzes where the money comes from and what the results will be.

Page 9—
Roger W. Babson on the Belgium Strike.
The statistician writes of the attempt of labor to force the Government into granting universal suffrage instead of the plural vote.

Page 10—
Lower Birth Rate and Higher Prices Are Signs of Progress.
A. Maurice Low believes that when both are universal they are not unusual phenomena, but important steps in the advancement of the world.

Page 11—
Genius Seen at Close Range Like Ordinary Human Beings.
Stephen Coleridge writes of noted men and women whom he knew.

Page 12—
Tough Little Boys, Reformed, Save a Neighborhood.
How a children's movement headed by Mrs. Sophia Loebinger revolutionized conditions in the St. Nicholas Park region. Hold-ups stopped, streets cleaned, and elders brought to book.

Page 13—
Do Our Women Lead Our Men?
Dr. Bernard Taft, French novelist, now here, says the former are masterful, the men obedient.

Page 14—
Art at Home and Abroad.

Page 15—
Fine Points for the Would-Be Expert in Auction Bridge.
Florence Irwin discusses many subjects that will interest the good player as well as the beginner.

Page 16—
Impressions of the Passing Show by Hy. Mayer.

Order next Sunday's Times to-day. The Times is always sold out early.

FIGHT OVER CHURCH NAME GROWS BITTER

Low Church Party Active Against Proposal to Alter the Title Protestant Episcopal.

POSSIBILITY OF A SPLIT

Vestries to Protest Against Change—Evangelicals See Deep Significance in Suggestion.

Copies of the resolutions passed by Christ Episcopal Church, Poughkeepsie, of which the Rev. Dr. A. G. Cummins is rector, have been sent to the vestries of the Episcopal churches of this city of the Low Church type, with the request that they be adopted. They deal with the controversy over the change of name of the Episcopal Church, and read:

> Whereas, The movement to change the historic and long-honored name of the Protestant Episcopal Church seems to be assuming menacing proportions;
>
> Resolved, That the rector, wardens, and vestrymen of —— Parish unanimously and earnestly protest. We believe that such name as the "American Catholic Church" would subvert the character and integrity of the Protestant Episcopal Church;
>
> That it would unsettle and separate from us many who are earnest and loyal members of the Church of our fathers;
>
> That it would disturb with distrust the sympathy that now binds us to other Protestant churches, and which gives promise of at least a spiritual unity of purpose and toleration.

Some parishes in the West, the Middle West, and the South and in New England are urging by resolution the election of only such deputies to the General Convention in this city as will support the Low Church side. Many churchmen hold that it is not only a question of a change of name, but a controversy, more persistent and bitter than heretofore, between the High and Low Church parties. Yesterday four prominent Episcopal leaders, one High and three Low, used the word "split" as a possible outcome of the legislative battle which seems certain to come at the General Convention in this city next October.

The Rev. Dr. Cummins, in forwarding his vestry's resolutions, gave his reasons for his belief that the "Catholics" within the Protestant Episcopal Church have a definite plan of campaign.

"Does not the 'Catholic' element," he wrote, "dominate the General Theological Seminary, (Chelsea Square, this city;) St. Stephen's College, (Annandale-on-the-Hudson, and counted a New York diocesan institution,) and Trinity School (West Ninety-first Street, founded by Trinity Parish)? The 'Catholic' influence upon the Church press is discernible to all who read our Church papers.

"Insidiously, practices and teachings unfamiliar either to the traditions or history of this Church have been introduced into conservative parishes, accustomed to progressive teaching. Outside influences encourage younger men in rectorships to 'Catholicize' parishes in the face of opposition from laity who support them. Incomes from endowments are diverted where possible to the support of 'Catholic' institutions and men."

The Rev. Herbert Shipman of the Church of the Heavenly Rest, Fifth Avenue, speaks of the controversy in strong terms in a sermon he sent out yesterday. Of the High Church party he says:

"With growing influence, naturally enough, perhaps, there has developed a growing irritation directed against that element in the Church which is antagonistic to what they hold as truth. Since the last General Convention, believing themselves, as one of their party expressed it, 'in the saddle,' they want to take the reins in their own hands.

"Once included in the Protestant Episcopal Church, they now want to include the Church, and sweep out all that suggests Protestantism, not only the name, but the thing itself. They want to translate, not only themselves, but you and me, out of the Protestant Episcopal Church into a Church which looks backward for its inspiration and ideal, which finds its model in the ecclesiastical system of the Middle Ages, and the mold for its teaching in the sacerdotalism from which the Reformation set us free. With all respect for the sincerity of their intentions, I say frankly that I object. I do not want to be so translated."

Amherst Orator Wins Contest.

Special to The New York Times.

MIDDLETOWN, Conn., May 1.—The fourth New England Intercollegiate Oratorical Contest was won by Amherst here to-night. Henry S. Leiper represented Amherst with an oration entitled "The College Man and the Call of the Hour." Henry H. Crane, representing Wesleyan, with a speech, "Livingstone and the Unveiling of the Dark Continent," received honorable mention. Other colleges represented were Brown, Bowdoin, and Williams. Gov. Simeon F. Baldwin of Connecticut acted as one of the judges.

CLARK PANELS ANTIQUES.

Board of Appraisers Remits 60 Per Cent. Duty Collected on Them.

Ex-Senator William A. Clark of Montana succeeded yesterday in convincing the Board of United States General Appraisers that eighteenth century Louis XVI. jardiniere velvet panels were "artistic antiques" within the meaning of the present tariff law, and therefore free of duty.

Mr. Clark purchased the panels more than a year ago from a citizen of France, in whose house they were at the time. The price paid was 41,850 francs. When the goods reached New York, the Appraiser of the Port reported to Collector Loeb that the panels were not 100 years old, and therefore not entitled to exemption from duty. Collector Loeb accordingly demanded the full duty of 60 per cent., and this was paid by Mr. Clark in order to obtain possession of the treasures.

The ex-Senator appealed to the board and produced many well-known experts, who testified that the panels were handmade, between 1760 and 1790, and were representative of the work of the period of Louis XVI. The Government also called witnesses, and much testimony was taken.

Judge Waite, in finding for Mr. Clark, says that weighing all of the evidence and from an inspection of the goods, they are undoubtedly more than 100 years old, and consequently antiques within the law. The panels are now in Mr. Clark's Fifth Avenue residence.

INSURE MORGAN COLLECTION

New York Companies Carrying $23,000,000, All Participating.

The late J. Pierpont Morgan's art treasures were insured yesterday in the sum of $23,000,000. All of the companies doing business in this State took their full quota of insurance, and the contracts in their completed form were presented for the final signatures.

The insurance on the Morgan pictures and other art objects at the Metropolitan Museum of Art was placed at $15,000,000. On this insurance the premium was 60 cents for each one hundred dollars, which brought the total up to $90,000.

PROMISES 40-CENT ICE.

Knickerbocker Co. Head Says Families Will Pay No More.

Wesley M. Oler, President of the Knickerbocker Ice Company, which supplies 38 per cent. of the people of New York City, announced yesterday that there would be no increase in the price of ice for family use. He said:

"It will be 40 cents per hundred pounds for family use as long as we have ice to sell. With the larger consumers it is different. On April 1 we raised the price to this class to 30 cents per hundred wholesale. They had been paying 17 and 20 cents. Our purpose was to limit the consumption to try to make up for the shortage. We may have to raise the price again to restaurants and cafés. They are great wasters."

FORTY KILLED IN STREETS.

Of the April Accident Death Toll 22 Were Children.

Forty people were killed by street traffic in New York City in April as compared with forty-three killed in the same month last year, according to statistics made public yesterday by the National Highways Protective Association. The number killed by motor cars was twenty-four as against twenty in April, 1912, but there were fewer fatal trolley and wagon accidents. The report also adds that fatal automobile accidents were equaled or exceeded until recently by deaths due to all other classes of traffic. Automobiles also seriously injured ninety-seven persons in April, trolleys thirty-three, and wagons thirty-six.

The statistics show that of the total killed in April twenty-two were children, and that of the twenty-four killed by automobiles eleven were children. Those killed by trolley cars included three children and one adult, and by wagons nine children and three adults.

CARDINAL TO HEAD BOARD.

Mgr. Farley to Serve at Fordham, of Which He Is an Alumnus.

Cardinal Farley, who is an alumnus of Fordham, has consented to become President of the Advisory Board of the university. At a recent meeting of the board a committee was appointed to collect funds to build a Cardinal Farley Home at Fordham like the Gibbons Home at the Catholic University in Washington. The Chairman of this committee is Morgan J. O'Brien, and the treasurer, John Whalen.

An endowment fund for scholarships at the universtiy was suggested at the same meeting by the Rev. T. J. McCluskey, S. J., rector, a large amount of money being needed for this purpose. He stated that $100,000 was needed immediately, and this amount was subscribed before the adjournment of the meeting.

BABY CONTEST DRAWS EAST SIDE MOTHERS

Scores Enter for University Settlement's Educational Competition.

NURSES THERE TO ADVISE

Parents of Weaklings Instructed in Hygiene and the Proper Care of Their Infants.

Scores of dark-eyed, buxom young matrons, with infants in their arms, descended yesterday morning upon Dr. L. Emmett Holt and his corps of nurses at the Municipal Milk Station, 174 Eldridge Street, to enter their offspring in the Baby Health Contest, to be held next Wednesday at the University Settlement, 184 Eldridge Street. Babies plump and babies lean, babies fair and blue-eyed and babies with the dark eyes and olive skin of distant Italy—babies of all kinds and all nationalities were there, some placid, some fretful, and still others gurgling with sheer delight at the strangeness of the proceedings.

The contest has aroused the interest of the mothers of the lower east side, for $100 in cash is to be distributed in prizes to the winners. Of course, each mother was satisfied that only lack of discriminating intelligence on the part of somebody could prevent her individual entry from winning, but in spite of this natural confidence she regarded with hostile eyes the tiny rival of little Giuseppe or Isadore as the nurse deftly examined him and noted his name and number upon an index card

"Mia bella bambino," wistfully whispered one sad-eyed young mother, as she proffered the tiny bundle in her arms to a nurse, who received the mite and gently unrolled the swaddling cloth in which it was bound.

"How do you feed her?" the nurse queried, but the waiting young mother could not understand.

An older Italian woman came to the rescue, and an animated conversation took place. Obviously the proud mother was relating every circumstance connected with her baby's brief existence. Finally the volunteer interpreter turned to the nurse and remarked that the baby was breast-fed.

The nurse looked at the mother and shook her head.

"The baby is doing fine; she's a sturdy little girl, but you are not strong. You need more nourishing food than macaroni."

This information was transmitted to the mother, and then the nurse proceeded to outline a cheap, but nourishing diet for her.

Such little by-plays were frequent throughout the morning. In some instances six-month's-old Jacob was a bottle-fed infant, but it developed that his anxious mother did not understand how to prepare his food or mistakenly purchased milk of an inferior quality. Such mothers were directed to call at the milk station for supplies for their infants.

The baby contest for which the first entries were received yesterday is intended only for those infants who live south of Houston Street and east of the Bowery, but news of it has spread so far that applications have been received from the Bronx, Staten Island and New Jersey. One mother yesterday brought her baby from north of the Harlem River to enter it, but had to be refused.

"You have a fine baby," a nurse said to her. "Wasn't he the one who took second prize at the Cincinnati show?"

"Yes," was the reply, "and we hoped that he could win a prize in New York, too." She went away disappointed.

It had been feared that a contest in which beauty was not a factor would fail to attract as large a number of mothers as was desired, but the result yesterday showed that this fear was without foundation. Last night Robbins Gilman, head worker of the University Settlement, was informed that more than 100 babies had been entered during the first day.

Dr. Holt, child specialist at the University Settlement, who will act as judge in the contest, had announced that 100 infants would be the greatest number upon which he could pass, but nevertheless further entries will be received at the Eldridge Street municipal milk station to-day and to-morrow. From the entire number of contestants entered, 100 will be selected by the nurses for the final test at the exhibition next Wednesday at the University Settlement.

The babies will be divided into three classes, the first consisting of children under six months old, the second of those between six months and one year, and the third including babies between one and two years old.

Dr. Holt has prepared a schedule of what the perfectly normal baby's physical and mental development should be at ages ranging from one month to two years. He will judge them under the heads of height, weight, head circumference, chest circumference, abdominal development, muscles, the five senses, teeth and speech. Each baby will have his development statistics recorded on a separate score card. This card will contain the individual baby's statistics in one column and in an adjacent column those of the ideal baby of the same age.

Much of Dr. Holt's research has had to do not merely with child diet and hygiene, but with subjects of psychological interest. For example, his investigations have shown him that girls normally begin to talk from two to four months earlier than boys, and that the order of the acquisition of the parts of speech for the normal infant is as follows: First, the names of persons; second, the names of things, and thereafter the order is verbs, adverbs, adjectives, conjunctions, prepositions, and, last of all, personal pronouns.

A MEMORIAL TO THE KAISER.

German-Americans to Build a Hospital Pavilion in This City.

The Executive Committee of the Kaiser Memorial Fund sent out circulars yesterday asking for subscriptions. The fund is being raised in commemoration of the twenty-fifth anniversary of the ascension of William II. to the German throne, which will be celebrated on June 15. In a statement the committee gives this explanation of the purpose to which the fund will be devoted:

> His Majesty has expressed the wish that funds subscribed in connection with his silver jubilee be devoted to local philanthropic purposes. In deference to this wish it has been resolved, with the approval of the Imperial German Ambassador, his Excellency, Count von Bernstorff, the Honorary Chairman of the committee, to appropriate the Kaiser Memorial Fund toward the establishment of the Kaiser Wilhelm Pavilion, a hospital building now in progress of erection as a part of the property of the German Hospital and Dispensary in the City of New York, on Seventy-seventh Street, east of Park Avenue.
>
> An engrossed address, to be signed by all contributors, will be prepared for presentation to his Majesty Emperor William II.
>
> Subscriptions to the Kaiser Memorial Fund above described are now invited. Checks should be drawn to the order of Carl Goepel, Treasurer, and sent to him at 15 William Street, New York City.

Calling attention to the fact that this city is the home of more citizens of German origin than any other place outside of Germany, the circular continues:

> The American has promptly recognized that the vitalizing activity and energizing power manifested in all departments during the past twenty-five years of the new era of German national life have had their source in the devoted purposes and lofty ideals of William II. We admire him for his character and congratulate him upon his successes. We believe it is to the German Emperor that the present peace of Europe among the greater nations is chiefly due, and are grateful. The occasion we would celebrate is our opportunity to join in an expression of our sentiments of appreciation and our sincere wishes for a long and prosperous reign.

This committee of German and American citizens, of which Count von Bernstorff is Honorary Chairman, was named to collect funds:

Fritz Achelis,
E. D. Adams,
Dr. W. Beckers,
Ahrend Behrens,
George Blumenthal,
George Boldt,
Dr. K. Bunz,
Dr. N. M. Butler,
Andrew Carnegie,
Hubert Cillis,
George Ehret,
R. Erbsloeh,
Dr. Falcke,
Carl Goepel,
Jacob Hasslacher,
K. Hutter,
Dr. Otto Kiliani,
G. B. Kulenkampff,
A. Kuttroff,
J. Langeloth,
Adolf Lewisohn,
Seth Low,
Edgar L. Marston,
Herman A. Metz,
William Mohr,
C. Mueller.
W. C. Muschenheim,
A. Pagenstecher,
A. Pavenstedt,
W. C. Reick,
Hugo Reisinger,
Herman Ridder,
H. H. Ritterbusch,
Jacob Ruppert,
Henry Schaefer,
R. Schaefer,
Jacob H. Schiff,
R. A. Schnabel,
D. Schnakenberg,
Reinhard Siedenburg,
Herman Sielcken,
Robert A. C. Smith,
James Speyer,
Julius Stursberg,
Paul Thomas,
Cornelius Vanderbilt,
Thomas Vietor,
C. Von Helmolt,
Paul Warburg,
Paul Wenzel,
A. Zinsser.

Mr. Siedenburg is President of the Executive Committee, and Dr. Kiliani Secretary.

CHOSE HER BURIAL DRESS.

Her Mother's Wedding Gown and Some Jewelry Which Will Mentions

Miss Elizabeth M. Greenfield, who died on April 23, left directions in her will that she be buried in her mother's wedding dress and wedding ring. Several other articles of jewelry, including her brother Henry's wedding ring, a small diamond ring, amethyst earrings, and a neckchain were also to be buried with her. She asked that her funeral services be very simple and that they be held in the Church of the Holy Communion, at Sixth Avenue and Twentieth Street.

Miss Greenfield changed her will by a codicil dated March 12, according to the statement filed yesterday in the Surrogates' Court. All of the funeral arrangements were made in the codicil, which also provided for a twenty-thousand-dollar legacy to Dr. Frederick W. Townsend of 65 West Forty-fifth Street, "long the dear friend and physician of my beloved brothers and myself, in grateful remembrance of his loving and disinterested kindness to me and mine."

Cash legacies totaling $75,000 and many gifts of jewelry were included among the bequests. Jewelry not specifically bequeathed is to go to the Episcopal cathedrals in New York City and Washington, to be divided equally among them. The stones from these are to be used upon the altars and the sacred vessels of the cathedrals.

Arthur D. Greenfield, a nephew, receive $20,000 and the residuary estate. George Sidney Greenfield gets $10,000 in trust.

CITY TAKES IN $10,000,000.

Many Taxpayers Send Checks for Large Amounts to the Department.

It was the first day yesterday for the semi-annual payment of taxes and several of the most important taxpayers of the city sent their checks to the tax department. More than $10,000,000 was contributed, the largest amount that has been paid on the first tax day since the semi-annual payment policy has been in force.

The Interborough Railway Company sent a check for $1,200,000. William Waldorf Astor, who lives in London, England, paid $775,000 on property in New York and other large payments were: George Ehret, $240,000; Standard Oil Company, $250,000 and the Wendel Estate, $240,000.

By paying the full amount of their taxes at this time, property owners save 2 per cent on the second half of their assessment, which will not be due until Oct. 1.

CHILD ROAMS FIVE MILES.

Louis Shapiro, Reported Lost, Found in an Automobile Resort.

Five-year-old Louis Shapiro of 560 Fox Street, the Bronx, who was reported late yesterday afternoon to the Bronx Police Headquarters as being missing, was found wandering around the dining room of the Woodlawn Inn at 213th Street and Jerome Avenue late last night by Nicholas J. Muller, the proprietor. The Woodlawn Inn is five miles from the boy's home.

Muller said he noticed the boy in the dining room earlier in the evening, but supposed that he was a member of one of the many automobile parties dining in the inn. As the hour got later and the automobiles departed and the child still stayed, Muller questioned the youngster, who told him that he was lost.

NEW JAPANESE CONSUL.

Councillor Iijima Appointed to the Place at This Port.

According to authoritative information from Japan, Kametaro Iijima has been appointed Consul General at New York. Mr. Iijima was a councillor in the Foreign Office at Tokio. Before he became a councillor he served as Vice Consul at Sydney and at Moscow, and as Consul General at Calcutta.

It will be a month or two before Mr. Iijima can take up the duties of his new position.

BASEBALL AIDS ARITHMETIC.

Washington Teachers Use It as a Sugar Coating.

WASHINGTON, May 1.—Baseball is being used in teaching arithmetic in the Washington schools, the teachers applying such problems as these:

"If 'Chick' Gandil is at bat forty times and makes twelve hits what is his average?"

"If the Nationals win eleven games out of fifteen what per cent. do they lose?"

The instructors say the new system is a success. Deeply interested in the National game, the children take real joy in solving the problems. The same process is utilized in problems of measurement and the baseball diamond is now one of the commonest diagrams to be found on the blackboards of the schools.

Rugs, Tapestries and Curtains
as well as Furs
in Cold Storage

Telephone Murray Hill 5888 and goods will be sent for promptly.

Silverware Storage. Our receipts specifically guarantee security from fire, burglary and theft. Protected from your door till return. Why assume the risks of home protection?

Household Furniture Storage. Inspection of our fireproof warehouses will show their superiority. Prices moderate. Experienced Packers. Electric Van Service. Estimates of cost furnished.

Securities in Absolute Safety. $5 will rent a safe in a burglar proof and fireproof vault for a year. Inspection invited.

Lincoln Safe Deposit Co.,
42d Street, Opposite Grand Central Terminal.
Most centrally located at a Subway Express Station.
Send for Pamphlet.

Discard Wax!

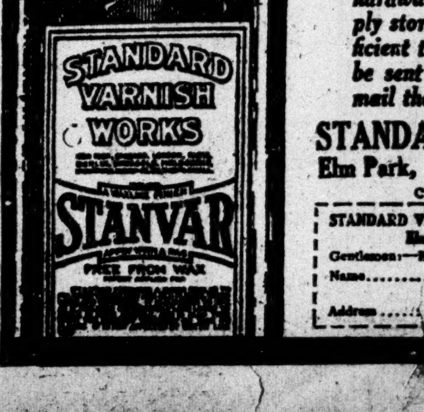
You don't need it. STANVAR is better in every way—easier and more economical to use—more permanent in its results, more beautiful in its effect. And it's not only good for floors but for every piece of woodwork and furniture in the house.

Simply rub STANVAR on to the wood surface with a piece of cheese-cloth and you'll have a splendid, wax-like finish which is free from wax, non-slippery and which can easily be renewed from time to time by rubbing it with a cloth moistened with STANVAR.

STANVAR is on sale at the leading hardware, paint and household supply stores. A free sample can, sufficient to refinish a floor border, will be sent you direct if you fill in and mail the attached coupon to

STANDARD VARNISH WORKS
Elm Park, Staten Island, N. Y.

Cut out and mail this coupon NOW
STANDARD VARNISH WORKS
Elm Park, Staten Island, N. Y. (8)
Gentlemen:—Kindly send me a free sample can of STANVAR.
Name........................
Address........................



J. M. Gidding & Co.
OUTER APPAREL FOR WOMEN, MILLINERY MISSES and JUNIORS FURS

Entirely New Styles in
Street and Motor Coats
At Very Attractive Prices

Introducing the latest models of Cheruit, Callot, Paquin, Poiret, Premet and other leading originators—together with our own charming and practical styles, for Women and Misses, in a variety of luxurious light-weight materials suitable for Spring days and cool evenings. *An early selection is advisable because of the scarcity of these fine imported cloths*— $35, $45, $55, $65 to $125

Misses' and Juniors' Suits
in extremely fashionable new styles

Of black and white checks and stripes, plain and fancy serges, in smart new short coat effects— $38, $45, $50 & $55

Of moire, faille and matelasse silks, in new belted and fancy cut effects— $65 $75 & $85

Fifth Avenue, 46th & 47th Streets

A New Departure for
Brill Brothers
Suits Made to Order
3,000—$30, $35 and $40 Suit Lengths
Will Be Made Up in Any Style Sack Suit
For $20

Gentlemen, this is a new departure for us, but—into it we are putting all the knowledge, experience and confidence which 25 years of Clothes Selling has given us plus the 22 years of Clothes Building knowledge and experience possessed by the Tailorman in whose big New York workroom these Suits will be made.

THIS OFFER WILL STAND FOR A LIMITED PERIOD ONLY—during that time it is our object to take the Suit orders of 3,000 men—any size, any age and any kind—young men, old men, stout men, tall men, lean men, short men—all men. The harder you are to fit the better we'll please you and the harder you are to please the better will we fit you. You may order any style Sack Suit, single-breasted, double-breasted, Soft English model, Flat Lapel Conservative model, Norfolk, Patch Pockets or plain.

ONE THING WE WANT TO STAMP AS AN INDELIBLE FEATURE OF THIS OFFER, that while the only limit to what you order (provided it's a Sack Suit) is that set by your own whim, fancy and taste—if the suit does not meet with your entire approval when it's finished, irrespective of whatever little kinks-or-novelties we've put into it at your request—YOU NEEDN'T TAKE THE SUIT.

THIS IS NO FLY-BY-NIGHT, EXAGGERATED OFFER, but a carefully-planned, long-considered proposition whose purpose is to determine the advisability of inaugurating in conjunction with the Immense Ready-to-Wear business of our Five Live Stores a Once-a-Season Made-to-Order offering which men and young men will come to consider one of the Big Clothes Events of each season.

We Draft a Coat Pattern to Your Measure
We Draft a Sleeve Pattern to Your Measure
We Draft a Vest Pattern to Your Measure
We Draft a Trouser Pattern to Your Measure

OVER 500 WONDERFUL WEAVES, COLORS, DESIGNS AND FABRICS, to which cold type cannot do justice, but which must be seen displayed in our windows or inside our five big stores to be appreciated. To enumerate them reads like the catalogue of a woolen house—up-to-the-minute pencil stripes, chalk-lines, hairlines, crayon stripes, brush strokes, plaids, over-plaids, invisible plaids, pin checks, Shepherd plaids, gun club checks, black and white mixtures, silk mixtures, plain blacks, blues, grays, tans, browns, blue serge, black serge, blue and black unfinished worsteds, Oxford grays, Cambridge grays, steel grays; blue mixtures, fancy blues, gray mixtures, brown mixtures, heather mixtures, olives, greens and—once again—Pencil Stripes.

There are worsteds, cassimeres, serges, cheviots, homespuns, crashes, Scotch tweeds, silk mixtures and numerous other fabrics from the best and most famous woolen mills in the country.

The Suits Will Be Made Up in Any Style
Mail Orders Given Prompt Attention

☞ *Sale Starts This Morning at All Five Stores*

Brill Brothers
279 Broadway, near Chambers Street
Union Square, 14th Street, near Broadway
47 Cortlandt Street, near Greenwich Street
Broadway at 49th Street
125th Street, Corner Third Avenue—Open Evenings
Union Square Store Open Saturday Evening

LE COMPTES EXPRESS HATRED IN COURT

"She Has Temper Like Cyclone and a Serpent's Tongue," Says Husband.

DENIES CRUELTY CHARGE

Wife Replies She Would Not Live with Him Again if She Were a Beggar.

Edward Le Compte, the electrical engineer, was the chief witness yesterday in his suit to compel his present wife to reconvey to him their home in 109 Woolsey Street, Astoria, and other property valued in all at about $25,000 which he had deeded to her. When under cross-examination by her husband's attorney, Frank X. McCaffray, Mrs. Le Compte was asked if she would return to her husband and she replied:

"No. Not if he were the only man in the world and I a beggar in the street."

In his examination yesterday Le Compte was asked if he would take his wife back.

"No," he replied. "She has a temper like a cyclone and a tongue worse than a serpent's sting."

Le Compte told about deeding to his wife his present home, at 109 Woolsey Street, Astoria, for which he paid $11,500 in cash, and on which he spent $8,000 in improvements, and an adjoining piece of property for which he paid $7,500. There was an understanding that she was to deed it back to him, and also at any time he found it necessary he was to have the right of raising money on it by mortgage. They also made wills in favor of each other.

Le Compte said his wife was always afraid that if anything happened to him his first wife might obtain guardianship of his children, and thus get possession of the Astoria property. He said their first violent quarrel came when he asked her to fulfill her part of the agreement and redeed the property to him.

"What a fool I'd be to give it to you now," is the answer Le Compte says his wife made to him. He said he lost a $10,000 interest in a garage in Manhattan through his inability to raise $7,500 with which to buy out his partner's interest.

Under cross-examination Le Compte admitted that he swore out an affidavit that his wife was an insane pauper, and on which she was committed to the Kings County Insane Asylum until released three days later on a writ of habeas corpus. In her absence from her home he went to the house and had the furniture, worth several thousand dollars, moved to storage places.

He admitted that despite his affidavit his wife was a pauper, that on Feb. 4, two weeks before, in another opposing his wife's petition for alimony, he had sworn that his wife had $300 in cash and had diamonds worth $5,000.

He said he had never injured his wife, but that she had assaulted him.

He admitted that through the instrumentality of a Mrs. Crane in November last he caused a letter to be sent to his first wife, now Mrs. Booth, who was then living in Maine, and that with her husband and children she moved to the furnished-room house in 7 Bank Street owned by him. He said he gave her the furnishings in the house, which were worth $500, and that he was now paying her $25 a month for the keep of their two small children, who were given to him by the court at the time of their divorce.

BIG EDUCATION ALLOWANCE.

Three Powell Girls Can Spend Income of $93,753.

Surrogate Cohalan signed an order yesterday, permitting Louise Mason Cramp of 349 West End Avenue to devote to the education and maintenance of her three daughters, Mary Whitney Powell, Fanny Eleanor Powell, and Josephine Powell, the entire income from their $93,753.84 estate. The daughters, whose ages are respectively 20, 18 and 16, received two-thirds of the estate of their father, Joseph Powell. All of the children were born after Jan. 8, 1893, the date of his will, but by the revised statutes they became entitled to share two-thirds of the estate.

According to the mother, who joins with her daughters in a petition to the Surrogate, Mr. Powell had always maintained his family in a luxurious manner. He had a town house on West End Avenue and a country place at Mamaroneck, which was given up soon after his death. The petitioner states that she has since married Dr. Walter C. Cramp, a young physician, who has recently completed his hospital service, and who has not yet sufficient means to enable him to contribute substantially to the expense of maintaining a family home.

Mrs. Cramp says that she has a net income of $25,000 a year. All of her daughters are taking music, dancing, and riding lessons, and the eldest is attending Barnard College. She says that their present expenses now exceed the total of the income from their own property, and she asked the Surrogate to direct that the total income from their estate be paid to her for their education.

In Train Crash, New Yorker Dying.

MIDDLETOWN, Ohio, May 1.—Two men were injured, probably fatally, and nine others hurt less severely, when Big Four passenger train No. 25 ran into a freight train a few miles north of this city early to-day. The ones likely to die are Hedge Hitchcock, passenger fireman, Columbus, and Louis Gumbinner of New York.

Dinner to District Attorney Wise.

United States District Attorney Henry Wise and his successor, H. Snowden Marshall, who will take office next week, were the guests at a dinner given at the Yale Club last night by Mr. Wise's assistants. Among those present were a number of ex-Assistant United States District Attorneys, as well as Clark McKercher, Assistant to the Attorney General. The affair was purely informal, with set speeches barred.

TY COBB FINED $50.

Commission Condemns Player and Commends Detroit Club.

CHICAGO, May 1.—Tyrus Cobb to-day was formally reinstated in organized baseball and fined $50 by the National Baseball Commission. A decision by the commission, given out in answer to the Detroit player's appeal for reinstatement, condemned Cobb severely for his actions while "holding out." The Detroit Club was commended for its recent stand and censured for its former passive policy regarding Cobb.

Notice was served on other clubs that in case of their failure to discipline players whose actions are "detrimental to the game," the commission itself will act.

The commisison reserved news of any other action it may have taken, and if the proposed Congressional investigation into the alleged baseball trust was discussed at all, as reported, it was ignored so far as a formal report is concerned.

TENNIS AT WEST SIDE.

Second Series of Exhibition Matches to be Played To-morrow.

The second of the series of exhibitions to be played to-morrow at the West Side Tennis Club, preliminary to the Davis Cup matches in June, will afford an opportunity to witness exciting doubles plays by four of the best combinations in the East.

The first match, which will start at 2:30, will be between Mrs. Barger Wallach and Theodore Roosevelt Pell vs. Mrs. Marshall MacLean and Raymond D. Little. Both of the women players in this exhibition are former American singles champions, and they have been practicing for the past three weeks for this match.

The second match—Hackett and Little vs. Pell and Touchard—starts at 4 o'clock, and will be in the nature of a competition for a place on America's team in the Davis Cup matches. While Little and Hackett are generally spoken of as the team that will be selected to play the doubles match for America, there are a number of other teams that are from Missouri and want to be shown.

MORE POLO SEATS READY.

New Stands Expected to Accommodate Crowds at International Games.

Members of the Polo Association, forming the committee, which has in charge the arrangements for the international matches to be held at Meadow Brook, June 10 and 14, for the Westchester Polo Club (Newport) trophy, between the American and English teams met yesterday and perfected a number of the preliminary details in connection with the series.

That they are making ready for the increased demand for seats was made evident by the fact that announcement was made that only one of the new stands being built awaits completion. It is expected that this extra seating capacity will serve to fill the extraordinary demand which has warranted the taking up of all seats and boxes on the west stand for the entire series. Individual seats are now on sale for the east stand and can be had upon application to the committee.

Good Card for St. Nicholas Rink.

Knockout Brown, the Chicago middleweight, will meet Battling Larry Ryan, a product of the west side, in the feature ten-round bout at the St. Nicholas Rink to-morrow night. Judging from his battle with Al. McCoy on Monday night at Brooklyn, Brown will have a hard road to travel in order to win over Ryan. In the semi-final Eddie Kelly of Harlem, a popular lightweight, will oppose Bull Anderson, another west sider, over the ten round route, and indications point to a good contest. In the third ten-rounder Knockout Eggers, who of late has been going at top speed, having gained the decision over Patsy White earlier in the week, will swap punches with Irish Mahon. Three four-round bouts will open the entertainment.

Hass to Box Conden.

Freddie Hass and Harry Conden will be the topliners of the show at the Fairmont Athletic Club to-morrow night in a lengthy programme. Hass and Conden are scheduled for the ten-round route, but according to the style of both boxers a short ending would not be surprising. Conden has established a good following at the Bronx club by his willingness and aggressiveness at all times, but in Hass he will be up against the same type of boxer as himself and forced at his best all the way. The semi-final promises to be a good contest, bringing together Young Nelson and Mike Burke, a fast pair of featherweights. In a six-round bout Charlie Hopkins will try conclusions with Young Papke, which will be staged following the eight four-round preliminaries.

Good Records at Philadelphia Traps.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., May 1.—H. H. Stevens of Roselle Park, N. J., was high gun in the first day of the registered target tournament of the Keystone Shooting League to-day at Holmesburg, breaking 174 in 175 targets. He smashed 144 without a miss. Vincent Oliver of Philadelphia and H. E. Ranney of the New York Athletic Club divided the high amateur honors with breaks of 100 each. Oliver won the Du Pont trophy, emblematic of the amateur championship of Pennsylvania, by breaking 95 of the last 100 targets. George L. Lyon of Durham, N. C., a former professional who is now shooting in the amateur ranks, broke 98 in this event. R. L. Spotts of the Larchmont Yacht Club of New York, A. B. Richardson of Dover, Del., and Charles H. McCarty of Woodbury, N. J., each broke 96. The winner of the trophy, however, must be a resident of this State.

Willy, 2:05, Sold to European.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, May 1.—The sale of the Austrian bred stallion Willy, 2:05, for shipment to Europe, was announced here to-day, when A. C. Pennock, who has had charge of the horse since his arrival in America in 1910, left with him for New York. Willy is owned by Louis Winans of Brighton, England, who paid $17,000 for him. The purchase price could not be learned. In 1911, at Goshen, N. Y., Willy lowered the half-mile track record for trotting stallions to 2:07¼.

Transcontinental Cycle Race.

The transcontinental handicap team bicycle race will be started to-morrow from City Hall, with San Francisco as the goal for the six riders making up the three teams. The team starting to-morrow is made up of Fred J. Scherer and Walter Wiley, representing the Caribou Club. On Sunday afternoon George McAdams and Ernest Higgins of the Century Road Club of America will start on the long journey. The third team, which is still doubtful about starting, is made up of two Denver cyclists, and a tandem will be used by these riders if they decide to start. The other teams will use single bicycles.

AMATEURS WRESTLE IN CHAMPIONSHIPS

Young Mat Experts from All Quarters Compete in A. A. U. Bouts.

The tournament to decide the national wrestling championships of the Amateur Athletic Union for 1913 opened last night at the Bronx Church House, when the preliminary bouts of the various classes were contested. Many States were represented in the list of seventy-two entries, wrestlers coming from as far south as New Orleans and from the Middle West. The National Turn Verein of Newark, one of the strongest clubs in the country in this particular branch of sport, was well represented in the different classes, and all the leading amateur wrestlers in New York also took part. The tournament will be continued to-morrow night, and if it is impossible to finish up the bouts at that time they will be put over until Monday.

Hugh Leonard of the New York A. C. and B. Bradshaw of the Boys' Club were the referees, and they were called upon several times last night to decide bouts that went to the ten-minute limit without a fall being scored. Six of the first fourteen bouts failed to produce a fall, showing the high class of the competitors at the defensive end of the game.

One of the bouts which required a referee's decision last night resulted in the defeat of S. Hatry, a representative of the Y. M. C. A. Gymnasium Club of New Orleans, by A. Jeannette of the Clark Memorial Association. Owing to the long journey made by the Southerner to compete in the tournament his defeat occasioned general regret. Wrestlers from other cities who started off on the winning side were R. Goudie of the Lima, Ohio, Y. M. C. A. in the 115-pound class; T. O'Hare of the Boston Y. M. C. A., and W. J. Lyshon of the Germantown, Penn., Boys' Club in the 125-pound class, and E. W. Ottie of Harvard University in the 135-pound class. Newark also furnished several winners in the early bouts of the preliminary round. The summaries:

108-Pound Class.—George Taylor, National Turn Verein, Newark, defeated C. Benson, Swedish-American A. C., on work in ten minutes. Referee's decision.

115-Pound Class.—R. Goldie, Lima (Ohio) Y. M. C. A., defeated G. Mullious, Greek-American A. C., with crotch hold and arm lock. Time—6:15. H. Heim, Boys' Club, defeated H. Juenge, National Turn Verein, Newark, on work in ten minutes. Referee's decision.

125-Pound Class.—T. O'Hare, Boston Y. M. C. A., defeated H. Grossman, Educational Alliance, with further arm lock. Time—7:35. Edward Herr, National Turn Verein, Newark, defeated B. Cohn, unattached, with half-Nelson and arm lock. Time—9:39. J. Degrazia, Harlem Y. M. C. A., defeated B. Olson, Harlem Y. M. C. A., on work in ten minutes; referee's decision. Valentine Vosen, Bronx Church House, defeated William Schlisman, Bronx Church House, with half-Nelson and leg hold. Time—3:12. L. Ruggerio, Grace A. C., defeated S. Cournetas, Brooklyn Central Y. M. C. A., with bar and half-Nelson. Time—6:40. W. J. Lyshon, Germantown (Penn.) Boy's Club, defeated A. Saake, Bronx Church House, with quarter-Nelson. Time—3:20.

135-Pound Class.—E. W. Ottie, Harvard University, defeated D. McIntyre, Brooklyn Central Y. M. C. A., with half Nelson and scissors hold. Time—0:45. L. C. Nelson, Norwegian-American A. C., defeated B. Pscedogians, Greek-American A. C., on work in ten minutes. Referee's decision. C. Carlson, Swedish-American A. C., defeated O. L. Swanson, Swedish-American A. C., with leg hold and arm lock. Time—6:01. J. Levine, St. George A. C., defeated J. Schmidt, Boys' Club, on work in ten minutes. Referee's decision.

145-Pound Class.—A. Jeannette, Clark Memorial Association, defeated S. Hatry, Y. M. C. A. Gymnasium Club, New Orleans, La., on work in ten minutes. Referee's decision.

C. Johnson, New York A. C., defeated P. Jaetinen, Finnish-American A. C., on work, in ten minutes. Referee's decision. J. Skoagland, Norwegian-American A. C., defeated W. Striko, National Turn Verein, Newark, with half-Nelson and crotch hold. Time—4:01. J. H. Frantz, unattached, defeated H. Erickson, Norwegian-American A. C., with half-Nelson and body hold. Time—3:20.

158-POUND CLASS.

A. T. Ormond, unattached, Baltimore, defeated George Bitter, Bronx Church House, with quarter-Nelson and leg lock. Time—1:50. F. Wikcordik, Boys' Club, defeated E. Reichert, National Turn Verein, Newark, with arm lock and body hold. Time—6:35. E. Exarhakes, Greek-American A. C., defeated T. Zelounas, Orange (N. J.) Y. M. C. A., with further arm hold and leg lock. Time—3:25. Waldo Smith, New York A. C., defeated P. Elsner, National Turn Verein, Newark, with half-Nelson and crotch hold. Time—2:12. H. Bjorkland, Swedish Gymnasium Club, Boston, defeated R. Siebern, Bronx Church House, with half-Nelson and crotch hold. Time—2:03.

175-POUND CLASS.

J. Varga, Boys' Club, defeated M. Nelson, Harlem Y. M. C. A., with arm lock and body hold. Time—2:40. O. Husby, Norwegian-American A. C., defeated E. Bras, Finnish-American A. C., on work, in ten minutes. Referee's decision. C. A. Malloch, Boston Y. M. C. A., defeated L. Zuyukas, Greek-American A. C., on work, in ten minutes. Referee's decision. P. Harig, National Turn Verein, Newark, defeated A. Bunther, Boys' Club, with half-Nelson and leg hold. Time—5:04.

BROOKLYN COLLEGE GAMES.

Harvey and Etzel Only Double Winners in Annual Field Day.

Lively competition marked the second annual field day of the Brooklyn College yesterday at Hawthorne Field, Brooklyn, when nearly twenty events were decided. The programme was divided between the college, prep, and grammar school students, and each event brought out a good-sized entry list. Although no college or school records were broken, owing to the poor condition of the track, the times were excellent. In the 100-yard dashes the prep school winner equaled the time made by the first man in the college century.

W. Harvey, 1915, College, and A. Etzell, fourth year grammar, were the only double winners. Harvey captured the shot-put and quarter-mile handicap, while Etzel was first in the 100-yard dash and the 220-yard event. The latter started from the scratch mark in each event.

One of the most interesting races was that for the alumni. More than a dozen "old boys" turned out, for the 300-yard handicap, which was won by a close margin by E. O'Dougherty, who received 7 yards' start. The summaries:

75-Yard Dash, Handicap, Grammar.—Won by A. Etzel, fourth year, (scratch;) A. Kelly, fourth year, (1 yard,) second; F. Maloney, fourth year, (scratch,) fourth. Time—0.08 4-5.

100-Yard Dash, Handicap, Prep.—Won by R. Goggin, fourth year, (scratch;) E. Grace, third year B, (2 yards,) second; R. Kiley, fourth year, (3 yards,) third. Time—0:10 3-5.

100-Yard Dash, Handicap, College.—Won by P. E. Brady, 1913, (6 yards;) W. Harvey, 1915, (4 yards,) second; R. J. Hillman, 1914, (scratch,) third. Time—0:10 3-5.

176-Yard, Midget, Handicap, Prep.—Won by J. Gerard, second year B, (3 yards;) B. Parks, first year A, (2 yards,) second; P. Ferrall, second year A, (scratch,) third. Time—0:20 3-5.

220-Yard Dash, Handicap, Grammar.—Won by A. Etzel, fourth year, (scratch;) F. Maloney, fourth year, (2 yards,) second; F. McCormick third year, (7 yards,) third. Time—0:27 4-5.

440-Yard Run, Handicap, Prep.—Won by G. Starrs, fourth year, (5 yards;) F. Malone, fourth year, (5 yards,) second; M. McAvoy, fourth year, (scratch,) third. Time—0:56 2-5.

440-Yard Run, Handicap, College.—Won by W. Harvey, 1915, (14 yards;) P. E. Brady, 1913, (18 yards,) second; R. Hillman, 1914, (scratch,) third. Time—0:53 2-5.

Two-Lap Grammar School Relay, Handicap.—Won by third-year team, composed of T. Delap, L. Laurencot, F. McCormick, and J. Sweeney, (40 yards;) fourth-year team, composed of A. Kelly, F. Maloney, E. Reilly, and A. Etzel, (scratch,) second; second-year team, composed of T. Smith, L. Gernon, H. Kelly, and J. Digney, (80 yards,) third. Time—1:26 1-5.

300-Yard Run, Alumni, Handicap.—Won by E. O'Dougherty, (7 yards;) J. Cunningham, (9 yards,) second; J. Quinn, (scratch,) third. Time—0:36.

Half-Mile Interclass Relay, Handicap, Prep.—Won by fourth-year team, composed of R. Goggin, A. Beliveau, R. Kiley, and F. Malone, (11 yards;) second-year B team, composed of D. Degnuee, J. McCulloch, J. Gerard, and R. McKiernan, (28 yards,) second; second year A team, composed of P. Ferrall, W. Vail, J. Donohue, and J. Killeen, (44 yards,) third. Time—1:44.

Running Broad Jump, Handicap, Prep.—Won by E. Grace, Third Year B, (12 inches,) distance 17 feet 10½ inches; G. Storrs, Fourth Year, (14 inches,) distance 17 feet 7¾ inches, second; G. Campania, Third Year B, (16 inches,) distance 17 feet 1¾ inches, third.

Shot-Put, Handicap, College.—Won by W. Harvey, '15, (5 feet,) distance 35 feet 6 inches; W. H. Gilman, '13, (2 feet,) distance 35 feet 3½ inches, second; M. Allen, '16, (4 feet,) distance 33 feet 8½ inches, third.

Running High Jump, Handicap, Prep.—Won by W. G. Vail, Second Year A, (4 inches,) height 5 feet 1 inch; E. Grace, Third Year B, (scratch,) height 5 feet, second; H. Peters, Fourth Year, (2 inches,) height 4 feet 11 inches, third.

Shot-Put, Handicap, Prep.—Won by R. Deghuee, Second Year B, (2 feet,) distance 35 feet 9 inches; F. McKenna, Fourth Year, (scratch,) distance 33 feet 3½ inches, second; W. D. Cleary, Third Year A, (3 feet,) distance 32 feet 10 inches, third.

Running Broad Jump, Handicap, College.—Won by J. McCaffrey, '15, (18 inches,) distance 19 feet 4½ inches; T. Byrnes, '15, (16 inches,) distance 18 feet 3¼ inches, second; M. Hall, '16, (16 inches,) distance 18 feet 1 inch, third.

Early Risers' Spring Ride.

The early Risers' Riding Club will hold its annual Spring outdoor ride on Sunday, May 11. Members stabling their horses below Eighty-sixth Street will meet at the West Sixty-sixth Street entrance to Central Park at 10 A. M., and the members located above Eighty-sixth Street will meet on the Bridle Path, near the Tavern, at the same time, awaiting there until the arrival of those from Sixty-sixth Street. President Thiery will then lead the cavalcade to The Abbey, where luncheon will be served about 1 P. M.

Quakers Cancel Rowing Race.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., May 1.—The rowing race between the Princeton eight and the Barge Club of Philadelphia, scheduled to take place on Carnegie Lake on Saturday, has been called off, according to an announcement made here to-night. Inability to get sufficient practice is the Philadelphians' reason for withdrawing.

N. Y. A. C. Indoor Swimming Closes.

Members of the swimming team of the New York Athletic Club will conclude the indoor season to-night in the City House pool, at which the club championship will be decided. In addition to the championship, the programme will be featured by a special event for members of ten years' standing. This event will bring out ex-Champion Charles Ruberl, Otto Wahle, J. A. Ruddy, and C. D. Trudenbach.

CHARD WINNER OF FENCING TROPHY

Defeats All Opponents in Succession in Tourney at Crescent A. C.

The second annual fencing tournament for the De Witt Clinton Smith Trophy, held last night at the Crescent A. C. gymnasium, Brooklyn, resulted in a victory for J. A. Chard after eighteen bouts had been fenced. The tournament is conducted under a scoring system which is not employed in any other fencing tournament in America, being patterned after a European system which necessitates one competitor defeating each of the other competitors in succession before a verdict is reached. One defeat nullifies all previous victories and puts the contest on the same basis as at the start. Starting with the first bout each winner holds the strip until he suffers a defeat. One touch decides all bouts, although the fencing is done with foils.

The competitors in last night's tournament, which was open to members of the Crescent A. C. only, were Pierre Barret, William Wessel, J. L. Medler, C. A. Kelly, J. A. Chard, W. F. Straukamp, J. F. Hurley, and P. G. Barnard. Dr. Thomas A. Byes was director, and the judges were John Allaire and Charles Meyer of the Fencers' Club and H. T. Vfyman of the Brooklyn Central Y. M. C. A.

Previous to his run of seven successive victories, Chard won five in a row and was then defeated by Wessel. On his next attempt Chard went down the entire list, defeating Wessel in the sixth bout and Medler in the bout which won for him the handsome bronze trophy. Of the eighteen bouts Chard won twelve, defeating Medler, Straukamp, Hurley, Barnard and Barret twice and getting one bout from Wessel and Kelly. In the other bouts Medler defeated Barret, Kelly and Wessel; Wessel defeated Chard, Kelly defeated Medler, and Barret defeated Wessel.

Michigan May Lose Star Pitcher.

ANN ARBOR, Mich., May 1.—Coach Rickey of the University of Michigan baseball squad is worried about Sisler, his star pitcher. This young man, in addition to holding the strike-out record of the Wolverine pitching staff, has a batting average of .528 for thirty-six times at bat in the nine games in which he has participated this Spring. In spite of this, Sisler's ambition is to shine in his class work, and Rickey is afraid his studious disposition will ruin his batting eye.

Boston Nationals Buy Pitcher.

TORONTO, Ont., May 1.—The Toronto Baseball Club has sold Pitcher Dick Rudolph to the Boston Nationals for $4,000 cash, Pitcher "Farmer" Brown, for whom the Bostons have received offers of $3,500 from American Association clubs, and the pick of any of the Boston players turned back. This is a record price for Toronto.

Hoff Goes to Rochester.

Chester Hoff, one of the Yankees young left-handed pitchers, has been released to the Rochester Club of the International League.

American Association.

At Indianapolis—St. Paul, 14; Indianapolis, 4.
At Louisville—Louisville, 6; Milwaukee, 1.
At Columbus—Columbus, 8; Minneapolis, 6.
At Toledo—Kansas City, 3; Toledo, 2.

Milkman Wins Billiard Game.

Edward Milkman, from the scratch mark of 30 points, defeated Charles Worcester, who was handicapped at 27 points, in last night's game of the amateur handicap Class B three-cushion carrom billiard tournament at Keeney's Billiard Academy in Brooklyn, by the score of 30 to 24 in seventy innings. Both contestants made the high run of three points. The contestants to-night will be J. McDermott and J. Cosgrove, who are both handicapped at 25 points.

Indians Defeated at Lacrosse.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., May 1.—Navy defeated Carlisle's lacrosse team here to-day in a rather listlessly played game. The final score was: Navy, 5; Carlisle, 2.

HARD BOXING AT N. Y. A. C.

Contests in Four Classes to Earn Right to Make Boston Trip.

Finals in the New York Athletic Club's amateur boxing bouts at four classes produced some capital boxing last night, several of the contests being of the toe-to-toe order, with the last so replete with action that the ultimate loser, P. Gilante, was compelled to ask the referee to intervene, as he had had enough of the sort of punishment which was being dealt out by Pat Murphy of the New Polo A. A.

Both men battled fiercely for the honors in the 135-pound novice division, with Murphy the aggressor for the greater part of the go. His opponent was, however, possesed of a right swing which had plenty of power behind it and which commanded respect. Murphy did the more effective work, and beat his man down with a volley in the final round, which caused Gilante to quit just before the bell.

J. Ruff, Brooklyn Central Y. M. C. A., and A. Rattner, Young Men's Hebrew Association, had a capital tilt in the final of the 145-pound class and swapped punches with an abandon which harbored ill for each other. Rattner had his man hanging on throughout the last round, but the judges surprised many of the spectators by giving their award to Ruff. The decision was greeted with hisses and catcalls, and altogether was the most unpopular verdict of the night.

Several other decisions were received with disapprobation, that in the case of D. Bruns vs. Harry Smith in particular coming in for adverse criticism. The reason for such hard boxing as ensued was created by the offer of the N. Y. A. C. to send the various winners to Boston to compete in the A. A. U. championships. A good sized crowd witnessed the bouts. The summary:

115-Pound Class.—Final bout: E. Kothe, St. Bartholomew A. C., defeated Patsy Kline, Glencoe A. C. Three rounds. Judges' decision.

125-Pound Class.—Final bout: H. Smith, unattached; D. Bruns, Knights of St. Anthony. Four rounds. Referee's decision.

135-Pound Class.—Final bout: B. Whitman, Pennant A. C., defeated E. Litchman, Glencoe A. C. Three rounds. Judge's decision.

145-Pound Class.—Final bout: John Rupp, B. C. Y. M. C. A., defeated A. Rattner, Y. M. C. A. Three rounds. Judges' decision.

125-Pound Special.—First Bout—Won by M. Berger, St. Bartholomew's A. C., from J. Silverstein, Sheridan A. C., who quit in first round. Second Bout—A. Mass, Glencoe A. C., defeated M. Angelo, Pastime A. C. Three rounds. Judges' decision. Final Bout—A. Mass, Glencoe A. C., defeated M. Berger, St. Bartholomew's A. C. Four rounds. Judges' decision.

108-Pound Special.—J. Shanley, Dominican Lyceum, defeated J. Weil, St. Bartholomew's A. C. Four rounds. Judges' decision.

135-Pound Novice.—First Bout—Pat Murphy, New Polo A. A., defeated M. McDonnell, Bronx Church House. Two rounds. Referee's decision. Second Bout—Pietro Gilanco, unattached, defeated Ivan Budka, Russian-Finish A. C. Three rounds. Judges' decision. Final Bout—Pat Murphy, New Polo A. A., defeated P. Gilanco, unattached. Three rounds. Referee's decision.

Notes of the Golfers.

The twenty-fourth semi-annual handicap golf match under the auspices of the University Club Golf Association will be held on the course of the Nassau Country Club at Glen Cove, L. I., on Wednesday, May 14, rain or shine. The tournament will be conducted at thirty-six-hole, medal play, and is open only to members of the University Club. The handicaps will be based on the Metropolitan golf schedule, so far as possible. Prizes will be given for the best three net scores, the low gross score for thirty-six holes, also the low net and gross scores, afternoon round. Entries close with Arthur H. Lockett, 30 Pine Street, on May 13 at 3 P. M.

The invitation tournament of the Oakland Golf Club will be held at the club's course on May 15, 16, and 17. The qualifying round of eighteen holes, medal play, will be played on May 15, four sixteens to qualify, with prize for the best score. The first round of eighteen holes, match play, for the four sixteens will be played on Friday morning, and in the afternoon the second round will be started for the same; also the first round for the beaten eights. The semi-finals and finals will be played on Saturday.

The season will be formally opened at the Scarsdale Golf and Country Club, Hartsdale, N. Y., to-morrow afternoon with an eighteen-hole medal-play handicap and a golf-ball sweepstakes, the latter beginning at 12:30 o'clock. The qualifying round for the Scarsdale Estates' prizes will be played on Saturday, May 17. A thirty-six-hole medal-play handicap will be put on on May 30 for a cup presented by Alexander M. Crane.

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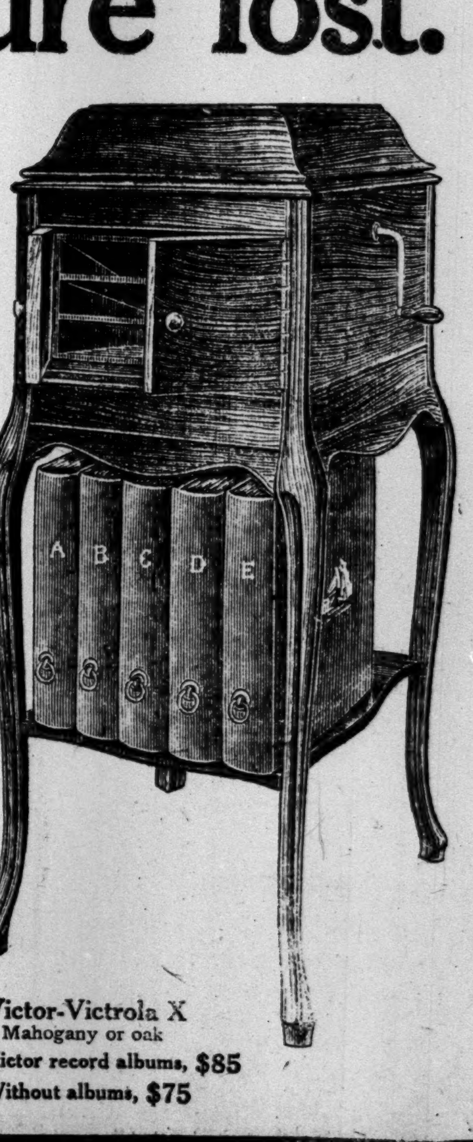

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A DIZZY CATCH BY J. FRANKLIN BAKER

He Climbs Aloft and Brings Down Sweeney's Hot Liner—Yankees Lose Again.

THE SCORE.

Phila'phia.	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	—4
New York..	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	—2

PHILADELPHIA.

	AB.	R.	H.	BB.	SO.	PO.	A.	E.
E. Murphy, rf	3	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
Oldring, cf.	4	1	1	0	1	2	0	0
Collins, 2b.	4	1	1	0	1	3	3	1
Baker, 3b.	4	0	0	0	1	2	4	1
McInnes, 1b.	4	0	1	0	1	12	0	1
Daley, lf.	3	0	0	0	2	2	0	0
Barry, ss.	3	1	0	1	1	3	3	0
Thomas, c.	3	0	1	0	1	2	2	0
Brown, p.	3	1	1	0	0	0	3	0
Bender, p.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	31	4	5	1	8	27	15	3

NEW YORK.

	AB.	R.	H.	BB.	SO.	PO.	A.	E.
Wolter, rf.	4	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
Chase, 1b	4	0	0	0	0	14	0	1
Hartzell, 2b	2	0	0	2	0	0	2	0
Cree, lf	4	0	1	0	0	3	0	0
Lelivelt, cf	4	0	1	0	1	2	0	0
Midkiff, 3b.	4	1	2	0	0	0	4	0
Derrick, ss.	4	1	1	0	0	0	5	0
Sweeney, c.	3	0	0	0	1	8	1	0
Keating, p.	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
*Daniels	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Hoff, p.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	31	2	7	2	2	27	12	3

*Batted for Keating in the eighth inning.

Two-base hit—Midkiff. Three-base hit—Thomas. Sacrifice hits—Daley, Keating, E. Murphy. Stolen bases—Derrick, Oldring, Lelivelt. First base on errors—New York, 3; Philadelphia, 1. Left on bases—New York, 5; Philadelphia, 3. Double plays—Brown, Barry, and McInnes; Collins, Barry, and McInnes; Barry and McInnes. Struck out—By Keating, 6; by Brown, 1; by Hoff, 2; by Bender, 1. Bases on balls—Off Keating, 1; off Brown, 2. Wild pitch—Brown. Hits—Off Keating, 5 in 8 innings (at bat 28); off Hoff, 0 in 1 inning (at bat 3); off Brown, 6 in 8 innings (at bat 28); off Bender, 1 in 1 inning (at bat 3). Umpires—Messrs. Dineen and Hart. Time of game—Two hours.

John Franklin Baker of the Athletics returned to the scene of his famous home runs yesterday and didn't make a hit. As it doesn't require any Herculean batting to beat the Yankees these days, Baker turned his hand to making one of the most spectacular stops that has ever been made at the Polo Grounds.

It was in the seventh inning. Lelivelt was on second and two were out. Ed Sweeney, sincerely intent on sending in a run, drove a terrific liner in the general direction of left field. The ball was high over Baker's head—don't know how high, but high enough to be out of reach without a ladder.

The first thing about 3,000 pairs of eyes knew, Baker could be seen, his gloved hand shooting cloudward like a weathervane. But where was the ball? The populace was still wondering when Baker decided to drop down from the dizzy heights. Sure enough, there in his hand was the ball. There ought to be a law against that sort of thing.

It doesn't seem necessary to say which team won. The score was 4 to 2. But, then, the Yankees don't expect to win them all. It was the first visit of the season of the Athletics, and if they don't look like pennant contenders, no team ever did.

The famous $100,000 infield was both good and bad, mostly good. Through the generosity of Baker and Collins, two errors were contributed in the third inning, and the Yankees were presented with a run.

The Yankees showed more life and ambition than usual yesterday, and for five innings Ray Keating pitched excellently and the Yanks kept the lead. In the sixth, the heavy artillery of the Athletic army got in his cannonading, and this, with several errors, gave the hostile forces an advantage which they refused to relinquish.

Reggie Brown did the pitching for the Mackmen and kept the hits scattered. He only fanned one batsman, while young Keating mowed down six of the Athletics. Chief Bender, the gaunt Chippewa, and Chester Hoff were the opposing pitchers in the ninth, and they did their slight efforts without a break.

Wolter opened the battle with a safe crack to right. Any fond hopes which were born of this fine start faded in the face of a slick double play by Brown, Barry, and McInnes. In the third inning, Derrick was safe on Baker's fumble, and stole second. Sweeney fanned, and Keating flied to left, Daley making a brilliant running catch. Collins made a mess of Wolter's grounder and Derrick showed some speed and landed home.

Another Yankee run was produced in the fifth. With one gone, Midkiff doubled to right and went to third on Brown's wild pitch. Derrick scored him with a safe drive to right. Up to this time Keating had baffled the Athletics with his speed. Thomas opened the sixth by striking out. Brown singled to centre, and Eddie Murphy sacrificed. Oldring beat out an infield hit and stole second. Eddie Collins rose to the occasion, as usual, and ripped a single to right field, which Wolter fumbled, and Brown and Oldring scored.

Baker rolled a grounder along the first-base line, and Keating made a bad toss to Chase. Collins rounded third on the mishap, and scored when Chase made a miserable throw to the plate. In the second inning, after Barry drew a pass, Ira Thomas hammered a long drive to deep left field, which brought him around to third base. A runner with a bit of speed would have made the circuit easily on the huge hit.

Champions Strike Their Gait.

BOSTON, May 1.—Boston easily defeated Washington to-day, 8 to 2. O'Brien went the entire distance and kept the visitors' hits well separated. Four pitchers were used by Washington, Hughes lasting but four innings, during which time Boston scored four runs. Engle captured a liner from Ainsmith's bat in the second inning and doubled up Morgan, who had reached first on a single. Capt. Wagner injured one of his fingers in taking a throw at second, and will be out of the game for several days. The score:

BOSTON.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
H'per, rf.	4	1	3	1	0
Ball, 2b.	5	1	2	1	5
Sp'ker, cf.	4	2	2	5	0
Lewis, lf.	3	0	1	1	0
G'dner, 3b.	4	0	0	2	3
Engle, 1b.	4	1	2	8	2
W'gner, ss.	1	1	1	1	3
J'vrin, ss.	2	0	0	1	0
Cady, c.	4	1	1	6	0
O'Brien, p.	4	1	0	0	1
Total	35	8	12	27	14

WASHINGTON.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
M'ler, rf.	4	1	1	0	0
Milan, cf.	4	0	1	1	0
La'te, 3b.	5	0	0	1	2
G'dil, 1b.	5	0	0	8	1
M'gan, 2b.	3	1	3	1	3
A'smith, c.	4	0	2	5	2
Shanks, lf.	4	0	1	2	0
McB'de, ss.	2	0	0	6	4
Hughes, p.	1	0	0	0	1
B'hling, p.	0	0	0	0	1
Engel, p.	0	0	0	0	0
Drogan, p.	0	0	0	0	0
*Schaefer	1	0	0	0	0
†Williams	1	0	1	0	0
‡Johnson	1	0	0	0	0
Total	35	2	9	24	13

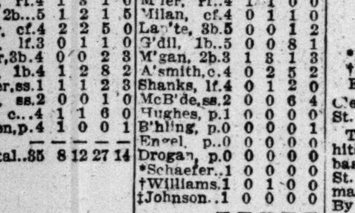
*Batted for Hughes in the fifth inning.
†Batted for Boehling in the seventh inning.
‡Batted for Engle in the eighth inning.

Errors—Morgan, Ainsmith, McBride, (2,) Speaker, Janvrin.

Boston	2	1	1	0	1	3	0	0		—8
Washington	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	—2

Two-base hits—Morgan, (2,) Ainsmith, Hooper, (2,) Ball, Lewis, Cady, Engle. Three-base hits—Milan, Speaker, Hooper. Hits—Off Hughes, 8 in 4 innings; off Boehling, 5 in 2 innings; off Engle, 1 in 1 inning; off Drohan, 1 in 1 inning. Stolen bases—Moeller, Milan, Hooper. Double plays—Engle, (unassisted;) Ball, Wagner, and Engle. Left on bases—Washington, 11; Boston, 6. First base on balls—Off Hughes, 3; off O'Brien, 5. First base on errors—Washington, 1; Boston, 1. Struck out—By Hughes, 3; by Boehling, 1; by Drohan, 1; by O'Brien, 4. Wild pitch—Hughes. Time of game—Two hours and twenty-two minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Connolly and McGrevey.

NORFOLK



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BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
Philadelphia, 1; New York, 0.
Brooklyn, 4; Boston, 2.
St. Louis, 9; Pittsburgh, 7.
Cincinnati, 8; Chicago, 4.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
Philadelphia, 4; New York, 2.
Boston, 8; Washington, 2.
Chicago, 8; Detroit, 5.
Cleveland, 3; St. Louis, 1.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.
Rochester, 6; Newark, 5.
Montreal, 10; Jersey City, 2.
Baltimore, 9; Toronto, 3.
Buffalo, 6; Providence, 3.

Standing of the Clubs.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P. C.
Chicago	12	5	.706
New York	8	5	.616
Philadelphia	6	4	.600
Brooklyn	8	6	.571
St. Louis	9	7	.562
Pittsburgh	8	8	.500
Boston	3	10	.231
Cincinnati	3	12	.200

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P. C.
Philadelphia	10	3	.769
Cleveland	11	5	.687
Washington	8	4	.667
Chicago	11	8	.579
Boston	7	8	.467
St. Louis	8	10	.444
Detroit	5	12	.294
New York	2	12	.143

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P. C.
Baltimore	9	3	.750
Newark	9	4	.693
Buffalo	6	5	.545
Providence	6	6	.500
Montreal	6	6	.500
Rochester	6	7	.462
Jersey City	5	8	.384
Toronto	2	10	.167

Where They Play To-day.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
Philadelphia at New York.
Washington at Boston.
Chicago at Detroit.
Cleveland at St. Louis.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
New York at Philadelphia.
Boston at Brooklyn.
Cincinnati at Chicago.
St. Louis at Pittsburgh.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.
Toronto at Baltimore.

Lord's Batting Defeats Detroit.

DETROIT, May 1.—Harry Lord, ably assisted by the other members of the "heavy" end of Chicago's batting order, pounded Mullin to every corner of the lot to-day and the visitors defeated Detroit, 8 to 5. Jennings's men hit Russell hard in the fifth and eighth innings, and the Chicago southpaw became unsteady in the ninth, but sharp fielding cut off each Detroit rally. It was the seventh straight defeat for the locals and five of them were sustained at the hands of Chicago. Chicago won the game in the seventh. Lord started the inning with a triple to right, and four more hits, coupled with two errors, brought five runs across. One of Cobb's hits was an infield tap, on which an unsuccessful attempt was made to retire a base runner at third. The score:

CHICAGO.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Rath, 2b.	5	1	1	1	4
Lord, 3b.	5	3	4	1	2
C'lins, rf.	5	1	1	1	0
Borton, 1b.	5	1	2	15	0
M'tick, cf.	5	0	1	3	0
Sch'ler, lf.	3	0	0	3	0
W'ver, ss.	4	0	0	1	5
Schalk, c.	3	1	2	2	0
Russell, p.	4	1	1	0	5
Total	39	8	12	27	16

DETROIT.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Bush, ss.	4	0	1	2	3
Vitt, 2b.	5	2	3	1	4
C'ford, rf.	4	1	2	1	0
Cobb, cf.	4	0	2	5	0
Veach, lf.	4	0	1	0	0
Gainer, 1b.	4	0	1	14	1
Deal, 3b.	4	0	0	0	3
St'ge, c.	3	1	1	2	0
Mullin, p.	2	1	1	0	4
K'wit'r, p.	0	0	0	0	0
*High	0	0	0	0	0
†Rondeau	1	0	0	0	0
Total	35	5	10	27	15

*Ran for Stanage in the ninth inning.
†Batted for Klawitter in the ninth inning.

Errors—Weaver, Crawford, Deal, Stanage.

Chicago	2	0	0	0	0	1	5	0	0	—8
Detroit	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	0	—5

Two-base hits—Russell, Lord, Mattick. Three-base hits—Bush, Lord. Hits—Off Mullin, 12 in seven innings; off Klawitter, none in two innings. Double play—Weaver, Rath, and Borton. Left on bases—Chicago, 6; Detroit, 6. First base on balls—Off Mullin, 1; off Russell, 3; off Klawitter, 1. Struck out—By Russell, 1. Time of game—One hour and fifty-three minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Hildebrand and Evans.

Wellman's Wildness Proves Costly.

ST. LOUIS, May 1.—Wellman's wildness in the sixth inning to-day caused his own downfall and Cleveland won, 3 to 1. Falkenberg was steady in the pinches, holding St. Louis safe when runners were on bases. In the sixth three infield hits filled the bases for Cleveland with one out. Lajoie hit to Austin forcing a runner at the plate. Wellman then lost control and walked Birmingham and hit Graney, forcing in two runs for Cleveland. St. Louis scored their only run on Stovall's single, steal and Agnew's hit. Cleveland tied the score in the fourth inning on Olson's double and Lajoie's single. Olson and Stovall batted well, both getting three hits. The score:

CLEVELAND.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
D. J'ston, 1b.	4	0	2	7	0
Ch'm'n, ss.	2	0	0	2	1
Olson, 3b.	4	2	3	0	1
J'kson, rf.	4	1	1	1	0
Lajoie, 2b.	4	0	2	2	4
B'ham, cf.	3	0	0	3	0
Graney, lf.	3	0	0	4	0
Car'ch, c.	3	0	1	8	0
F'k'b'g, p.	3	0	0	0	3
Total	30	3	9	27	8

ST. LOUIS.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Sh'ten, cf.	4	0	1	1	0
J. J'ston, lf.	4	0	0	1	0
W'ms, rf.	4	0	0	2	0
Pratt, 2b.	4	0	0	2	0
Stov'l, 1b.	4	1	3	8	5
Austin, 3b.	4	0	1	1	1
W'lace, ss.	2	0	0	6	1
Agnew, c.	4	0	2	5	1
W'm'n, p.	3	0	0	0	1
*Compton	1	0	0	0	0
†Maisel	1	0	0	0	0
Total	35	1	7	27	15

*Batted for Wallace in the ninth inning.
†Batted for Wellman in the ninth inning.

Errors—Carisch, Falkenberg, Wellman.

Cleveland	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	—3
St. Louis	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—1

Two-base hits—Olson, Stovall. Sacrifice hits—Chapman, (2;) Falkenberg. Stolen base—Stovall. Left on bases—Cleveland, 6; St. Louis, 8. First base on balls—Off Wellman, 2; off Falkenberg, 1. Hit by pitcher—By Wellman, (Graney.) Struck out—By Falkenberg, 8; Wellman, 3. Time of game—One hour and fifty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Ferguson and O'Loughlin.

Virginia League.

At Roanoke—Roanoke, 7; Petersburg, 6.
At Richmond—Richmond, 9; Norfolk, 3.
At Portsmouth—Portsmouth, 5; Newport News, 2.

Pacific Coast League.

At Oakland—Sacramento, 4; San Francisco, 0.
At Los Angeles—Los Angeles, 4; Oakland, 2.
At Portland—Portland, 5; Venice, 8.

Tri-State League.

At York—York, 8; Harrisburg, 0.
At Wilmington—Wilmington, 1; Allentown, 0.
At Trenton—Trenton, 6; Atlantic City, 5.

New England League.

At New Bedford—New Bedford, 5; Fall River, 2.
At Lynn—Lawrence, 5; Lynn, 5, (darkness.)
At Worcester—Brockton, 10; Worcester, 3.
At Lowell—Portland, 12; Lowell, 4.

State League.

At Wilkesbarre—Wilkesbarre, 5; Elmira, 0.
At Troy—Troy, 2; Albany, 0.
At Utica—Utica, 5; Syracuse, 4.
At Scranton—Binghamton, 7; Scranton, 5.

Eastern Association.

At Holyoke—Holyoke, 14; Pittsfield, 6.
At Hartford—Hartford, 5; Springfield, 4.
At New Haven—New Haven, 8; New London, 4.
Waterbury, 2; Bridgeport, 1.

SHAFER'S WILD TOSS LOSES FOR GIANTS

It Gives Alexander a Life and Knabe's Drive Sends Him Home—Score, 1 to 0.

THE SCORE.

Phila'phia	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	.	—1
New York	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0

PHILADELPHIA.

	AB.	R.	H.	BB.	SO.	PO.	A.	E.
Paskert, cf.	3	0	0	1	0	5	0	0
Knabe, 2b.	4	0	2	0	0	2	4	1
Lobert, 3b.	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Magee, rf.	3	0	0	0	1	2	0	0
Luderus, 1b.	2	0	0	1	1	10	1	1
Dolan, lf.	2	0	0	0	1	1	0	0
Cravath, lf.	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
Doolan, ss.	3	0	2	0	0	3	1	0
Killifer, c.	2	0	0	1	1	3	4	0
Alexander, p.	3	1	0	0	0	0	3	0
†Miller	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
‡Capron	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	27	1	4	3	4	27	13	2

NEW YORK.

	AB.	R.	H.	BB.	SO.	PO.	A.	E.
Snodgrass, cf	4	0	2	0	0	1	0	0
Shafer, ss.	4	0	3	0	1	0	5	1
Burns, rf.	4	0	1	0	0	1	0	0
Doyle, 2b.	3	0	0	1	0	5	4	0
Murray, lf.	4	0	0	0	0	2	0	0
Merkle, 1b.	3	0	0	0	0	12	0	0
Herzog, 3b.	3	0	0	0	0	0	3	0
Meyers, c.	3	0	0	0	0	3	2	0
Tesreau, p.	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltse, p.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
*McCormick	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Total	31	0	6	1	2	24	14	1

*Batted for Tesreau in the eighth inning.
†Batted for Dolan in the seventh inning.
‡Ran for Miller in the seventh inning.

Two-base hits—Shafer, Burns, Knabe. Hits—Off Tesreau, 4 in 7 innings; off Wiltse, 0 in 1 inning. Stolen base—Murray. Double plays—Shafer, Doyle, and Merkle; Doolan, Knabe, and Luderus. Left on bases—New York, 5; Philadelphia, 5. First base on balls—Off Tesreau, 3; off Alexander, 1. First base on errors—New York, 2; Philadelphia, 1. Struck out—By Tesreau, 4; by Alexander, 2. Time of game—One hour and thirty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Rigler and Byron.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, May 1.—Playing brilliantly on the defensive and hitting lightly, but opportunely enough to produce victory, the Phillies defeated the Giants to-day in a game that marked the latter's first appearance of the year in this city. The score was 1 to 0. The game developed into a pitchers' battle between Alexander and Tesreau. In the matter of hits, "Big Jeff" outpitched Alexander, but the margin was slight.

Alexander's start was far from auspicious. The champion Giants landed on the tall pitcher's delivery with a vengeance, a single, a double, and a pass proving unproductive only by reason of splendid support. But after the initial round Alex showed his class by holding the hard-hitting "champs" at bay in every period. New York was always dangerous. This fact was especially true in the final inning, when, with only one run to knot the count, little Shafer ripped off his third hit, a slashing double to left, as the first man to face Alexander.

Considerable difficulty was experienced in getting rid of Burns, who finally flied to Cravath. Doyle, always a most dangerous batsman in a crisis, gave Paskert a flying chase to the flagpole, "Dode" taking the ball while at top speed. On this long fly Shafer moved to third, where he died, amid the exultant shouts of 7,500 spectators as Murray, another formidable batter, ended the game by poling an easy fly to Magee.

New York was not without opportunities to score, although the Giants failed to locate Alexander's delivery safely from the third to the eighth inning. In the third Snodgrass, first up, scratched a hit to Knabe. He was caught at second by a pretty throw by Killifer. Shafer lined safely to centre. Burns hit savagely just to the left of second, but Doolan made a splendid running stop, snapped the ball to Knabe, who made a fast, accurate relay to Luderus, doubling up the batter. In the succeeding five periods only sixteen men faced Alexander, who gave a brilliant exhibition in those innings.

Tesreau was a baffling enigma for the Quakers to solve. The first clean hit made by the Philadelphias was in the fifth round, when Doolan laced a single to right centre. Knabe scratched a hit in the first, but the next two men proved easy outs. Big Jeff issued two passes in the third, but a lightning double play by Shafer, Doyle, and Merkle assisted him in holding the Phillies in check. As a matter of fact, he was strong in every inning up to the sixth, only seventeen men facing him.

But the Phillies won in the sixth. Alexander, first to bat, was safe on Shafer's wide peg of his easy grounder. Paskert rocketted to Murray. Then Knabe proved the hero of the game. "Little Boy Blue" drove the ball to deep left centre, the sphere rolling to the bleacher wall. Alexander sprinted from first to the plate and Otto raced to second, subsequently taking third after Burns had caught Lobert's long fly.

Magee made a mighty effort to count Knabe, but Snodgrass grabbed Mac's fly close to the bleachers in deep centre. The Phillies had men on first and second in the seventh, but a remarkable running catch by Doyle cut short their rally.

The defensive play of both teams was sharp, and at times brilliant. Both infields completed double plays that came at opportune times to the pitchers of each team.

The feature play of the Phillies was executed by Magee in the fourth period, when he took Merkle's liner close to the grass while going at top speed. Had the ball escaped Magee, Murray would have scored from second.

Cubs Drop Game to Reds.

CHICAGO, May 1.—George Johnson, the big Indian twirler of the Cincinnati "Reds," had everything his own way to-day, and Cincinnati defeated Chicago, 8 to 4. To-day's victory is the third of the season for Cincinnati, and the honor of winning fell to Johnson in all three. Johnson had the locals baffled until the ninth inning, when he showed signs of weakening and gave way to Mordecai Brown, former pitcher of the Chicago Nationals. Brown, with the bases full and one out in this inning, showed his old-time skill, and retired Chicago without further damage. Toney injured his fingers in trying to stop a hot bounder off Hoblitzell's bat and retired. Evers said the injury was not serious. The score:

CINCINNATI.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
B'cher, lf.	3	1	1	5	0
Bates, rf, cf.	4	2	4	3	0
Tinker, ss.	5	1	2	2	3
H'lt'l, 1b.	5	1	2	8	0
M'sans, cf.	4	0	1	0	0
Becker, rf.	2	0	0	1	0
Egan, 2b.	3	1	1	2	2
Alm'a, 3b.	4	1	1	2	2
Clarke, c.	3	1	0	5	3
J'son, p.	4	0	0	0	0
Brown, p.	0	0	0	0	0
Total	35	8	12	27	8

CHICAGO.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Clymer, cf.	4	1	1	0	0
Sch'te, rf.	3	1	1	1	0
M'chell, lf.	3	0	0	2	0
Z'man, 3b.	4	0	0	1	3
Saier, 1b.	2	1	1	11	0
Evers, 2b.	4	1	2	2	6
B'well, ss.	4	0	0	2	4
Archer, c.	4	0	0	6	1
Smith, p.	0	0	0	0	1
*Leach	1	0	0	0	0
Toney, p.	1	0	0	0	1
Leifield, p.	1	0	0	0	2
Total	30	4	5	27	17

*Batted for Smith in the second inning.

Errors—Clarke, Bridwell, Toney, Clymer, Bates.

Cincinnati	1	3	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	—8
Chicago	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	—4

Two-base hits—Tinker, Evers, Almeida. Hits—Off Smith, 4 in 2 innings; off Toney, 6 in 5 1-3 innings; off Leifield, 2 in 1 2-3 innings; off Johnson, 5 in 8 1-3 innings; off Brown, none in 2-3 inning. Sacrifice hits—Tinker, Egan, Marsans, Bates. Stolen bases—Clymer, Marsans, Egan, Saier. Double play—Bridwell, Evers, and Saier. Left on bases—Cincinnati, 14; Chicago, 4. Balk—Leifield. First base on balls—Off Johnson, 5; off Smith, 2; off Toney, 6; off Leifield, 1. Hit by pitcher—By Smith, (Marsans.) Struck out—By Johnson, 5; by Toney, 2. Time of game—Two hours and twenty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Owens and Guthrie.

Pittsburgh Loses Five Straight.

PITTSBURGH, Penn., May 1.—Pittsburgh lost the fifth straight game this afternoon, St. Louis winning a slugging match. Camnitz's wildness in the first inning, when he walked three men, and a triple by Oakes netted St. Louis four runs at the start. They added another in the fifth and two more in the sixth, when Cathers, batting for Sheckard, doubled with two men on base. Pittsburgh rallied strongly in the last two innings, scoring three runs in the eighth and two in the ninth. Robinson, who pitched the ninth for Pittsburgh, allowed St. Louis three hits and two runs after two men were out. Perritt was hit hard and Sallee went to his rescue in the ninth. Viox, playing short for Pittsburgh, had four hits, three singles and a double. The score:

ST. LOUIS.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
H'gins, 2b.	3	1	0	2	4
Magee, lf.	4	1	2	1	0
M'rey, 3b.	5	1	2	2	3
K'tchy, 1b.	3	2	1	13	0
Sh'k'd, rf.	1	2	0	0	0
C'th's, rf.	1	0	1	0	0
Oakes, cf.	3	0	1	5	0
O'L'y, ss.	5	1	1	1	2
Wingo, c.	4	0	0	1	0
P'ritt, p.	4	1	2	0	5
Sallee, p.	0	0	0	0	0
Total	33	9	10	27	14

PITTSBURGH.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Carey, lf.	5	1	2	2	1
Booe, cf.	5	1	1	3	1
Byrne, 3b.	5	1	1	4	1
Miller, 1b.	5	0	0	7	0
Wilson, rf.	5	1	2	0	0
Butler, 2b.	3	2	1	2	2
Viox, ss.	5	1	4	1	2
Simon, c.	2	0	1	6	2
*Hyatt	1	0	0	0	0
Kelly, c.	2	0	1	2	0
C'nitz, p.	2	0	0	0	4
†Mensor	1	0	0	0	0
C'z'man, p.	0	0	0	0	0
‡Hofman	1	0	0	0	0
R'b's'n, p.	0	0	0	0	0
Total	42	7	13	27	13

*Batted for Simon in the sixth inning.
†Batted for Camnitz in the seventh inning.
‡Batted for Conzelman in the ninth inning.

Errors—Perritt, Byrne, Simon.

St. Louis	4	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	2	—9
Pittsburgh	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	3	2	—7

Two-base hits—Magee, Cathers, Perritt, Viox, Kelly. Three-base hits—Oakes, O'Leary. Stolen bases—Huggins, Magee, Konetchy. Sacrifice hits—Huggins, Oakes. Bases on balls—Off Camnitz, 7; off Robinson, 1; off Perritt, 2. Struck out—By Perritt, 1; by Camnitz, 4; by Conzelman, 2. Double play—Carey, Viox, and Byrne. Left on bases—St. Louis, 9; Pittsburgh, 9. Hits—Off Perritt, 13 in 8 2-3 innings; off Sallee, none in 1-3 inning; off Camnitz, 7 in 7 innings; off Conzelman, none in 1 inning; off Robinson, 3 in 1 inning. Time of game—One hour and fifty-eight minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Brennan and Eason.

BASEBALL TO-DAY, 3:30 P. M. N. Y. Americans vs. Philadelphia. Polo Grounds. Adm. 50c. —Adv.

HARVARD'S EASY VICTORY.

Hitchcock Holds, Vermont Batters Down to Three Hits.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., May 1.—With Hitchcock holding University of Vermont to three hits, two of which were combined in the first inning for a run, Harvard had little trouble to beat the nine coached by George Winter, the old Boston pitcher, by a 4 to 1 score. Malcolm, who last season was about the best of the Eastern college pitchers, was hit safely nine times to-day by Harvard, all the hits coming in the first five innings. Between the first and ninth innings Vermont did not make a hit against Hitchcock, and the two men who stole second were the only visitors who advanced as far as that station in Vermont's last eight innings. The score:

HARVARD.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Fry, rf.	4	1	0	1	0
W'g'te, ss.	3	1	2	1	8
Clark, 2b.	4	1	1	4	1
Ayres, 1b.	5	0	1	11	0
G'net, lf.	3	1	1	2	0
H'w'k, cf.	4	0	1	1	0
Tomes, 3b.	4	0	2	2	4
Osborn, c.	4	0	0	6	1
H'cock, p.	3	0	1	0	1
Total	34	4	9	27	10

VERMONT.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
J. B'ry, cf.	4	1	1	1	0
Flah'y, 3b.	4	0	0	8	2
F'd'ke, 2b.	4	0	1	2	2
Dutton, 1b.	4	0	1	6	0
M'f'th, c.	4	0	0	6	1
S. B'ry, rf.	3	0	0	8	0
J'son, lf.	0	0	0	0	0
Smith, ss.	3	0	0	0	3
Malc'm, p.	2	0	0	0	2
G'gher, lf.	3	0	0	0	0
Total	31	1	3	24	7

Errors—Wingate, Tomes, Flaherty, Fredicke, Mayforth, Johnson.

Harvard	1	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	.	—4
Vermont	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—1

Home run—Clark. Sacrifice fly—Clark. Stolen bases—Wingate, Flaherty, Gallagher. First base on errors—Harvard, 4; Vermont, 2. Left on bases—Harvard, 12; Vermont, 6. Bases on balls—Off Hitchcock, 3; off Malcolm, 5. Struck out—By Hitchcock, 6; by Malcolm, 7. Double play—Flaherty, Fredicke, and Dutton. Wild pitch—Malcolm. Time of game—Two hours. Umpire—Mr. Stafford.

Fordham Defeats F. and M.

With Williams in form, Fordham recovered from its recent slump yesterday and easily defeated Franklin and Marshall by a score of 14 to 3. The visitors used three pitchers, and each, in turn, was hit freely by the local collegians. Elliffe, the Maroon's track Captain, was compelled to retire from the game in the second inning. One of Walker's upshoots hit him in the back of the head and a call was sent for Trainer Jake Besas, who ordered the catcher to the bench. The score:

FORDHAM.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Kane, rf.	3	2	1	0	0
McG'n, cf.	4	2	1	8	1
Sh'key, 2b.	5	2	2	0	6
Leach, lf.	5	1	2	2	0
Elliffe, c.	1	1	1	3	0
Zeller, c.	3	0	1	8	0
M'E'm, ss.	3	2	1	0	1
Viv'no, 3b.	5	1	1	1	0
Fl'gan, 1b.	4	1	2	10	0
W'ms, p.	4	2	1	0	0
Total	37	14	13	27	8

F. & M.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
R'b'ts, cf.	3	0	0	4	1
Mylin, ss.	3	1	0	0	1
Wood, lf.	4	1	0	3	0
Walker, c, p.	4	0	1	1	1
Jones, 2b.	4	0	1	1	4
B'ner, 3b.	4	0	1	3	1
H'man, rf, c.	3	0	0	1	0
Wh't, 1b.	4	0	0	9	0
W'sp'n, rf, p.	4	0	0	2	0
McLey, p.	0	0	0	0	0
*Gayley	0	0	0	0	0
Total	33	3	3	24	8

*Batted for Wagonhurst in ninth inning.

Errors—Mylin, Hartman, Brenner, Williams, McErleam, Viviano, (2.)

Fordham	8	0	0	0	5	0	0	1	.	—14
Franklin & M.	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	—3

Two-base hit—Viviano. Three-base hit—Sharkey. Sacrifice hits—McErleam, 2. Stolen bases—Flanigan, (2,) McGovern, Sharkey, Elliffe, Zeller. First base on errors—Fordham, 2; F. & M., 4. Left on bases—Fordham, 7; F. & M., 6. Double play—McGovern and Flanigan. Struck out—By Williams, 11; by Walker, 1. Bases on balls—Off Williams, 1; off Witherspoon, 1; off McLey, 1; off Walker, 2. Hit by pitcher—By Williams, Roberts and Hartman; by Witherspoon, McGovern. Wild pitch—Walker. Passed balls—Elliffe, (1,) Zeller, (2,) Hartman. Hits—Off Williams, 3 in nine innings, (at bat 33;) off Walker, 8 in eight innings, (at bat 30;) off Witherspoon, 2 in one-third of an inning; off McLey, 2 in two-thirds of an inning. Umpire—Mr. Oldis. Time of game—One hour and forty-five minutes.

SURPRISE FOR PRINCETON.

University of Virginia Defeats Tigers, 6-1, in Loosely Played Game.

PRINCETON, N. J., May 1.—The University of Virginia won their second game of the year from Princeton to-day by the score of 6 to 1. Wood, for Princeton, pitched good ball, but received poor support in the field. Neff held the Tigers to five scattered hits, three of which were of the scratch variety. Stickley starred for Virginia with two singles, a double and three stolen bases to his credit. The score by innings:

										R.	H.	E.
Virginia	0	0	3	0	0	0	1	0	2	6	9	3
Princeton	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	5	5

Batteries—Neff and Green; Wood and Wall. Umpires—Messrs. Waldron and Freeman.

Seton Hall Downs Holy Cross.

Special to The New York Times.

SOUTH ORANGE, N. J., May 1.—The Seton Hall nine defeated its old-time rivals, the Holy Cross team, on Setonia Field here yesterday by the score of 4 to 3. It was the best game played by the local collegians this season and because of their victory the students of the institution will be given a holiday to-morrow. The score by innings:

										R.	H.	E.
Seton Hall	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	4	7	2
Holy Cross	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	0		3	9	4

Batteries: Seton Hall—Peploski and Fish. Holy Cross—Murray and H. Carroll.

AT VAN CORTLANDT PARK.

										R.	H.	E.
C. C. N. Y.	0	0	3	0	3	0	4	0	0	10	10	9
Cathedral Col.	2	4	1	0	2	0	0	0	5	14	10	6

Batteries—Donaldson, Bennett, and O'Connell; Hogan, Conboy, Kolb, and Drew.

College and School Games.

At Cambridge—Harvard, 4; Vermont, 1.
At Hamilton—Colgate, 3; Lafayette, 1.
At Lexington—West Virginia, 6; Washington and Lee, 2.
At Ann Arbor—Michigan, 6; University of Pittsburgh, 1.
At Washington—Catholic University, 9; Bucknell, 2.
At South Orange—Seton Hall, 4; Holy Cross, 3.
At Princeton—University of Michigan, 6; Princeton, 1.

SPORTING EVENTS.

RACING To-morrow
Belmont Park Terminal, Queens.
Meadow Brook Steeplechase Association
FIRST RACE 3:30 P. M.
SPECIAL TRAINS leave Pennsylvania Station 12:45 and 2:00 P. M. Flatbush Avenue, Brooklyn, 12:31 and 1:59 P. M.

STENGEL'S HITTING LANDS CLOSE GAME

Brooklyn Outfielder Gets Two Home Runs Against the Boston Braves.

Charley Stengel, whose home run drive beat the Giants last Saturday, showed yesterday that he can score two homers in one game if one of the circuit clouts is not enough to bring victory. By hitting the ball to the extreme end of the new Flatbush Park on his first two trips to the plate Stengel accounted for three Brooklyn runs and gave the Superbas a victory over the Boston Braves, who were making their first visit to the new field. The final score was 4 to 2 and the victory kept the Dahlenites in the first division.

Stengel got his first home run in the opening inning, hitting the second ball that Otto Hess pitched to him all the way to the centre field wall. Two singles which followed failed to produce a run. In the second inning Stengel faced Hess with two out and Otto Miller on second base after a single and a steal. Jake turned in another long clout, this time to deep left centre, and the ball just grazed the tips of Outfielder Mann's glove as it hurried along to the outfield wall. Miller scored easily, but Stengel barely made the circuit, owing to the speedy and accurate relaying of the Braves. The three runs produced by the brace of homers proved sufficient to win, but the Superbas added another run for good measure in the fifth inning, when Hummell doubled past third and counted on Wheat's line drive to left field.

In these three innings the Superbas got seven of their eight hits and they caused little trouble in the remaining innings. Hess was taken out in the seventh inning to make way for Pinch Hitter Cy Seymour and another left hander, Gervais, finished the game, holding the home team both hitless and runless through the last two frames.

The Braves had a runner on second with one out in each of the first two innings, but Eddie Stack did not allow the needed hit. In the fifth, Devlin, Whaling and Hess singled in succession, scoring the first Boston run. But for Hess's poor judgment the Braves would have picked up another run in this inning. Whaling was on third and Hess on first when Maranville grounded to Cutshaw. Instead of slowing up on the base lines and forcing Cutshaw to make the play for Maranville first, thus allowing Whaling to count, Hess ran into Cutshaw's waiting arms and made a double play possible, thereby spoiling the run.

The Braves had another fine chance to cause trouble in the seventh inning, and again let it slip away. Titus opened with a pass and stole second as Mann fanned. Devlin's single to right scored Titus. Kirke batted for Whaling and beat out a slow roller to Cutshaw. With two on bases, Cy Seymour was sent in to bat for Hess and the former Giant ingloriously struck out. Maranville then ended the inning with a fly to Wheat. With two more Braves on bases in the eighth, Stack fanned Mann for the third out.

President James E. Gaffney of the Boston Club, who recently recovered from a severe operation, saw his team in action for the first time this year, from a box on the first base side of the field. The score:

BROOKLYN.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
St'gel, cf.	4	2	2	2	0
C'sh'w, 2b.	4	0	0	2	2
H'mel, rf.	4	1	3	2	0
Wheat, lf.	4	0	1	4	0
D'bert, 1b.	4	0	1	8	1
J. Smith, 3b.	4	0	0	0	2
Fisher, ss.	3	0	0	5	2
Miller, c.	3	1	1	4	1
Stack, p.	3	0	0	0	3
Total	33	4	8	27	11

BOSTON.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
M'ville, ss.	5	0	0	0	3
C'nolly, lf.	4	0	1	1	0
Myers, 1b.	3	0	0	12	0
Sw'y, 2b.	4	0	1	8	2
Titus, rf.	1	1	0	3	0
Mann, cf.	3	0	0	2	0
Devlin, 3b.	4	1	2	1	2
Whal'g, c.	2	0	1	2	0
Rariden, c.	0	0	0	0	1
Hess, p.	2	0	1	0	1
Gervais, p.	1	0	0	0	0
*Kirke	1	0	1	0	0
†Seymour	1	0	0	0	0
‡T. Smith	0	0	0	0	0
Total	31	2	7	24	9

*Batted for Whaling in the seventh inning.
†Batted for Hess in the seventh inning.
‡Ran for Kirke in the seventh inning.

Error—Sweeney.

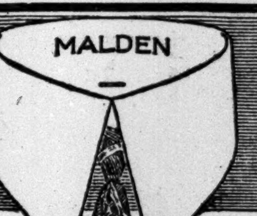
Brooklyn	1	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	.	—4
Boston	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	—2

Two-base hits—Hummel, Connolly. Home runs—Stengel, 2. Sacrifice hit—Mann. Stolen bases—Miller, Smith, Wheat, Titus. First base on errors—Brooklyn, 1. Left on bases—Brooklyn, 5; Boston, 8. Double plays—Cutshaw and Daubert. Struck out—By Stack, 4, (Mann, 2, Seymour, Myers;) by Hess, 2, (Cutshaw, Smith.) Bases on balls—Off Stack, 5. Hits—Off Hess, 8 in six innings, (at bat 27;) off Gervais, 0 in two innings, (at bat 6.) Umpires—Messrs. Klem and Orth. Time of game—One hour and forty-two minutes.

Southern League.

At Chattanooga—Nashville, 8; Chattanooga, 0.
At Birmingham—Atlanta, 7; Birmingham, 4.
At New Orleans—Memphis, 7; New Orleans, 1.
At Mobile—Mobile, 2; Montgomery, 1.

MALDEN



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AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE

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Used cars at all prices in the Automobile Exchange Next to last page.

Rates for Automobile Exchange:
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Count six words to a line.
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KLING BACK IN GAME.

Catcher Will Report to Manager Tinker at Cincinnati Saturday.

CHICAGO, May 1.—Manager Joe Tinker of the Cincinnati team to-day signed John Kling, the catcher who will report for duty at Cincinnati next Sunday.

In exchange for Kling's release Tinker gives C. McDonald, an infielder, and a cash consideration to Boston. The size of the latter was not announced, nor was the salary Kling is to receive made public.

Kling, who for years stood among the catching stars of either big league, was a teammate of Tinker's with the Chicago Cubs.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

Rochester Takes Ragged Game.

Using their bats at opportune times during the last three innings the Rochesters evened up matters with the Indians in Newark yesterday in a ragged sort of a game. George Bell was in the box for the locals, but things broke badly for him toward the end and he was hit freely. Lee was mustered in to save the day, but the task was beyond him. The score:

ROCHESTER.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Priest, ss.	5	0	2	5	3
Smith, lf.	5	1	2	0	0
Conroy, 3b.	3	1	2	2	4
Zinn, cf.	4	0	0	1	0
S'mons, 2b.	4	0	1	3	2
S'midt, 1b.	4	0	0	11	1
P'dock, rf.	3	2	1	0	0
J'kl'ch, c.	3	2	2	5	5
Martin, p.	1	0	0	0	2
*Blair	1	0	0	0	0
W'helm, p.	0	0	0	0	1
Total	33	6	10	27	18

NEWARK.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Tooley, ss.	4	1	1	3	2
C'lins, rf.	2	2	1	0	0
Dalton, rf.	1	0	0	1	0
W. Z'man, lf.	3	2	2	2	0
S'cina, 1b.	4	0	2	9	0
Myers, cf.	4	0	0	1	0
E. Z'man, 3b.	3	0	1	2	3
G'g'n'r, 2b.	3	0	0	4	2
H'gins, c.	4	0	0	5	2
Bell, p.	3	0	1	0	5
Lee, p.	1	0	0	0	2
Total	32	5	8	27	16

*Batted for Martin in the seventh inning.

Errors—Tooley, Swacena, Zinn, (2,) Smith.

Rochester	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	2	1	—6
Newark	2	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	—5

Sacrifice hits—Martin, Zinn, Gagnier, Wilhelm. Stolen bases—Collins, W. Zimmerman, Paddock. Two base hits—Collins, Smith, Conroy. Bases on balls—Off Bell, 2; off Lee, 2; off Martin, 2. Struck out—By Bell, 5; by Martin, 3; by Wilhelm, 1. Hit by pitched ball—By Martin, 1, (Dalton.) Hits—Off Martin, 5 in 6 innings; off Wilhelm, 3 in 3 innings; off Bell, 8 in 7 innings; off Lee, 3 in 2 innings. First base on errors—Newark, 1; Rochester, 1. Left on bases—Newark, 4; Rochester, 7. Umpires—Messrs. Hayes and Nallin. Time of game—Two hours.

Montreal in Batting Humor.

MONTREAL.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
G'loley, cf.	3	1	0	2	0
Allen, rf.	4	1	1	1	0
H'ford, lf.	5	1	1	5	0
Miller, 1b.	3	1	1	4	0
Y'ger, 3b.	2	1	1	1	3
Esm'd, 2b.	4	1	1	4	2
B. Purt'l, ss.	3	1	2	1	3
Burns, c.	3	1	1	9	1
McG'r, p.	2	2	0	0	0
Total	29	10	8	27	9

JERSEY CITY.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
V'gham, ss.	4	1	1	0	5
Kn't, 2b.	3	1	0	7	3
Sch'fly, lf.	3	0	0	0	1
McC'be, rf.	4	0	1	1	0
Perry, cf.	4	0	1	1	0
W. Purtell, 3b.	4	0	1	1	3
B'dley, 1b.	4	0	2	12	1
Crisp, c.	2	0	1	4	1
Tee, c.	2	0	0	0	1
Davis, p.	2	0	0	0	0
M'Hale, p.	0	0	0	1	0
Br'don, p.	1	0	0	0	0
*Barry	1	0	0	0	0
Total	34	2	7	27	15

*Batted for Brandon in the ninth inning.

Errors—Hanford, Purtell, Vaughan, W. Purtell, Davis.

Montreal	0	0	0	0	6	4	0	0	0	—10
Jersey City	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—2

Two-base hit—Yeager. Sacrifice hits—Burns, Gilhooley. Stolen bases—Hanford, Vaughan. Double plays—B. Purtell, Esmond, and Miller; Vaughan, Knight, and Bradley; Knight and Bradley. Left on bases—Montreal, 2; Jersey City, 6. Bases on balls—Off McGranior, 3; off Davis, 5; off McHale, 1; off Brandon, 1. Struck out—By McGranior, 8; by Davis, 4. Passed ball—Tee. Wild pitches—McGranior, 1; Davis, 1. Time of game—Two hours and ten minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Finneran and Hugley.

AT BALTIMORE.

										R.	H.	E.
Toronto	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	9	6
Baltimore	0	0	2	1	3	1	0	2	.	9	15	3

Batteries—Goulait, Herbert, and Graham; Shawkey and Egan.

AT PROVIDENCE.

										R.	H.	E.
Buffalo	0	0	1	0	3	0	0	2	0	6	9	2
Providence	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	5	3

Batteries—Mains and La Longe; Bailey and Onslow.

KEEN POLO SEEN ON PHIPPS' FIELD

Players and Ponies Show a Forward Condition for International Game.

Phipps' Field, at Westbury, was yesterday the scene of the fastest polo yet seen in preparation for the international matches by the aspirants for places on the American team. Two matches were played on half time in each case, with ten of the original fifteen invited to take part in the weeding-out process. Among these were the members of the 1909 and 1911 international winners, Harry Payne Whitney, Devereux Milburn, Lawrence Waterbury, and James M. Waterbury, Louis E. Stoddard, Malcolm Stevenson, R. L. Agassiz, C. C. Rumsey, J. S. Phipps, and Harold Phipps.

In the first of the games Rumsey, Stevenson, Whitney, and Milburn, as the Whites, were arrayed against the Waterburys, Stoddard, and Agassiz, with the latter quartet the winners by 5 goals to 2. The second engagement showed J. S. Phipps, J. M. Waterbury, Whitney, and Milburn aligned against Stoddard, Rumsey, and Agassiz, L. Waterbury, and Harold Phipps, with the game a tie at 4 goals all.

A seeming never-ending string of ponies was used in both matches, and the speed of the mounts was said on all sides to be a tribute to the master hand at conditioning, Larry Fitzpatrick. Even at this early season the majority of them were up on their toes throughout the four-minute session they were permitted to show their pace and "follow the ball" knowledge, but when taken out those which had "turned a hair" were very much in the minority.

It developed that fifty-four ponies will be available for use in the international match, and most of them are now stated by Fitzpatrick to be very near to the top of their form right now. They have come on wonderfully since arrival from Lakewood, where the early practice was had, and will be nursed along to avoid that disposition to "staleness." The summary:

WHITES.	REDS.
C. C. Rumsey,	L. Waterbury,
Malcolm Stevenson,	J. M. Waterbury,
H. C. Whitney,	L. E. Stoddard,
D. Milburn.	R. L. Agassiz,

First Period—Two goals scored. Second Period—Stevenson, Whites, 1:52. Third Period—L. Waterbury, Reds, 1:30. Fourth Period—Stoddard, Reds, 0:48. Fifth Period—No goals scored. Sixth Period—Stevenson, Whites, 3:53. Seventh Period—Milburn, Whites, 3:19. Eighth Period—Rumsey, Whites, 2:44; Stevenson, Whites, 1:12. Final Score—Whites, 5 goals; Reds, 2 goals. Time—Eight four-minute periods. Referee—J. S. Phipps.

WHITES.	REDS.
J. S. Phipps,	L. E. Stoddard,
J. M. Waterbury,	C. C. Rumsey,
H. P. Whitney,	R. L. Agassiz,
D. Milburn.	L. Waterbury,
	H. S. Phipps.

First Period—Rumsey, Reds, 2:11; Rumsey, Reds, 1:49. Second Period—No goals scored. Third Period—J. S. Phipps, Whites, 1:41. Fourth Period—No goals scored. Fifth Period—J. M. Waterbury, Whites, 2:07. Sixth Period—H. S. Phipps, Reds, 3:14; J. S. Phipps, Whites, 0:38. Seventh Period—H. P. Whitney, Whites, 3:45. Eighth Period—H. S. Phipps, Reds, 3:42. Final Score—Whites, 4 goals; Reds, 4 goals. Time—Eight four-minute periods. Referee—Malcolm Stevenson.

Polo Practice at Meadow Brook.

Special to The New York Times.

WESTBURY, L. I., May 1.—The Whites and Blues lined up for match play, accomplishing some practice work, at the Meadow Brook Club this afternoon. The game showed some excellent play on the part of Vonstade, whose hitting was accurate and sure. Sidney Ripley is giving signs of much promise. The final score was 10 to 6 in favor of the Blues. The line-up and score:

Whites—F. A. Clark, 2; C. P. Beadleston, 1; Butler Duncan, 1; Tilney, 2.
Blues—F. S. Von Stade, 3; T. Le Boutillier, 2; Ripley, 2; W. Goadby Loew, 3.

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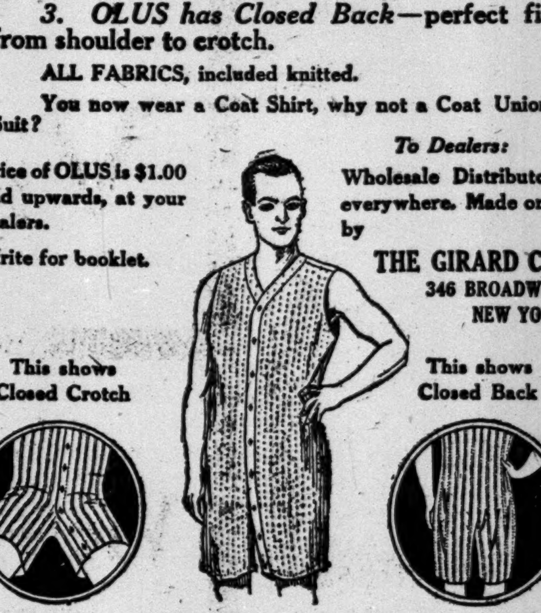

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CORRECTION.

Through an error in transcribing notes, we have been made to say that a test of Velie automobiles was made by the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, whereas the investigation was made by Prof. Gallup of the Worcester Polytechnic Institute on behalf of the Fire Department of the City of Boston, which city purchased five Velie roadsters on his recommendation.

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NEW YORK, FRIDAY, MAY 2, 1913.

WAGES AND PRICES.

The relation of railway rates to wages is something which the Inter-State Commerce Commission is appreciating after a quarter of a century's experience. The public hardly knew what the phrase meant until the problem of the relation of wages was forced upon its attention and upon that of the commission. Unions neither know nor care what the phrase means. The manner of the unions is the manner of the late W. H. Vanderbilt. When the unions strike they will have their demand or the public will walk. And the public upholds the unions, so strong is the popular perception of the moderation of the demands of the unions. Nevertheless, and despite recent precedents to the contrary, the time is coming when unions and public alike must learn the meaning of the relation between prices, the price of labor and the price of credit, the prices paid by consumers and the prices paid by producers, and all other prices. The doctrine of the relation of prices simply is that all prices stand in relation to each other, and that no price can rise or fall without effect upon other prices. The sole exception is a monopoly price, and that is why monopolies are so hateful.

It is always ungrateful to oppose an advance of wages. So far as mere sympathy goes everybody would like to have everybody else raise wages. The easiest way is to admit that everybody is underpaid, and to demand that everybody else shall pay more. That is what would please most, and what everybody would be glad to see accomplished, alike in the case of the engineers and the firemen, who have got theirs, and the trainmen, who are asking for theirs. The difficulty is that if everybody pays more for labor everybody must pay more for every product of labor, and the higher wages go the higher goes the cost of living, and that displeases all who have urged higher wages. When the cycle of advances is complete it culminates in dissatisfaction and revolt. A general strike is not called, because that is not necessary. The general strike declares itself through inability rather than indisposition to pay the advances demanded. The cost of living is then reduced. The relation of prices requires that prices shall fall as generally as they rose, and they do fall, trusts of capital or of labor to the contrary notwithstanding. The price of labor would not be an exception to the fall even if the rate of pay were unchanged. There would be no work except for the efficient, and fewer hands would divide the wage fund.

These remarks are not so far from the demands of the trainmen as they may seem. There would be no prospect of the demand being granted if the labor market were free. Railway labor is the best sort of labor, and the best paid, and nobody grudges it what it is worth. But nobody can afford to pay labor more than it is worth, and if the railways were not under duress they could supply their labor demands without trouble. The demands of the trainmen should be tried by the relation of prices, and the fact that railway labor is out of line with other labor is decisive. The railways are trustees of the public to provide the most and the best railway accommodation they can for the rates which they collect, and for the most part distribute among others. Being trustees they ought not to overpay any class of recipients of what the railways collect from the public. The fact that the railways have been compelled to overpay some classes of labor is not an argument why they should overpay other classes. On the contrary, it is an argument why the true relation of wages should be restored on the only true basis, the fair worth of labor.

The threat that the railways must stop if the wages are not raised is not an argument, any more than a raised club on a lonely street on a dark night. Every such concession is an invitation to another, and there are other demands awaiting the railways' concession of this demand, as they conceded others. The railways are now paying the largest wages and taxes in their history, out of the largest gross earnings, and with the lowest relative net income in twenty-five years. The rates which were reasonable when costs were lower are no longer reasonable. It is the duty of the Inter-State Commerce Commission to see that the railways receive reasonable rates, having regard to the relation of prices, as well as that they charge reasonable rates.

THE SLAVE SALE PICTURE.

The rejection by the Art Committee of the Brooklyn Institute of the gift of a painting representing the sale of negro slaves in this country will naturally arouse a great deal of heated argument. It is the duty of an Art Committee, however, to act in such a matter according to its judgment. There is no hint from the committee that the picture was rejected because it was not considered a valuable and worthy work of art. We cannot see, then, that the artist has any just cause for complaint. Nobody will deny that incidents of the era of slavery in the South are fit subjects for historical painting. There might be ample justification, however, for refusing to hang this picture in a public institution where it might remain in view for many years. The statement that the Art Committee thinks the picture objectionable because it "tends to keep "alive memories that had better be "forgotten" is credible, and when an Art Committee feels that way about a picture it is obviously the committee's duty to reject it.

It would be well if the rising generation could have fewer reminders of the sectional rancors which led to the civil war, if the long since reunited North and South could be permitted to cement their friendship and strengthen their financial and commercial relations without the continual up-calling of spectres of those "old, unhappy far-off days." But, nevertheless, Mr. Roseland's painting, if it is artistically good, will survive, and it is not needful to the painter's fame that it should be preserved in a public institution.

REAL BLOOD ON THE MOON; OR, THE OFFICE BOY'S CHANCE.

The American Protective Tariff League, in its Circular No. 286, admonishes the "defenders and friends of protection" that "the Underwood "Tariff bill, as announced, would "cost this country more than the "civil war."

This confession startles, but it also enlightens. The cost of the civil war, then, is the measure of the profits guaranteed to and reaped by the beneficiaries of protection, of McKinley acts, Dingley acts, and Payne-Aldrich acts. The Government debt in 1861 was $90,000,000; in 1866, at the close of the war, it was two and three-quarter billions. We have spent four and one-quarter billions in pensions. We may set down the cost of the war, therefore, as seven billions. The ravages of the Underwood tariff schedules will surpass this giant total. The Protective Tariff League says so. The dollar is proverbially timid. Seven billion dollars must be about the scaredest thing in the solar system. The circular of the Protective Tariff League is an evidence of fright. These men see the moon bathed in gore, and their teeth chatter.

The chief interest of the circular for us is this amazing confession that a reduction of the duties by, say, 50 per cent., will "cost the country" more than seven billions. It will not cost the consumers of the country anything—it will reduce their annual expenditure. It will not cost seven billions through the destruction of industries and the closing of factories, because, after three weeks of study and discussion of the Underwood rates, the country's industries with practical unanimity have valiantly resolved to go ahead under the new tariff and make the best of it. Representatives of some of the large interests, the woolen interests, for instance, are well pleased with the new schedules and see their advantages in the changes proposed. So, by this process of exclusion, it appears that the seven billions which the tariff is to "cost" will be assessed upon the gallant "defenders and friends of protection," upon the gentlemen of the American Protective Tariff League and others who have so long enjoyed their guaranteed profits. It is not to be marveled at that they are scared, but, assuredly, this admission of the colossal and unholy magnitude of their gains makes certain the enactment of the reduced schedules.

Circular No. 286 exhorts the defenders and friends of protection, the men who know how goods are made and marketed, to go to Washington and stay there during the discussion of the Underwood bill; they should be at the Capitol "ready to furnish data." "On March 10, 1909," says this circular, "we said 'let your office boy run the "'factory until tariff matters are set-"'tled.' We repeat that recommenda-"tion." This suggestion is fraught with danger. Suppose the office boy should really show the boss how to run the factory without any bounty from the Government, without any forced assessment upon the people. A bright office boy, courageous, resourceful, with a bright lexicon at hand containing no such word as "fail," might work wonders in the practical application of efficient methods.

Really, this admission of helplessness from the American Protective Tariff League is pitiful. Have they not heard President Wilson's declaration that "we must abolish everything "that bears even the semblance of "privilege or of any kind of artificial "advantage, and put our business "men and producers under the stimu-"lation of a constant necessity to be "efficient, economical, enterprising, "masters of competitive supremacy, "better merchants and workers than "any in the world"? Are we to understand that these defenders and friends of protection must lean on the Government, that they must be helped by artificial advantages, by privileges, that they are inefficient, wasteful, not enterprising, and that the workers and merchants in other parts of the world are better than they? It is amazing that American men should thus humiliate themselves for a paltry seven billions. The object of the tariff duties, said the President, "must be ef-"fective competition, the whetting of "American wits by contact with the "wits of the rest of the world." Do these gentlemen want to class themselves with the dull-witted, with those who wallow in slothfulness, and fear competition? We are ashamed of these grovelers for public alms. But if they all go to Washington, the office boys will have a chance, and some real expansion of our industrial ideas and methods may come of that.

A FUTILE PLAN AND A BAD PRECEDENT.

Some time ago Father Mathew, an English Catholic priest, was excommunicated by the Pope. As this was the first excommunication by the Church of Rome of an Englishman in 200 years it was surely news. After leaving the Roman Church Dr. Mathew became a Bishop of the Old Catholic Church. The London Times printed the facts and an exact translation of the Papal bull issued in the case, in which Mathew was referred to as a "pseudo-Bishop." Mathew sued the newspaper for libel on the ground that to call a man a "pseudo-Bishop" is libelous. The Judge charged the jury that not only Mathew but the Archbishop of Canterbury is a "pseudo-Bishop" in the Pope's eyes, and that unless the newspaper published the bull in malice it must be acquitted of libel. The jury, reluctantly as it seems, found for the defendant, but "dep-"recated the publication in England "of the bulls of the Pope of Rome "which affect the status of indi-"viduals."

These twelve stolid Britons thus clearly expressed a surviving British prejudice which the Socialistic revolt, the turmoil of radicalism, the growing dominance of "new ideas," so-called, cannot kill. They "deprecate" the publication of important news. To suppress and ignore facts and expressions of opinion seems to them the surest way out of trouble. In the very spirit of these typically English jurymen the British Government, after dallying long with the militant suffragists, now proposes to rid itself of them, not by punishing them when they commit crimes, as other criminals are punished, but by suppressing their publications and denying their right of free speech. A more futile plan could not have been adopted. The Government has given further proof of its weakness and added fuel to the suffragists' fire.

It is not criminal to write, print, or speak one's opinions. Undoubtedly some of the suffragists' utterances have been incitements to violence and crime, but the Government would have been wise to ignore such incitements and to punish the crimes adequately. By suppressing the militants' weekly paper and proclaiming that any public announcement of further militant plans to annoy the Government would be punished by arrest and imprisonment the offenders, who ought to have been punished for riot and arson, are made objects of public sympathy. How the London press, or any intelligently conducted part of it, can approve of such a method of dealing with the case is beyond comprehension. To carry out the plan logically the newspapers should have been commanded not to print the facts of the suppression and arrests, and the various prisoners should have been privately incarcerated in some modern Bastile, to remain there, beyond communication with the outer world, for the remainder of their lives.

Mr. Asquith's Government has had the means of stopping the public annoyances caused by the violent suffrage women in its hands from the first. But it has been weak and hesitating. Now it adopts methods which prevailed in the France of Louis XIV., but will scarcely prevail long in the twentieth century. The suppressed suffragist newspaper was published and sold on the streets of London yesterday, and within twenty-four hours of its suppression the militants destroyed by fire buildings at Hendon and East Moseley, two suburbs of the metropolis. In the natural order of events the women arrested on Wednesday will be released very shortly.

THE TREASURY ORDER.

Secretary McAdoo explains the law regarding interest payment by the banks upon their deposits from the Treasury, but he does not explain the reason for the action. The effect of making so moderate and accustomed a charge as 2 per cent., accompanied by the enlargement of the deposits by $10,000,000, will be to place additional reserves within the reach of those who may need them, and thus to ease a stringency, if there be any. There is no obligation to take deposits, and the making of the charge confers a freedom to decline them. The financial district is accustomed to the distribution of funds on the principle of payment by those who want them, and cannot make any objection on that account. Thus far it is easy to approve the action of the Secretary, even without knowing his reasons. Beyond this lies only conjecture.

Perhaps the Secretary's action has some relation to the anticipated and hoped-for action of Congress on the money question. In this light the Secretary's action is moderation itself, and assumes the possible aspect of breaking the force of impossible demands upon the Treasury. One proposal was that the Treasury should be deprived of its discretion regarding its bank deposits, and should be compelled to dispose of its available balance to the highest bidder. The neediest banks could afford to bid highest, and the banks which could make the best use of the money would be the likeliest to refuse to enter the bidding. The bills had significance since they were related to the Democratic platform. It is far better that the Secretary should take the action reported yesterday than that scattered banks in districts where reserves are larger than is usual where banking is sounder should be allowed to overbid banks which use their reserves in the facilitation of commerce. If there is one lesson which recent bitter experience has taught, it is the necessity of concentration of the power to make effective use of reserves. The Secretary's order tends to scatter them, but in far less degree than is favored by some who are influential in the pending movement for currency reform—backwards.

It is suggested that the interest on the Treasury deposits may reach a million dollars annually. That considerable sum should be compared with the fact that the use of the Treasury's deposits was worth a billion dollars to the country in a few weeks in 1907, and that they would not have been available if they had been sold to the highest bidder, and had been scattered to resting places whence they could not be recalled. The fact is that under our system the Treasury's balance is the country's ultimate reserve, and when needed is priceless. The rigor of theory forbids the purchase of deposits by payment otherwise than in banking service, and abhors using reserves as money makers otherwise than by use as reserves, for which purpose they should be ample and instantly available. However, the theory is relaxed in practice, and prevails here although it has been denounced by the Clearing House, which has made fruitless attempts to abolish payments for deposits. It would be far better that our banks should supply their own reserves, and should be independent of the Treasury. The Treasury ought not to have a surplus, and ours is almost the only Government having one. Experience shows that a small deficit is the most wholesome regimen for tax collectors. To tax the people to supply the Treasury with funds to lend at 2 per cent. is an impossible suggestion. However, the Secretary had to deal with the situation as he found it, and it is not to be doubted that he acted with discretion, even though his reasons are not stated.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Entirely As a Friend of the Court.

Criticism of anything done or said in his own courtroom by a Supreme Court Justice has perils not lightly to be risked, but it seems nothing less than a public duty to call the attention of Justice Gavegan to the possibility—to the probability—that there was far more of impropriety in his savage reproof of a woman who revealed the not very startling fact that she was wearing thin stockings than there could have been in the revelation itself.

If Justice Gavegan was really and deeply pained or shocked by an accidental display of a few inches of hosiery in situ, as it were, he is deserving of sincere sympathy, as are all sufferers from any form of morbid sensitiveness. That is, of course, a malady like another, and a misfortune, not a fault. It is a malady, however, which, unless it has become a fully developed and inveterate "phobia," can usually be conquered by a judicious exercise of the victim's own will and reason, and, as the victory is the more difficult the longer the attack is deferred, efforts to reestablish psychic equilibrium should begin as soon as it is seen to be wavering.

There is no likelihood that Justice Gavegan's horror or hatred of stockings is irremediable. Probably, to free himself from such impulses as the one to which he yielded on this regrettable occasion he need do no more than recall, what he doubtless knows as well as anybody, that commonest courtesy requires him and other gentlemen to ignore the trivial accidents of this kind, to which any woman sensible enough to wear short and narrow skirts is exposed. The most that can be done, and that rarely, in kindliness and consideration—which is the same as saying in courtesy and not far from saying in decency—is very quietly to notify the woman of her unintentional departure from convention. That done, it instantly ceases, and her inevitable embarrassment is reduced to a minimum. By following the contrary or any other course, a cruel and irreparable injury may be done.

Presumably to Justice Gavegan, as to most men, skirts excessively narrowed are ridiculous, and in their latest variants more or less offensive. That, however, is poor excuse for inflicting needless and useless pain on even the most foolish wearer of these reprehensible, because stupid and ugly, exaggerations of styles that in moderation are commendable alike to the aesthete and the hygienist.

Prurient Prudes at Work.

A manifestation of morbidity which the charitably scientific would characterize as a true pathological psychosis, the users of less kindly terms as what is to be expected from the ignorant and vicious, is the reported effort in several cities of the Middle West to prevent, and if possible to punish, the public exhibition of "September Morning," a picture by Chabas.

This picture, though a "nude," happens to be as delicate and innocent as it is beautiful, and while there is no denying the existence of people to whom its only appeal would not be commendable, even these people cannot be hurt by it, since they are beyond further injury either to their morals or their manners. To intelligence cultivated, or even capable of being cultivated, into appreciation of beauty, no thought of questioning the artist's intention or inspiration would ever arise.

No moralist except those who would banish entirely the undraped figure from art can condemn this painting, and such banishment, of course, is honestly considered in any way desirable or expedient only by moralists who are, from the standpoint of aesthetics, in a complete state of barbarism. Of these there can be few anywhere nowadays. The great majority of those who find fault with "September Morning" are really exploiting as modesty what is in reality prurience, and the revelation by which they should be shocked is that so clearly made of their own lack of sense and decency.

Of some worthily famous pictures it is necessary, or at least permissible, to admit that they are ill-placed or misplaced elsewhere than as part of a considerable collection, public or private, where they are little likely to be seen and misunderstood by the immature and the debased. The Chabas painting is not one of these, as its purity of subject and treatment is obvious to all who ever had—and have not lost—the power to recognize that quality in a picture.

Criminals Fear Publicity.

That the great State of California should be "represented" in the Federal Senate by a man who learned the nature of human ills and how to cure them from Mrs. Eddy is one of those outcomes of popular government that excuse, though of course they do not justify, the apprehensions sometimes expressed by pessimists as to whither it is leading or may lead this and the other countries that have it. The phenomenon is not really alarming, for always when a Senator Works rises in his carefully adjusted Senatorial toga and proposes some absurdity like forbidding the newspapers to give publicity to criminal acts, somebody patiently explains for the thousandth time that adoption of the suggested course would be a stupid and fatal mistake.

This wearisome but apparently necessary task we have ourselves not infrequently performed, and now it has been done again and well by the Commissioners in whose hands lie such destinies of the District of Columbia as are not reserved by Congress for its own guidance and control. In reporting their opinion of the Works bill to censor crimes out of the press, the Commissioners shrewdly say:

> That dread of publicity has a deterrent influence upon those disposed or tempted to the committing of crime may reasonably be inferred from the fact that most offenders against the law earnestly seek to avoid exposure of the circumstances of their misbehavior in newspaper reports of their trials.

Of course they are quite right, and Congress can be trusted not to risk the jests of which it would certainly be the shrinking target if it even gave serious attention to a law the first effect of which—if it had any, and it wouldn't, since its enforcement would be impossible—would be to penalize disclosure of its own departures from the paths of rectitude. The statesmen must at least pretend to be without fear of the widest publicity for their every act.

JAPANESE IN CALIFORNIA

Have Learned How to Use Trade Union Methods.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

This is a tale of unionism and the Japanese. It happened in California.

Mr. X of New York saved enough money to enable him to retire from business. His health was poor and a doctor advised a warmer climate. He purchased a fruit farm in California, in the Sacramento Valley. He and his family of three worked hard and at the end of three and a half years his orange grove bore fruit. Things were rosy for Mr. X; he was regaining his health and at the same time felt that the money he had put into his farm would reap him a comfortable profit.

When the time came for picking his fruit he hired ten Japs. He paid them $1.25 a day. They worked faithfully for two days, filling box after box with the oranges. About noon of the third day, Mr. X standing in his doorway saw a well dressed Jap come along the road and stop when in front of the house. He said something in Japanese to the fruit pickers and then blew a whistle. Every Jap dropped work and marched out to join him. Mr. X was rather surprised and asked the reason for the "walk-out." He was told that the men would return to work if they were paid $1.75 a day. Mr. X agreed and the Japs went back to work. The next day the walking delegate reappeared and went through the same performance.

This time Mr. X saved his fruit crop by giving the men $2 a day. The third day nothing happened, but on the morning of the fourth day the walking delegate was on hand and this time he forbade the men to return unless they received $4 a day! This was a bit too much for Mr. X and he chased the Japanese exponents of unionism off his property. Now, in California the only fruit pickers one can obtain are Japs. The reason for this is that white men, with the exception of tramps, &c., will not take the work, for it lasts only on an average of three or four weeks in the year. Therefore, Mr. X's oranges would, in all probability, rot on the ground under the trees.

The morning after the ejection of the brown-skinned representative of the fruit pickers' union, Mr. X was visited by the debonair gentleman of the whistle, the Nipponese Haywood. He was very sorry and very courteous. It was too bad that Mr. X's crop was ruined, but his fellow countrymen must live. And would Mr. X consider a certain sum a good price for his fruit as it hung on the trees. Mr. X realizing that he would lose all by refusing acted upon the principle that "half a loaf is better than none," and wisely accepted. Now the remarkable thing about it is that within half an hour the same Japs who had refused to work for less than $4 were back at work picking Mr. X's fruit.

It seems to me that the Jap not only takes kindly to the ways of the unions, but also improves upon them. CITY.

New York, May 1, 1913.

Bellicose California.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

And California gave the vote to women! How about it? Where's all that softening "needed touch of womanhood" quelling the restless dogs of war? COMMON SENSE.

New York, April 30, 1913.

INWOOD HILL PARK.

President McAneny Favors It, but Made No Promises.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In substance, the letter from Mr. Burns about Inwood Hill, published in The Times this morning, is similar to the one which I received from him two or three days ago; and, since this is a matter of considerable importance to the citizens of New York, I ask that you publish my reply to Mr. Burns, which was as follows:

> I have at hand your letter of the 24th inst., in which you discuss the general status of the Inwood Hill property and my relation to it. I have also read your letter to Mr. Ridder, written under date of April 26, and I must confess that your statements amaze me. You refer to my past assurances, given to you and to others in this matter, and intimate that I am personally responsible for the failure of the city to acquire for park purposes the lands offered for sale by you and others within the Inwood tract. You add that the owners of the property in question feel that the Board of Estimate also, "as represented by me," has not kept faith with them.
>
> The fact of the matter is that I have urged upon the Board of Estimate for the past three years the importance of taking either all of these properties or those at least that lie to the west of the approximate line of the Riverside Drive extension. In my estimates for corporate stock required for improvements within the borough I have in two successive years asked for an appropriation to cover the incidental cost. The determination of what actually shall be done has remained with my associates. Although they were not disposed at the outset to take the properties in question for park purposes alone, I did not doubt that eventually they would be, and so informed you. You had, however, the same access to them that you had to me, and had every opportunity to inform yourself directly as to their views. Since the development of the plans for the general improvement of the west side, and the relocation of the tracks of the New York Central Company, the suggestion that at least the westerly slope of the hill be held for park purposes has met with more favor, and I have been quite satisfied that at the time the contracts with the railroad company are approved the board, coincidentally, would vote for the establishment of the park.
>
> I have at no time, however, given any one any assurance that I could either shape or compel the action of the Board of Estimate in the matter, or that I would do more than to continue to press upon the board the importance of what I personally consider to be an altogether desirable public improvement. At the present moment I propose to continue to do what I have done in the past—that is, continue to urge the board to take the property, and to initiate the proceedings for its acquisition coincidentally with the adoption of the Central contracts. The fact that the railroad company is allowed five years in which to complete its new tunnel line through Inwood Hill certainly would not militate against the early acquisition by the city of the surface of the hill itself. It is in this position that the matter now rests.
>
> I must ask, however, in order that further misunderstanding or misstatement of my own position may be avoided, that either you or the owners who are associated with you in pressing this matter upon the city will direct your communications to the Board of Estimate itself. As a member of that board I will, of course, give proper attention to whatever proposals or arguments may be presented to it, and I shall continue, for public reasons and in my own way, to impress upon the board the importance of initiating proceedings for the acquisition of the Inwood tract at the earliest time practicable. I do not propose, however, that there shall be any further question as to my personal responsibility either for lack of progress made or for possible results of delay.

GEORGE McANENY,
President Borough of Manhattan.
New York, May 1, 1913.

Cube Root Verification.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The letter in this morning's Times concerning "mental cube root" is interesting and suggestive. But in the case mentioned, 103,823, it is hardly correct to consider the method of verification by excess of 9s as proof of the accuracy of the result, for there are at least six numbers to be formed from these same digits, all of which would answer the demands of the process, viz.: 108,323, 108,233, 103,283, 102,833, 102,383, and the one given, 103,823. The last is the cube of 47, but the others will give the same sum for their digits.

There are, of course, a great many other numbers between 64,000 and 125,000 ending with 3 whose digits add 17, such as 66,023, 75,203, 83,123, 92,213, 104,453, 113,543. Some of these are evidently far too small to be mistaken for the cube of 47, but 104,453 might be so mistaken in the absence of any other tests than those named. And many other numbers could be written out of which the same would be true.

JOHN A. INGHAM.
New Brunswick, N. J., April 30, 1913.

Building Notes.

Frederick C. Penfield, whose name has been frequently mentioned for a diplomatic post, has renewed the lease of his apartment at 787 Fifth Avenue.

Justice James W. Gerard, who is believed to be on the preferred list for one of the American embassies abroad, has renewed the preparations for the building of his new home on Fifth Avenue which were suspended for a time.

THE CONTINUOUS FLOOD.

What flood is this that sweeps with angry sway
Against your bulwarks, O most righteous land?
In all earth's history, over any strand,
Rolled ever one more fatal on its way—
More gorged with victims, both by night and day?

"The Great White Plague!" You call its name aright,
And count its cost as tide on tide rolls by.
A hundred thousand, even more, must die—
Its annual wreckage, and within your sight
The woe, the sorrow and the awful blight!

What are you doing, O most righteous land?
Is Christian burial, a casket, hearse,
Your whole atonement for so great a curse?
Are dam and levee builded by your hand
The only recourse at your great command?

Look you, O Nation, to the great flood's source!
It lives in flesh, environment, man's work!
Why longer shrink, and in your shrinking, shirk?
'Tis not enough to guide the great flood's course!
Its springs need drying—emptying per force!

Control your humans! Leave not blood to fate!
Then give to man the wherewithal to thrive.
Cleanse the vile factory! Burn the alien hive!
Feed, teach, guard well, and wisely legislate!
So only shall your flood, unfed, at last abate! LURANA SHELDON.

BEDFORD REFORMATORY

Dr. Abbott Explains Need of This Institution for Women.

Cornwall-on-Hudson, N. Y.,
April 30, 1913.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I write to ask your interest in and support of the pending measure before the New York Legislature for an appropriation of $500,000 to increase the provisions at the Bedford State Reformatory for Women. The present capacity at Bedford is for 320 inmates; the present number of inmates is 498, leaving 178 to sleep in cots in the hallways, the lavatories, the gymnasium—in short, wherever a bed can be placed. The appropriation of $500,000 would make provision for 325 inmates more than at present, which would care for the present excess and allow for some growth in the future. I have twice visited the Bedford Reformatory, under circumstances which gave me an opportunity to study somewhat carefully its principles, its method, and its spirit. Miss Davis, the Superintendent, is a graduate of Vassar College, and studied sociology both in Germany and at the Chicago University, because of her interest in the practical problem what to do with vicious and criminal women. She has taken up her present work inspired by enthusiasm and equipped by special study. Her enthusiasm has communicated itself to her assistants, and the atmosphere at Bedford Reformatory is one of mutual helpfulness and inspiring hopefulness.

When a prostitute is brought before a New York Judge he may discharge her, with or without a fine; he may send her to the Workhouse for a short term—I believe three months is the maximum—or he may send her to the Bedford Reformatory. The experience of the past indicates that the deterrent power of fear is very ineffective as a cure for crime, yet something may be said for the deterrent power of fear as a preventive, if not as a cure. But a fine or three months in the Workhouse has no deterrent power. When the fine is paid or the three months have expired the girl has no option but to take to the street and resume her vicious career. No home and no factory will, or, indeed, well can, take her in and give her a chance for a better life. This is just what the Bedford Reformatory does. It brings her into an atmosphere not merely of cleanliness and of industry, but of hopefulness. It puts before the girl an open door. It inspires her with courage to believe that she can enter it, if she chooses to do so. It inspires that wish in her, and, by training, gives her some measure of preparation for earning an honest livelihood. I am writing without the complete statistics of this reformatory before me. It must suffice to say that while practically every girl treated by the other method goes back to prey upon the community again, the figures show that less than one-quarter of those who are discharged from the reformatory after a two years' imprisonment resume their vicious occupation.

Nineteen centuries ago Jesus said that the criminal classes should be treated as though they were diseased. "Not they that are well," He said, "but they that are sick need a physician." For the deterrent power of fear which pagan Rome used He substituted the inspiring power of hope. Modern penologists are unanimous in accepting this view of the phenomenon of professional crime and vice. There are a few girls who deliberately and with their eyes open choose prostitution as a profession, as they might choose millinery or dressmaking, but these are very few. Some girls are seduced, betrayed, and abandoned; some are captured by wiles or by force and enslaved; some are driven into professional vice by the exceeding difficulty of earning a livelihood by honest industry; some are enticed into it by their love of pleasure and of display, and by the false notion that it is an easy way of earning money; some drop into it through ignorance and incompetent or vicious home training, and a great many through inherent mental defectiveness. When these facts are considered, and there is no doubt about them, it ought to be perfectly apparent to every thoughtful person that the first duty of society is not to punish the girl with a fine or imprisonment, but to find out the cause of her fatal choice and provide for her both a way of escape and the strength to take advantage of it. This is what the Bedford Reformatory is doing, under wise, strong, inspiring guidance and control. Those who are carrying it on are inspired by the feeling of good-will and the possibility of real hope for those that have been regarded hopeless; but they are not sentimentalists, they have no false notions of life, and they do not think the remedy for wrongdoing is coddling the wrongdoer. There are no prison walls about the Bedford yard, yet attempted escapes from Bedford are rare.

But Bedford is not a playhouse. The girls are set to work and their teachers work with them. "They do the gardening, put in the ice, care for the lawns, raise the pigs, and run the dairy. In the last year they have redeemed a swamp of some five acres, turning the stream which watered it into a new channel, draining the land, and putting it into vegetables. They are particularly skillful at making cement walks and stairways. They have even made a wonderful cement pigsty." If the legislators at Albany could spend half an hour in the workhouse on Blackwell's Island and then an hour and a half in the Bedford Reformatory I cannot doubt that the appropriation asked for would be granted without opposition.

I am sending you with this letter two pamphlets for your further information, and I venture to express the hope that you will not merely give a place in your columns to this brief communication, but that you will yourself editorially urge upon the Governor and the Legislature of the State that they make the appropriation necessary to give to the Bedford Reformatory this equipment, indispensable to its adequate continuance of its work. LYMAN ABBOTT.

The Times has repeatedly urged that provision for the needs of the Bedford Reformatory be made by the present Legislature—that neglect to make suitable provision would be "economy" of the least defensible sort. Dr. Abbott's advocacy of the measure to support and amplify the institution at Bedford represents, we believe, the best opinion of men and women who have given earnest thought to the problem of reclaiming unfortunate women.—[Editor The Times.

To the Museum of Natural History.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

With great interest I perused your article, "Arctic Party Lacks Only the Surgeon," as well as the reference to books, magazines, games, tobacco, candy, and tea—the necessary luxuries for the comfort and welfare of the expedition. Will you let your readers know where we may send packages? The time is limited, and I know I voice the sentiment of many New York well-wishers in asking that you publish address to which we may send express packages for the McMillan Expedition.

CONSTANT READER.
New York, April 28, 1913.

NORTHWEST TO HAVE A FINE ART MUSEUM

Home Is Being Built for It on Site of Four City Blocks in Minneapolis.

HALF-MILLION FOR BUILDING

John W. Van Derlip Here Studying the Metropolitan for Ideas—City Also a Music Centre.

Minneapolis is to have a real Museum of Art in the very near future, and John W. Van Derlip, a lawyer from the Twin City, is in town looking over our own Metropolitan, to see if any of its features will do for Minneapolis.

Mr. Van Derlip's advent had been heralded with the statement that he had come to New York to buy a few million dollars' worth of paintings and art objects for the new institution, of which he is one of the founders, but at the St. Regis yesterday he denied that he had come to buy anything at this time.

"Our first concern is to get our building built," he said. "Curator Robinson of the Metropolitan and other experts have told me not to worry about getting collections, but to centre our efforts on our building and the contents would take care of themselves.

"Minneapolis has several notable private art collections, including that of T. B. Walker, but it has not had a public museum. About two years ago some of us decided to see whether this long-felt artistic want could be filled. The idea of founding an art museum was taken up with enthusiasm, and it was decided to hold a big dinner, at which Charles L. Hutchinson, President of the Art Institute of Chicago, and W. M. R. French, a Director of that institution, were present. When the dinner was over we had subscriptions for $350,000. Within a month the fund was augmented to $500,000.

"In addition, Clinton Morrison, a public-spirited citizen of Minneapolis, who died last March, offered us a building site embracing four city blocks in the heart of the fashionable residential district. He made his offer conditional on our raising $500,000 for a building, which, as I have said, we were successful in doing.

"Then we had a competition for architects, as a result of which the plans of McKim, Mead & White were accepted. The foundations are already in, and we hope the first unit will be ready for occupancy by June of next year.

"We have no endowment as yet, though a number of endowment funds have been promised and fifteen or twenty paintings already have been given; or, rather, that number have been accepted. No gift is accepted until approved by a committee of experts, and, to avoid local embarrassment, most of the connoisseurs live out of town. A great many people, you know, will say to you: 'Next time I go to Europe I'm going to bring back a piece of statuary—or a painting—for the museum.' And then they'll come back with a 'Girl Knitting Socks,' or almost anything else that appeals to the imagination.

"I have spent several mornings with Mr. Robinson at the Metropolitan discussing the best methods of hanging pictures, questions of ventilation, lighting, heating, floor materials, and so on. We want the Minneapolis Museum of Art to be as up to date as possible. But what is causing us most anxiety at the present time is the need of an ideal director. After much search we still have hopes. But finding a good museum director is harder even than getting a good servant girl, and I imagine that the latter, from what my wife says, is a difficult enough task.

"The most satisfactory thing to me about this whole business is the very great development of interest in art which this movement has disclosed. You people in New York have an idea that as soon as you get west of Buffalo people live in tepees and don't know how to spell art. On the contrary, we have a very cultured class of people in the West. Many of them, you know, moved from the East.

"This museum is going to fill a long-felt artistic want and will make Minneapolis the art centre of the Northwest, as it already is the musical centre, thanks to its splendid symphony orchestra. Our museum is going to be particularly valuable, because of its situation in the town of the University of Minnesota, whose 5,000 students will be brought under its influence. Our art school, which has been established for more than twenty years, will be housed in a part of the museum building and will be affiliated with the University of Minnesota, and our director—when we get him—may also have the supervision of the university's art department. So you see the scope of our plans."

Mr. Van Derlip is one of the Vice Presidents of the Minneapolis Society of Fine Arts, a member of the Building Committee, and one of the chief engineers of the $350,000 dinner which transformed Minneapolis's art dream into a reality.

"I came here to loaf for a week," he added with a twinkle in his eyes. "Really, I don't know of any more restful spot on earth than New York. The place is so large that a man can lose himself in it and escape all sorts of annoyances."

ST. MARK'S WILLOWS GOING.

Passing Like All of the Old Splendor at Second Avenue.

The famous old willows in St. Mark's churchyard in Second Avenue are showing serious signs of decay this year, and a few days ago it was found necessary to lop off the upper branches to such an extent that little more than the stumps of the big trunks remain. Originally there were three magnificent willows in the open yard between the church edifice and Second Avenue. About four years ago one of them died, but its gnarled trunk has been allowed to remain. The other two continued to put forth a plentiful shade until last season, when it became apparent that their days of beauty were nearly ended, and they are now only sorry reminders of the magnificent trees which half a century ago were admired by the residents of lower Second Avenue.

When in their prime there were no willows on Manhattan Island to equal in beauty the three famous St. Mark's trees. Their only rival was the fine specimen known for years as the Evarts willow, directly in front of the old William M. Evarts house on the northwest corner of Second Avenue and Fourteenth Street. After Mr. Evarts's death, a few years ago, the old stone house was torn down for an apartment building, and the big tree was cut down.

The gradual passing of the old St. Mark's willows is another illustration of the changing conditions in that part of the city. Once the fashionable centre of the city, most of its fine old homes have given way to tenements and business, and last year the old churchyard had about ten feet cut off from the Second Avenue frontage to allow for the widening of Second Avenue.

BARBARA FRIETCHIE'S GRAVE

Her Body Removed to Vault for Reburial Beside Her Husband.

FREDERICK, Md., May 1.—The body of the heroine of Whittier's famous poem, "Barbara Frietchie," which has rested in the old graveyard here since 1862, was removed to a vault in Mount Olivet Cemetery to-day. Later, it is to be reinterred beside that of her husband.

The Barbara Frietchie Memorial Association is raising funds for erecting a memorial shaft. It is expected that the memorial will be unveiled sometime next Autumn.

SENORITA MADERO WEDS IN NEW YORK

Sister of the Late President of Mexico Married to Antonio G. Canalizo.

BRIDE'S FAMILY IN BLACK

Mourning for Two Brothers Who Were Killed in Mexico Last February.

An interesting and picturesque event of the Spring season was the wedding last evening of Señorita Mercedes Madero, a sister of the late President Francesco Madero of Mexico, and Antonio G. Canalizo, a member of the Mexican House of Representatives, which was celebrated at 6:30 o'clock in the Church of Our Lady of Hope, in West 156th Street, near Broadway.

Only the members of the Madero family and their intimate friends, numbering about fifty altogether, assembled to witness the ceremony, which was performed by the Rev. Father Adrian Buisson, rector of the little church, which is one of the finest in New York, and in which hangs a massive silver and gilt lamp, presented by King Alfonso of Spain, and also a painting by Sorolla, the noted Spanish artist.

Although the gloom which has surrounded the Madero family since the bride's brothers, Francesco and Gustavo, were killed during the troublous times last February, and the family was forced to flee from Mexico, was lifted partially at the wedding, with its sheen of white brocaded satin, jewels, and the fragrance of Spring flowers, which were used to decorate the altar, there was a note of sadness perceptible throughout, which was more noticeable, perhaps, when Miss Angela Madero, the younger sister of the bride, sang the "Ave Maria."

The bride's sister-in-law, Mrs. Emilio Madero, who attended the bride as godmother, as the Spaniards call the matron of honor, wore a black silk gown, with a hat to match, and all of the other women of the Madero family appeared in black. The three brothers of the bride acted as godfathers instead of the one best man, as is customary in this country, including Emilio, Alfonso, and Julio Madero.

There were two little flower girls, Miss Sarita Madero and Maria Zirion, nieces of the bride, who wore frocks of white and pink, with hats to match, each carrying a basket of Spring flowers.

The bride, who is a type of the beautiful Mexican señorita, rather tall, with a wealth of black hair, wore a robe of white brocaded satin with a court train, draped with Spanish lace, which fell in effective folds from her shoulders, being caught at the corsage with clusters of orange blossoms. Her veil, also of rare Spanish lace, was draped around her head and held in place by a chaplet of jasmine, and extended almost to the end of the train. She carried a shower bouquet of lilies of the valley. The gown only arrived here from Paris on Wednesday, and it was taken through the Custom House only in time for the nuptials.

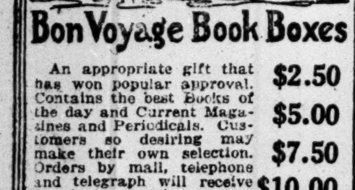
After the ceremony a reception and supper was held at 256 West Seventy-third Street, a private residence, leased by the exiles shortly after their arrival in New York. The house was decorated with palms and white lilacs, and a buffet collation was served, the guests sitting in a sort of semi-circle in the double parlor.

The presents which the bride received were numerous and costly, and were displayed in a room on the second floor, where the bride's mother and Mrs. Francisco I. Madero, wife of the dead President, remained during most of the evening.

A large photograph of the late President of Mexico stood on a table near the gifts, which included a large silver platter, presented by Mrs. Victorana M. de Villareal, an aunt of the bride; a silver punch bowl, which was a gift of the bride's parents, and a superb silver coffee set, presented by Mr. and Mrs. Antonio Zirion, brother-in-law and sister of the bride. Mr. and Mrs. Ernesto Madero, uncle and aunt of the bride, gave her a pearl brooch, and Mr. and Mrs. Emilio Madero a watch bracelet, while the wife of the late President presented a beautiful jewel box.

During the evening the couple received many messages of congratulations from Mexico and Europe. They are to sail to-morrow for the Mediterranean, and will spend some time in Italy.

The bridegroom is a wealthy haciendado, and comes from a distinguished family. He was an intimate friend of the Madero family before Madero took the field against Diaz. He joined in the revolution, and the announcement of his engagement to Señorita Madero was made when Madero was at the height of his power. It will be recalled that it was Señorita Madero who stood before the doors of the penitentiary outside of Mexico City in anguish shortly after her brother was killed. Mr. Canalizo saw his fiancée and her sister safely out of Mexico after the assassination, and then joined them here.



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$1,100 FOR A HOMER.

American Artist's Work Brings Highest Price at Sale.

Ninety-three oil paintings and etchings from the collections of Mrs. Paul Morton, Mrs. Oakleigh Thorne, Miss M. A. Huttman and the estate of the late Henry P. Morgan were sold last night at Silo's Fifth Avenue Art Galleries for $11,328. There was a wide range of work in the group, as there were many canvases by the older European masters as well as by Americans. Winslow Homer's "Moonlight in the Tropics," a canvas 15x21, brought the highest price, $1,100. The painting depicted a boat at anchor with a dark skinned native sitting in the bow, a boat in tow. The sharp relief of white sails against a darkened sky and the deep tone of the moon made the picture unusual. It was purchased by P. McMahon.

"Miss Ann Esmond," by Sir Joshua Reynolds, P. R. A., a golden-haired lady with hair piled high on the top of her head, with a gauzy golden dress and rose-colored sash, was bought by D. Young for $950. Lawson's "Regatta Day," although bringing only $150, was a rare example of the impressionistic painting, and Frederick Ede's "River Seine," sold for $205, was like, to an exacting degree, the work of his great master, Thaulow. "The Mill at Chatillon," by Monchablon, was very pretty. It was bought for $260. It was a foreign sunset picture, and showed an old mill and a group of trees by the river. Three splendid decorations by Gallard, showing nine cupids playing at science, literature, and music, went for $60.

Those paintings and etchings selling for the higher prices were "A Portrait," unknown, $145; "Portrait of a Lady," Bronzino, $225; "Lady Catherine Howard," Hoppner, $900; "Scene on the Marne," Delpy, $380, and "Portrait of a Court Lady," Spanish school, $380. G. Weis, P. McMahon, and G. B. Wheeler were prominent buyers.

The sale will conclude with this evening's session. This afternoon a collection of etchings, engravings, and color prints will be disposed of. A valuable collection of books will also be sold in the afternoon.

WON'T QUIT MISSOURI.

38 Insurance Concerns Say They'll Still Do Business Despite Law.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., May 1.—Superintendent of Insurance Revelle announced to-day that thirty-eight foreign and domestic fire insurance companies have notified him that they will not leave the State on account of the Orr insurance law. In addition, there are twenty-six mutual companies which will not leave the State.

It was because of this statute that most of the companies in the Western Insurance Union and in the Western Insurance Bureau agreed to cease writing policies in Missouri after April 30. About forty companies have advised Supt. Revelle that they temporarily will suspend writing policies in Missouri.

ST. LOUIS, May 1.—Attorney General Barker's opinion yesterday that the referendum could not be invoked against the Orr law, to which the fire insurance companies object, caused a postponement to-day of the Citizens' Committee meeting at which final decision on employing the referendum was to have been reached.

The news from Jefferson City that thirty-eight foreign and domestic companies had notified Supt. Revelle that they would continue to write Missouri risks clarified the situation here, although it was realized that these companies, in addition to the twenty-six mutual concerns which have also agreed not to leave the State, could hardly handle all the business in St. Louis alone.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., May 1.—More than ninety insurance agents of this city, representing the fire insurance companies which have decided to suspend operations in Missouri, closed their business here at midnight. The agents had instructions from the home companies to sign no policies after to-day.

The agents wrote hundreds of policies yesterday, one agent, it was said, having written $3,000,000. Clients of old-line companies whose policies were about to expire were eager to have their old policies renewed, and this added to the volume of business.

HILL WOULD CAGE CONGRESS

Country Would Prosper, He Says, if It Adjourned for Ten Years.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. PAUL, May 1.—James J. Hill, in his address at the annual Home Products dinner to-night, said that the United States would be better off if Congress would adjourn and stay adjourned for ten years.

"Why, it is the Argentine Republic that puts the price on our wheat and our corn," Mr. Hill said, "and it is our good statesmen at Washington who apparently are doing all in their power to abet this. Restriction of immigration cannot fail to mean anything else except turning our back on desirable foreigners and seeing them turn to the Argentine Republic, where cheap land and cheap labor permit that country to dictate our prices.

"Still our illustrious statesemen are trying to keep the workmen out of this country. If we could just tie a bell on each one of these fellows and put on a pair of long ears, then box them up and adjourn Congress we should be doing something worth while. If we could get them to stay adjourned for ten years, then in my opinion this country would see an unprecedented period of prosperity. Business men could carry on big undertakings then without fear of legislative interruption

"But we couldn't do this—adjourn Congress for ten years—for it would take away the occupation of some of these gentlemen who never earned an honest dollar in their lives, and never could."

BOMB IN EAST 106TH STREET

This Time It Is Exploded on Top Floor of Tenement House.

The 150 occupants of the five-story tenement house at 334 East 106th Street were thrown into a panic just before midnight last night when a bomb exploded in front of the door of the apartment of Maccio Iuffo, a piano polisher, on the top floor. Iuffo and his wife were thrown from their bed, but were not injured seriously. The bomb tore a great hole in the floor and walls.

The reserves from the East 104th Street Station were summoned, and had a difficult time quieting the crowd of men, women, and children who had rushed into the street. Capt. Savage and Detectives Cruise and Dondero questioned Iuffo, but he had no information to give them. The police learned, however, that the man had saved considerable money and that he had received threatening letters. About $300 damage was done by the explosion.

Hildreth-Whitaker Wedding.

Miss Kathleen Whitaker, daughter of Justice Edward G. Whitaker of the Supreme Court, and Mrs. Whitaker, and Dr. Warren Hildreth of this city are to be married on Thursday evening, May 22, at 8 o'clock, in St. Thomas's Church. The Rev. Dr. De Lancey Townsend of All Saints' Church is to officiate. Mrs. Augustus Whiton is to be matron of honor and the bridesmaids will include the Misses Dorothy Mahon, Ruth Beakley-Smith, Louise Hartley, and Isabel Inness. Leon Hildreth will act as best man, and the ushers chosen are Royal Van Etten, James Worcester, Henry E. Utter, the Rev. Jesse Halsey, Dr. Arthur Terry, and Inness Whitaker. A large reception will follow the church ceremony at the Hotel Gotham.

Says Slavery Exists in Manila.

WASHINGTON, May 1.—Whether human slavery exists in the Philippines was a question directed to-day to Secretary Garrison in the Senate by Senator Borah, who read a letter from Dean Worcester of the Philippines Government saying that slavery did exist in Manila and that the Philippine Assembly had declined to pass remedial legislation.

'ARE YOU A CROOK?' JUST MISSES FIRE

What Might Have Been Amusing Farce Is Spoiled by Too Much Haste in Production.

MISS CLARK DELIGHTFUL

Another Theatre, the Longacre, Opens with Good Company of Actors, Who Do as Well as Possible Under Difficult Conditions.

ARE YOU A CROOK? A farce in three acts, by William J. Hurlbut and Frances Whitehouse. Longacre Theatre.

Butler	Harry Barfoot
Mrs. Finch	Elita Proctor Otis
Bessie Livingston	Elizabeth Nelson
William Chandler	Scott Cooper
Julius Gildersleeve	Joseph Kilgour
Amy Herrick	Marguerite Clark
Arthur Daly	Forrest Winant
Fanny Fuller	Ivy Troutman
Ray Archer	Harry Stockbridge
Mr. Conway	George Fawcett
Mrs. McKey	Marion Ballou
First Policeman	Robert Taller
Second Policeman	Malcolm Lang

With an amusing idea, a good many funny lines, and some laughter provoking situations, "Are You a Crook?" gave temporary promise last night of providing a light entertainment that many people would like. To begin with, the little piece had timeliness in its parodying of the present popularity of crook plays. And being in that respect a sort of criticism of life, it seemed to give promise of fulfilling at least one of the requisites of comedy. But, alack and alas! though the fact is recognized that a theatre cannot be built in less than three weeks, even in this city of mushroom playhouse growth, the idea seems to prevail that once given a script, it may be shoveled and pitched on to the stage, whereupon the actors and the public will do the rest.

"Are You a Crook?" is not as deep as a well nor as broad as a barn door, but it is not too shallow to contain amusing possibilities and not too narrow to have provided a place on which much fun might have been tacked. In its present state, however, it fails most frequently to qualify as definite entertainment because it is in an unfinished state. The elimination of a line here, the addition of a line there, the introduction of motives that are lacking and, finally, some sort of definite purpose on the part of the authors, might have ultimated in a persistently amusing farce, always supposing that the piece had been rehearsed until the actors were glib in their parts and able to give that touch and go which were most distintly lacking last night.

For a little while—with Miss Marguerite Clark, bewitchingly pretty and fetching as a little lady mad about crook plays, and engaging in amateur burglary on her own account—it looked as if the developments might be most amusing. For having held up a chauffeur at the point of a revolver and stolen a lady's pearl necklace, she has come to discover that it is one of her own friends she has robbed, and that a detective is on the trail. Whereupon she is led to believe that the young man she loves and who is seeking to avert suspicion from her is in reality a crook, and goes forth clad now in boy's clothes to save him from the police. So far so good. But much of what is introduced in the second and third acts is foreign to the main idea, and in the end it appears as if the author himself had lost faith in his idea, and introduced a "moving-picture" scheme to forestall possible criticism of the inconsistencies.

Notwithstanding conditions which must have been most trying, Miss Clark played last night with a splendid sense of comic values and a sureness of touch that gave convincing testimony of what a really clever little artiste she is. She was distinctly better than her rôle, in which the laughs most frequently were due to the manner of the doing than the actual content. Elita Proctor Otis played a flashy lady with no end of flash, and justified appreciation, while George Fawcett made the most of rather slender material. Harry Stockbridge played so well that he occasioned regret that his was only a bit.

Joseph Kilgour, Ivy Troutman, Forrest Winant and Scott Cooper were other competent performers in a cast which in its entirety showed the results of that haste which spoils more things than matrimony.

A very pretty first act gave way to one which should prove a model for any one looking for a lesson on how not to furnish a room.

The new theatre is comfortable and attractive.

PEASANT PLAYERS APPEAR.

Oberammergau Actors Present Piece at Irving Place Theatre.

A troupe of German peasant players who styled themselves the "Oberammergauer Bauern-Theatre," opened an engagement at the Irving Place Theatre last night. This company and the nature of its performance was a reproduction of the present actors whose companies are very common in the German-speaking countries of the continent.

Last night's bill was "Der Prozesshansel," which proved just such a play as these companies usually present. It was slightly melodramatic in nature, illustrated the triumph of peasant virtue over landed greed, and was pleasantly interrupted by choral numbers at opportune moments. There was a zither trio, and during the intermissions the leading lady came down among the audience and sold picture postcards.

The whole formed an interesting evening's entertainment. The play was well acted, several of the actors showing considerable power both in the dramatic passages and the comedy. The musical part of the programme was enjoyable. The effect of novelty was heightened by the strong Bavarian Highlands dialect used, and the costumes that were almost perfect Tyrolese. The engagement is to last into next week.

"I Saltimbanchi" at Century.

The Angelini-Gattini Opera Company of Milan gave last night at the Century Theatre its first performance of "I Saltimbanchi," ("The Mountebanks.") This opera was performed here several times a few years ago by another Italian opera company. It is a tuneful and colorful opera, full of life, dealing with the adventures of four circus performers. Mme. Gattini played the part of Marion, one of the jugglers, and Signore Angelini was Malicorne, the circus owner. The opera is rich in comedy, wherein Signore Gargano, as the clown, appeared to good advantage. The audience was large and was very generous with applause. This opera will be repeated the remaining nights of this week and on Saturday afternoon.

Tea Dance at the Plaza.

The second of the tea dances under the patronage of Mrs. Alfred W. Wagstaff, Sr., Mrs. Robert A. Sands, Mrs. C. Grosvenor Wyeth, Mrs. Robert Appleton, Mrs. John Claflin, and Mrs. B. Ogden Chisolm, took place yesterday in the small ballroom of the Plaza. There were so many in attendance that it has been decided to have the third dance, on May 8, in the large ballroom.

Mrs. Harper to Tour in Europe.

Mrs. Ida Husted Harper is booked to sail to-morrow on the Carmania for a five-months' tour of Europe. She will go to The Hague as a Delegate to the International Council of Women, and later to Berlin, Dresden, Prague, Vienna and Budapest. With Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt she will travel in Russia and Turkey.

St. Paul Sails To-day.

Some of those booked to leave on the St. Paul to-day for Southampton are Mrs. C. A. Bennett, Mr. and Mrs Orville P. Blake, Miss Carla Dagmar, Miss Minnie Egener, Miss O. W. Fowler, B. Hawley, Percy Hoyt, Miss Virginia Hoyt, Miss A. Lewis, Mr. and Mrs. Martin Lester, and W. E. Martin.

SCHOOL LECTURERS DINE.

Curse is Off Their Profession, They Say, Now Wilson is President.

About 200 public lecturers, who have just completed courses in connection with the city schools, dined together last night at the Hotel Astor. They hailed President Wilson as the man "who took the curse off the schoolmastering profession," and applauded the calculation of a statistician who figured out that the work of the school teachers was just 500 times more efficient than that of New York policemen.

California's anti-Japanese legislation came in for serious comment by Frederic R. Coudert, whose law firm has long engaged in problems of international law.

"In one of our States we are witnessing to-day a recrudescence of the old parochialism," he said. "A State is forgetting that she belongs to a collective entity and has an obligation to see that the interests of the whole country are held to be larger than the interests of the parish, as it were. If our institutions are to govern us, as indeed they must, then we must institutionalize the minds of the people—teach them the aim and purpose of our institutions and how they may utilize these institutions to their benefit."

President Churchill of the Board of Education said it did not take any "bucolic friend from Wisconsin to tell us that the courses of study in our public schools are static and dead.

"We know they are dead," he went on, "but we of the present Board of Education believe that the attitude of previous administrations made them that way, and we are looking into the spiritual side of our problem as well as the temporal side."

QUEER BIRD SAVED AT SEA.

As the Hotel Imperial Can't Give It Worms, Pankie Is on Hunger Strike.

When the steamer Bermudian, which docked yesterday morning, was 300 miles from Bermuda, a long-legged land-bird, which none of the amateur ornithologists aboard could identify, fell exhausted on the deck. After a short rest it flew aloft and followed in the wake of the ship for a mile or so. Then it dipped down to the water and was soon lost sight of, but not for long. Two hours later it again came aboard, and this time to stay.

The hungry, weary bird made no attempt to escape from the engineer who caught it, who gave it to St. George Tucker, who is stopping at the Hotel Imperial with his strange bird.

"Pankie," so called after Mrs. Pankhurst, because it has gone on a hunger strike, steadily resisted forcible feeding yesterday afternoon, and not even the savor of fried shad roe could tempt it. It looks something like a raven on stilts, and has excessively long legs, brilliant black plumage, dark green wings edged with turquoise blue, a reddish brown bill and soulful eyes.

All yesterday afternoon "Pankie" held an informal reception in the parlor of the Imperial, where it was allowed to roam around free, and many came to view the unregistered guest and tried to guess its species.

Director Hornaday of the Bronx Zoo said over the telephone that from its description it might be a gallinule, and, if so, in addition to fish, it would need worms and insects to eat.

These delicacies are not on the Imperial's menu, so "Pankie" will be sent to Dr. Hornaday to be fed and watered, and between meals will hang in a cage in a window of the hotel, where it is stopping.

HORSES HAVE ROOF GARDEN

Mrs. James Speyer Tells of Lafayette Street Place of Rest for Horses.

The East Side Horse Owners' Protective Association held a meeting last night at the University Settlement, at which Mrs. James Speyer, President of what the east side people call the "High Society Women's Animal League," told of the work of her organization, including the horse roof garden now building at Bond and Lafayette Streets.

Mrs. Speyer described the purpose of her organization as different from those of the Humane Society and the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, and the men cheered her. Her society started as an auxiliary to the S. C. C. A., she explained, but become independent later, much to the relief of the latter organization, which, she said, felt itself stirred to too great activity.

Then Mrs. Speyer called attention to the new dispensary for horses of the Women's Animal League at 325 Lafayette Street, which was intended for the care of animals overcome in the streets. It had been termed a roof garden for horses, and was exactly that, "a place for horse recreation, placed on the roof for lack of ground space."

In introducing David Belais, President of the Humane Society, the President of the Horse Owners' Association, M. M. Frankel, did not hesitate to say that agents of that society often used their power to force payment from truckmen under threats of arrest. He condemned the practice of dividing the fines imposed upon horse owners with the society of the agent making the arrest.

The President of the accused society answered the charges and explained that there was no enmity between the Humane Society and the Horse Owners' Protective Association.

After Dr. J. Reid Blair, chief veterinarian of the Bronx Zoo, had lectured on sunstroke and heat exhaustion, Mr. Frankel pointed out that though the Horse Owners' Association had been formed to look after the betterment of horses as property, it had brought about more humane conditions by driving the horse thieves from their work. Often, he said, stolen horses were blinded or in other ways maimed so as not to be recognizable by their owners. In this way a $300 horse would have its value reduced to but $40, but could then be safely sold.

SOCIAL NOTES.

Mr. and Mrs. George D. Cross of 5 West Fifty-second Street are occupying their country place at Bernardsville, N. J., and will remain there until late in the Fall.

Mr. and Mrs. Everett L. Judkins and Miss Phoebe Judkins will sail to-morrow on the Olympic and will be abroad for several months. Upon their return they will live at 32 East Sixty-fourth Street.

Sir Alexander Lawrence of London is at the Hotel Gotham for a brief visit, also Mr. and Mrs. Gerard Lambert of Princeton, N. J.

Franklin S. Richardson, who is to marry Mis Caro Q. Brown on May 7, is giving his farewell bachelor dinner to-night at Delmonico's.

Mrs. Lawrence B. Elliman of 122 East Fifty-sixth Street gave a dinner and dance last night for her sister, Mrs. Mary E. Coppell Booth, whose engagement to Oliver De Lancey Coster has just been announced.

The students of the Finch School are to present Mrs. Austin's "The Arrow Maker" at the Aerial Theatre, atop the New Amsterdam Theatre, to-morrow evening, in aid of the Finch Day Nursery.

Dr. Reginald Ducat and Mrs. Ducat (Miss Louise Chalmers) have given up the house in Brooklyn they took in order that Dr. Ducat might be near his hospital work, and have gone to Long Island to spend a couple of months.

Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Wagstaff, Sr., have closed the apartment they had on Madison Avenue and have gone to their country place at Babylon, L. I.

Mrs. Henry S. Glover and the Misses Glover and G. Dawson Glover are closing their town house in Fifty-fourth Street, and are opening the Moorlands at Fairfield, Conn., next week.

The second of the tea dances at the Waldorf-Astoria managed by Miss Doane will be held this afternoon.

Mrs. Albert A. Young is opening her house, 19 East Fifty-fourth Street, this afternoon for the Junior Auxiliary of the New York Diet Kitchen, which is to give a vaudeville and dance, with a little playlet, at 3 o'clock for the benefit of the kitchen.

A small and informal dance will be held at the Brevoort this evening. Mrs. Gustavus Kirby, Mrs. S. Oakley Vanderpoel, and the Misses Marjorie Lamond, Therese Ingersoll, and Margaret French arranged it.

F. T. MARTIN'S BOOK PUT ON AS A PLAY

"Passing of the Idle Rich," Dramatized by Miss Townsend, at Garden Theatre.

DISCUSSES LABOR PROBLEM

Classification of the Play Puzzles Audience, Many of Whom Take It for a Comedy.

Margaret Townsend's play, "The Passing of the Idle Rich," which was produced at the Garden Theatre for the first time last night, was described on the programme as "an original drama in four acts, (not a dramatization,) embracing the capital and labor proposition as presented in the articles written by Frederick Townsend Martin." So far as last night is concerned, that lets the latter out. It is to be inferred that he is duly grateful.

It proved difficult to classify the play last night, for any one who wanted to go further than say it belonged in the great group of unnecessary drama. A great proportion of the audience took it for comedy, and kept insisting rather audibly that it was comedy all through the evening, though this was presumably not the author's intention.

The cast was not brilliant, but there were several of its large number who might have been able to give a good account of themselves if they had had better material. Ethel Valentine, as the heroine, took advantage of one of the small bits in her part at the end of one of the scenes, and was rewarded with the most sincere applause of the evening. Marie Burke, as the mother, was also capable, and Escamillo Fernandez, the leading man, did what he had to do fairly well.

The scenery and properties were very bad, and the stage management was of the type that allowed a whole wedding party to wander on the stage while the heroine was supposed to make her escape after marrying an English nobleman. Somebody realized the mistake and they shooed themselves off the stage, the girl duly escaped, and then they returned to take up the dialogue where it had been left off. It is probable that the passing of these particular idle rich will be swift.

BETTER B. R. T. SERVICE.

15-Minute Headway at Night to Bath Beach and Ulmer Park.

Several improvements are to be made on the B. R. T. lines beginning on May 7, as the result of hearings before Commissioner Williams. On the New Utrecht Avenue line the night train service to Bath Beach, Bensonhurst and Ulmer Park will be increased by cutting down the present thirty-minute headway to fifteen minutes. This will be managed by instituting a shuttle car service to Ulmer Park, which will connect with the Sea Beach trains at Sixty-second Street.

On the Culver line, from 6:45 to 7:50 o'clock in the morning rush hours a 7½-minute service will be maintained, and during the evening rush hours all short line trains stopping at Parkville will give free transfers to Coney Island. On both the Myrtle Avenue line, between Ridgewood and Metropolitan Avenue, and on the Broadway line, on trains for Brownsville and Canarsie, the headway after 1 o'clock in the morning will be reduced from thirty to twenty minutes.

TO RESTAGE GETTYSBURG.

Only, at Reunion, Contenders Will Meet with Handclasps.

Special to The New York Times.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., May 1.—Under a plan announced here to-night by Henry M. Howell, Union and Confederate veterans of the civil war, occupying the same ground and advancing upon each other as at the battle of Gettysburg, fifty years ago, will be seen at the great reunion to be held on that battlefield in July, with the difference that, instead of advancing with firearms, the veterans will meet with outstretched hands. New York State has appropriated $150,000 to send veterans to this reunion.

Mr. Howell, the author of the plan to restage the battle of Gettysburg on a practical basis, fought with the 124th New York Volunteers at Gettysburg. His suggestion is being endorsed by Grand Army posts throughout the State.

WASHINGTON, May 1.—Senator O'Gorman to-day introduced a bill to authorize the Secretary of War to give a medal to each surviving Union and Confederate soldier of the battle of Gettysburg. The bill would appropriate $30,000 for the purpose.

VOTE ON LABOR EXEMPTION.

Trade Bodies to Say if They Favor Union Immunity from Trust Law.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 1.—The Chamber of Commerce of the United States is canvassing commercial organizations throughout the country with a view to obtaining the opinion of business men in regard to the effort in Congress to enact legislation exempting labor organizations and farmers' alliances from prosecution under the anti-trust law.

The inquiry takes the form of a referendum on a resolution adopted by the Board of Directors of the Chamber, upon which a vote, affirmatively or negatively, is asked. The resolution follows:

> That it is the sense of this board that the provision in the Sundry Civil bill now before the United States Senate preventing the use of any part of the appropriation for the enforcement of anti-trust laws in the prosecution of special classes is a violation of the fundamental principles of equity and law enforcement. We object to the principle of having Congress exempt from prosecution any class of possible offenders under any law, toward which this provision is, in our opinion, a definite step, and we respectfully protest against its enactment into law.

The Chamber hopes to reach more than 200,000 members of 323 organizations.

New Telephone Control Bill.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, May 1.—Senator Fitzgerald's bill, remodeled with slight amendments, giving to the Public Service Commission of the First District control over telephone and telegraph companies in New York city, came before the Legislature again to-day, with the sympathy, if not the active support, of Gov. Sulzer. The bill was reintroduced and Senator Fitzgerald announced that the Governor had given an emergency message which would permit its passage under a suspension of the Legislature's important rules before the time for adjournment on Saturday. The bill has been amended so that the commission shall have control only over rates in New York City and rates which apply to calls from New York to outside points in the State.

AVIATORS LOSE AEROPLANES

Fire Destroys Five Hangars and Contents at Hempstead Plains.

Special to The New York Times.

GARDEN CITY, L. I., May 1.—Through fire which destroyed five hangars at the Hempstead Plains aviation field here this morning the total loss is estimated at $22,000. It was partly covered by insurance. There were many individual losses, which proved as pathetic as they were serious.

William Harper, Jr., who occupied No. 13, lost a splendid yellow monoplane, the largest on the field and in work upon which he had spent his entire Summer last year. More serious still was the loss to Walberg and Lawrence, who had put all they had into an aeroplane they have been working on for the last three years. Gustave Agerman lost a Curtis type biplane which he built himself and then taught himself to fly. He visited the hangar not long ago and announced his intention to quit the flying game. He said, however, that he intended to retain the hangar, as his boy wanted to learn to fly the coming season. F. P. Schneider lost only a few tools, as his machine was not in the shed when the fire occurred.

George Dyott, the well-known English aviator, was probably the most fortunate of all. He had just imported a monoplane from abroad and had removed it from one of the hangars that were burned to one formerly occupied by Miss Harriett Quimby.

MARRIED AT NIGHT COURT.

Well-Dressed Bridal Party Choose It to Avoid Publicity.

A large automobile rolled up to the entrance of the Men's Night Court last night and two handsomely gowned women and two men in evening dress got out. They asked the policeman at the door for Magistrate Campbell, who was sitting, and they were escorted into his private room, where it was announced that two of the party wished to be married. They had a marriage license issued yesterday to Charles F. Stoddard, 36 years old, an inventor, of 2,241 Sedgwick Avenue, the Bronx, and Miss Ethel Margaret Corbett, 24 years old, of 106 West Sixty-first Street.

Magistrate Campbell was about to start the ceremony when the bridegroom to be demanded that two reporters in the room be excluded. The Magistrate would not assent to this, and Stoddard said:

"We don't want reporters here. That's just the reaeson we have adopted this way to get married. We thought if we came here nobody would learn of it. We don't want our friends to know of it."

The Magistrate said the reporters had the right to be present, and after a few more protests on the part of Stoddard, the ceremony was performed. The couple with Stoddard and his bride signed their names as witnesses to the ceremony as Maud J. Wright and Courtenay M. Weaver.

It is understood that Miss Corbett was a nurse in Miss Alston's house for private patients, 26 West Sixty-first Street. Before going to the Night Court the wedding party had been to Chief Magistrate McAdoo and had asked him to perform the ceremony. He referred them to Magistrate Campbell.

FIND EVERHART HEIR INSANE

Estate Worth $500,000—Violent After Clever Testimony.

Special to The New York Times.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., May 1.—A Sheriff's jury sitting with a commission here to-day found Edwin E. Everhart, the only son and heir of the late Dr. Isaac F. Everhart of Scranton, Penn., an incompetent, incapable of caring for himself or his affairs. Everhart is the sole heir to an estate worth $500,000, held in trust by the Provident Life and Trust Company of Philadelphia.

Everhart was arrested in March in the Hotel Preston, New York City, for carrying a revolver, and after observation in Bellevue Hospital he was committed to Bloomingdale Asylum. He was formerly connected with the Dowd Lumber Company of New York, and was at one time a business associate of Charles H. Heinsohl of Mount Vernon. Dr. Gregory of Bellevue and Dr. Albert Durhan of Bloomingdale testified that Everhart was insane. He thinks he has persecutors who are "railroading" him to an asylum.

Everhart became violent after giving clever testimony for a half hour. His attendants had to overpower him.

Mrs. Sarah G. Everhart of 251 West Ninety-seventh Street, New York, his former wife, who obtained a separation a year ago, was in the courtroom but did not testify. She wept bitterly when Everhart's guards took him away. Dr. Isaac F. Everhart, the father, endowed the Everhart Museum of Natural History in Scranton. His son's early escapades were said to have hastened his end.

Hamburg-American in Brooklyn.

The Hamburg-American Line announced yesterday that, beginning with the sailing of the steamship Hamburg on May 20, all the Mediterranean steamers will sail from the company's new pier, at the foot of Thirty-third Street, South Brooklyn. The second-cabin steamships Pretoria and Pennsylvania will sail for Hamburg from the same pier.

Obituary Notes.

Miss ADA WHITE, a buyer for A. D. Matthews's Sons, where she had been employed twenty-nine years, died on Wednesday in her home, 157 Prospect Place, Brooklyn.

Mrs. JOSEPHINE TURNER, widow of Henry Turner, died on Wednesday in her home, 209 Walworth Street, Brooklyn, aged 60 years. She was a direct descendant of the Van Zile family, early settlers in the State.

Miss ADELINE WHITTEMORE TORREY, founder of the State Society of the Daughters of the Revolution, died at East Orange yesterday.

Mrs. ERNEST ZANTZINGER, mother of George Wharton Pepper, died at her country home at St. David's, near Philadelphia, yesterday.

W. C. PATTERSON of Los Angeles, Cal., died in Naples yesterday.

CHRISTY CHURCHILL, said to be the last member of the racing family from which Churchill Downs derived its name, is dead in his home at Lexington, Ky.

SIMON BRUENN, a retired dry goods broker, who resided at 12 Woodlawn Avenue, New Rochelle, died on Wednesday, aged 80.

JOHN A. SLOANE, 70 years old, Pier Superintendent for the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, died on Wednesday in his home, 26 Vandam Street.

Col. WILLIAM HENRY HARRISON, 71 years old, formerly President of the Creswell Iron Works in Philadelphia, is dead in the home of his daughter in Baltimore, Mrs. Howard O. Price.

MILTON J. PALMER, 85 years old, inventor of the "humane" stock car, is dead in Detroit, Mich.

EDGAR RANDOLPH PEARSALL, 58 years old, of the Pearsall News Bureau of New York City, died at his home at Westfield, N. J., yesterday. Mr. Pearsall for a number of years was on the commercial staff of The Evening Post.

The Rev. CHARLES HERBERT SCHOLEY, 41 years old, pastor of the First Presbyterian Church of Freeport, L. I., and Chaplain of the Volunteer Fire Department of that place, died early yesterday at Oceanside, L. I.

JOHN F. CAHILL, 57 years old, died late Wednesday night at his home, Paterson, N. J. For over twenty years he had practiced law in Passaic County.

Father PATRICK J. POWERS, rector of the Church of the Precious Blood, at Monmouth Beach, N. J., died suddenly of heart failure yesterday.

People Are Not Naturally Grouchy They Are Only Constipated

In the days gone by every man with a grouch was considered bilious. There is more truth than fiction in that. The remedy was always a cathartic, and the grouch was transferred into a happy person. Now, why? Biliousness is a constipation of the Liver—the bile does not move and the result is Constipation of the bowels. This stagnation causes a distribution of poisonous matter throughout the system, which means sickness.

YOU CAN'T be happy and constipated. When you awaken with a heavy head and yellow skin, and coated tongue, act at once. Take a laxative which works within one hour or so without further discomfort and you are saved a day of grouchiness.

HUNYADI JANOS WATER is a Natural laxative, speedy, sure and gentle—a friend to the Constipated. ½ glass in the morning or any time on an empty stomach. Get a bottle from any Druggist.

JULIA SANDERSON TESTIFIES

Accuses Her Maid of Stealing Bracelet Worth $4,000.

Julia Sanderson, the actress, at present appearing in the "Sunshine Girl," was the principal witness before Judge Crain in General Sessions yesterday during the trial of Cora Brine, a former maid of Miss Sanderson, who is on trial for stealing a bracelet valued at $4,000 from her.

Miss Sanderson testified that, while she was stopping at the Willard Hotel in Washington, D. C., on Feb. 2, the maid opened her trunk and took the bracelet. Detective Boyle testified that the defendant gave the diamonds the bracelet held to a negro named Pierce, who pawned them for less than $100. The trial will be continued to-day.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Engaged.

SAGER—DUCKERS.—Esther M. Duckers to the Rev. W. Sager.

Married.

BOOKHOUT—DINGMAN.—On Wednesday, April 30, at the First Reformed Church, Ridgewood, N. J., by the Rev. Dr. George Francis Greene, assisted by the Rev. J. A. Van Neste, Clarissa Adams Bookhout, daughter of Edward Bookhout, to Dr. Thomas Alva Dingman of Paterson, N. J.

IRWIN—McALPIN.—On Wednesday, April 30, 1913, at the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church, by the Rev. Dr. J. H. Jowett, Gladys Close, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William W. McAlpin, to William Fletcher Irwin.

RIGGS—COUDERT.—At the residence of her mother, April 30, 1913, by the Rev. Mgr. Lavelle, Miss Renee Coudert, daughter of Mrs. Elizabeth Coudert, to Mr. Thomas Riggs, Jr., of Washington, D. C.

CONNOR—THURBER.—April 30, Jeannette Thurber to Washington E. Connor.

SCHMITT—WHITE.—April 29, Gertrude L. White to Henry M. Schmitt.

Brooklyn.

EVERETT—WITHSTANDLEY.—April 30, Mildred L. Withstandley to S. Kendrick Everett, Jr.

GOLDENBAUM—KLAPPROTH.—April 26, Marie Klapproth to Harry C. Goldenbaum.

NORTON—MORRIS.—April 29, Eleanor Morris to Dennis Norton.

ZARBOE—MANNING.—April 30, Ethel A. Manning to Charles W. Zarboe.

Newark.

DOYLE—WRIGHT.—April 30, Elizabeth Wright to Charles Doyle.

KLEIN—ARRANTS.—April 30, Ellen Arrants to John Klein.

OTTEN—HAMILTON.—April 25, Josephine M. Hamilton to Henry J. Otten.

Westchester.

WILCOX—GIBNEY.—April 27, Ossining, Isabelle Gibney to Oliver W. Wilcox.

Died.

BRUENIM.—On Wednesday, April 30, 1913, Simon Bruenim, in the 81st year of his age. Funeral services at his late residence, 12 Woodland Av., New Rochelle, N. Y., Thursday evening at 7:45. Interment private.

CALVERT.—On April 30, 1913, in her 87th year, Emily Haviland, widow of James A Calvert of Cortland, N. Y. Funeral at Cortland Saturday, May 3, at 2 P. M.

COYLE.—On May 1, Anthony Coyle, in his 51st year, at 1,851 Harrison Av. Funeral from Church of The Holy Spirit, Aqueduct and Burnside Avs., Saturday, May 3, at 9:30.

CRAWFORD.—On April 30, very suddenly, Mr. Alfred Lane Crawford, at his late residence, 383 Central Park West. Omit flowers.

CURRIE.—At her late residence, 231 East 50th St., on Wednesday, April 30, 1913, Emma A. Currie, wife of the late Theodore L. Currie of Newark, N. J. Funeral services will be held in the chapel of the Fifth Avenue Baptist Church, No. 8 West 46th St., New York City, Saturday, May 3, at 10 A. M. Interment at Springfield, N. J.

CURRIE.—On Wednesday, April 30, Katherine T. Currie. Services will be held at her late residence, 238 East 36th St., on Friday evening at 8 P. M. Funeral Saturday, May 3, at 10 A. M. Interment Woodlawn.

FISCHER.—David, beloved husband of Rachel Fischer, father of Edna and Robert, on Wednesday, April 30, 1913, in his 50th year. Funeral services will be held at his late residence, 990 East 19th St., Manhattan Terrace, Brooklyn, on Friday, May 2, at 2 P. M. Interment Washington Cemetery.

HAMPTON.—At East Orange, N. J., on Tuesday, April 29, 1913, Edwin A. Hampton, aged 49 years. Funeral services willl be held at his late home, 56 Vernon Terrace, East Orange, N. J., on Friday, May 2, at 2 P. M.

HARRIS.—Suddenly, Wednesday morning, April 30, 1913, Etta Harris, (nee Sturtz,) beloved wife of Uriah Harris, mother of David and Harriet, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Max Sturtz, sister of Sam, Moe, and Theodore J. Sturtz and Goldie Egelhoff. Funeral from her late residence, 29 Elinor Place, Caryl, Yonkers, Friday, May 2, at 11 A. M. Take Broadway Subway to end of line and car to Caryl Av. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited. Kindly omit flowers.

KAHN.—On May 1, 1913, in his 80th year, Hermann Kahn, M. D., beloved husband of Isabella (nee Kastor) and father of Clara J. Stein, Joseph H., Otto C., Eugene W., and William B. Funeral services from his late residence, 158 East 74th St., on Sunday, May 4, at 9:30 A. M. Interment private.

KIERNAN.—On April 30, 1913, Elizabeth, daughter of the late Mary and Edward Kiernan. Funeral Saturday, May 3, from her late residence, 46 West 93d St., 9 A. M. Requiem mass Church of Ascension, West 107th St., at 9:30 A. M. Interment Kingston, N. Y.

LARCHAR.—On Thursday, May 1, after a short illness, Frank M., beloved husband of Blanche Larchar, at his late residence, 530 West 122d St. Funeral private.

LEOSER.—On Thursday, May 1, Charles McKnight Leoser, in his 43d year. Services at his late residence, 421 Tillow Road, South Orange, N. J., on Sunday, May 4, at 3:30 P. M. Carriages will be in waiting upon arrival of Lackawanna train leaving Hoboken at 2:15 P. M., arriving South Orange 2:35. Interment private. Scranton, Penn., papers please copy.

LOCKMAN.—At Windham, Conn., April 30, in the 74th year of her age, Mary Tainter Abbe, wife of the late Jacob K. Lockman, and daughter of the late George Abbe and Charlotte Hackstaff. Funeral service will be held at Windham, Conn., on Saturday morning, May 3. Interment at Woodlawn Cemetery Saturday afternoon. Special train for relatives and friends desiring to attend will leave Grand Central depot Saturday 2:30 P. M. Those desiring to send flowers may send them to the residence of Mrs. John T. Lockman, 140 West 73d St. St. Paul, Minn., papers please copy.

MEIGS.—On Wednesday, April 30, at her residence in New York City, Lucia Jacobs Meigs, wife of the late Titus B. Meigs. Funeral at 16 East 65th St., on Friday, May 2, at 4:30 P. M. Burial at convenience of the family.

MERCHANT.—On Thursday, May 1, 1913, James Hicks, in his 96th year. Service from the residence of his daughter, Mrs. Jessie M. Dunn, 203 West 102d St., New York, Saturday evening, at 8 o'clock. Interment Rural Cemetery, Albany, N. Y.

MOODY.—On April 30, in her 90th year, Emma F., daughter of the late Henry and Mary Moody. Funeral from her late residence, 750 East 178th St., New York, on Friday, May 2, at 11 A. M.

MOORHEAD.—Margaret, widow of William Henry Moorhead, May 1, at 501 West 178th St. Notice of funeral later. Please omit flowers.

NORRIS.—At East Orange, N. J., May 1, 1913, Fred W. Norris, aged 45 years. Funeral from his late residence, 56 Sheppard Av., May 2, 7 P. M.

O'HARA.—Catherine, widow of the late James F. O'Hara, and beloved mother of James and Frances O'Hara. Funeral from her late residence, 1,938 Webster Av., on Saturday, May 3, at 9:30 A. M., thence to St. Joseph's Church, 10 A. M., where solemn requiem mass will be celebrated. Interment in Calvary. Automobile cortege.

PAFFARD.—On Thursday, May 1, at Southport, Conn., Howard Thomas Paffard, M. D., son of Walter H. and Henrietta V. Paffard, in the 26th year of his age. Funeral services at the residence of his parents, Southport, Conn., on Saturday, May 3, at 10:30 A. M.

PEARSALL.—Edgar Randolph, at his home, May 1, 1913. Funeral services at the First Methodist Episcopal Church, Westfield, N. J., at 4 P. M. Saturday. Interment at Fairview Cemetery.

POWERS.—Lawrence, aged 40. Funeral from "THE FUNERAL CHURCH," 241 West 23d, (Frank Campbell Building.) Automobile cortege.

SAWYER.—On Thursday, May 1, Madison P. Masonic services at 316 Euclid Av., Brooklyn, Saturday, 8 P. M. Interment private.

STRAUB.—Gustave A., at Hawthorne, N. Y., April 30, suddenly, of apoplexy. Funeral service will be held at his residence Saturday, May 3, 2 P. M. Interment at Kensico Cemetery.

TAYLOR.—On Thursday, May 1, 1913, Louisa C., beloved wife of George Taylor, at her late residence, 367 Webster Av., Jersey City. Funeral services will be held at the First Presbyterian Church, Palisade Av. and Hague St., West Hoboken, N. J., Saturday, May 3, at 10:30 A. M. Interment private.

Died.

TAYLOR.—At Paterson, N. J., on Tuesday, April 29, 1913, Mary Hale, widow of Joseph, in her 69th year. Funeral service on Friday, May 2, at the home of her son, John G. Taylor, 238 Hummer St., Paterson, at 2 P. M. Kindly omit flowers.

TORREY.—Suddenly, on May 1, 1913, at her residence, 15 Evergreen Place, East Orange, N. J., Addeline W., daughter of the late Samuel W. Torrey and Catharine Coggill Torrey. Funeral services at Grace Church, Orange, N. J., Saturday morning, May 3, 1913, at 11 o'clock.

WILLARD.—Suddenly, on April 29, at her late residence, 585 Park Place, Brooklyn, Mary Catherine, widow of Charles Frederick Willard, and daughter of the late John T. Moore. Services Friday evening, 8 o'clock, Church of St. Matthew, McDonough St. and Tompkins Av., Brooklyn. Please omit flowers.

BROSMAN.—Daniel T., 860 5th Av., April 29.

BURKE.—Rose, 26 Perry St., April 30. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

COLEMAN.—Bridget, 293 East 135th St., April 25, aged 60.

CONNELLY.—James P., 120 Bradhurst Av., April 29. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

CUDDEBACK.—Clinton G., 315 West 13th St., April 30, aged 39.

DALY.—Jessie, 497 East 138th St., April 30. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

DARNEY.—Ellen, 201 West 146th St., April 30.

DWYER.—Frances, 63 East 122d St., April 29, aged 4.

EAGAN.—David D., 4 Hancock Place, Bronx, April 29. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

EICHOLZ.—Matilda, April 30. Funeral 120 East 116th St., to-day, 9:30 A. M.

FRENCH.—Catherine, 210 East 25th St., April 29.

GROSSMAN.—Fannie, 1,073 Fox St., Bronx, April 30, aged 65.

HOLT.—John J., 354 East 66th St., April 29. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

KEARNEY.—Timothy, 326 West 17th St., April 29. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

KEIRNS.—Annie, 144 West 130th St., April 29. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

KNEIB.—Barbara, 320 East 90th St., April 30, aged 68. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.

LISSNER.—Elizabeth, 531 East 88th St., April 30. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

McPARTLAND.—Eugenie, 100 East 124th St., April 30. Funeral to-morrow, 10:30 A. M.

MEIGHAN.—Joseph F., 147 Tinton Av., Bronx, April 29. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

MILLEMAN.—Margaret, 441 West 34th St., April 28. Funeral to-day, 11 A. M.

MOORE.—Annie E., 11 West 115th St., April 30. Funeral May 4, 2 P. M.

MURPHY.—James J., April 30, aged 67. Funeral 628 10th Av., to-day, 2 P. M.

O'NEILL.—Mary E., 1,027 East 167th St., April 29. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

SIEMAN.—Elizabeth, 464 East 135th St., April 28, aged 72. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

STONE.—John A., 26 Vandam St., April 30. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

SMITH.—Robert, 215 West 123d St., April 30, aged 80. Funeral to-morrow.

STACKFLETH.—Paul A., 460 West 141st St., April 30, aged 48. Funeral private.

WALKER.—Wilhelmina, 1,161 Forest Av., Bronx, April 29. Funeral private.

Brooklyn.

ALTMAN.—Charles, 359 Humboldt St., April 28, aged 44. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

BETTER.—Peter S., 485 Hudson Av., April 29, aged 52. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

BOCKMAN.—Marion, 561 Clinton St., April 29. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.

BOYCE.—Francis, 8,311 Ridge Boulevard, April 30. Funeral private.

BROWN.—Emily, 194 Van Buren St., May 1. Funeral service to-day.

BURROWS.—James, 15 East 32d St., April 30. Funeral to-day.

BYRNE.—Frederick J., 378 Park Place, April 30, aged 5. Funeral to-day

COLLINS.—Michael H., 60 Joralemon St., May 1. Funeral to-morrow.

DUDLEY.—Adelaide B., 1,111 Dean St., May 1. Funeral private.

EBINGER.—Joseph F., St. Catharine's Hospital, April 29.

EGER.—Mathilde, 112 Pulaski St., May 1. Funeral notice later.

FERRICK.—John, St. Peter's Hospital, April 29, aged 43.

FOX.—John T., 857 7th Av., May 1. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.

FRANKER.—David, 1 Lincoln Place, May 1. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

GERAHTY.—Norah, Kings County Hospital, April 29, aged 35. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

GIRARDIN.—Emil, 143 Lott St., April 28. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.

HARRIS.—Ruth A., 428 63d St., April 29, aged 18 months. Funeral service to-day.

HUDSON.—Edward M., Williamsburg Hospital, April 30, aged 31. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

JAMESON.—Robert, 590 Quincy St., April 29, aged 40.

JONES.—John T., 1,240 Madison St., April 30, aged 57. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

JONES.—Mary T., Sterling St. and Nostrand Av., April 29, aged 35. Funeral to-day.

KOEBEL.—Charles, 259 Eckford St., April 29, aged 52. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

KENNELY.—Jane, 234 Sackett St., April 29. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

KESSLER.—Catharine, 158 Bleecker St., April 30, aged 23.

McGOLDRICK.—Mamie S., 527 Humboldt St., April 30. Funeral to-morrow, 9 A. M.

MAIN.—Annie E., 141 Cumberland St., April 30, aged 72.

MASON.—Susan G., 703 Franklin Av., May 1, aged 69. Funeral service to-day.

MEAD.—Margaret, Kings County Hospital, April 30. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

MORRELL.—Nellie, April 30. Funeral 411 Atlantic Av.

NORTON.—William J., 207 8th Av., April 30.

QUINN.—Mary, 351 Macon St., May 1. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.

QUIRK.—Phillip, 262 Withers St., April 29. Funeral to-day, 11 A. M.

REGAN.—Delia, 259 Adam St., April 30, aged 35. Funeral to-day

SANDALL.—Annie, 59 South Portland Av., April 30. Funeral service to-day.

SCOTT.—Henry T., 10 Willow St. May 1, aged 77.

SUTTON.—Sarah C., 595 Franklin Av., May 1. Funeral service to-day.

UHLENBROCK.—John, 100 16th St., April 28, aged 58.

WILLETS.—Samuel P., Sr., 890 Bedford Av., April 29. Funeral private

Hoboken, Jersey City, and Newark.

BOHNERT.—John, 148 Fairmount Av., Newark, May 1. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

BURNETT.—Robert, Newark, April 29, aged 45. Funeral to-morrow.

CORCORAN.—Mary, 281 Woodside Av., Newark, April 29. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

DOHLINGER.—Joseph C., Jersey City, April 30, aged 45.

FITZGERALD.—Mary L., 187 Johnson St., Newark, April 20. Funeral service to-day.

GORRY.—Thomas R., 231 Arlington Av., Jersey City, April 30, aged 37.

HARRISON.—John, 13 Prince St., Newark, April 30.

HATCH.—Mark, 166 North 19th St., Newark, April 29.

LOEFFLER.—Lillian P., 16 High St., West Hoboken, April 30.

MOORE.—Bridget, 303 Summit Av., Jersey City, April 30. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.

MORAN.—Mary, Jersey City, April 30, aged 30. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

PIEL.—August, 631 Washington St., Hoboken, April 29, aged 37.

PLANER.—Hortense S., 21 Bowery St., Newark, April 30, aged 7 months.

RIBLE.—Frederick, Jersey City, April 29. Funeral to-day.

SCHMIDT.—Anna T., Jersey City, April 29, aged 22.

WALSH.—Thomas, 43 Lentz Av., Newark, April 30.

Long Island.

DUANE.—James J., Elmhurst, April 30. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

ENGELFINGER.—William, Woodside, April 29, aged 66.

LEUFFER.—Agnes E., Amityville, April 30.

STOUT.—John T., Huntington, 342 East 5th St., April 29, aged 85. Funeral to-day.

Westchester County.

MORRIS.—Bertha M., Yonkers, April 30, aged 47. Funeral to-morrow, 2:30 P. M.

ROOS.—Charles J., 63 Flerriot St., Yonkers, April 29.

In Memoriam.

McCLEAN.—Ann. Mass Holy Name Church to-day, 9:30 A. M.

McENROE.—Mathues. Mass St. Columba's Church, Newark, N. J., to-day, 8 A. M.

McNULTY.—William. Mass St. Ignatius Loyola's Church to-day, 9 A. M.

WARD.—Lillian P. Mass Church of Our Lady of Good Counsel, Newark, N. J., to-day, 9 A. M.

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Show Vigorous Recovery in Response to Better European News.

It was an open question how far yesterday's vigorous upturn in the stock market was due to the factors upon which a few observers of the market formed the belief on Wednesday that a recovery was imminent, and how far it was due to the favorable character of the news from abroad. Undoubtedly the latter played an important part in improving sentiment or, at least, in prompting heavy covering of short commitments. Without reference, however, to the change for the better in the European political outlook, the market had for several days been giving signs of increasing resistance to the continued pressure to which it was being subjected. It seems fair, then, to diagnose yesterday's movement as due to the market having gotten into an oversold condition in which it responded in a very emphatic way to the news from Europe that harmony of action among the powers in respect to Montenegro will continue, and probably to effective purpose, inasmuch as the dispatches indicated that King Nicholas was paving the way to ultimate submission to the will of the powers. Private advices received during the morning from banking quarters abroad informed the market here of this more hopeful aspect of the Balkan situation, and it needed but this stimulation to turn prices upward after some new low prices for the year had been made in the first hour of trading. The markets abroad were closed in observance of Ascension Day, so ours was the only one in which this better political news was reflected in the prices of securities. Europe's international political problems have not been fully cleared up as yet, but one acute phase of that situation has been favorably resolved, and this naturally strengthens the ground for the expectation that the problem will ultimately be solved without a breach in the harmony which has up to this time prevailed among the powers. This has been maintained, not withstanding the popular pressure which some of the governments have had to resist in their adherence to the policy of united action by the powers.

In considering from a closer point of view the results of yesterday's trading on the Stock Exchange, it was a fair assumption from all the facts in the case that a good deal of the strength in the leading issues was due to short covering. The decline in call money rates to 2 per cent., after some calling of loans in the morning had caused the renewal rate to rise to 3 per cent., was not suggestive of any large increase in the prospective demand for money because of purchases of stock for the long account. But the improvement in prices was by no means limited to those issues in which a short interest of substantial proportions was believed to exist. It extended, on the contrary, to many others in which there had been little or no speculative activity on the short side. Investment issues which had suffered along with other stocks were among those which showed good gains yesterday. In the bond market, too, there were some gains of noteworthy proportions, although the strictly investment demand did not appear to have expanded to any large extent.

The prospective release to the market of $10,000,000 which now forms part of the idle cash in the Treasury vaults was one item of the day's news which bore favorably upon the affairs of the money market. In a remote way the same may be said of the indications from Albany that the Governor would not give his approval to the bill which proposed to fix a limit of 10 per cent. on the rates for call loans. That would be an interference with the natural working of the money market which could do no good and might do a great deal of harm. It was satisfactory, therefore, to feel that this proposal would go by the board. There was some disappointment among bankers over the decision of the Secretary of the Treasury to charge interest on the money held by the active depositaries. It was argued that the banks being already under obligation to pledge Government or other bonds as security for money received from the Treasury, and as they are called upon to do much work in connection with the handling of Treasury accounts under the recently adopted change in Treasury methods in respect to the cashing of warrants, there was little ground on which to base a charge for interest on money deposited by the Treasury in these active accounts.

From another point of view, of course, the general reserve position of the banks will be strengthened by the transfer of $10,000,000 cash to the banks. Such addition to bank reserves may be even more needed later in the year than at present, but possibly the Treasury under the new regulation in regard to the payment of interest on deposits will feel freer than in the past to increase Government deposits in the National banks at times when cash is much needed for reserve purposes. That reserves are relatively low at present is shown by the summary of the National bank returns under the call of April 4 published yesterday. Between April 4 and the date of the previous call, Feb. 4, the loans and discounts of the National banks increased by about $53,000,000, while their cash holdings decreased $45,000,000. The tendency here indicated is in keeping with that shown in previous recent returns of the National banks. Correctives are being applied to the credit position, but they had not yet become sufficiently effective at the date of this latest report by the National banks to prevent a further decline in the percentage of reserve. This stood on April 4 at 20.44 per cent. Two months earlier it stood at 20.91 per cent., and at the corresponding call last year at 21.30 per cent.

The railroads in the trunk line territory outlined in more detail yesterday their plan to obtain an increase of 5 per cent. in freight rates. The movement thus begun will probably become a market influence of large proportions later on. Certainly it will do so if the effort to get higher rates is successful. As expected, the railroads refused yesterday the demands of the conductors and trainmen for higher wages. The increase in rates which is being sought is more than justified; the railroads argue, by the increases in wages and other additions to expenses which have been made since the commission refused an advance two years ago.

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Wednesday. Bid.	Asked.
4½s..May, 1957, int..	101¼	102	101¼	101¾
4½s..Nov., 1957, int..	101½	102	101¼	101¾
4½s..May, 1917, int..	100⅞	101½	100⅞	101½
4½s..Nov., 1917, int..	100⅞	101½	100⅞	101½
4¼s..Mar., '30-'60, int.	96⅛	96⅝	96⅛	96⅝
4¼s..Mar., 1962, int..	95¾	96	95½	95⅞
4¼s..Sept., 1960, int.	95¾	96	95½	95⅞
4s..May, 1959, int..	92½	93	91¾	92½
4s..Nov., 1958, int..	92⅛	93	92	93
4s..May, 1957, int..	92⅛	93	92	93
4s..Nov., 1956, reg.	90	92	90	92
4s..Nov., 1955, reg.	90	92	90	92
4s..Nov., 1936, reg.	90	95	90	95
4s..1918-1919, int.	97	100	97	100
3½s..Nov., 1954-5, int.	82¼	83¾	82	83
3½s..May, 1954, coup.	82	83	81	83
3½s..1950-1954, reg...	80½	82	80	82

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

When Stocks Are Down.

It is sometimes remarked by close observers that when Wall Street is bullish its enthusiasm and faith in the future know no bounds, and that when it is bearish the country is headed for perdition and every one ought to know it. In other words, too many traders lack the judicial mind that would enable them to place factors in their proper relation to the scheme of things. Given a number of unfavorable indications, the market will generally discount them. After the readjustment the very fact that prices have declined is taken as a sign of coming trouble, and there is a further slump. After a number of weeks of almost uninterrupted declines, stocks look high to the man who would have bought them 20 points higher had sentiment been bullish at that time. An active Stock Exchange house commented yesterday on the fact that most issues were down from 20 to 40 points, and practically at the lowest level for two years, and that this very situation was the best argument of the bears for a further slump. "Sentiment has long been bearish, and sentiment plays a more or less important part in governing prices, but in the long run values count, and after a prolonged decline the market invariably rises in the face of a great preponderance of bearish sentiment," said this house. "The pessimists have increased as prices declined, and sight has been lost of the many favorable factors, not the least of which is the present crop outlook."

⁂

Yield at Recent Prices.

On the basis of dividend returns many issues are undoubtedly cheap, but there is a widespread impression that they will be cheaper, and the ordinary investor has a feeling that he will be able to pick the bottom. When he succeeds in so doing it is through chance rather than the result of his wisdom. Some men follow the chart diagrams, but charts have an unfortunate habit of forecasting every movement except the particular one to which the player trusts his money. Then something which never happened before upsets the draughtsman's theory. The activity in yesterday's market was credited in part to the occasional investor who decided that prices were low enough for investment purposes. At the present prices Lehigh Valley, paying 10 per cent., yields about 6.6 per cent; Northern Pacific, paying 7 per cent., returns 6.1 per cent.; Atchison, paying 6 per cent., yields the same; Southern Pacific, a 6 per cent. stock, yields 6.2 per cent.; Brooklyn Rapid Transit, a 5 per cent. issue, 5.6 per cent.; Southern Railway preferred, paying 5 per cent., yields 6.6 per cent., and St. Paul, now on a 5 per cent. basis, yields 4.7 per cent. Among the industrials it is possible to get a higher return, Amalgamated returning over 8 per cent. and numerous others more than 7 per cent.

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Signs of Summer.

With the arrival of warm weather the corner of Wall and Broad Streets is again in demand for a good share of each day by speakers with a message for the financial district. Following the regular noonday service by "Bishop" Wilkinson yesterday a youthful supporter of the woman suffrage movement addressed the usual crowd of idlers for two hours. If there is any power in modern oratory the Wall Street messenger boy should be a rabid partisan of the suffragettes

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Substantial Upturn of Prices.

The vigorous buying movement in yesterday's stock market resulted in the most substantial recovery of prices in any session since that of March 25. In early trading hesitancy in taking on fresh commitments was apparent among professional operators of both sides, owing largely to the fact that the three major exchanges of Europe were closed. The distinct change in the broad sentiment toward stocks which occurred in the second hour of business, after cable messages from London brought reassuring news regarding the Balkan situation, stood in marked contrast to the Wall Street state of mind when business first got under way, and in still greater contrast to the bearish feeling prevalent in the closing days of April. Prices turned rapidly upward in the early afternoon, although the advance was checked from time to time by waves of what appeared to be further short selling. The short sales were, however, so much more than offset by short covering and buying for the long account that the occasional backward steps of prices were of small moment. The real character of the market was one of well-sustained strength.

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Rumely Stocks Turn About.

The Rumely stocks made reparation for some of the numerous days of the year in which they sold off persistently, by scoring the largest advances of the list, with the exception of Canadian Pacific common and second preferred and American Tobacco. Rumely preferred closed with a net advantage for the day of 5⅞, and the common gained 5 points. While the closing out of short contracts was considered the prime factor in causing the reverse movement, the impression had gained ground in the Street in the past few days that the company will not have to go through the drastic change of mangement and finances that has lately been rumored. The bankers most closely identified with its affairs have made public no information as to the future policy to be pursued in regard to dividends and the raising of necessary working capital, but denial from well-informed sources appeared yesterday to a published statement that $5,000,000 collateral notes were to be issued, secured by notes given by farmers for implements purchased.

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Importance of Farmers' Notes.

Discussion of the Rumely Company lately has brought especial attention to the item in annual reports of companies making agricultural machinery set forth as "Bills Receivable." They are farmers' notes, for the most part, and are generally placed to run from one to two years. There is nothing unusual in this method of financing farming operations, any more than there is in the issuance of ordinary commercial notes, but the paper put out by farmers is generally of small denomination and supplies a commentary on the extent of a company's business when the "bills receivable" account is large. When the International Harvester Company applied to the Stock Exchange to have its stock listed this account amounted to $80,000,000, and the notes represented in the total were said to average no more than $62 each. A commercial paper broker pointed out yesterday that, while collections on farmers' notes were often slow, the average loss was shown by statistics compiled in different Western States to be no higher than 2 per cent.

CITY BONDS OVER COUNTER.

Small Investors Take Large Part of Philadelphia 4s.

PHILADELPHIA, May 1.—Approximately $1,000,000 worth of the new 4 per cent. city loan of $7,000,000, of which $3,500,000 is offered now, was sold "over the counter" on this, the opening day of the sale. About half of these bonds were taken by small investors, in subscriptions running from a single bond of $100 up to large amounts. In all there were 161 subscribers to-day. The largest single sale was to the city sinking fund, which took $250,000 of the new loan.

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Curb Trading Moderate—Prices Advance—Bonds Quiet and Higher.

Transactions in unlisted securities yesterday were in moderate volume. Prices advanced. United Cigar Stores was the most active industrial and closed at 87¾, ex dividend, an advance of 1¼ points. Bonds were quiet, with New York City 4¼s of 1962 selling at 95⅝, a gain of ¼.

⁂

Transactions reported yesterday were:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
2,000	Br.-Am. Tob..	23⅛	23⅜	23	23
110	Brown Shoe pf.	87½	88½	87½	88½
100	Cluett-Pe. pf.	97	97	97	97
100	Houston Oil..	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛	18¼
1,500	Man. Tran...	1 7-16	1½	1 7-16	1 7-16
200	Pueb. S. & R.	2½	2½	2½	2½
70	St. Oil of N.J.	342	346	342	346
3,500	†Un. Cig. St. Co. of Am.	86½	88	86⅛	87¾
20	Un. Cig. St. Co. of Am. pf.	109⅝	109⅝	109⅝	109⅝

MINING STOCKS

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
200	Alaska Cop...	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛
1,500	Alaska G. M.	10⅝	11⅜	10⅝	11⅜
100	Bessie G. Dr.	15¾	15¾	15¾	15¾
100	Bes. G. D. pf.	13½	13½	13½	13½
600	*Big Four....	80	80	80	80
2,200	Braden Cop...	7⅜	7⅝	7⅜	7⅝
100	Br.-Col. Cop.	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝
3,900	Can. Gd.-Sil..	20	20	19	19
1,500	*C. O. D. Con.	6	6	6	6
500	Con. Ar. Sm.	5-16	5-16	5-16	5-16
1,500	Dav.-Daly C.	2⅝	2 9-16	2⅜	2 7-16
1,000	*Dia. Bl. B..	3½	3½	3½	3½
8,000	El Paso Con.	3⅜	3⅜	3	3¼
200	Florence	41	41	40	40
1,300	Giroux Min..	2 3-16	2 5-16	2 3-16	2 5-16
545	Greene-Can...	6⅞	6⅞	6¾	6¾
1,000	*Greenwater...	5	5	5	5
500	Mason Valley	6¼	6½	6¼	6¼
150	McK.-D.	1 15-16	1 15-16	1 15-16	1 15-16
270	Nevada Hills..	1	1 1-16	1	1
500	Nipissing M..	8⅞	8⅞	8⅞	8⅞
200	Stewart	1½	1½	1½	1½
550	Tonopah Ex..	2 5-16	2 5-16	2 5-16	2 5-16
16,500	*Tonopah M...	93	100 1-32	93	100
500	Tuclumne C..	2 1-16	2 1-16	2	2 1-16
725	West End C..	1⅜	1½	1⅜	1 7-16

LISTED PROSPECT—MINING COMPANY.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
2,500	West End Ex.	10	11	10	11

BONDS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
$6,000	B. R. T. 5% notes	95 11-16	95¾	95 11-16	95¾
10,000	Chi. Elv. 5s..	97	97¼	97	97¼
13,000	N. Y. City 4¼s, 1960	95⅝	95¾	95⅝	95¾
5,000	N. Y. City 4¼s, 1962	95¾	95¾	95¾	95¾

*Sells cents per share. †Ex dividend.

⁂

INDUSTRIALS.

Bid and asked prices of issues not traded in were:

	May 1. Bid.	Asked.	April 30. Bid.	Asked.
Am. Writing Paper..	1½	2¼	1½	2¼
Bay State Gas.........	⅛	3-16	⅛	3-16
Borden's Cond. Milk..	114¼	115	114¼	115
Borden's Cond. M. pf.	105½	106½	105½	106½
Brown Shoe	45	52	45	52
Cluett-Peabody	46	52	46	52
Con. Rubber Tire....	16	20	16	20
Con. Rubber Tire pf.	60	75	60	75
Continental Can	45	50	45	50
Continental Can pf..	90	95	90	95
Emerson-Brant.	33	40	32	40
Emerson-Brant. pf...	87	92	87	92
Havana Tobacco	3½	4	3½	4
Havana Tobacco pf..	7	10	7	10
Houston Oil pf.......	55	65	55	65
Int. Rub. Tr. cts.....	9¼	10¼	9¼	10¼
Leh. V. Co. Sales Co.	215	225	215	225
Marconi of Am., new.	5¼	5½	5⅛	5½
Mays Oil	16	18	16	18
National Sugar	..	98	..	98
N. Y. Transportation.	4	5	4	5
Otis Elevator	77	80	77	80
Otis Elevator pf.....	95	98	95	98
Pennsylvania Textile.	24	25	24	25
R. J. Reynolds......	270	280	270	280
Tobacco Products ...	110	130	110	130
Tobacco Prod. pf....	83	86	83	85
U. S. Light & Heat...	11	13	11	13
U. S. Light & Ht. pf.	65	70	65	70
Willys Overland	57	62	56	62
Willys Overland pf..	90	97	90	97

MINING STOCKS.

	May 1. Bid.	Asked.	April 30. Bid.	Asked.
Beaver Consol	35	37	34	36
Buffalo Mines.......	2¼	2⅝	2¼	2⅝
Butte-New York.....	1	1¼	1	1¼
Diam. Field Daisy..	3	5	3	4
First National	2⅛	2⅜	2⅛	2⅜
Halifax Tonopah	1⅛	1¼	1 3-16	1 5-16
Kerr Lake...........	3⅛	3¼	3⅛	3¼
La Rose Consol.......	2⅜	2½	2⅜	2½
Mines of America....	2½	2¾	2½	2¾
North Butte Devel..	5-16	⅜	5-16	⅜
Ohio Copper	¾	⅞	¾	⅞
Pacific Smelters	1-16	3-32	1-16	3-32
South Utah M. & S..	¼	⅜	¼	⅜
Tonopah Mining	5⅝	5¾	5⅝	5¾
Tri-Bullion	3-16	¼	3-16	¼
Tularosa	½	¾	½	¾
Union Mines.........	1-16	3-16	1-16	3-16
United Copper	½	⅞	½	⅞
United Copper pf....	3½	7	3½	7
Wettil. Silv. Mines..	14	16	14	16
Yukon Gold Mines...	2⅛	2⅜	2⅛	2⅜

LISTED PROSPECTS—MINING COMPANIES.

	May 1. Bid.	Asked.	April 30. Bid.	Asked.
Lightning C.-Gold D.	2⅞	3⅛	2⅞	3⅛
New Jersey Mines....	16	17	16	17

BONDS.

	May 1. Bid.	Asked.	April 30. Bid.	Asked.
Braden Copper 6s....	160	170	160	170
Havana Tobacco 5s.	61	63	61	63
N. Y. Central 5 p. c. notes, w. i.	100	100⅛	100	100 1-16
N. Y. City 4½s, w. i.	100½	100⅝	100½	100⅝
Western Pacific 5s..	79½	80½	79½	80½

STANDARD OIL QUOTATIONS.

	Thursday. Bid.	Asked.	Wednesday. Bid.	Asked.
Anglo-Am. Oil	16½	17½	16½	17
Atlantic Refining	598	603	590	600
Borne-Scrymser	290	310	290	310
Buckeye Pipe Line...	166	168	165	168
Chesebrough Mfg ...	660	675	660	675
Colonial Oil	110	125	110	125
Continental Oil	1,850	1,950	1,850	1,950
Crescent Pipe Line...	63	65	62	65
Cumberland Pipe L..	77	82	75	80
Eureka Pipe Line...	363	368	358	365
Galena-Signal Oil ...	180	190	180	185
Galena-Signal Oil pf.	140	145	140	145
Indiana Pipe Lines..	134	138	130	135
National Transit	42	44	41	43
New York Transit...	335	340	333	339
Northern Pipe Line..	112	115	112	115
Ohio Oil	128	130	127	128½
Prairie Oil & Gas...	286	290	286	290
Solar Refining	620	630	620	630
Southern Pipe Line...	258	263	253	257
South. Penn. Oil....	940	960	940	960
S. W. Penn. Pipe L..	158	164	157	162
Standard Oil, (Cal.)..	180	182	179	182
Standard Oil, (Ind.)..	320	323	318	320
Standard Oil, (Kan.).	545	555	545	555
Standard Oil, (Ky.)..	375	390	375	390
Standard Oil, (Neb.).	300	320	300	320
Standard Oil, (N. J.).	345	348	342	344
Standard Oil, (N. Y.).	638	643	625	630
Standard Oil, (Ohio)	260	270	260	270
Swan & Finch.......	185	190	185	195
Union Tank Line....	68	70	67	69
Vacuum Oil	177	180	176	179
Washington Oil	30	32	30	32
Waters-Pierce Oil ..	1,450	1,500	1,450	1,500

TOBACCO STOCKS.

	May 1. Bid.	Asked.	April 30. Bid.	Asked.
British-American	23	23¼	23	23¼
Conley Tinfoil.......	275	290	285	295
Johnson Tinfoil & M.	170	180	170	180
J. S. Young..........	160	170	160	170
MacAndrews & F....	195	205	195	205
P. R.-Am. Tobacco...	205	220	205	220
R. J. Reynolds......	265	275	265	275
R. J. Reynolds pf., w.i.	110	120	110	120
Tobacco Products.....	115	140	115	140
Tobacco Prod. pf.....	83	85	83	85
United Cigar Stores..	87½	88	87⅝	87⅞
U. C. Stores pf.......	109	113	109	112

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Name.		Maturity.	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Amal. Copper	5	Mar.15,'15	98⅝	98⅞	5.65
Am. Loco....	5	Oct., 1913	99⅞	100⅛	4.25
Am. Loco....	5	Oct., 1914	99½	100⅛	4.65
Aust. Gov...	4½	Jul.,'14-'15	97¼	97¾	6.10
Balt. & Ohio.	4½	June, 1913	100	100⅛	4.00
Boston & Me.	5	Feb. 3, '14	99	99⅝	5.30
B. R. T......	5	July, 1918	95⅝	95⅞	5.90
Ches. & Ohio.	4½	June, 1914	98⅞	99⅛	5.40
Chi. & W. I.	5	Sept., 1915	98⅞	99⅛	5.30
Chi. El. Rys.	5	July, 1914	96¼	97	7.45
C., H. & D..	4	July, 1913	99⅞	100	4.00
Erie	6	Apr. 8, '14	100¼	100⅝	5.55
Erie	5	Oct., 1914	99¼	99⅝	5.20
Erie	5	April, 1915	97½	98	6.00
Gen. Motor..	6	Oct., 1915	98⅛	99	6.25
Gen. Rubber.	4½	July, 1915	96¼	96⅞	6.05
Hocking Val.	4½	Nov., 1913	99⅞	100	4.50
Hudson Co...	6	Oct 15,'13	97⅞	100	6.00
Ill. Central..	4½	July, 1914	99¼	99⅝	4.90
Int. & Gt. N.	5	Aug., 1914	97⅞	98¼	6.35
Int. Harv....	5	Feb.15,'15	99¼	99⅝	5.15
K. C. R. & L..	5	May, 1913	82	86	..
K. C. R. & L.	6	Sept., 1912	85	90	..
Lack. Steel...	5	Mar., 1915	95	95¾	7.10
L. S. & M. S.	4½	Mar.15,'14	99⅝	99⅞	4.65
Met. S. R. of K. C.	5	May, 1913	87	92	..
Mex. Mon. C.	4½	Sept., 1913	97	98½	7.80
Mich. Cent..	4½	Mar., 1914	99⅝	99⅝	4.95
M. & St. L...	6	Feb., 1915	97	98	7.65
M., K. & T..	5	May, 1915	97½	98	6.12
Mo. Pacific ..	5	June, 1914	96⅞	97¼	7.95
Mon. T. & P.	6	April, 1915	99½	100	6.00
N. R. of Mex.	4½	June, 1913	98	99	9.50
N. Y. Cent..	4½	Mar., 1914	99⅝	99⅝	4.98
N. Y. Central.	5	Apr., 1914	99⅞	100¼	4.87
N. Y. Central.	4½	May, 1915	98⅞	99¼	4.90
N.Y.,N.H.&H.	5	Dec., 1913	98⅞	100	5.00
St. L. & S. F.	5	June, 1913	99½	100	5.00
St. L. & S. F.	6	Sep., 1914	99	100	6.00
Sea Air Line.	5	Mar., 1916	98¼	98¾	5.45
So. Railway..	5	Feb., 1916	99½	99⅞	5.20
Schw. & Sul.	6	June, 1916	98⅞	99½	6.10
U. S. S. R. M..	5	Aug., 1914	98¼	99⅜	5.05
Un. Typewit.	5	Jan., 1916	96	97¼	6.05
Utah Co......	6	Apr., 1917	99¼	100	6.00
We. El. & M.	5	July, 1913	99⅞	100⅛	4.00
We. El. & M.	6	Aug., 1913	100	100⅛	4.50
Western Md..	5	July, 1915	97	98½	5.50

STOCKS OUT OF TOWN.

BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
20	Bank of Baltimore..	184¼	184¼	184½
30	Bank of Commerce..	31	31	31
10	Baltimore Trust ...	162½	162½	162½
10	Baltimore Elec. pf...	43¼	43¼	43¼
5	Cons. Coal	98	98	98
50	Consol. Power pf..	112	112	112
20	Fidelity & Deposit..	149⅝	149½	149½
850	H. Oil com. tr. ctfs.	18⅛	18	18
20	Penn. Water & Pow.	65	65	65
225	Seaboard Air Line..	17⅜	17¼	17¼
770	United Railways ..	26⅝	26⅛	26⅝

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$3,000	Anacostia & Pot. 5s.	99	99	99
8,000	Bal. City 3½s, 1940.	91⅞	91⅞	91⅞
2,000	Chi. Railways 5s...	98⅝	98⅝	98⅝
4,000	Central Rwy. 1st 5s..	103⅝	103⅝	103⅝
7,000	Consol. Power notes.	99¾	99¾	99¾
14,000	Con. Coal conv. 6s..	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝
3,000	Cotton Duck 5s....	72¾	72¾	72¾
1,000	Cumb. & Penn. 5s..	101½	101½	101½
1,000	Georgia & Fla. 5s..	60	60	60
3,000	Houston Oil div. cfs.	80	80	80
3,000	Milwaukee G. L. 4s	89½	89½	89½
1,000	M. & St. P. Jct. 5s.	102	102	102
8,000	United Rwys. Inc..	63⅝	63⅝	63⅝
4,000	United Rwys. 4s...	83⅝	83½	83⅝

BOSTON.

MINING.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
195	Adventure	2	2	2
270	Allouez	32½	30	32½
2,399	Amalgamated	73⅝	70¾	73⅝
917	American Zinc	25	24¼	24¾
100	Arizona Com'l	3	3	3
2,668	Butte & Superior....	27¼	25	27¼
875	Calumet & Arizona.	63½	62	63
16	Calumet & Hecla...	455	450	455
150	Chino	39	38¾	39
100	Copper Range	41½	41¼	41¼
150	East Butte	11⅜	11¼	11⅜
50	Franklin	6	6	6
750	Giroux	2¼	2⅛	2¼
450	Granby	62	59½	61⅞
1,346	Greene-Cananea ...	6 13-16	6⅝	6¾
35	Hancock	18	17	18
100	Indiana	8¼	8¼	8¼
430	Island Creek	48½	48⅜	48⅜
469	Isle Royale	23¼	23	23¼
730	Lake	12⅝	11¾	12½
85	La Salle	4	4	4
25	Mass. Con.	8¼	8¼	8¼
350	Mayflower	7	6	7
25	Mohawk	50	49	50
10	Nevada Con.	16¾	16¾	16¾
25	Nipissing	8⅞	8⅞	8⅞
880	North Butte	28¾	27¼	28½
15	North Lake	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
180	Ojibway	1	1	1
866	Old Colony	3⅝	3	3⅜
50	Old Dominion	45	45	45
31	Osceola	83	80½	83
1,245	Pond Creek	19	18⅛	19
622	Pond Creek rights..	55c.	50c.	55c.
48	Quincy	67	66	67
55	Ray Con.	17¼	17⅛	17¼
360	Shannon	9⅞	9⅝	9⅞
175	Shattuck	23	23	23
800	Superior & Boston..	3¼	3¼	3¼
250	Superior	27¾	26	27¾
50	Tamarack	26½	26½	26½
345	Trinity	3½	3½	3½
20	Tuolumne	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛
755	U. S. Smelting......	39	38½	39
168	U. S. Smelting pf...	47½	47¼	47½
150	Utah Apex	1½	1⅛	1½
215	Utah Con..........	7½	7¼	7½
50	Winona	2	2	2
135	Wolverine	51	49¾	51

RAILROADS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
100	Atchison	99⅛	99⅛	99⅛
46	Boston & Albany...	195	190	195
475	Boston Elev........	93½	93	93
989	Boston & Maine....	58	53½	55¼
21	Maine Central......	100	100	100
20	Mass. Elec.	16½	16½	16½
10	Mass. Elec. pf......	74⅞	74½	74⅞
3,541	N. Y., N. H. & H..	106	103	105
27	Old Colony	162	160	161
2,161	Penn. rights	56c.	55c.	55c.
10	Union Pacific	149	149	149
7	West End St. R. R. pf.	93	93	93

TELEPHONES.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
2,629	American	128⅝	127¾	128⅝
10	New England	141	141	141

MISCELLANEOUS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10	Am. Agr. Chem....	51	50	51
37	Am. Agr. Chem. pf.	94	94	94
150	Am. Pneu. Service..	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝
100	Am. Pneu. Serv. pf.	19	19	19
35	Am. Sugar	111⅝	111	111⅝
42	Am. Sugar pf.......	113½	113	113¼
108	Am. Woolen pf....	78	77¼	77¾
373	A., G. & W. I. pf...	10⅞	10⅞	10⅞
17	East Boston Land..	11	11	11
3	Edison	275	275	275
293	Gen. Electric	138½	137½	138½
62	Mass. Gas	88	87¾	88
131	Mass. Gas pf.......	89	89	89
40	N. E. Cotton Yarn.	23	23	23
26	N. E. Cotton Y. pf..	68½	68	68½
3	Pullman	158	158	158
81	Swift & Co.........	104⅞	104	104
2	Torrington	27⅞	27½	27½
10	Torrington pf......	28⅛	28⅛	28⅛
1,471	United Fruit	155	150	154
848	United Shoe	48	47½	47¾
55	United Shoe pf.....	27½	27½	27½
2,077	U. S. Steel	60⅞	58⅝	60⅞
10	U. S. Steel pf......	107⅛	107⅛	107⅛

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$3,000	Am. T. & T. col. 4s.	87⅝	87⅝	87⅝
1,000	Am. Tel. & Tel. cv. 4½s, full paid.	102¼	102¼	102¼
1,000	A., G. & W. I. 5s..	60	60	60
3,000	Chi. Jct. & S. Y. 5s, 1915	99½	99¼	99½
1,000	Chi. Jct. & S. Y. 4s of 1940.....	81	81	81
1,000	Mass. Gas 4½s, 1929	97	97	97
5,000	N. E. Cot. Yarn. 5s.	90	90	90
1,000	N. E. Tel. 5s, 1932.	101	101	101
4,000	Un. Fruit 4½s, 1923	95½	95¼	95¼

BOSTON CURB CLOSING PRICES.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Alaska G..	11⅜	11½	Houghton.	2⅝	3¼
Begole	1¾	2¼	La Rose...	2⅝	2½
Bohemia ..	1¾	2	Majestic ..	40	48
Boston Ely	55	60	Mex. Met..	1 3-16	1¼
Butte Cent.	2⅛	2¼	Nev. Doug.	1⅝	1¾
Butte & L.	21	26	Nev. Utah.	2	4
Cactus Cop.	8	12	New Baltic	95	100
Calaveras..	2½	2 9-16	Ohio	82	85
Chief Con.	1⅜	1 7-16	Oneco	1	1¼
Corbin Cop.	90	95	Raven	15	17
Con. Ariz..	25	30	South Lake	6	6¼
Davis-Daly.	2⅝	2 7-16	S.W.Miami	2¾	3½
First Nat..	1 13-16	1⅞	U.Verde Ex.	69	72
Hollinger..	..	18			

CHICAGO.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
125	Am. Radiator pf....	135	135	135
25	American Can	32	30⅞	32
200	American Can pf...	92¼	91¼	92¼
75	Am. Tel. & Tel....	138¼	127⅞	127⅞
14	Booth Fish. com...	58⅛	58⅛	58⅛
10	Chicago Pneu. Tool.	49	49	49
25	Chi Rys., Series 1..	91	91	91
15	Chicago Title & T..	201	201	201
45	Diamond Match	100⅛	100	100
10	Hart, S. & M. pf...	96	96	96
10	Lindsay Light	23	23	23
50	National Carbon ...	116½	116½	116½
240	People's Gas	109⅛	109⅛	109¼
1,995	Sears-Roebuck	171½	168	171
10	Sears-Roebuck pf...	119	119	119
35	Swift & Co........	104¾	104⅝	104¾
400	U. S. Steel com....	61⅛	58¾	61⅛
175	Union Carbide	164½	163	164½

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	Chicago Ry. 5s......	98⅝	98⅝	98⅝
16,000	City Ry. 5s.........	100⅝	100½	100½
3,000	Edison 5s	102	102	102
1,000	Met. gold 4s.......	79⅝	79⅝	79⅝
2,000	Met. ext. 4s.......	78⅛	78⅛	78⅛
1,000	Swift 5s	99⅞	99⅞	99⅞

PHILADELPHIA.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
350	Amal. Copper	73¼	71	73¼
100	Am. Can	30	30	30
25	Atchison	99	99	99
5	Baldwin Loc. pf....	104	104	104
50	Brooklyn R. T......	88½	88¼	88½
51	Cambria Steel	50	48⅞	50
382	Electric Storage B..	48	47	48
200	General Asphalt ...	38⅝	38	38⅝
215	General Asphalt pf.	74½	74	74½
100	Gt. North. ore ctfs.	31⅝	31⅝	31⅝
53	Frankford & South.	360	360	360
4	Harwood Electric ..	38	38	38
50	Ins. Co. of N. A....	22	21⅞	21⅞
610	Inter.-Met	14½	14	14
159	Inter-State Ry. pf..	8¼	8¼	8¼
10	Keystone Telephone.	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝
40	Lehigh Nav. stock..	86	86	86
29	Lehigh Nav. ctfs...	86	85⅞	86
47	Lehigh Valley	77	76⅞	76⅞
50	N. Y., N. H. & H..	103	103	103
1,896	Penn. R. R.........	57 5-16	57⅛	57¼
102	Penn. Salt Mfg.....	104	104	104
199	Philadelphia Co ...	43⅝	43¼	43¼
2,520	Phil. Electric	22⅛	21⅞	22⅛
860	Phil. R. T. ctfs....	23⅝	23⅛	23⅝
10	Phil. Traction	82¼	82¼	82¼
3,044	Reading	80 7-16	79¼	80 5-16
800	Rock Island	18⅞	18⅝	18⅝
200	Rock Island pf.....	32	30⅝	32
2,560	Tonopah Belmont..	5 15-16	5⅝	5 15-16
101	Tonopah Mining ...	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝
50	Union Pacific	147¼	147¼	147¼
245	Union Traction	50	49⅝	49⅝
997	U. G. Imp.	84⅞	84⅝	84⅞
12,785	U. S. Steel	60⅞	58⅝	60⅞
30	U. S. Steel pf......	107⅞	107⅞	107⅞
20	Warwick I. & S. ...	10¼	10¼	10¼
30	W. J. & Seashore..	60⅜	60⅜	60⅜
18	Minehill	57½	57½	57½
20	Reading 2d pf......	44½	44½	44½

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	Bald. Loc. 1st 5s...	103	103	103
6,000	Elec. & Peo. 4s....	82½	82	82½
8,000	Keystone Tel. 1st 5s.	91½	91½	91½
1,000	Lehigh V. 1st 4s...	101	101	101
1,000	Lehigh V. con. 4½s.	101	101	101
4,000	Lehigh V. Coal 5s..	106¼	106¼	106¼
1,000	L. Val. gen. con. 4s.	94	94	94
4,000	Market St. El. 4s..	95	95	95
1,000	Phil. Co. 1st 5s....	99	99	99
2,000	P., W. & B. 4s.....	98⅛	98	98
1,000	Phil. & R. 2d 5s...	112⅝	112⅝	112⅝
2,000	Reading gen. 4s....	94⅝	94⅝	94⅝
4,000	United Ry. gold 4s..	73	73	73
2,000	United Ry. Inv. 5s..	76	75	76
5,000	W.-P. term. 5s ctfs.	14¾	14¾	14¾

PITTSBURGH.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
50	Amer. Sewer Pipe......	10	10	10
40	Crucible Steel pf......	89	89	89
40	Ind. Brewing	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝
180	Ind. Brewing pf.......	30⅝	30⅝	30⅝
20	Nat. Fireproof. pf....	25½	25½	25½
60	Osage & Okla........	57	57	57
10	Pitts. Plate Glass....	92	92	92
10	Pitts. Oil & Gas.....	7¼	7¼	7¼
160	Pure Oil	15	14⅞	14⅞
100	San Toy	20c.	20c.	20c.
150	West. Elec	81	80½	81
177	West. A. B..........	133½	132½	133

BOND.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$3,000	Pitts. Brew. 6s.....	90	90	90

LONDON MONEY MARKET.

Demand Good, but Supply Restricted—Stock Exchange Holiday.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Friday, May 2.—The Times in its city article to-day will say:

"Money was in good demand, and, as the supply was restricted, the market once more found the necessity of applying to the Bank for assistance, a moderate amount in loans being borrowed. Discount rates advanced further, the market being dominated by the foreign political situation, while some disappointment was expressed with the figures of the Bank return.

"The Stock Exchange was closed, as is customary on May 1."

European Bourses Closed Yesterday.

LONDON, May 1.—The Stock Exchange here and the Paris and Berlin Bourses were closed to-day.

Bank of France's Metal Holdings.

PARIS, May 1.—The weekly statement of the Bank of France when issued tomorrow will show decreases amounting to 6,048,000 francs in gold holdings and 1,411,000 francs in silver holdings.

BANK OF ENGLAND.

LONDON, May 1.—The weekly statement of the Bank of England shows the following changes:

Total reserve decreased............ £988,000
Circulation increased 552,000
Bullion decreased 436,074
Other securities decreased............ 574,000
Other deposits decreased............1,606,000
Public deposits increased............ 65,000
Notes reserve decreased............1,031,000
Government securities ....Unchanged

The proportion of the bank's reserve to liability this week is 49.22 per cent.; last week it was 49.63 per cent.

The rate of discount was unchanged at 4½ per cent.

STOCK MARKET AVERAGES.

The average quotations of twenty-five leading railroad and twenty-five industrial issues and of these two groups of stocks combined:

1913.

RAILROADS.

	High.	Low.	Mean.	Last.	Changes.
Apr. 21	86.09	85.42	85.75	86.05	+.48
Apr. 22	86.33	85.89	86.11	85.94	—.11
Apr. 23	86.11	85.77	85.94	85.94	..
Apr. 24	85.67	85.18	85.42	85.20	—.74
Apr. 25	85.15	84.50	84.82	84.54	—.66
Apr. 26	84.62	83.82	84.22	84.02	—.52
Apr. 28	84.08	83.39	83.73	83.85	—.17
Apr. 29	83.97	83.03	83.50	83.16	—.69
Apr. 30	83.37	82.62	82.99	82.72	—.44
May 1	83.83	82.83	83.08	83.67	+.95

INDUSTRIALS.

	High.	Low.	Mean.	Last.	Changes.
Apr. 21	59.87	59.31	59.59	59.73	+.24
Apr. 22	60.00	59.75	59.87	59.79	+.06
Apr. 23	59.81	59.63	59.72	59.70	—.09
Apr. 24	59.36	59.13	59.24	59.18	—.52
Apr. 25	58.91	58.34	58.62	58.37	—.81
Apr. 26	58.24	57.77	58.00	57.92	—.45
Apr. 28	57.78	57.29	57.53	57.56	—.36
Apr. 29	57.49	56.71	57.10	56.84	—.72
Apr. 30	57.01	56.44	56.72	56.68	—.16
May 1	57.55	56.57	57.06	57.41	+.73

COMBINED AVERAGE.

	High.	Low.	Mean.	Last.	Changes.
Apr. 21	72.98	72.36	72.67	72.89	+.36
Apr. 22	73.16	72.82	72.99	72.86	—.03
Apr. 23	72.96	72.70	72.83	72.82	—.04
Apr. 24	72.51	72.15	72.33	72.19	—.63
Apr. 25	72.03	71.42	71.72	71.45	—.74
Apr. 26	71.43	70.79	71.11	70.97	—.48
Apr. 28	70.93	70.34	70.63	70.70	—.27
Apr. 29	70.73	69.87	70.30	70.00	—.70
Apr. 30	70.19	69.53	69.85	69.70	—.30
May 1	70.69	69.45	70.07	70.54	+.84

May Range in 1911 and 1912.

RAILROADS.

	—High.—		—Low.—		Last.
1912....	95.53	May 1	91.49	May 31	91.61
1911....	97.19	May 22	93.47	May 11	96.20

INDUSTRIALS.

	—High.—		—Low.—		Last.
1912....	71.33	May 20	68.24	May 7	68.77
1911....	68.89	May 27	65.14	May 1	67.43

COMBINED FIFTY STOCKS.

	—High.—		—Low.—		Last.
1912....	83.17	May 2	80.08	May 31	80.19
1911....	82.78	May 22	79.40	May 11	81.81

This Year's Range to Date.

	Open.	High.	Low.
	Jan. 2.	Jan. 9.	May 1.
Railroads	90.68	91.41	82.33
			April 30
Industrials	66.76	67.08	56.44
			May 1.
Combined average ..	78.82	79.10	69.45

Year's Range in 1912.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
	Jan. 2.	Oct. 4.	Dec. 16.	Dec. 31.
Railroads	91.43	97.28	88.39	90.27
	Jan. 2.	Sep. 30.	Feb. 1.	Dec. 31.
Industrials	64.00	74.50	61.74	66.12
Combined avg...	77.51	85.82	75.24	78.19

Year's Range in 1911.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
	Jan. 3.	Jne. 26.	Sep. 23.	Dec. 30.
Railroads	91.70	99.61	84.40	91.73
	Jan. 3.	Jne. 5.	Sep. 25.	Dec. 30.
Industrials	62.05	60.76	54.75	63.83
	Jan. 3.	Jne. 26.	Sep. 25.	Dec. 30.
Combined avg...	77.37	84.41	69.57	77.60

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

Transactions on the Consolidated Stock Exchange totaled 95,260 shares, the heaviest business done on the floor since Jan. 14 last. Business was on an active scale from the opening, at 9:30 o'clock, until the close, at 3. Some remarkably rapid changes in tone marked the course of prices during the day. The market was driven down sharply early, with apparently further liquidation under way in several sections of the list. Support, however, was encountered, and prices rallied. The recovery in the afternoon developed into something like a runaway scramble of the shorts for stocks. They found the floating supply of some issues very limited and had to bid sharply in order to cover.

Shares.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
12,500	Amal. Cop ..	71	73½	70⅝	73⅜
50	Am. B. Sug.	28¾	29	28¾	29
1,650	Am. Can ..	31¼	32½	29⅞	32¼
10	Am. Can pf..	92	92	92	92
10	Am C. & F..	49½	49½	49½	49½
70	Amer. Sec ..	22	22⅞	21⅞	22⅞
1,820	Am. Smelt...	65⅝	67⅛	65	67
10	Amer. Sugar.	110½	110½	110½	110½
30	Anac. Cop....	36½	37	36½	37
50	A., T. & S. F.	98⅝	98⅞	98⅝	98⅞
230	B. R. T......	88	89	87½	89
950	Can. Pacific..	236	241	235⅝	240⅝
30	Cent. Leath..	22	23	22	23
60	Ches. & Ohio.	63⅝	65	63⅝	65
450	C., M. & S. P.	105⅝	107	105½	106¾
10	Chino Cop....	38⅝	38¾	38⅝	38¾
20	Consol. Gas..	128⅛	128⅛	128⅛	128⅛
690	Erie	27⅛	28¼	27⅛	28¼
120	Gt. Nor. pf..	124⅞	126⅞	124⅞	126½
170	Inter.-Met ...	14	14⅞	14	14⅞
290	Int.-Met. pf..	49½	51½	48⅞	51½
70	Ill. Central...	112⅜	112⅜	112¼	112⅜
600	Leh. Valley..	153⅝	155	153½	155
630	Mex. Pet	65½	66⅝	65¼	66⅝
70	M., K. & T..	22¾	22¾	22½	22½
1,650	Mo. Pacific..	33¼	35⅛	32⅝	34⅞
30	Nev. Cons ..	16⅛	16½	16⅛	16½
240	N. Y. Cent...	101⅛	102¼	100½	101¾
320	N.Y.,N.H.&H.	103	105¼	102⅝	105
210	Nor. Pac	113¾	114⅝	113⅛	114½
180	Pennsylvania.	114	114⅛	114	114⅛
30	Pitts. Coal ...	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝
20	Ray Copper ..	17¼	17¼	17¼	17¼
26,600	Reading	158⅝	161⅛	158⅛	160⅞
40	Rep. Steel...	22½	22½	22½	22½
430	Rock Island..	19⅛	19⅛	17⅞	19
280	Rock Isl. pf.	30⅝	32¼	30	32¼
720	South. Pac...	96⅛	98⅛	96	97⅞
80	South. Ry....	23⅞	24⅜	23⅞	24⅜
10	Tenn. Cop ...	34⅜	34⅜	34⅜	34⅜
30	Third Ave....	33⅛	33⅛	33⅛	33⅛
15,270	Union Pac ...	147⅛	149⅛	146⅛	149¼
150	U. S. Rub ...	60⅞	62⅛	60⅞	61⅞
28,850	U. S. Steel...	59	60⅞	58⅝	60½
20	U.S. Steel pf.	107¼	107⅞	107¼	107⅞
40	Utah Cop	49	49½	48½	49¼
20	West. Union.	64⅝	64⅝	64⅝	64⅝
95,260					

MINING STOCKS.

		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
$300	Atlanta	.15½	.15½	.15½	.15½
885	Goldf. Cons..	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
1,000	Jim Butler....	.96	.98	.96	.97
4,600	North Star...	.57	.59½	.57	.59½
800	Pitts. Sil. P.	.53	.53	.53	.53
800	Round Mt....	.60	.60	.60	.60
500	Silv. Pick...	.07	.07	.07	.07
1,950	Tono. Merg..	.94	1.00	.94	1.00
200	West End....	137½	140	137½	140
9,535					

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call loaned on Stock Exchange collateral at 2@3 per cent., with the last loan at 2 per cent. Most of the day's business was done at 3 per cent.

Time money rates were 4@4¼ per cent. for sixty days to six months.

Commercial paper was quoted at 5½@6 per cent. for the best names.

Clearing House exchanges, $331,802,189; balances, $14,543,005; Sub-Treasury credit balances, $320,172.

The local banks have lost $1,705,000 on their Sub-Treasury operations since Friday.

FOREIGN RATES.

Discount rates abroad yesterday were: London, 3⅞ per cent. for short bills, 3⅞ per cent. for three months; Paris, 4 per cent., and Berlin, 4⅜ per cent. Money was 3@3¼ per cent. in London and 8 per cent. in Berlin for the settlement.

The Paris check rate on London was 25f. 19⅜c., and the Berlin check rate on London was 20 marks 47¼ pfennigs.

Foreign exchange rates at the points noted were quoted as follows at the close of business yesterday:

CABLE AND SIGHT RATES.

London—Cable, $4.8705; demand, $4.8676.

Paris—Cable, 5.17½ plus 1-32; check, 5.17½ less 1-16.

Berlin—Cable, 95 3-16 less 1-32; check, 95⅛ less 1-32.

Switzerland—Cable, 5.18¾ less 1-32; check, 5.19⅜.

Holland—Cable, 40.18; check, 40.14.

SIXTY AND NINETY DAY BILLS.

London—Bankers', sixty days, $4.83; ninety days, 4.8160.

London—Commercial, sixty days, $4.82¾; ninety days, $4.81⅝.

Paris—Commercial, sixty days, 5.22½ plus 1-16; ninety days, 5.23¾ plus 1-32.

Berlin—Commercial, sixty days, 94 3-16 plus 1-32; ninety days, 93 13-16.

DOMESTIC EXCHANGE RATES.

Boston, par; Chicago, 20c premium; St. Louis, 30c premium; St. Paul, 55c premium; San Francisco, 30c premium; Montreal, 46⅞c discount.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver was ⅛d lower in London, at 27 11-16d, and ⅝c lower in New York, at 60c per ounce.

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

CHICAGO & ALTON—

	1913.	Increase.
3d week April............	$271,126	$49,501
July 1-April 21..........	12,428,572	373,030

ATLANTIC COAST LINE for March—

	1913.	1912.	1911.
Gross	$3,759,122	$3,262,947	$3,290,556
Net after taxes	1,394,184	1,063,679	1,347,040
Gross, 9 mos..	27,353,162	24,862,766	23,866,570
Net after taxes	7,911,169	7,376,646	7,717,706

AURORA, ELGIN & CHICAGO for March—

Gross	141,502	133,523	122,679
Net after taxes	49,470	49,999	....
Sur. after chgs	17,128	18,029	11,818
Gross, 9 mos..	1,455,949	1,362,825	1,290,628
Net after taxes	595,705	561,399	....
Sur. after chgs	306,378	276,333	237,784

CHESAPEAKE & OHIO for March—

Mileage	2,324	2,280	2,232
Gross	2,980,666	3,071,886	2,574,547
Net	771,192	1,012,046	721,486
Gross, 9 mos..	26,712,847	25,455,814	24,777,023
Net	8,825,419	8,623,217	8,346,921

ERIE for March—

Gross	4,894,403	4,777,051	4,640,863
Net after taxes	1,097,298	1,085,167	1,361,282
Gross, 9 mos..	47,155,987	43,404,213	42,505,708
Net after taxes	12,089,762	11,051,870	11,781,130

INTEROCEANIC RAILWAY OF MEXICO for March, (Mexican currency)—

Mileage	1,031	1,048	1,034
Gross	767,199	753,722	841,229
Net	312,112	301,816	310,558
Gross, 9 mos..	6,606,592	6,462,216	6,699,625
Net	2,301,493	2,245,931	2,484,884

NATIONAL RAILWAYS OF MEXICO for March, (Mexican currency)—

Mileage	6,135	5,998	6,147
Gross	4,367,288	4,426,966	5,653,891
Net	1,487,433	993,780	1,731,207
Gross, 9 mos..	46,598,637	47,033,634	48,107,194
Net	18,776,754	19,915,121	18,894,699

MINNEAPOLIS, ST. PAUL & SAULT STE. MARIE for March—

Gross	1,748,229	1,513,138	1,015,733
Net after taxes	607,855	595,274	238,124
9 mos. gross...	16,367,175	12,819,929	9,974,976
Net after taxes	6,614,380	4,971,510	3,140,955
Chicago Division for March:			
Gross	956,366	801,777	728,031
Net after taxes	280,740	179,796	125,914
9 mos. gross..	8,178,731	7,000,709	6,780,123
Net after taxes	2,528,524	1,796,766	1,500,835

NEW YORK, SUSQUEHANNA & WESTERN for March—

Gross	328,523	333,635	352,412
Net after taxes	100,175	97,943	141,561
9 mos. gross..	2,811,173	2,950,862	2,868,665
Net after taxes	682,043	916,777	949,190

NEW ORLEANS GREAT NORTHERN for March—

	1913.	1912.	Increase.
Gross	161,595	129,419	32,176
Net after taxes	68,777	41,538	27,239
Surp. aft. chgs.	22,988	*1,462	24,450
9 mos. gross..	1,307,420	1,221,488	85,932
Net after taxes	486,999	372,264	114,735
Surp. aft. chgs.	114,785	*18,923	133,708

*Deficit.

NEW YORK CENTRAL SYSTEM for March—

	1913.	1912.	1911.
New York Central & Hudson River:			
Gross	9,204,205	8,945,281	8,247,122
Net after tax..	1,452,275	1,676,526	1,520,418
3 mos. gross..	26,502,468	24,632,009	23,147,987
Net after tax..	4,270,501	3,388,520	2,875,005
Michigan Central:			
Gross	2,972,193	2,719,337	2,410,086
Net after tax..	606,099	730,274	366,621
3 mos. gross..	8,544,929	7,419,670	6,960,326
Net after tax..	1,640,583	1,610,392	862,658
Lake Shore & Michigan Southern:			
Gross	4,754,601	4,609,512	3,985,898
Net after tax..	1,220,655	1,562,067	944,706
3 mos. gross..	14,272,337	12,422,947	11,117,129
Net after tax..	3,874,894	3,518,726	2,190,101
Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis:			
Gross	2,551,495	2,720,370	2,553,219
Net after tax..	342,232	639,219	508,869
3 mos. gross..	7,936,019	7,389,061	7,132,557
Net after tax..	1,118,659	1,120,881	1,034,405
New York, Chicago & St. Louis:			
Gross	940,086	1,026,987	933,820
Net after tax..	89,930	260,614	198,533
3 mos. gross..	3,085,412	2,824,516	2,652,098
Net after tax..	475,278	531,978	475,004
Chicago, Indiana & Southern:			
Gross	390,566	424,989	333,605
Net after tax..	77,404	95,028	35,716
3 mos. gross..	1,140,285	1,125,279	944,080
Net after tax..	196,272	162,207	73,128
Pittsburgh & Lake Erie:			
Gross	1,595,556	1,410,727	1,216,952
Net after tax..	682,784	626,279	587,915
3 mos. gross..	4,653,436	3,901,500	3,248,821
Net after tax..	2,003,078	1,622,521	1,432,807
Lake Erie & Western:			
Gross	444,880	490,905	452,270
Net after tax..	53,268	95,284	59,001
3 mos. gross..	1,388,181	1,355,471	1,289,373
Net after tax..	176,719	188,055	137,504
Peoria & Eastern:			
Gross	272,747	288,122	267,470
Net after tax..	44,107	74,733	35,881
3 mos. gross..	856,845	781,582	826,147
Net after tax..	141,667	147,649	101,126
Cincinnati Northern:			
Gross	91,550	116,085	88,613
Op. deficit	10,844	8,051	*8,175
3 mos. gross..	287,859	308,791	270,017
Op. deficit....	31,745	25,678	*11,558
*Surplus.			
Toledo & Ohio Central:			
Gross	357,778	464,538	351,230
Net after tax..	10,136	100,991	45,336
3 mos. gross..	1,177,157	1,242,875	974,248
Net after tax..	117,958	203,676	69,677
Total all lines:			
Gross	23,575,661	23,201,086	20,842,285
Net after tax..	4,568,052	5,852,005	4,644,738
3 mos. gross..	69,854,931	63,363,031	58,562,779
Net after tax..	13,983,885	12,461,590	10,268,701

NEW YORK RAILWAYS for March—

	1913.	1912.	Increase.
Gross	1,206,307	1,125,027	81,280
Net after taxes	434,833	323,967	110,866
Other income..	31,711	30,953	758
Total income..	466,544	354,920	111,624
Int. on underl. bonds	225,448	216,610	8838
Inc. avail for int. on co.'s bonds	241,096	138,310	102,786
Int. on refund'g 4s	54,320	55,894	*1,574
Net income...	186,776	82,416	104,360

Nine months gross.................. 10,480,969
Net, after taxes.................. 3,678,211
Other income 319,458
Total income 3,997,670
Interest on underlying bonds..... 2,024,034
Income available for interest on co's bonds 1,973,636
Interest on refunding 4s.......... 488,878
Interest on adjustment income 5% bonds 689,107
Net income 795,651
Passengers carried 203,411,532
*Decrease.

VIRGINIAN RAILWAY for March—

	1913.	1912.	Increase.
Gross income..	564,197	414,518	149,679
Exp. & taxes..	315,629	286,644	28,984
Corp. income..	248,568	127,873	120,694
Nine months ended March 31—			
Gross income..	4,610,676	3,612,915	997,760
Exp. & taxes..	2,678,215	2,327,784	350,430
Corp. income..	1,932,460	1,285,131	647,329

Miscellaneous Earnings.

AMERICAN LIGHT AND TRACTION COMPANY for the twelve months ended March 31—

	1913.	1912.	1911.
Gross	$4,320,370	$4,104,550	$3,933,091
Expenses	117,489	118,356	119,521
Net	4,202,881	3,986,193	3,813,569
Dividends	3,346,302	3,112,363	2,899,003
Surplus	856,597	873,830	914,566
Total surplus..	8,888,790	8,032,211	7,158,380

AMERICAN STEEL FOUNDRIES COMPANY for the quarter ended March 31—

*Net earnings.	670,558	188,656	65,524
Other income..	10,092	7,855	14,636
Total income..	680,650	196,511	80,160
Chgs., sink. fd. dep., &c.....	293,778	187,184	169,077
Net profits....	386,872	9,327	†88,917

*After deducting manufacturing, selling, administrative and other expenses. †Deficit.

E. I. DU PONT DE NEMOURS POWDER COMPANY for the quarter ended March 31—

Gross receipts $6,281,598
Net earnings, after deduc. all exp. incident to operation, including ordinary and extraordinary repairs, maintenance of plants, accidents, depreciation, &c........ 1,010,586
Non-operative items resulting from sale of real estate, securities, and other transactions not due to current operations........ *13,436
Accrued bond interest 190,980
Accrued preferred stock divs..... 200,856
Total deductions from net earnings 378,399
Balance applicable to dividends on common stock 632,187
Common stock, as per balance sheet 29,428,708
*Credit.

PENNSYLVANIA STEEL COMPANY for the year ended Dec. 31—

	1912.	1911.	1910.
Total income..	$3,263,544	$2,979,861	$4,029,125
Int on bds., &c	1,053,923	1,091,506	1,702,918
Depreciation ..	1,159,532	1,058,636	855,403
Preferred divs.	1,028,040	1,439,256	1,412,293
Surplus	22,049	*609,538	58,581

*Deficit.

WANTED
Du Pont Powder Com. Stock
Int'l Nickel Com. Stock
Hercules Powder Stock
Am. Typefounders Com. Stock
Computing-Tab.-Rcdg. Stock
Lawyers Mortgage Co. Stock
Bank of Manhattan Co. Stock
Chemung Canal Trust Co. Stock
Home Life Insurance Co. Stock
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Atlas Powder Co. Stock
J. B. Stetson Com. Stock
Manning, Maxwell & Moore St'k
Am. Graphaphone Com. Stock
Am. Bk. Note Com. & Pf. Stock
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NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

THURSDAY, MAY 1, 1913.

	Stocks, (shares.)
Total sales May 1, 1913	530,762
Same day last year	519,062
Total year to date	31,549,142
Same period last year	49,875,792
Average closing price 50 stocks, with day's net change	70.54+.84
Same day last year	82.87+.18

	High.	Low.
Range year to date	79.10	69.53
Same period last year	83.76	75.24

	Call Money. High.	Low.	Ren'al.	Sterling Exchange. High.	Low.	Close.
May 1, 1913	3	2	3	$4.8670	$4.8670	$4.8670
Same day last year	3	2¼	3	4.8710	4.8705	4.8710
Range year to date	7	2	...	4.8790	4.8570	...
Same period last y'r	5	1¾	...	4.8760	4.8630	...

Closing. Bid.	Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
4	4¾	100	A. C. tr. rcts. 4th pd	4¾	4¾	4¾	4¾	+¼
73⅜	73½	49,700	Amalgamated Cop	71¼	73¾	70⅝	73⅜	+2¼
29	29½	500	Am. Beet Sugar	29	29¾	29	29¼	+1
32⅛	32¼	16,800	Am. Can	31⅛	32¾	29⅞	32⅛	+1
92	93	600	Am. Can pf	91¼	92½	91¼	92½	+¾
49	49¼	300	Am. Car & Fdry	48	49	48	49	+1
113¼	114¾	35	Am. Car & Fdry. pf	114¾	114¾	114¾	114¾	...
4	4½	200	Am. Hide & Leath	4	4¼	4	4¼	+¼
22	24	100	Am. Hide & L. pf	22½	22½	22½	22½	−⅛
23¾	24½	4,200	Am. Ice Securities	22¼	24	21¼	24	+1¾
9	9¾	100	Am. Linseed	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	+⅛
25½	27	400	Am. Linseed pf	25½	26	25	26	...
33½	35	200	Am. Locomotive	32⅝	33½	32⅝	33½	+½
47½	50	100	Am. Malt pf	48⅛	48⅛	48⅛	48⅛	+⅝
66½	66¾	6,100	Am. Smelt. & Ref	65⅝	67⅜	65	66¾	+1¼
101½	102	500	Am. Smelt. & R. pf	101	101½	101	101½	+¾
82½	83	400	Am. Smelt. S. pf. B	83⅛	83⅛	83	83	−½
158	165	200	Am. Snuff	158	160	158	160	+2
31	32	100	Am. Steel Foundries	31	31	31	31	+⅞
111½	114½	300	Am. Sugar Refining	110¾	110⅞	110½	110⅞	−⅛
113	116	100	Am. Sugar Ref. pf	112⅞	112⅞	112⅞	112⅞	−⅛
128½	128¾	1,600	Am. Teleph. & Tel	128¼	128¼	127⅞	127⅞	−⅜
225	228	200	Am. Tobacco	224	225⅛	224	225⅛	+4⅛
102	103	100	Am. Tob. pf. new	102½	102½	102½	102½	...
37⅛	37½	1,900	Anaconda Cop. Co	36½	37¼	36	37¼	+1
99	99¼	3,800	Atch., Top. & S. F	98¾	99⅛	98⅝	99⅛	+⅜
99½	100	100	Atch., T. & S. F. pf	99¾	99¾	99¾	99¾	−⅛
121	122	900	Atlantic Coast Line	120	121	119	121	+½
98¼	98½	1,100	Baltimore & Ohio	97¼	98½	97¼	98½	+1
79	80	100	Baltimore & O. pf	80	80	80	80	...
1	1½	200	Batopilas Mining	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	+⅛
33	33⅜	800	Bethlehem Steel	32¼	32¼	32¼	33	+⅝
69⅛	71	100	Bethlehem Steel pf	69⅛	69⅛	69⅛	69⅛	−⅛
126½	130	100	Brooklyn Union Gas	126⅝	126⅝	126⅝	126⅝	−⅝
88⅜	89	4,100	Brook. Rap. Tran	88¼	89⅝	87⅝	89	+1¼
100	113½	200	Buf., Roch. & Pitts	105	105	105	105	−3⅞
41½	42	2,200	California Petrol'm	40	41¾	39¾	41½	+1¼
69	72	100	California Pet. pf	68½	68½	68½	68½	...
240⅝	241	18,250	Canadian Pacific	236	241⅜	235½	240⅞	+5½
234⅛	234½	300	C. P. sub. cfs. 2d pd	229½	235	229½	235	+5
23¼	23½	1,100	Central Leather Co	22½	23⅝	22⅛	23⅜	+⅞
92	93	400	Cent. Leather C. pf	91½	92½	91¼	92½	+1
64⅜	64⅞	4,600	Chesapeake & Ohio	63¾	65¼	63¾	64⅝	+⅞
14½	14¾	300	Chicago Gt. West'n	14	14½	14	14½	+½
106¾	107	6,500	Chi., Mil. & St. P	105½	107¼	105¼	106⅞	+1⅜
130	131	411	Chi. & Northwest'n	128½	131¼	128½	131¼	+3⅛
185	187	300	Chi. & Northw. pf	185	185	185	185	...
39⅛	39¼	3,400	Chino Copper	37¾	39¼	37⅝	39¼	+1¾
49⅝	53	400	Clev., C., C. & St. L	50⅛	50⅛	50⅛	50⅛	...
32	33¾	1,200	Col. Fuel & Iron	31⅛	32¾	31	32¾	+1⅛
129	130	800	Consolidated Gas	127½	129⅛	127	129⅛	+1⅝
10⅜	10⅝	1,100	Corn Products Ref	10⅛	10½	10	10½	+⅜
64⅛	68	200	Corn Prod. Ref. pf	65	65	64⅛	64⅛	−⅛
19	21	400	Den. & Rio Grande	19	19	19	19	−⅝
27¾	28	4,800	Erie	27⅜	28¼	27	28⅛	+1
138	138½	525	General Electric	138	138½	138	138½	+1
70½	75	100	General Motors pf	74	74	74	74	...
1⅞	2	1,600	Goldfield Consol	2	2	1⅞	1⅞	−⅛
126½	126¾	2,170	Great Northern pf	125	126⅞	125	126½	+1½
123¾	125	1,000	Gt. Nor. sub. rects. 40 per cent. paid	122¾	123¾	122¾	123¾	+1¾
32	34	1,200	Gt. N. certs. ore prop	31½	32	31½	32	+½
44	44⅞	500	Guggenheim Explor	42½	44¼	42½	44¼	+2¼
113½	114	2,100	Illinois Central	113¾	113¾	112	113⅛	−½
16¼	16½	300	Inspiration Copper	16¼	16½	16¼	16½	+⅜
14½	14¾	4,700	Inter.-Met. v. tr. cfs	14⅛	14¾	14	14⅝	+⅜
51	51½	4,100	Inter.-Met. pf	48¾	51¾	48¾	51⅛	+2¼
102	104	100	Int. Harvester new	102	102	102	102	...
102	103	100	Int. Harv. Corp	101⅞	101⅞	101⅞	101⅞	+⅞
8½	9	400	Int. Paper	8⅜	9	8½	9	+½
38	39	400	Int. Paper pf	39	39	39	39	−½
23¼	23½	600	Kan. City Southern	22¾	23½	22¾	23½	+⅝
93	95	150	Laclede Gas	92½	92½	92½	92½	−1½
154¾	155¼	8,700	Lehigh Valley	153¾	155¼	153	155	+1¾
215	217	100	Liggett & Myers	215	215	215	215	...
130½	131½	1,250	Louis. & Nash	129⅜	131¼	128¾	131¼	+1⅝
80	88	150	Mackay Cos	82	82	82	82	...
70	74	100	May Dept. Stores	71	71	71	71	−1
100	102	383	May Dept. Stores pf	100⅛	100⅛	100	100	−1⅞
3¾	4	10	Mercantile Marine	3¾	3¾	3¾	3¾	...
66¼	66½	5,400	Mexican Petroleum	64¼	66⅝	64¼	66⅛	+1⅞
22⅞	23	800	Miami Copper, ex div	23	23¼	22¾	23	...
16	18	120	Minn. & St. L	16	16	16	16	−⅛
131⅜	133	100	M., S. P. & S. S. M	133	133	133	133	+½
22¾	23	4,300	Mo., K. & Texas	22¾	23⅛	22¼	22¾	+¼
34½	35	6,800	Mo. Pacific	33⅜	35	32⅛	35	+1¾
130	137	70	Nash., Chat. & St. L	134	134	134	134	...
116	118	200	Nat. Biscuit Co	115	118	115	118	+3
12½	13	100	Nat. En. & Stam. Co	13	13	13	13	+¼
49	50	250	National Lead Co	49	49	49	49	+¼
16¾	17	1,900	Nev. Con. Copper	16½	17	16⅝	17	+½
65	70	100	New York Air Brake	65	65	65	65	...
101½	101¾	4,400	New York Central	101¼	102	100⅝	101⅝	+⅝
105	105½	9,300	N. Y., N. H. & H	105	105¼	102⅜	105¼	−⅝
29½	30½	300	N. Y., O. & West	28¾	29½	28¾	29½	+¾
40	44	300	Norfolk Southern	43	43	42	42	−1
105	106	1,000	Norfolk & Western	104⅝	104⅞	104⅛	104⅞	+¼
82	86	100	Norfolk & West. pf	83⅞	83⅞	83⅞	83⅞	+2⅞
76	78	100	North American	77	77	77	77	+2
114¼	114½	2,230	Northern Pacific	113½	114½	113¼	114½	+1
22	22½	700	Pacific Mail	21	22	20½	22	...
90	96	100	Pacific T. & Tel. pf	92	92	92	92	...
114¼	114⅜	6,700	Pennsylvania R. R	114¼	114½	114⅛	114⅜	+¼
109⅝	110¼	700	People's Gas, Chic	109⅞	109⅞	109⅝	109½	...
91	92	500	Pitts., C., C. & St. L	90⅞	91	90⅞	91	...
18	21	150	Pitsburgh Coal	18	18	18	18	+½
80⅛	83½	600	Pitts. Coal pf	80	80	79⅜	80	+½
24¼	25	400	Pressed Steel Car	23½	24¼	23½	24¼	+½
157½	159	228	Pullman Company	157½	158½	157½	158½	+½
17¾	18	3,400	Ray Con. Copper	17⅜	17⅞	17	17⅞	+⅜
160⅞	161	113,500	Reading	159⅛	161⅜	157¾	161	+2⅛
90	90½	100	Reading 1st pf	90	90	90	90	...
22½	23½	1,000	Rep. Iron & Steel	22½	22½	22	22	−⅝
82¼	82¾	500	Rep. Iron & Steel pf	82	82¾	82	82¾	+⅝
18¾	19	12,300	Rock Island Co	19	19⅛	17¼	18¾	−⅜
31½	31⅞	4,750	Rock Island Co. pf	32	32¼	29¼	31½	−⅞
28	30	400	Rumely (M.) Co	27	30	27	29½	+5
59	60	500	Rumely pf	58⅛	59⅞	58	59⅞	+5⅞
20	21	300	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf	20⅛	21	20⅛	21	+1
17	18	100	Seaboard Air Line	17½	17½	17½	17½	...
171	175	1,200	Sears, Roebuck & Co	170⅜	171	168½	171	−½
30	32	200	Sloss-Sh. S. & I. Co	30	30	30	30	...
97¾	97⅞	7,080	Southern Pacific	96⅛	98⅜	96	97⅞	+1¾
24½	24¾	1,200	South. Ry. ext	24	24½	23⅝	24½	+⅜
76¼	76⅞	300	South. Ry. pf. ext	75¼	76	75¼	76	+½
52½	50	200	Standard Milling a	55	55	52½	52½	−7½
34¾	35¼	500	Tennessee Copper	33½	35	33½	35	+1⅛
107	109	100	Texas Co	107	107	107	107	...
15½	16	200	Texas & Pacific	16	16	15¾	15¾	−1¼
86½	89	100	Underwood Type	88	88	88	88	+½
5½	6	100	Union Bag & P. Co	5½	5½	5½	5½	−½
33	36	100	Union B. & P. Co. pf	35	35	35	35	+1
149⅛	149⅜	63,550	Union Pacific	146⅞	149⅝	146⅛	149⅜	+2⅛
94	98½	200	United Dry Goods	94	94	94	94	−1½
24½	25	800	United Rys. Inv	23½	25	23½	25	+1
46	50	625	United Rys. Inv. pf	44	47	44	47	+3
62½	62⅞	1,000	U. S. Rubber	60¾	62½	60¾	62½	+1⅝
104⅝	106	375	U. S. Rubber 1st pf	103⅞	104¾	103⅞	104¾	+⅞
60⅝	60¾	85,000	U. S. Steel	59½	61	58⅝	60⅝	+1⅜
107½	108	200	U. S. Steel pf	107⅛	107½	107⅛	107½	+¼
50	50½	3,200	Utah Copper	48⅞	50½	48½	50½	+1⅝
32½	33	100	Va.-Car. Chemical	32½	32½	32½	32½	+⅞
46	50	200	Va. Iron, C. & C	45¼	45¼	45¼	45¼	−¾
16	18	150	Vulcan Detining	15½	15½	15½	15½	−¼
3	3⅛	200	Wabash	3	3	3	3	...
9⅜	9½	300	Wabash pf	9⅜	9⅜	9⅜	9⅜	...
39	39½	100	Western Maryland	38½	38½	38½	38½	−⅛
65¼	66	1,300	West. Union Tel	65	65⅜	64½	65⅜	+⅜
61½	61¾	400	West'house E. & M	61	61¼	61	61¼	+¼
4½	5	1,200	Wheel. & L. E	5¼	5¼	3⅞	5	−⅛
18	19½	300	Wh. & L. E. 1st pf	18½	18½	17⅜	17⅜	−3⅜
8½	9½	200	Wh. & L. E. 2d pf	8½	8½	8	8	−3⅛
51⅝	52	100	Wis. Central	51¾	51¾	51¾	51¾	+1¾
90½	91¼	1,400	Woolw'th (F.W.) xd	89½	91¼	89	91¼	+1¾

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

At the Metal Exchange yesterday, extreme dulness was shown with prices on a parity with last night's closing with the exception of tin which improved ⅛c in the bid and ⅜c in the asking price.

The closing bid and asked prices follow:

	Thursday. Bid.	Asked.	Wednesday. Bid.	Asked.
Standard copper—				
Spot	14.75	15.25	14.75	15.25
May	14.75	15.25	14.75	15.25
June	14.75	15.25	14.75	15.25
July	14.75	15.25	14.75	15.25
Lead	4.45	..	4.45	..
Spelter	5.50	5.55	5.50	5.55
Tin	49.75	50.12½	49.62½	49.75
Zinc	5.50	5.55	5.50	5.55

London prices yesterday, for copper and pig tin, compared with Wednesday, follow:

	Thursday. £	s.	d.	Wednesday. £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	67	7	6	67	2	6
Copper, futures	67	7	6	67	2	6
Pig tin, spot	232	0	0	230	10	0
Pig tin, futures	220	0	0	220	5	0

The market ended firm. Spanish pig lead £17 12s 6d, unchanged, and spelter £25 10s. Cleveland warrants 67s, up 3d.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 1.—The Treasury statement issued to-day gives receipts and expenditures for yesterday and for the elapsed periods of the month and of the fiscal year as follows:

	April 30.	Month.	Fiscal Year.
Customs	$1,015,844	$23,693,966	$274,038,996
Internal rev.	761,296	24,198,679	255,374,121
Corpor. tax.	28,438	773,581	4,970,630
Miscellaneous	225,731	4,786,328	45,919,004
Total rcts.	2,031,310	53,452,556	580,302,752
Expenditures	1,823,530	57,106,214	571,336,269
Surplus	207,780	*3,653,675	8,966,482

*Deficit.

These figures exclude Panama Canal and public debt transactions.

The condition of the United States Treasury at the beginning of business to-day was: Working balance, $73,076,748; in banks and Philippine Treasury, $42,929,651; total of general fund, $141,333,043.

PUBLIC UTILITY SECURITIES.

	Bid.	Asked.
American Light & Traction com	350	360
American Light & Traction pf	105	108
Adirondack Electric Power com	15	18
Adirondack Electric Power pf	55	60
American Gas & Electric com	78	81
American Gas & Electric pr	..	43
American Power & Light com	72	75
American Power & Light pf	80	..
American Public Utilities com	..	61
American Public Utilities pf	73	75
Cities Service com	114	117
Cities Service pf	85½	87½
Commonwealth P. R. & L. com	66	69
Commonwealth P. R. & L. pf	87	90
Denver Gas & Electric Gen. 5s	95	97
Electric Bond Deposit pf	71	74
Empire District Electric 5s	84	88
Empire District Electric 5s pf	75	80
Federal Light & Traction com	28	32
Federal Light & Traction pf	78	82
Federal Utilities Co., Inc., com	32	40
Federal Utilities Co., Inc., pf	71	75
Gas & Electric Securities com	120	140
Gas & Electric Securities pf	91	94
Lincoln Gas & Electric	30	35
Montana Power Co. com	38	40
Montana Power Co. pf	99	101
Northern Ontario L. & P. com	15	18
Northern Ontario L. & P. pf	58	62
Northern States Power com	20	21
Northern States Power pf	80	81
Ozark Power & Water Co. com	50	55
Pacific Gas & Electric com	52	54
Pacific Gas & Electric pf	87	89
Republic Ry. & Light Co. com	24	26
Republic Ry. & Light Co. pf	73	75
Standard Gas & Electric com	13	15
Standard Gas & Electric pf	41	43
Union Ry., Gas & Electric com	65	67
Union Ry., Gas & Electric pf	87	89
United Light & Rys. com	75	78
United Light & Rys. 1st pf	77	79
United Light & Rys. 2d pf	71	74
Utah Securities	18	20
Utilities Improvement com	62	65
Utilities Improvement pf	73	75
Western Power com	15	18
Western Power pf	45	50

Cripple Creek Gold Output.

CRIPPLE CREEK, Col., May 1.—The gold ore output of the Cripple Creek mining district for April was 80,852 tons, carrying a gross bullion value of $1,194,232. That production was 32,000 tons in excess of the previous month, and showed heavier tonnage and higher valuation than April, 1912.

INCREASE IN BANK LOANS.

National Institutions Show Losses in Cash and Deposits.

WASHINGTON, May 1.—Reports of the condition of National banks in response to the call of the Controller of the Currency on April 4 show a large increase in loans, but large losses in cash and deposits as compared with the previous call on Feb. 4. The loans increased $53,067,213, the cash decreased $45,133,495, and deposits decreased $16,645,250, but showed a gain since April 18, 1912, of $256,735,956.

The total reserve of the banks on April 4 was $1,475,797,674, $36,226,298 above the amount required by law.

The country banks show an excess of reserve, but the reserve city banks report reserve deficiencies aggregating $15,691,783. The reports show the following condition of loans, cash, and deposits on April 4, as compared with Feb. 4, in the several geographical divisions of the country:

New England.—Boston—Decreases in loans, $4,036,078; decreases in cash, $1,774,569; decreases in deposits, $1,827,033. All the Banks in this section—Decreases in loans, $2,547,755; decreases in cash, $2,376,104; decreases in deposits, $9,245,053.

East.—New York City—Decreases in loans, $43,065,640; decreases in cash, $24,987,693; decreases in deposits, $36,674,217. Owing to the heavy decreases in New York City, all the banks in this section report decreases in loans of $17,026,217, in cash of $30,096,633, and in deposits of $15,121,825.

South.—Gains in cash, $812,884; decreases in loans, $134,690; decreases in deposits, $8,567,492.

Middle West.—Chicago—Gains in loans, $13,091,792; decreases in cash, $14,066,923; decreases in deposits, $10,308,771. St. Louis—Gains in loans, $1,589,159; gains in deposits, $734,082; decreases in cash, $2,541,500. All the Banks in this section—Gains in loans, $53,982,479; gains in deposits, $7,608,203; decreases in cash, $14,457,165.

West.—All the Banks in this section—Gains in loans, $4,561,383; gains in cash, $2,494,900; gains in deposits, $3,901,256.

Pacific.—Gains in loans, $14,060,187; gains in deposits, $4,748,120; decreases in cash, $1,528,239.

STOCK PLAN FOR EMPLOYES.

Soo Line Intends to Let Them Share in Its Prosperity.

FOND DU LAC, Wis., May 1.—A movement was launched here to-day looking to the organization of a co-operative association among employes of the Minneapolis, St. Paul & Sault Ste. Marie Railroad who have been in the service six months or longer. Under the plan, employes will be privileged to set apart a certain amount from their monthly earnings which is to be invested in "Soo Line" securities, each holder of one share, par value one dollar, in the proposed association, to have one vote in its management. As the railroad's payroll amounts to $9,000,000 annually, it is estimated that a saving of five per cent. of the wages by employes will create an annual investment fund of $450,000.

The plan has the two-fold purpose of encouraging thrift and increased interest in the road on the part of the employes.

Supreme Court Gets Lemon Case.

WASHINGTON, May 1.—The California "lemon rate case" to-day reached the Supreme Court. The transcontinental railroads contend that the Comerce Court erred in upholding the order of the Inter-State Commerce Commission for a reduction in the rate on lemons shipped from California to the East.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

Total sales May 1, 1913	$2,205,500
Same day last year	2,440,000
Total year to date	200,421,500
Same period last year	301,762,500
Average closing price 40 bonds with day's net change	88.75+.05
Same day last year	93.04—.01

U S 4s, coupon
1,000 ... 114
Jap Govt 4½s, sterling loan, second series
10,000 ... 85⅝
N Y Canal 4s, 1961
4,000 ... 99¾
Va 6s def, Brown Bros & Co ctfs
2,000 ... 49
15,000 ... 48
1,000 ... 48½
10,000 ... 48
10,000 ... 49½
N Y City 3½s, 1954
1,000 ... 82⅝
1,000 ... 82½
N Y City 4s, 1957
3,000 ... 92¾
1,000 ... 93
N Y City 4s, 1958
1,000 ... 92½
N Y City 4s, 1959
2,000 ... 92½
N Y City 4¼s, 1960
7,000 ... 96½
N Y City 4½s, 1957
4,000 ... 101⅝
5,000 ... 101½
new
6,000 ... 101¾
Allis-Chalm 5s, tr co ctfs of deposit
3,000 ... 50¾
Alb & Susq 3½s
11,000 ... 84½
Am Agr Chem conv 5s
1,000 ... 100⅛
2,000 ... 100
1,000 ... 100¼
Am Cot Oil 4½s
3,000 ... 96
Am Hide & L 6s
11,000 ... 100
Am Sm Secur 6s
1,000 ... 103¾
Am T & T col 4s
3,000 ... 87¾
Am T & T conv 4½s rects, full paid
30,000 ... 102
25,000 ... 101⅞
35,000 ... 101¾
13,000 ... 101⅝
Am Tobacco 4s
2,000 ... 96¼
Am Wr Paper 5s
1,000 ... 88
Armour & Co 4½s
2,000 ... 90
1,000 ... 89⅞
Atch, Top & S Fe gen 4s
5,000 ... 92⅞
5,000 ... 93
conv 4s, 1955
20,000 ... 99
40,000 ... 99¼
10,000 ... 99⅜
conv 4s, 1960
10,000 ... 98⅝
20,000 ... 98¾
10,000 ... 98⅞
30,000 ... 99
20,000 ... 99⅛
conv 5s
5,000 ... 99¼
10,000 ... 99⅛
10,000 ... 99¼
10,000 ... 99⅜
15,000 ... 99¼
Balt & O gold 4s
1,000 ... 92
conv 4½s, sub rects, full paid
76,000 ... 92
1,000 ... 92½
49,000 ... 92
21,000 ... 92⅛
25,000 ... 92
1,000 ... 92⅛
6,000 ... 92
10,000 ... 91⅞
Beth Steel 5s
2,000 ... 96½
Beth Steel 1st & ref mtge 5s
1,000 ... 83¾
2,000 ... 84
B'klyn Rap Tran gold 5s
5,000 ... 102
B'klyn Rap Tran ref conv 4s
2,000 ... 87¼
10,000 ... 87⅜
1,000 ... 87⅛
20,000 ... 87
13,000 ... 87¼
5,000 ... 87
10,000 ... 87¼
10,000 ... 87⅜
1,000 ... 87½
3,000 ... 87⅜
10,000 ... 87⅜
10,000 ... 88
20,000 ... 88⅛
20,000 ... 88⅜
Cent Leather 5s
17,000 ... 95½
1,000 ... 95½
Central of N J gen 5s
4,000 ... 115
Ches & O con 5s
10,000 ... 106¼
Ches & Ohio gen 4½s
4,000 ... 95⅛
2,000 ... 95¼
Chic, Bur & Qy gen 4s
2,000 ... 91½
Chic, Bur & Qy joint 4s
13,000 ... 94¼
6,000 ... 94⅜
1,000 ... 94½
1,000 ... 94⅜
2,000 ... 94¼
Ill Div 3½s
2,000 ... 83½
Ill Div 4s
4,000 ... 94
Chic Gt West 4s
1,000 ... 76
Chic, M & St P 4½s, when issued
23,000 ... 99½
2,000 ... 99⅝
5,000 ... 99½
3,000 ... 99⅝
conv 4½s
5,000 ... 101¼
2,000 ... 101⅜
5,000 ... 101¼
9,000 ... 101½
6,000 ... 101⅝
sub rects, full paid
10,000 ... 101
8,000 ... 101¼
14,000 ... 101½
C & P Western 5s
1,000 ... 103¼
Chic, Mil & P Sd 4s
2,000 ... 88¼
Chic & N W gen 4s
2,000 ... 93½
gen 3½s
1,000 ... 79
4,000 ... 80
Mil, Sparta & N W 1st 4s
3,000 ... 92¼
Chic, R I & Pac Ry ref 4s
7,000 ... 84¼
4,000 ... 84⅛
1,000 ... 84
Chic, R I & Pac R R 4s
2,000 ... 59¼
5,000 ... 59⅛
2,000 ... 59¼
1,000 ... 59
10,000 ... 58½
7,000 ... 58¼
14,000 ... 58
8,000 ... 57½
5,000 ... 57⅝
5,000 ... 57½
1,000 ... 57¾
5,000 ... 57⅞
2,000 ... 58⅛
5,000 ... 58¼
5,000 ... 58
1,000 ... 58¼
5,000 ... 58⅛
5,000 ... 58¼
5,000 ... 58⅜
15,000 ... 58½
Col & So ref & ext 4½s
1,000 ... 90⅞
2,000 ... 91
Del & H conv 4s
4,000 ... 96¾
Den & Rio Gde 1st & ref 5s
1,000 ... 77¾
3,000 ... 77½
Dis Sec Corp 5s
5,000 ... 64
Du Pont de Nem Powder 4½s
2,000 ... 84½
14,000 ... 84
3,000 ... 84¼
Erie 1st gen 4s
10,000 ... [illegible]
Erie (Penn) col trust 4s
2,000 ... 89
Erie conv 4s, Series B
2,000 ... 69
Gen Elec deb 5s
1,000 ... 103⅜
Gen Motors 6s
3,000 ... 98⅝
Ill Central, Louis Div, 3½s
3,000 ... 81
Indiana Steel 5s
4,000 ... 101½
2,000 ... 99¾
Insp Con Copper 6s, sub rects, third paid
5,000 ... 101
Inter-Met 4½s
20,000 ... 74¼
7,000 ... 74½
3,000 ... 74¼
20,000 ... 74½
5,000 ... 74⅜
12,000 ... 74½
5,000 ... 74⅝
14,000 ... 74⅜
1,000 ... 74⅞
3,000 ... 74¾
1,000 ... 74⅞
Inter Steam P 5s
2,000 ... 70½
Kana & M 2d 5s
3,000 ... 97½
Lack Steel 5s, 1915
4,000 ... 95
1923
2,000 ... 95½
L S & Mich So 4s, 1928
2,000 ... 91
L S & Mich So 4s, 1931
11,000 ... 90
Lehigh Val of Penn con 4s
1,000 ... 96½
Liggett & M 5s
2,000 ... 97½
Liggett & M 7s, temp bonds
2,000 ... 120
1,000 ... 120⅛
Lorillard Co 7s, temp bonds
2,000 ... 120
Lorillard Co 5s
3,000 ... 97¼
Lou & Nash unified 4s
3,000 ... 94
Lou & Nash, Atl, K & Cin, 4s
1,000 ... 89
Mer Marine col trust 4½s
9,000 ... 62¼
Mich State Tr 5s
3,000 c ... 97
Mil & Northern 1st con 6s
2,000 ... 100
Minn & St L 1st & ref 4s
1,000 ... 60½
4,000 ... 60¼
Mo, K & T ext 5s
1,000 ... 98
Mo, K & T skg fd 4½s
3,000 ... 83⅞
5,000 ... 84
Mo Pac 1st con 6s
14,000 ... 105¼
Mo Pac conv 5s
1,000 ... 84
500 ... 84½
5,000 ... 84
Mo Pac 4s
5,000 ... 68¾
Mtge Bond 4s
3,000 ... 99½
N Y Cent gen 3½s
2,000 ... 84
deb 4s, 1934
3,000 ... 87½
L S col 3½s
1,000 ... 81⅛
15,000 ... 81
N Y, Chic & St L deb 4s
1,000 ... 84
N Y G Elec Lt, H & P col tr 5s
3,000 ... 101¾
N Y, N H & H conv deb 6s
2,000 ... 119¾
8,000 ... 119½
9,000 ... 119
3,000 ... 119½
6,000 ... 119¾
N Y, Ont & W ref 4s
3,000 ... 88
N Y Rys ref 4s
1,000 ... 74⅞
30,000 ... 75
adjustment 5s
1,000 ... 54⅞
10,000 ... 54¾
12,000 ... 54⅞
38,000 ... 55
11,000 ... 54⅞
20,000 ... 54¾
1,000 ... 54⅞
9,000 ... 55
5,000 ... 55¼
9,000 ... 55¼
20,000 ... 55⅜
10,000 ... 55½
5,000 ... 55⅜
1,000 ... 55¾
11,000 ... 55⅝
10,000 ... 55¾
22,000 ... 56
5,000 ... 56⅛
32,000 ... 56
10,000 ... 56¼
5,000 ... 56½
N Y Tel 4½s
1,000 ... 96½
Norf & West conv 4½s, sub rects full paid
1,000 ... 103¼
Norf & West con 4s
500 ... 92
Norf & W, Pocah C & C 4s
1,000 ... 88
North Pac 4s
8,000 ... 94
1,000 s6f ... 93⅞
6,000 ... 94
North Pac 3s
500 ... 66
1,000 ... 66¼
2,000 ... 66
Ore S L 1st 6s
1,000 ... 109¼
Ore S L gtd ref 4s
1,000 ... 89⅞
Pac T & T 5s
2,000 ... 98⅞
Penn conv 3½s
49,000 ... 97
10,000 s5 ... 97
Penn 4s, 1948
1,000 ... 99¼
13,000 ... 99
Ray Cons 1st 6s
1,000 ... 106
1,000 ... 106½
1,000 ... 106
St L & S F R R gen 5s
1,000 ... 77¾
1,000 ... 77⅝
8,000 ... 77½
ref 4s
4,000 ... 72½
So Bell Tel & Tel 1st 5s
14,000 3 ... 98½
So Pac conv 4s
8,000 ... 87½
25,000 ... 87⅜
25,000 ... 87½
2,000 ... 87¾
So Pac col 4s
2,000 ... 89½
So Pac 1st ref 4s
1,000 ... 88⅝
6,000 ... 88¾
3,000 ... 88⅞
So Ry 1st 5s
10,000 ... 104
So Ry gen 4s
2,000 ... 75¼
Stand Mill 1st 5s
4,000 ... 88
Third Av ref 4s
6,000 ... 78⅝
4,000 ... 78½
2,000 ... 78¾
1,000 ... 78⅞
Tol, St L & W 4s
1,000 ... 52½
Tri City 5s
1,000 ... 96½
Un Pac 1st 4s
3,000 ... 95⅞
1,000 s6f ... 95¾
11,000 ... 95⅞
Un Pac conv 4s
5,000 ... 90⅝
6,000 ... 90½
1,000 ... 90⅝
1,000 ... 90½
4,000 ... 90⅝
5,000 ... 90¾
United Railroads of San Fr 4s
6,000 ... 60⅞
Un Rys Inv 5s, Pitts issue
2,000 ... 75½
1,000 ... 76
U S Steel Corp s fund 5s
14,000 ... 100⅜
4,000 ... 100¼
5,000 ... 100¼
1,000 ... 100⅜
6,000 ... 100¼
5,000 ... 100⅜
32,000 ... 100¼
Va I, C & C 5s
9,000 ... 93
Va & S W 1st 5s
2,000 ... 104
Wabash 1st 5s
5,000 ... 103¾
Wabash 2d 5s
6,000 ... 96
4,000 ... 95¾
20,000 ... 95½
Wabash R R ref & ext 4s
10,000 ... 56½
1,000 ... 56⅝
11,000 ... 57
1,000 ... 57¼
13,000 ... 57½
1,000 ... 57⅝
Wab, Tol & C 4s
2,000 ... 80
Wab, Pitts Term 1st, Cent Trust ctfs
14,000 ... 14¾
28,000 ... 14½
5,000 ... 14⅝
22,000 ... 14¾
10,000 ... 15
Wab, Pitts T 2d, Trust Co ctfs
10,000 ... 1
Western Elec 5s
2,000 ... 102
2,000 ... 101¾
1,000 ... 101½
West Md 4s
4,000 ... 79⅞
West Shore 4s
1,000 ... 94
registered
1,000 ... 93
Wh & L E 1st 5s
3,000 ... 101¼
Wis Cent gen 4s
1,000 ... 90

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	100¼	100⅜
2s, c, 1930	100¼	..
3s, r, 1918	102½	103¼
3s, c, 1918	102½	103¼
4s, r, 1925	113½	114
4s, c, 1925	113½	114¼
Pan 2s, r, 1936	100¼	101
Pan 2s, r, 1938	100¼	101
Pan 3s, r, 1961	102½	103¼
Pan 3s, c, 1961	102½	103⅛

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Adams Ex	135	145
Allis-Chal	..	⅝
Do pf, 4th paid	11¼	13
Am Ag C	50	54
Do pf	92½	94
A B S pf	76	80
A B S & F	92	93½
Do pf	129	131½
Am Cities	37⅞	40
Do pf	69⅞	70
Am Coal	70	100
Am Cot O	44	45
Do pf	95	100
Am C P	..	92
Do pf	100	108
Am Exp	160	163
A Loc pf	100	103
Am Malt	9½	10½
Am Sn pf	100	105
A T & C	53⅛	64½
A W W p	95	97
Am Wool	20	22
Do pf	77½	79¼
A W P pf	27	28
Ann Arbor	15	30
Do pf	50	80
Assets R	101	106
Bald Loc	44	46
Do pf	102¼	105
Bruns T	7½	8½
B, R & P pf	115	150
But'k Co	27½	29
Canada So	58½	64
Case (J I) pf	99¼	103½
C C & C	..	91
C R R of N J	320	330
C & S A T	..	110
Chi & Alt	10	15
Do pf	21	40
C G W pf	29½	29¾
C, I & L pf	50	80
C, M & St Paul pf	135	138
Chi, St P, M & Om	120	140
Do pf	135	150
C, C, C & St L pf	86	90
Col & So	28¼	31
Do 1st pf	66½	70
Do 2d pf	60	70
Crex Car	74	84
Cub-Am S	20	40
Do pf	..	92
Del & H	155	160
D, L & W	390	410
D & R G pf	33	35
D M & Ft D	2½	5
D & Co pf	97	97¾
Det & M	105	..
Do pf	100	..
Det Un R	73	74½
Dist Secur	15⅜	15½
D S S & A	5	8
Do pf	12	14½
Du P de N Pow pf	..	92½
Erie 1st pf	43½	44
Do 2d pf	34	34½
F M & S	12	18
Do pf	35	42
Gen Chem	182	200
Do pf	100	107½
Gen Mot	23	29
G & S T	115	..
G'drich, (B F)	32	34¾
Do pf	94½	95½
H. (G W)	130	170
Do pf	108	116
Hav Elec	83	88¾
Do pf	93	96½
Hock Val	..	150
Homestake	100	105
Inger-R	100	..
Do pf	92	..
Int Agric	7	9½
Do pf	35	55
Int Harv	103	105
Do pf	110½	112
Int H new pf	111⅞	112½
Int H Cor pf	110½	116
Int St P	9¼	10
Do pf	35	45
Iowa Cent	7	15
Do pf	15	25
Kayser (J)	83	89½
Do 1st pf	100	108½
K C, Ft S & M pf	69½	70
K C S pf	58	60
K & D M	6¼	..
Do pf	45	..
Kresge (SS)	60	74
Do pf	96½	99
Lack Steel	31	38
L E & W	7¼	8
Do pf	22	28
L-W Bis	31	33
Do 1st pf	95	103
L-W B 2d pf	89	91
L & M pf	113	115
Long Isl'd	38	42
M'kay Cos pf	67¼	68½
Man Beach	1	4
Man Elev	127	130
Mer M pf	17⅛	17½
Mex Pet	90	100
Mich Cent	..	190
M & St L pf	36½	42
M, St P & S S M pf	138	145
Do l l	79	83
Mo, K & T pf	59	62
Nat B pf	118	119¾
Nat En pf	75	86
Nat L pf	103	107¾
Nat Rys of M 1st pf	53	57
Do 2d pf	22¼	23
N Cent C	40	60
N O M & C pf	..	25
N Y, C & St L	55¼	58
Do 1st pf	97	102
Do 2d pf	80¼	90
N Y Dock	..	19
Do pf	30	42
N Y S R	..	90½
N O T & L	70	..
Ont Min	2	2¼
Pabst B pf	106	110
Pac Coast	80	90
Do 1st pf	80	95
Do 2d pf	80	95
P T & T	32½	34
Peo & E	10	15
P Lorillard	165	168
Do pf	..	117½
Pet Mul	17½	23
Do 1st pf	82	91
Phelps-D	200	..
Phila Co	86	96
P, C, C & St L pf	101	115
Pitts St pf	94	99½
P S C pf	93	90
Pub S Cor	115	118
Quicksilver	3¼	4¼
Do pf	4	6
R R Sec, I C stk c	..	85
Ry St Sp, ex div	27½	28
Do pf	90	98
Rdg 2d pf	89	91½
R G M Co pf	108	115
St L & S F	13	15
Do 1st pf	50	56
St L & S F, C & E I n ctfs	40	43
Do pf c	..	98½
St L S W	29	30
Do pf	70	72½
Sears-R pf	119	121
Seab A L pf	42	42¼
S-S S & I pf	84	92
So P R S	..	70
Do pf	..	106½
So R, M & O ctfs	67	77
Stand Mill	29	34¼
Studebaker	28	29
Do pf	89	93
T P L Tr	..	95
Third Av	34½	35
T, P & W	15¼	..
Tol, St L & West	9½	11
Do pf	22½	23
T C R T	103½	105
Do pf	136½	145
Und T pf	..	111½
Un Pac pf	84	85
Un Cig M	45	46½
Do pf	98¼	102
Un Dry G pf	93	104
U S C I P	10	15
Do pf	..	51
U S Exp	56	60
U S Ind A	28	45
Do pf	87	100
U S R & Imp	65¾	67
U S R & Ref	1	1½
Do pf	2	6
Vand R R	..	85⅛
Va-Car C Co pf	102	105
Va R & P	50	57
Do pf	90	..
Vul D pf	75	95
W F Exp	107	112
Weym-B	220	300
Do pf	110	120
W Md pf	54	59
Westingh'se 1st pf	115	119
W'w'th pf	110	112

$6,500,000
Louisville & Nashville Railroad Company
Equipment Series "A" 5% Gold Bonds

To be dated June 1, 1913 — Interest payable June and December

Maturing in semi-annual installments as follows:

Dec. 1st,	1913	$325,000	June 1st,	1916	$325,000	Dec. 1st,	1918	$325,000	June 1st,	1921	$325,000
June "	1914	325,000	Dec. "	1916	325,000	June "	1919	325,000	Dec. "	1921	325,000
Dec. "	1914	325,000	June "	1917	325,000	Dec. "	1919	325,000	June "	1922	325,000
June "	1915	325,000	Dec. "	1917	325,000	June "	1920	325,000	Dec. "	1922	325,000
Dec. "	1915	325,000	June "	1918	325,000	Dec. "	1920	325,000	June "	1923	325,000

FIDELITY & COLUMBIA TRUST COMPANY, LOUISVILLE, KY., TRUSTEE.

Principal and interest payable in New York City or Louisville, Ky.

Coupon bonds registerable as to principal only, in the denomination of $1,000

The Equipment Trust Bonds are to be a direct obligation of the Louisville & Nashville Railroad Company, and secured by a first lien on the following equipment:

20 consolidation freight locomotives
4 Pacific type passenger locomotives
36 steel underframe passenger train cars
5 all-steel postal cars
3,000 all-steel hopper and drop bottom gondola cars
3,000 other freight cars of various types, and 80 cabooses.

The total cost of this equipment is $7,226,420, of which amount $726,420 is to be paid in cash by the Railroad Company, representing an equity of 10%.

Under the terms of the Indenture, title to all equipment remains vested in the Trustee for the benefit of the bondholders until all the bonds have been paid off.

Earnings of the Louisville & Nashville for the three years ended June 30, 1912, were as follows:

	1912	1911	1910
Gross Earnings	$56,211,788	$53,993,741	$52,433,382
Net Income After Taxes	17,159,551	15,595,911	17,699,766
Total Fixed Charges	6,959,198	6,738,342	6,762,551
Surplus Over Charges	10,200,353	8,857,569	10,937,215

Definitive Notes will be deliverable on June 1, 1913.

Having sold practically the entire issue, we offer the balance subject to prior sale,

AT 100 AND INTEREST YIELDING 5%

Brown Brothers & Company
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Will Net 7½%
American Public Utilities Co.
6% Cumulative Preferred Stock is a good investment.
Dividends Paid Quarterly.
It serves 14 populous cities with gas, electric light and power, and steam heat. Its net earnings for six months ending March 31, 1913, show an increase of $81,660, or 15.9% over same period of 1912. After paying fixed charges and dividends on $3,914,000 preferred stock there is a surplus balance of $203,473.
Detailed earnings statements and full information furnished on request.
Kelsey, Brewer & Co.
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50 Int. Textbook Co.
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25 American Chicle Com.
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25 Dayton Power & Light Com.
50 Bristol Brass Co.
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AMERICAN BRASS.
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Pacific Gas & Elec. Co. Stocks
American Lt. & Trac. Co. Stocks and Fractional Warrants
Lamarche & Coady
'Phone 3669 Broad
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Six Big Loan & Trust Companies
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CHARTERED 1864
UNION TRUST CO. OF NEW YORK
80 BROADWAY
Fifth Ave. & 38th St. Fifth Ave. & 60th St.
Capital & Surplus, $8,700,00.
Allows Interest on Deposits.

Central Trust Company of New York

has opened its 42nd Street Branch on the Southwest corner of 42nd Street and Madison Avenue.

Is a legal depository for money paid into Court.

Is authorized to act as executor, administrator, guardian or in any other position of trust.

Allows interest on deposits—returnable on demand, or at specified dates.

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Berlin—Bremen—Essen—Frankfort a. M.—London
Mainz—Saarbrucken
Frankfort a. O.—Hochst a. M.—Homburg v. d. H.
Offenbach a. M.—Potsdam—Wiesbaden
Capital (fully paid) . . . M 200 000 000
Reserves . . . . " 81 300 000
Represented in **Hamburg** by the
Norddeutsche Bank in Hamburg
with branches in Altona and Harburg
Capital (fully paid) . . . M 51 200 000
Reserves . . . . " 13 300 000
Every description of banking business transacted.
Represented abroad by the following foreign banks:
Brasilianische Bank fur Deutschland, Hamburg, with branches in **Rio de Janeiro, Sao Paulo, Santos, Porto Alegre** and **Bahia.**
Banco de Chile y Alemania, Hamburg, with branches at **Valparaiso, Santiago, Concepcion, Temuco, Antofagasta, Oruro, Valdivia, Victoria.**
Ernesto Tornquist & Co., Limitada, Buenos Aires.
Deutsch-Asiatische Bank, Shanghai, with branches at **Berlin, Calcutta, Canton, Hamburg, Hankow, Hongkong, Kobe, Peking, Singapore, Tientsin, Tsinanfu, Tsingtau, Yokohama.**
Banca Generala Romana of Bukarest, with branches at **Braila, Crajova, Constantza, Ploesti, Giurgiu, T. Magurele.**
Kreditna Banka (Banque de Credit) at Sofia, with branches at **Varna, Rustschuk.**
Deutsche Afrika-Bank, Hamburg, with branches at **Swakopmund, Windhuk** and **Luderitzbucht** (German-South-West-Africa), Agency at **Santa Cruz de Tenerife**: Jacob Ahlers.

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AUTO MAKERS FIGHT PENDING TARIFF BILL

Twenty-seven American Manufacturers Join in Brief Opposing Contemplated Reductions.

SEE JOKER IN MEASURE

Say Foreign Parts Would Be Assembled Here—Manhattan Auto Club Opens—51 Cars for Run.

Voicing the protest of twenty-seven of the leading American motor car manufacturers a brief has been prepared in opposition to the proposed change in the tariff on automobiles which would make the duties 45 per cent. on finished automobiles and bodies, 30 per cent. on the chassis, and 20 per cent. on parts other than tires. The brief, after rehearsing the rise and growth of the automobile business in this country and attributing it to a protection of the industry, predicts that if the proposed measures go through the foreign manufacturers will double their factory forces and the United States will be flooded with motor cars made by foreign, low-priced labor.

The brief declares that there is a "joker" in the automobile provisions of the Tariff bill, firstly, because the provision leaving finished cars and bodies at 45 per cent. is in indorsement of the Payne-Aldrich law which established that rate on all automobile imports; secondly, because the importation of finished cars and bodies is negligible; thirdly, because it is the chassis which the importer desires to get in at a lower duty, and, fourthly, because "parts" will be construed as any portions of a car, and a whole car may be brought over in sections and assembled here at a duty of but 20 per cent. This is by no means the construction which the importers put on this section, their contention being that "parts" will mean only spare or repair parts or such portions as ball bearings, magnetos. On this point the brief of the American makers says in part:

"Finished parts of automobiles, not including tires, 20 per cent.'

"That seems like an innocent paragraph. But parts of an automobile make an automobile. A chassis is composed of parts. The accepted phraseology of the trade is that 'parts' makers produce motors, axles, transmissions, frames, steerings, wheels, magnetos, &c. The chief cost of chassis is in the labor and material necessary to make up these 'parts,' not in the labor necessary to unite them into a chassis. The cost of joining together these 'parts' or 'sections' is indeed a minor one. It is a negligible per cent. of the chassis cost.

"Is a European manufacturer going to import his product into America as chassis at 30 per cent. duty when he can ship it at less cost of freight and enter it at a lower valuation for duty purposes as 'parts' or 'sections' and pay a duty of 20 per cent. only, and have simply to assemble the 'sections' into chassis at a cost of approximately 1 per cent?

"It is clear that the foreign manufacturer will provide for uniting the imported 'parts' or 'sections' in America. Chassis, as such, will only be imported by the foreign manufacturer without sufficient means to establish an assembling branch here or by the casual purchaser who buys abroad. The first and second clauses, therefore, are of absolutely no force and effect with the third clause also in the bill. The real effective duty is 20 per cent."

In conclusion the brief says:

"The final effect of the proposed Underwood bill is impossible of determination in advance. It will affect different types and values and qualities of vehicles differently. It is revolutionary entirely. The advice of importers and foreign manufacturers has taken the place of painstaking scientific tariff making under the Tariff Board investigation methods.

"There are manufacturers in America who think they are conducting successful businesses by reason of their great personal ability when in reality it is because of wise tariff laws. Let them take their brains and their plant and their employes to Spain, Italy, England, Germany, France, Belgium, Austria, or Canada, and even if they do manufacture efficiently they will then find sadly that it is the lack of the American market which will reduce them to the level of the other factories in those countries. Why kill the dog now we have got the fleas mostly off of him!"

Messrs. John N. Willys, W. C. Leland, Charles Clifton, Hugh Chalmer, and Henry B. Joy sign the brief as a committee of five representing the following manufacturers:

John S. Clark, Vice President, the Autocar Company, Ardmore, Penn.; C. Arthur Benjamin, general sales manager, American Locomotive, New York; V. A. Longaker, general manager, American Motors Company, Indianapolis; H. W. Ford, Secretary, Chalmers Motor Company, Detroit; W. C. Leland, Vice President, Cadillac Motor Car Company, Detroit; J. G. Cole, President, Cole Motor Car Company, Indianapolis; G. W. Bennett, Vice President, the Garford Company, Elyria; Elwood Hayes, President, Hayes Automobile Company, Kokomo, Ind.; Charles D. Hastings, Secretary, Hupp Motor Car Company, Detroit; S. T. Davis, Jr., President, the Locomobile Company of America, Bridgeport, Conn.; G. A. Kissel, President, the Kissel Motor Car Company, Hartford, Wis.; Joseph M. Gilbert, President, Lozier Motor Company, Detroit; Leo A. Feif, general sales manager, Mitchell-Lewis Company, Racine, Wis.; George M. Dickson, Secretary, National Motor Vehicle Company, Indianapolis; George O. Daniels, Vice President, Oakland Motor Car Company, Pontiac, Mich.; O. C. Hutchinson, Vice President, Olds Motor Works, Lansing, Mich.; Henry B. Joy, President, Packard Motor Car Company, Detroit; L. H. Kittredge, President, the Peerless Motor Car Company, Cleveland; Charles Clifton, Treasurer, the Pierce-Arrow Motor Company, Buffalo; George Pope, Treasurer, the Pope Manufacturing Company, Hartford, Conn.; H. M. Snyder, Secretary, Reo Motor Car Company, Lansing, Mich.; H. B. Staver, Staver Carriage Company, Chicago; W. H. Whiteside, President, Stevens-Duryea Company, Chicopee Falls, Mass.; Frederick F. Fish, President, Studebaker Corporation, South Bend, Ind.; Robert W. Allen, general manager, Warren Motor Car Company, Detroit; Windsor T. White, President, the White Company, Cleveland; John N. Willys, President, the Willys-Overland Company, Toledo.

⁂

Fifty-one cars, including fifteen electrics, have been entered for the secret time run to New Rochelle, which will be started on its way by Fred J. Wagner from in front of the Manhattan Automobile Club, 222 West Fifty-ninth Street, at 4:30 o'clock this afternoon. The run, which is under the auspices of the Motor Dealers' Contest Association, will be refereed by David Beecroft and checked by J. C. Nichols at the foot of the hill below the Cedarcliff Hotel, New Rochelle, 17.5 miles from the start. A percentage of the amount taken in at the hotel for dinner and wines will go to the Orphans' Automobile Day Association. That organization held a meeting yesterday afternoon, at which it was announced that John N. Willys would provide the luncheon this year at the outing to be held on June 5 at Glen Island. More cars are urgently needed to provide proper seating for the 4,000-odd children who will participate in the day's pleasure. The Big Village Motor Boosters met yesterday and helped the outing to the extent of a subscription of $50 from the treasury, and the Motor Racing Drivers' Association also subscribed $35.

⁂

The Manhattan Automobile Club had a housewarming yesterday in its new clubrooms, in West Fifty-ninth Street. The place has been attractively fitted up, and, to judge from the way the members of the "Row," who are nearly all members of the club as well, turned out for the initial luncheon, the Manhattan is going to thrive and prosper. A. B. Cordner, President of the club; E. E. Schwartzkopf, Vice President, and L. W. Bennett, Secretary, were much pleased with the success of the opening function. The destinies of the lunchers were carefully presided over by Joe Smallwood, who became "well and favorably known" to the sellers of automobiles as head waiter at George Rector's.

⁂

Another important change has come on "Auto Row" in the election of Joseph M. Gilbert to be President of the Lozier Motor Company.

IN THE BUSINESS WORLD

Buyers' Good Salaries.

Because the charge has been made that the devices employed by retail buyers to eke out their pay are due often to the small salaries they get, the buyers' claims in the schedule of the J. L. Kesner Company are attracting much attention in wholesale circles. Claims are shown for salaries ranging from $125 a month for the buyer of sporting goods, to $416 a month for the buyer of linens. The total monthly salary claim of the eleven buyers listed is $2,411, an average of slightly over $219.

⁂

Economical Publicity Scheme.

Believing the backs of their letterheads to be valuable advertising media, a downtown wholesale house has had a list of the merchandise handled printed on them. A line in large type across the bottom of the sheet warning buyers against failing to see these goods is the first thing seen when the letters are opened. An official of the company said yesterday that excellent results had been derived from the scheme.

⁂

Manufacturers to Buy Ribbons.

Unusual interest is shown in the local silk market in the ribbon auction to be held shortly by Cheney Brothers. It was reported yesterday that other large ribbon manufacturers or their representatives would attend the sale because of the scarcity of these goods. This will be the first ribbon auction of importance in this city in a year and a half, and is believed to be the first sale on record where manufacturers have previously expressed intentions of bidding for a competitor's goods.

⁂

Record Call for Silk Gloves.

Local manufacturers of silk gloves report one of the largest seasons in the history of their business. Buyers are specifying 75 to 80 per cent. long-length goods. Advance Fall orders for kid gloves do not indicate much call for long varieties. Makers are behind in Fall deliveries, and shipments usually booked for Aug. 15 to Sept. 1 are are set as far back as Oct. 1 to Oct. 15. Continued unrest in the Balkan States has advanced prices on lamb and other medium-grade skins, so that the advance on prices for manufactured goods will equal, if not exceed, the proposed lower tariff rate.

⁂

Not Afraid of Trunk Regulation.

Trunk and sample case makers here do not worry over the recent trunk-size regulation of the Inter-State Commerce Commission. They say there will always be a demand for large trunks, because numerous business houses cannot dispense with them without inconveniencing themselves and injuring their merchandise. Nearly every mercantile house is in sympathy with the railroads, and some have already experimented, having their trunks cut down to comply with the prescribed measurements.

⁂

Egg Prices Not Much Lower.

The mild weather of the past Winter did not tempt American hens to work much harder, and as a result the wholesale price of eggs here was yesterday only half a cent lower than on the corresponding date a year ago. Last year's figures were 21½@22 cents a dozen for the best grades. Butter, however, dropped sharply. Against 36½ cents (wholesale) for the best grade last year, 30¾@31 cents a pound was shown yesterday. Cheese was also lower, the current quotations ranging from 5@13¼ cents a pound wholesale, against 7@15¾ cents last year.

BUSINESS NOTES.

H. L. Gwalter & Co. report raw silk sales at Yokohama in the last week at 3,400 bales. Shipments to Europe for the week amounted to 1,500 bales, and 2,400 bales came to this country. The falling off in American demand, however, caused prices to drop about 5 yen a picul.

Rappaport & Gotlieb, manufacturers of women's coats, 12 West Twenty-seventh Street, have leased the twelfth floor in the new building at 22 West Thirty-second Street.

SIDELIGHTS ON SELLING.

A good demand is reported in local haberdashery circles for knitted silk batwing ties for men. Black and white, red and black, and purple and black are apparently the most popular color combinations.

Buyers of kid gloves are specifying heavy embroidered goods for Fall.

One of the local retailers of men's hats has put in a line of high-crowned, wide-brimmed straw hats for women. The straw used in them is somewhat rougher than in men's hats. The real "sailor" effect is there.

CONSULAR TRADE NOTES.

An armor-plate bending press, weighing 12,000 tons, being constructed by Cammell, Laird & Co., in England, for its own use, is said to be the largest of its kind in the world. The same firm will also install additional machines in its tire-cutting department. Its works recently turned out a 150-ton ingot.

A concession may be had for a street railway in Culiacan, Mexico. There is probably traffic enough to justify a short line connecting with the two railroad stations, which are some distance out of the city. The people are little disposed to walk, but cannot afford to hire carriages.

La Arianda Hat Manufacturing Company, capital $25,000, has been organized in Manila to make manila-hemp hats. All the machinery has been ordered from Europe. The factory will employ Filipinos who have had experience in making abaca hats, particularly those who have learned this work in the Philippine industrial schools.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

JORDAN, MORIARTY & CO., dealers in furniture, carpets, and rugs, 155 to 159 East Twenty-third Street, who have been in business forty-one years, were petitioned into bankruptcy yesterday, and Judge Hazel appointed Senator Myer Nussbaum receiver under a bond of $5,000. The liabilities are said to be $50,000 and assets $10,000. The petition was filed by these creditors: Charles Bott, $300; Frank P. Dies, $300, and A. M. Nehring, $300. The partners are James Jordan, Mary A. Moriarty, and Richard E. Moriarty. They are reputed to own the building 155 to 159 East Twenty-third Street, valued at $325,000 and mortgaged, it is said, for $155,000.

PANHELLENIC PUBLISHING COMPANY.—A petition has been filed against the Panhellenic Publishing Company, publisher of a Greek newspaper, 26 Vesey Street, by Martin Burns a creditor, for $1,654. Judge Hazel appointed William Henkel, Jr., receiver, bond $1,000. The assets are estimated at $1,500. Sheriff Harburger has been in possession of the place for some time past under two executions against The Pan-Hellenic, a corporation, one for $5,277 in favor of Demetrius J. Vlasta for libel, and the other for $1,249 in favor of Apostolo Ringa on a note. The Sheriff advertised to sell the assets yesterday, but postponed it on account of the bankruptcy proceedings.

MOSES BERNSTEIN.—A petition has been filed against Moses Bernstein, manufacturer of cloaks and suits, 33 West Twenty-first Street, by these creditors: H. Baum, $200; J. Abrahams, $1,600, and M. G. Langer, $100. His troubles are attributed to losses in the cloak strike three years ago, losses by fire, and expenses of a sick wife. The liabilities are $27,000 and assets $10,000. Judge Hazel appointed James B. Kilburn receiver, bond $5,000.

ISRAEL ARONOW.—A petition has been filed against Israel Aronow, wholesale dealer in woolens, 111 Hester Street, by these creditors: Meyer Kalmanowitz, $393; Louis Kalmanowitz, $200, and Jacob Epstein, $140. Judge Hazel appointed Bradford Butler receiver, bond $500. The liabilities are $10,000 and assets $1,000.

ESS VEST COMPANY.—A petition has been filed against the Ess Vest Company, manufacturer of fancy vests, 132 Bleecker Street, by these creditors: Joseph Firkser, $190; Simon Brothers, $24, and Finkelstein, Naitove & Co., $388.

MAX BRODY.—A petition has been filed against Max Brody, shoe dealer, 23 Market Street, by these creditors: L. Fried & Sons, $505; Nathaniel Fisher & Co., $273, and H. Hirsh & Brother, $198. Judge Hazel appointed Louis M. Taylor receiver, bond $2,000. The liabilities are said to be $5,000.

BUCHMAN, VLODINGER & CO.—A petitino has been filed against Buchman, Vlodinger & Co., (corporation,) liquor dealers, 36 Rivington Street, by these creditors: Halpern & Stier, $2,220; Sam Landers, $234, and Alex Sonn, $10. The liabilities are said to be $9,000 and assets $3,000.

CRUICE, KEELAN & CO.—Schedules of Cruice, Keelan & Co., (corporation,) taxicabs for hire, 141 East Twenty-third Street, show liabilities of $36,355 and assets of $4,871. Among the creditors are P. J. Keelan, $3,355; Standard Motor Parts Company, $3,154, and Standard Oil Company, $1,139.

Schedules of SOL LOVE, dealer in woollens and tailors' trimmings, 621 Broadway, show liabilities, $14,893 and assets $11,605.

LEO MALTIN.—Judge Hazel has appointed Charles P. Robinson receiver for Leo Maltin, manufacturer of petticoats, 15 West Twenty-sixth Street, bond $1,000.

ARTHUR COHN.—Judge Hazel has appointed William F. Miller receiver for Arthur Cohn, dealer in dry goods, at 2,308 Seventh Avenue and 1,784 Amsterdam Avenue, bond $2,000, to continue business twenty days. The liabilities are $10,000 and assets $4,000.

SPIESS BROTHERS.—Judge Hazel has appointed Marcus Helfand receiver for Spiess Brothers, cafe and restaurant, 532 Broadway, bond $500.

ELMER A. MEDBERY.—Judge Hazel has appointed Marcus Helfand receiver for Elmer A. Medbery, dealer in hats, caps and gloves, Poughkeepsie; bond, $2,500.

MATTHIAS BRUNDAGE.—Judge Hazel has appointed Philip D. Elliott of Newark auxiliary receiver for property in this city of Matthias Brundage, who has a market at Red Bank, N. J., and a branch at 1,761 Southern Boulevard, in the Bronx. Assets are estimated at $2,000, subject to chattel mortgages. Mr. Elliott was appointed a receiver in New Jersey on April 26 in bankruptcy proceedings there.

ALFRED SCHICKERLING of Mount Vernon, formerly Treasurer of Schickerling Brothers & Co., diamond dealers, 28 East Twenty-second Street, this city, has received a discharge from bankruptcy by a mandate of the United States Circuit Court of Appeals. Judge Hand on July 3, 1912, refused a discharge on objections of James Talcott, a creditor, for $45,438, because Schickerling had assigned a life insurance policy to his wife. Schickerling appealed from Judge Hand's decision, and the United States Circuit Court of Appeals reversed that decision with costs of $245 against Talcott, and sustained the recommendation of Referee Stephen Thayer that he was entitled to a discharge. His liabilities, $147,438, were for guaranteeing for Schickerling Brothers & Co.

CHARLES E. HOTTUM, maker of automobile and livery apparel, uniforms, and men's custom clothes, 12 West Thirty-third Street, has made an assignment to Joseph Lichtenberg.

ALFRED FRIEDRICH.—Deputy Sheriff Porges has received an attachment against Alfred Friedrich, manufacturer of artificial flowers, 50 West Third Street, for $972 in favor of William Fox.

MACON HOTEL AND RESTAURANT COMPANY.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against the Macon Hotel and Restaurant Company, which conducts the Folies Bergere restaurant, 1,600 Broadway and Forty-seventh Street, by William C. Rosenberg fo these creditors: Waterman & Co., $436; Charles Schollenberger, $3,500, and Julius E. Siegel, $250. Judge Hazel appointed John B. Cartright receiver, bond $2,000, with authority to continue business ten days. William C. Rosenberg said that the liabilities are $75,000 and the assets $5,000.

JUDGMENTS ENTERED.

The following judgments for amounts more than $100 were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

Arfman, Benjamin—T. Armour et al., $116.
Allen, Edgar—H. Frank, $111.
Alsdorf, Edward G.—W. V. Astor, $4,201.
Albries, Joseph T., and Michael Delehanty—D. Daley, $171.
Alevoll, Fillosano—Nectar Co., $105.
Alexander, Henry P.—William Dixon, Inc., $101.
Brach, Theresa—Lord & Taylor, $376.
Baldwin, Willard C.—J. W. Place, $554.
Berman, Isidor—L. Beller, $437.
Caldwell, Albert E.—F. Woodruff, $372.
Cosgrove, Sylvester F.—Trow Directory Printing and Bookbinding Co., $289.
Coutant, Aris E.—Robert Graves Co., $156.
Curtin, Daniel A.—H. S. Thompson, costs, $340.
Cahn, William H.—H. G. Hemming, $343.
Deprez, Alexander, guardian—Cooper-Evans Co., costs, $108.
Evans, Amos H.—S. A. Knopf, $148.
Edgley, Emily—J. M. Vanderpoal et al., $897.
Feltinton, Samuel, guardian—City of New York, costs, $134.
Friedman, Benjamin B.—Barclay, Perkins & Co., Limited, $245.
Frees, Chancy W., and Frederick F. Goodman—Buyers Sellers Automobile Co., Inc., $1,182.
Goldfarb, Felix, and Abraham Bienenzucht—H. Burger, $166.
Goldschmidt, Aaron, and Charles M. Hollander—Bach Fur Co., $238.
Grieves, Mrs. G., or Gene La Croix—S. Druck, $172.
Goldstein, Annie, guardian—City of New York, costs, $129.
Haas, Moses—M. Levy, $411.
Hord, Anderson T.—National Building and Loan Association, $1,940.
Hasbrouck, George—Second National Bank of Cortlandt, $1,219.
Hebbard, Lester S.—H. Bowers, $309.
Hald, Charles B.—Title Guarantee and Trust Co., $232.
Heddendorf, William H.—S. F. Bowser & Co., $517.
Hulbert, Fannie D. B., Joseph Sutphin, and Charles F. Bassett, executors—M. Moore, $5,000.
Hahn, Theodore F.—Herringhone Metal Lath Co., $932.
Jannin, Jacob A.—T. G. Roebuck & Co., $127.
Holmes, Edgar A.—Americana Co., $151.
Kahn, Leo A.—House, Grossman & Vorhaus, $453.
Kohlweiler, Jacob—D. Brenner, $2,494.
Knox, James—A. Funck, $1,525.
Kemp, George, and New York Life Insurance and Trust Co., Trustees—J. Demuth, $149.
Kemp, George; Arthur Tryon Kemp, and Stephen H. Lyng, Trustees—Same, $150.
Kearney, Margaret, guardian—City of New York, $129.
Lipsker, Jacob B.—L. Adler & Son, $460.
Lewis, Edwin A.—V. Ambrose et al., $224.
Litowich, Max—City of New York, costs, $111.
Moriarty, Richard E.—M. H. Birge & Son Co., $114.
McAdoo, Walter C.—W. W. Horne, $1,800.
Nocera, Giovanni—Independent Vineyard Co., $220.
Noyes, Charles S.—Title Guarantee & Trust Co., $162.
Newman, Walter G.—W. Barthman, $1,415.
O'Day, Edward—W. A. Davis, $178.
Ottenheimer, Alfred—L. Strauss & Sons, $180.
O'Brien, Maria A.—A. Bay et al., $3,150.
Palladino, Michael, and United Surety Co.—City of New York, costs, $111.
Ross, Charlotte M.—C. O. Deakin, $1,273.
Reinking, Charles—E. Westphal, $253.
Robinson, Florence A.—G. Stern et al., $161.
Roys, Herman E.—National Nassau Bank of New York, $696.
Rheinstrom, Alfred—Fairhaven Marble and Marbleized Slate Co., $405.
Robinson, Frederick W.—Americana Co., $138.
Segall, Henry—Sperry & Popham Coal Co., $991.
Slevin, Louis; Bertha Auerbach, and Reuben Auerbach—T. J. Dole, $266.
Scherrer, Conrad, Jr.—G. A. Feld Co., $195.
Suslow, Isaac—City of New York, costs, $123.
Thomson, Harriet—J. F. Bragg, $2,615.
Westrup, William H. and Carrie Louise—V. Wild et al, $980.
Walz, Jacob F.—G. A. Feld Co., $126.
Weisbrod, William C.—H. J. Martin, $20,677.
Watson, Thomas B., Jr.—C. W. Gandineer, $[illegible]4.
Zuckerman, Harry—A. A. Hoffmann, $163.
Zimmerer, Martin—United Distillers Co., $106.
Annex Homes of New York City, Inc., and Matilda Francolini—Westchester & Bronx Title & Mortgage Guaranty Co., $249.
Same—Same, $240.
Central City Rubber Co.—Apple Electric Co., $137.
Loomis Pettibone Co.—General Electric Co., $1,975.
Monaton Realty Investing Corporation—N. K. Howell, $274.
World Home Supply Co.—Gillespie Bros., Inc., $449.
T. F. Hahn Construction Co.—Harringbone Metal Lath Co., $985.
Massapequa Construction Co. and Queens Land & Title Co.—R. H. Cardwell, $1,085.
Macolithic Concrete Co.—Aetna Life Insurance Co., $817.
Illinois Surety Co.—City of New York, costs, $110.
David Stevenson Brewing Co.—Junction Realty Co., $156.
Halley Land & Improvement Co.—103 Park Avenue Co., $481.
Sterling Debenture Corporation—L. Davis, $1,861.
Louirier-Siegel Contracting Co.—National Nassau Bank of New York, $744.
New York Vacuum Cleaner Co.—Westinghouse Electric & Mfg. Co., $460.
Rosa Realty Co. and Jerry Altieri—Candee, Smith & Howland Co., $2,936.

JUDGMENTS SATISFIED.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor and the date that when judgment was filed:

Champion Laundry—Bon Ton Tailoring Co., April 30, 1913, $140.
Ebenan, Ignatz—J. Carlinger, June 29, 1911, $122.
Graebling, Florence De M.—J. Friedman, Feb. 20, 1913, $154.
Joline, Adrian H., and Douglas Robinson—H. W. Hardinge, March 17, 1913, $550.
Lohman, Henry G.—V. F. McLarney, May 27, 1912, $133.
Nicholas, Frank R.—G. H. McChesney, Jr., March 13, 1913, $668.
Paine, Wm. L.—E. A. Sumner, March 16, 1910, $1,088.
Rich, Bert A.—G. Werdam et al., Oct. 19, 1912, $856.
Segal, Harris—United Furniture Co., Dec. 12, 1912, $201.
Whitridge, Frederick W.—J. Hannaghan, Jan. 20, 1913, $750.
White, Wm. N.—London & Southwestern Bank, Ltd., April 7, 1910, (vacated,) $37,394.
Schoenmaker, Mark L.—E. B. Hopkins, April 26, 1913, $384.
Interborough Rapid Transit Co.—W. G. Massarene, April 13, 1912, $1,285.
Same—M. McCabe, March 12, 1913, $500.
Same—Same, March 12, 1913, $3,132.
S. Meyerson Paper Co.—M. Meyerson, April 5, 1913, (vacated,) $1,056.
Ducker Co. and Wm. M. Ducker—T. H. Hubbard, April 25, 1913, (vacated,) $5,990.

COMMODITIES MARKETS

Wheat closed within a fraction of the day's lowest showing net losses of ⅝ to ¾c. Corn weakened in the afternoon with wheat and closed ⅛ to ⅜c. net lower. Cotton was more active and closed within 2 or 3 points of the top showing net gains of 15 to 24 points. Cottonseed oil closed 2 to 6 points net lower.

⁂

WHEAT.

Apart from one period of firmness, during which prices advanced ⅛c to ⅜c over the previous night, the wheat market was generally weak yesterday and at the close, which was only a fraction above lowest of the day, showed a net loss of ⅝c to ¾c per bushel. The one upturn of the day was due to a few unfavorable reports from the wheat belt, chiefly of dry weather, but this was soon offset by predictions for showers in the Southwest and also in parts of the Spring wheat belt. As a rule, with the single exception of Snow, crop experts in the West all continued their optimistic reports on conditions, and even the Snow references to a lack of moisture, which formed the chief basis for his complaints, aroused only passing notice except that they drew the attention of the trade to the possibilities of later trouble from this source. The Oklahoma State report was distinctly bearish, making a condition of 92 against 91 last month and 74 at harvest, when the crop was 20,000,000 bushels. A private report on all Winter wheat in the afternoon made condition 91.7 and suggested a record yield of over 500,000,000 bushels, with a decrease of only 2.1 in acreage. To this sort of news were added in the afternoon rumors that a number of mills in Minneapolis were about to close down and more or less disappointment over the export business, which amounted to only three loads at Kansas City. The decline of ⅜d at Liverpool was accepted as evidence of more settled conditions in Southeastern Europe. There was a holiday in all Continental markets. According to Broomhall, the Argentine was expected to ship about 3,200,000 bushels for the week, compared with 4,432,000 the previous week and 5,392,000 bushels a year ago. In the local market red wheat was still nominal and No. 1 Northern Duluth was quoted at $1.01⅝ free on board afloat.

WHEAT FUTURE MARKETS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
New York—					
May	..	..	1.01	1.01	1.22
July	1.00 7-16	99 11-16	99¾	1.00¼	1.17
Sept.	..	..	99	99¼	..
N. Y. Bonded—					
May	..	..	1.02⅞	1.03⅛	..
July	..	..	1.02⅞	1.03⅛	..
Chicago—					
May	92⅛	91⅜	91½	92⅛	1.14⅛
July	92⅝	91½	91⅝	92⅜	1.11⅛
Sept.	92⅛	91¼	91⅜	92⅛	1.08⅜

CORN.

After an easy and slightly lower opening, corn turned stronger, and throughout the forenoon was well sustained owing to light deliveries at Chicago, continued firmness in cash markets, and rather small receipts. The weather was very favorable for planting, however, and this fact, with the late weakness in wheat and the decline of ¼@⅜d in Liverpool cables, weakened the afternoon market quite sharply, and it closed ⅛@⅜c net lower and about bottom for the day. It was expected that Argentine shipments would be about 1,700,000 bushels, compared with 1,998,000 bushels the previous week, and 1,682,000 bushels a year ago. Export corn in the local market closed 63¼c, nominal, free on board, afloat.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	55¾	55	55⅛	55⅝	80⅛
July	56½	55⅞	56	56⅛	78¼
September	57¼	56½	56½	56⅞	76⅝

OATS.

With other markets oats sold off quite sharply in the afternoon after an early period of considerable strength due to a little commission house buying and the continued demand for cash property. The weather news, however, was again very favorable, and this tended to weaken sentiment somewhat after midday. Cash oats were quoted officially by the New York Produce Exchange as follows: Standard white, 41½c; No. 2, 42c; No. 3, 41c; No. 4, 40½c; fancy clipped white, 42 to 42½c; ordinary clipped white, 40½ to 41½c, all elevator.

CHICAGO—FUTURE MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	35¾	35¼	35½	35½	56¾
July	35⅝	34⅜	34⅜	35	54⅝
September	35¼	34⅞	34⅞	35	44⅝

PROVISIONS.

The early market developed considerable strength on lighter receipts and firm hogs, but was weaker in the afternoon, with the drop in grain and more or less commission house selling. The close was barely steady at a small gain over the previous night. At Chicago receipts were 15,000 hogs, with 13,000 expected on Friday; Kansas City had 6,000, Omaha 8,000, and the West 75,000.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
May	11.02	10.97	10.97	10.92	10.87
July	10.87	10.85	10.85	10.82	11.07
Ribs—					
May	11.50	11.40	11.50	11.35	10.15
July	11.07	11.02	11.05	11.00	10.37½
Pork—					
May	19.75	19.62	19.62	19.47	18.95
July	19.70	19.65	19.65	19.60	19.20

COTTON.

The cotton market showed increased activity and strength yesterday; in fact, at times there were evidences of some excitement as prices worked sharply higher on covering and support from bulls or reactionists. Apprehension of low temperatures following showers in the Western belt and smaller estimates of the probable acreage than expected from a couple of prominent local authorities no doubt contributed to the upward movement, but the main factor was most generally believed to be apprehensions that the short interest had been overextended and fear of bullish developments in old crop contracts owing to the prospective reduction in the local stock. The market closed within 2 or 3 points of the top and steady with last prices, showing net gains of from 15 to 24 points for the day.

The opening was firm at an advance of 10 to 19 points in response to higher cables than expected and heavy covering, part of which was doubtless on overnight orders. This advance, which carried prices about 20 to 25 points above the low level of the previous day, attracted active realizing by recent buyers for a turn and pressure from various bearish sources. Prices eased off several points in consequence, but offerings were well taken, and after a comparatively quiet middle session the market developed increasing strength, with old crop positions relatively firm.

Mail advices from New Orleans say that houses with French connections are taking up all the cotton tendered there for shipment, and according to official returns over 88,000 bales were taken up on the first May notices in the local market. According to Liverpool press advices, owing to the scarcity of low grade American and East Indian cotton in the Liverpool stock, it is believed that the proposed shipments from the New York stock to that market will ultimately prove a profitable transaction. With so much of the present stock of about 108,000 bales in local warehouses taken out by the stopping of May notices, some operators believe that the bulls have paved the way for a sharp advance in July contracts should Southern holders fail to weaken. Two crop reports were issued at the opening yesterday, one showing a prospective increase of 2.8 per cent. in acreage and the other of 3.7. Most of the talk has pointed to an increase of 5 to 6 or even 7 per cent., and many recent sellers have doubtless been assuming that the area would approximate that of 1911. Southern spot markets as officially reported were unchanged to ⅛c higher.

The local market for spot cotton was quiet and 15 points higher, at 11.95 for middling upland; delivered on contract, 88,700 bales.

The range of contract prices in the local market was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
May	11.60	11.43	11.57@.....	11.36
June	.....	.....	11.59@11.61	11.38
July	11.64	11.49	11.63@11.64	11.39
August	11.42	11.29	11.41@11.42	11.18
September	.....	.....	11.10@11.12	10.95
October	11.07	10.94	11.04@11.05	10.87
December	11.08	10.97	11.06@11.07	10.90
January	11.07	10.95	11.03@11.04	10.87
March	11.12	11.08	11.11@11.12	10.92

COTTONSEED OIL.

Apart from a moderate opening advance, due to the early strength of lard, cottonseed oil showed more or less weakness throughout the day and closed 2 to 6 points net lower. Bull sentiment seemed to be less prominent and there was also some pressure due to talk of larger crude offerings. Refiners and room shorts were the chief buyers on the decline.

The range of contract prices in the local market was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	....	....	6.80@6.97	6.90
May	6.94	6.92	6.89@6.91	6.91
June	....	....	6.90@6.95	6.93
July	7.01	6.93	6.93@6.94	6.98
August	7.05	6.98	6.97@6.98	7.03
September	7.04	6.98	6.98@7.00	7.03
October	6.71	6.68	6.66@6.68	6.79
November	6.46	6.44	6.40@6.45	6.45
December	....	....	6.30@6.35	6.33

COFFEE.

Coffee was inactive, owing to holidays in Europe and Brazil. Prices opened unchanged to 3 points higher. A decline of 7 to 10 points followed, but late in the day offerings were lighter, and the close was steady, 1 point up for May and June and 1 to 5 points down for other positions. Total sales, 24,500 bags. Statistical reports so far received indicate a decrease in the world's visible supply of 500,000 to 600,000 bags for April, compared with a decrease last year of 408,552 bags. Receipts at primary points were moderate, although somewhat larger than last week. So far this season receipts at Rio and Santos aggregate 10,654,000 bags, compared with 11,704,000 bags last year and 10,012,000 bags two years ago.

Spot coffee steady; 11¼c for Rio 7.

Contract prices follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
May	10.93	10.91	10.91@10.92	10.90
June	....	....	10.96@10.98	10.95
July	11.04	10.97	11.01@11.02	11.02
August	....	....	11.10@11.12	11.12
September	11.26	11.16	11.20@11.21	11.23
October	....	....	11.20@11.21	11.23
November	....	....	11.20@11.21	11.23
December	11.25	11.16	11.20@11.21	11.23
January	....	....	11.21@11.23	11.24
February	....	....	11.23@11.24	11.25
March	11.28	11.20	11.23@11.24	11.28
April	....	....	11.24@11.25	....

COUNTRY PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER.—Creamery, extras, 30¾@31c; firsts, 30@30½c; seconds, 29@29½c; State dairy, finest, 30½c; good to prime, 29@30c; common to fair, 26@28c; process, extras, 29½c; firsts, 28½@29c; imitation creamery, firsts, 28@29c; factory, current make, firsts, 27c; seconds, 25½@26c; packing stock, current make, No. 2, 24@24½c; No. 3, 22@23½c.

CHEESE.—State, whole milk, fresh, colored, 13¼c; white, 13½c; colored, average fancy, 13c; white, 13¼c; undergrades, 12½@12¾c; State, whole milk, held, as to style and quality, 13@17¼c; Wisconsin, whole milk, twins, held, 16c; State, skims, fresh, specials, 9@10c; skims, fresh, choice, 7½@8½c; State, skims, held, specials, 12@13c; fair to choice, 9½@11½c; skims, poor to fair, 5@7c; State, full skims and badly defective, 1@4c.

EGGS.—Fresh gathered, extras, per dozen, 21@21½c; storage packed firsts, 20@21c; regular packed firsts, northerly sections, 19@20c; southerly sections, 18@18½c; seconds, 17½@18c; thirds, 16½@17c; dirties, No. 1, 16@16½c; No. 2, 14½@15½c; checks, 12@15c; State, Pennsylvania, and near by, hennery whites, good to large size, new laid, 22@23c; defective in size or color, 20@21½c; Western, gathered whites, 19@21½c; State, Pennsylvania and near by, hennery browns, 21@21½c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 19½@20½c.

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

BEEF.—Prices unchanged.

SUGAR.—The refined sugar market was steady, and fine granulated stood at $4.30. The local raw sugar market was steady and unchanged, while the London beet sugar market was steady, with May at 9s 9¼d, June at 9s 9¾d, and August at 10s ¾d.

MOLASSES AND SYRUPS.—Prices unchanged.

RICE.—Prices unchanged.

FLOUR AND MEAL.—Prices unchanged.

OILS.—Prices unchanged.

NAVAL STORES.—Prices unchanged.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

A special meeting of stockholders of the Aetna National Bank has been called for June 3 to vote on a resolution to place the institution in voluntary liquidation.

C. W. McGee was elected Vice President and a Trustee of the Chesebrough Manufacturing Company at the annual meeting of stockholders yesterday.

Leonard and Edward Schaefer have retired from the Stock Exchange firm of Schaefer Brothers, and have formed a new firm, to be known as L. & E. Schaefer, with offices at 22 Exchange Place.

Edward F. Coombs has been admitted to membership in the brokerage firm of Beyer & Co.

Hamilton Able retired yesterday from the Stock Exchange house of Raymond, Starr & Co., and Harry S. Weill was admitted to membership.

A letter reviewing the first and second preferred stocks of the United Light and Railways Company has been prepared by Howe, Corrigan & Co., specialists in public utility securities, of Grand Rapids, Mich.

The Mahoning Coal Railroad Company has declared a dividend of $25 a share, payable on May 15. Most of the company's stock is owned by the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railroad Company.

The Stock Exchange firm of Watson & Pressprich has been dissolved by mutual consent. Mr. Watson has been elected Treasurer of the International Agricultural Corporation.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alta	.05	Justice	.04
Alpha Con	.01	Mexican	.76
Andes	.02	Occidental Con	.70
Belcher	.22	Ophir	.21
Best & Belcher	.02	Overman	.25
Caledonia	1.15	Potosi	.02
Chollar	.02	Savage	.04
Confidence	.30	Seg. Belcher	.07
Con. Cal. & Va.	.17	Sierra Nevada	.25
Crown Point	.24	Union Con	.08
Gould & Curry	.02	Utah Con	.07
Hale & Norcross	.02	Yellow Jacket	.24
Julia	.01		

TONOPAH.			
Belmont	5.82½	Comb. Fract	.04
Jim Butler	.94	Diamondf'd Daisy	.03
McNamara	.19	Diamondf'd B. B.	.02
Midway	.53	Florence	.40
Mizpah Exten	.65	Goldfield C. M.	1.95
Montana	1.65	Goldfield Merger	.22
North Star	.65	Jumbo Exten	.23
Rescue Eula	.19	Lone Star	.02
Tonopah Exten	2.25	Silver Pick	.06
Tonopah Merger	1.00	Vernal	.13
West End	1.47½	Nevada Hills	1.05
GOLDFIELD.		Round Mtn	.58
Atlanta	.14	MANHATTAN.	
Booth	.02	Manhattan Con	.07
C. O. D.	.04	Man. Big Four	.78

COLORADO.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. J'pot	7	7½	Jackpot	5¼	..
Elkton	58¼	59	McKinney	61	62
El Paso	250	350	Old Gold	2¾	3
Findlay	3	4	Portland	96	99
Gold Dol.	10	12	Vindicator	90	92
Isabella	12	12⅞	Rav. B. H.	5⅛	5⅝

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 1.—The following is the forecast for Friday and Saturday as issued by the United States Weather Bureau for the cotton and grain States:

North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, and Florida—Fair Friday and Saturday; light variable winds.

Alabama, Mississippi, and Louisiana—Fair Friday and probably Saturday; moderate south winds.

Eastern Texas—Cloudy Friday; probably followed by showers Friday night or Saturday; cooler in north portion Saturday; moderate to brisk south winds.

Western Texas—Cloudy Friday. Saturday unsettled and cooler.

New Mexico—Cloudy Friday, probably followed by local rains Friday night and Saturday.

Utah—Cloudy Friday. Saturday fair and warmer.

Oklahoma—Fair Friday, probably followed by showers and thunderstorms by Friday night or on Saturday; colder Saturday; high shifting winds.

Arkansas—Fair Friday. Saturday increasing cloudiness, probably becoming unsettled.

Tennessee and Kentucky—Fair and warm Friday and probably Saturday.

Ohio and Indiana—Fair and warm Friday and probably Saturday; moderate south winds.

Illinois—Fair Friday. Saturday, unsettled and cooler, probably showers; moderate to brisk south winds.

Lower Michigan—Probably fair. Saturday, showers and cooler; moderate south winds.

Upper Michigan—Unsettled and cooler, probably showers Friday and Saturday; moderate, variable winds.

Wisconsin—Cloudy and cooler, probably showers Friday and Saturday; moderate to brisk, variable winds, mostly south.

Minnesota—Showers Friday, cooler in east portion. Saturday, showers, moderate tob risk northeast winds.

Iowa—Showers Friday and probably Saturday, cooler.

Missouri—Fair Friday, except showers and cooler in northwest portion. Saturday, probably showers and thunderstorms and cooler.

North Dakota—Unsettled weather Friday, probably followed by showers Friday night or Saturday.

South Dakota—Showers Friday and probably Saturday.

Nebraska—Showers Friday, colder in south and east portions. Saturday, showers.

Kansas—Increasing cloudiness, probably followed by showers and thunderstorms Friday night and on Saturday, cooler.

Arrival of Buyers

Arriving buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

Meldrum, H. A., Co., Buffalo, N. Y.; F. E. Hochreiter, furn. goods, hosiery, laces, embroideries; 1,270 Broadway.
Halle Bros., Cleveland, Ohio; S. H. Halle, dry goods; 220 5th Av.
Martin & Naylor Co., Gloversville, N. Y.; W. W. Strong, gen'l mdse.; 320 Church.
Brownstein, Louis & Co, Los Angeles, Cal.; H. W. Louis, men's and boys' furn. goods, mfrs. shirts, pants, overalls; 72 Leonard.
Syracuse D. G. Co., Syracuse, N. Y.; Miss N. M. Stark, mfg. dept., waists, dresses, petticoats; 320 Broadway.
Sessions, F. W., Millinery Co., Utica, N. Y.; J. V. Clement, silks, laces, velvets, millinery, hats, ribbons; 621 Broadway.
Rothschild & Co., Chicago, Ill.; Miss S. Vogel, laces, embroideries; 215 4th Av.
Woloveck, M., Akron, Ohio, jobs in furs, ratine dresses, coats, suits; 3 E. 17th.
Loveman, D. B., Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.; B. Loveman, men's, boys' clothing, furn. goods, trunks, bags; 148 W. 23d.
White, R. H., Co., Boston, Mass.; Miss F. Fleming, art goods; 1,270 Broadway.
Ripley's, Pittsburgh, Penn.; A. Wolk, coats, dresses; 45 W. 34th.
Porter, J. J., Co., Pittsburgh, Penn.; Miss K. Wells, pattern hats; Grand.
[illegible]mon, K., & Co., Pittsburgh, Penn.; R. B. Snyder, white goods, linens, corsets, infants wear, muslin underwear; 116 W. 32d. Grand.
Stearns, R. H., & Co., Boston, Mass.; L. S. Root, silks; 45 E. 17th.
Block, William H., Co., Indianapolis, Ind.; H. S. Brown, domestics, flannels, blankets; 1,261 Broadway; Flanders.
Barnard, Sumner & Putnam Co., Worcester, Mass.; T. A. Engelbach, dry goods; 75 Spring; McAlpin.
Bunce, J. H., Co., Middletown, Conn.; Miss A. E. Long, laces, neckwear, buttons, embroideries; 75 Spring.
Malley, Ed. Co., New Haven, Conn.; Mr. Sprague, shoes; 320 Church.
Howland Dry Goods Co., Bridgeport, Conn.; A. A. Sprague, housefurnishing goods; 75 Spring.
Black & Grant Co., Zanesville, Ohio; E. S. Grant, hosiery, underwear; 377 Broadway.
Baltimore Bargain House, Baltimore, Md.; A. A. Dieterle, representing; 72 Leonard.
Denholm & McKay Co., Worcester, Mass.; J. S. Marsden, ladies' hosiery, gloves, underwear; L. C. Brown, carpets, rugs; 2 Walker.
Zanditon, H., Boston, Mass.; jobs, dress waists; 43 W. 27th.
Royal Pants Co., Baltimore, Md.; D. H. Lessner, trouserings; King Edward.
Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co., Chicago, Ill.; J. A. Lamond, wraps; 115 Worth; Great Northern.
Butler, H. H., Troy, N. Y.; jobs, suits; 18 W. 27th.
Moy Shoe Clothing Co., Denver, Col.; W. Mead, men's clothing; 4 Washington Place.
Star Cloak and Suit Co., Chicago, Ill.; A. Goldstein, cloaks, suits, "fall"; 7 W. 22d.
Boggs & Buhl, Pittsburgh, Penn.; W. Gold, domestics; 4 Washington Place.
Hochschild, Kohn & Co., Baltimore, Md.; Miss M. G. Townsend, art embroideries; Miss A. W. Mundy, representing; 214 Church.
Rice-Stix D. G. Co., St. Louis, Mo.; C. A. Jobes, underwear, sweaters; 377 Broadway.
Strawbridge & Clothier, Philadelphia, Penn.; Miss A. V. Mulvey, misses' cloaks, suits; 874 Broadway.
Siegel, H., & Co., Boston, Mass.; R. G. Alexander, bedding, furniture; 6th Av. and 20th; Herald Square.
Empire Clothing Credit Co., Dayton, Ohio; H. Heiner, clothing, cloaks, millinery; Herald Square.
Kaufman Dept. Store, Pittsburgh, Penn.; P. Cohen, millinery; 200 5th Av.; Collingwood.
Starr, L., & Co., Boston, Mass.; L. Starr, ready-to-wear; Marlborough-Blenheim.
McCarthy D. G. Co., Woonsocket, R. I.; L. M. Bazzinett, domestics, upholstery goods; 320 Church; Cadillac.
Lasalle & Koch Co., Toledo, Ohio; J. R. Fairley, carpets, rugs; 200 5th Av.; Cadillac.
Butler, H. H., Providence, R. I.; Fall suits; 18 W. 27th.

CLOAKS AND SUITS SALESMAN WANTED FOR NEW YORK AND VICINITY BY A WELL ESTABLISHED FIRM; MUST BE ABLE TO SELL SUITS FROM $16.50 TO $35; MUST BE WELL ACQUAINTED WITH THE BEST TRADE; ONLY THOSE THAT CAN SELL AT LEAST $50,000 A YEAR NEED APPLY; ALL COMMUNICATIONS WILL BE KEPT STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL. ANSWER WITH REFERENCES AND FULL PARTICULARS, T 139 TIMES.

HEADQUARTERS FOR SCARCE
RIBBONS.
WERTHEIMER BROS.,
565 and 567 Broadway,
Corner Prince Street,
New York City.

FLOWERS AND FEATHERS.
ZUCKER & JOSEPHY,
715-717-719 BROADWAY,
Corner Washington Pl.
Paris, 4 Cite Paradis. Dresden, 13 Burgerwiese.

S. N. WOOD & CO.,
43 West 16th St.,
are open for quantity of trimmed suits, silk dresses, evening gowns, and linen dresses at a price.

The Guaranteed Mailing List for 1913, women's retail store, for sale, price $5. C. M. Goldberg, 108 West 34th. Greeley 733.

SALESMAN wanted for Middle West and South to handle fine infants' coats; must be well acquainted. Z 129 Times.

JOBBERS looking on Fall dresses; skirts. Ebstein & Co., 137 West 25th St.

Office and show room to sublet. 15 East 26th St., Room 1,913.

AUCTION SALES.

ANDREW J. McCORMACK, Auctioneer.

ADRIAN H. MULLER & SON will sell the following miscellaneous securities, claims and accounts, by order of the Trustees in Liquidation of the Fidelity Development Co., at auction on Friday, May 9, 1913, at 12:30 P. M., at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14 and 16 Vesey St.:

Bond and mortgage made by Hiram W. Harris on Lots Nos. 15 to 18 inc., Block 71, on map of Morris Park, Borough of the Bronx, New York City, Section 1, filed in the Register's office of New York County as Map No. 1,138, on which is due $1,500 principal and interest at 5% from December 1, 1910; said mortgage being subject to a prior mortgage to secure $4,500 and interest, now in process of foreclosure.

Bond and mortgage made by Theodore Werner and Clara Louise Werner on Lots 49 to 59 inc., Block 71, on above map of Morris Park, on which is due $5,500 principal and interest at 5% from November 8, 1909; said mortgage being subject to a prior mortgage on the same and other property to secure $47,500 and interest.

Bond and mortgage made by Theodore Werner and Clara Louise Werner on Lots Nos. 7 to 14 inc., Block 71, on above map of Morris Park, on which is due $4,000 principal and interest at 5% from November 8, 1909; said mortgage being subject to a prior mortgage made on the same and other property to secure $47,500 and interest.

Bond and mortgage made by Theodore Werner on Lots Nos. 47 and 48, Block 71, on above map of Morris Park, on which is due $950 principal and interest at 5% from September 3, 1909; said mortgage being subject to a prior mortgage made by Fidelity Development Company to Van Nest Land and Improvement Company, dated October 30, 1906, to secure the sum of $2,351,700 and interest, covering this and other property; and being also subject to a second mortgage to secure $2,650 and interest.

Bond and mortgage made by Theodore Werner on Lots Nos. 44 to 46 inc., Block 71, on above map of Morris Park, on which is due [illegible] principal and interest at 6% from Sept. 3, 1909; said mortgage being subject to the above mentioned mortgage to Van Nest Land and Improvement Company; and also to a second mortgage to secure $500 and interest.

Bond and mortgage made by Theodore Werner on Lots 40 and 41, Block 71, on above map of Morris Park, on which is due $500 principal and interest at 5% from Sept. 3, 1909; said mortgage being subject to the above mentioned mortgage to Van Nest Land and Improvement Company; and also to a second mortgage to secure $3,500 and interest.

Bonds of Morris Park Estates issued under mortgage dated February 15, 1911, to Columbia Trust Company, Trustee, together with fractional certificates for such bonds, for the total principal sum of $3,975.93. The mortgage securing said bonds is subject to the above mentioned mortgage to Van Nest Land and Improvement Company, on the same and other property, to secure the sum of $2,351,700 and interest.

Voting trust certificates for 1,000 shares of Morris Park Estates stock.

60 shares of Fidelity Development preferred.

3,120 shares of Fidelity Development common.

Balances due to Fidelity Development Company from miscellaneous debtors on open book account as follows:

Bankers' Realty and Security Co.	$14,519.32
Morris Park Motordrome Club	9,801.65
South Shore Traction Co.	1,824.00
Railway Traction Construction Co.	1,809.03
Imperial Road Co.	1,152.76
Commonwealth Construction Co.	1,559.65
Columbia Concrete Co.	105.00
Morris Park Estates	63,593.86
Northern Bank of New York	2,817.88
Pelham Parkway Realty Co.	2,533.33
Elizabeth B. Davis	33.15
M. Ehrlich	1,090.00
W. E. Heritage	110.62
Henry Tonjes	311.68
Elizabeth M. Lloyd	2,874.85
H. R. Metcalf	880.15
A. F. Muhlbacker	1,965.00
A. H. Smith	260.00

All right, title and interest of the Fidelity Development Company in the following demand notes:

Note of Henry Tonjes and Helen S. Tonjes, dated September 20, 1908, for $820.

Two notes of A. H. Smith, dated April 24, 1909, for $350 and $300 respectively.

Note of H. Steck Adler, dated June 28, 1909, for $175.

The securities, claims and accounts listed above will be sold without any warranty of validity or collectibility. The figures given are as shown on the books of the Fidelity Development Company and may be subject in some cases to deduction or to increase for accrued interest or otherwise. The sale will in each case pass title to the accounts actually due from the respective debtors, be the amounts more or less than stated.

Bankrupt stock of The Excelsior Novelty Co., manufacturers of Lace Novelties and Belts.

100,000 Yards Fine Laces,

1,000 dozen Lace Collars and Jabots,
1,000 dozen Wash and Leather Belts,
Pearl Buckles, Trimmings, Leather, &c.

Manufacturing Plant

100 Singer and W. & W. Special Machines, 100 Power Tables, 5 and 2½ h. p. Diehl Motors, Belt Manufacturing Machinery, Showroom and Office Fixtures, 150 Feet Ground Glass Oak Office Partitions, Roll Top and Bookkeepers' Desks, Double Door Mosler Safe.

Merchandise Purchasing Co.,
ABR. COON, Auctioneer, sells
TO-DAY, FRIDAY, MAY 2, 10:30 A. M.,
561 Broadway, Near Prince St.,
THE ENTIRE OUTFIT OF ABOVE.
Auctioneer's Office, 113-115 Spring St.
Telephone 2723 Spring.

JOHN A. KLEMANN, Auctioneer, will sell at public auction the postage stamp collection of Mr. Max Isenstein, Friday evening, at 8 o'clock. Sale takes place at 179 Broadway, New York City.

Executor Trustee
Chartered 1822
The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company,
Nos. 16, 18, 20 & 22 William Street.
Branch Office, 475 Fifth Avenue,
New York.
LONDON 15 Cockspur St., S. W.
26 Old Broad Street, E. C.
PARIS, 41 Boulevard Haussmann
Travelers' Letters of Credit. Foreign Exchange.
Administrator Guardian

ENGINEERS.

ESTABLISHED 1894
Ford, Bacon & Davis
Engineers
FINANCIAL
AND
ENGINEERING REPORTS
VALUATIONS OF RAILROADS
AND
PUBLIC UTILITIES
115 BROADWAY, NEW YORK
NEW ORLEANS SAN FRANCISCO

H. M. Byllesby & Co.
Incorporated
Chicago: Insurance Exchange Bldg.
New York: Trinity Bldg.
Purchase, Finance, Construct and Operate Electric Light, Gas, Street Railway and Water Power Properties.
Examination and Reports.
Utility Securities Bought and Sold.

TO THE HOLDERS OF THE EXTENDED FOUR AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. GOLD NOTES OF THE WABASH RAILROAD COMPANY DUE MAY 1, 1913

Default having been made in the payment at their maturity on May 1, 1913, of the extended Four and One-half Per Cent. Gold Notes of the Wabash Railroad Company, the undersigned, representing a majority of the Notes, have agreed to act as a Committee for the protection of the interests of holders of the notes of said issue.

Noteholders are requested to deposit their Notes in negotiable form, with May 1, 1913, coupons attached, with the UNITED STATES MORTGAGE AND TRUST COMPANY, the Depositary of the Committee, which will issue transferable certificates of deposit therefor. The committee reserves the right to limit the time within which deposits may be made. Copies of the Noteholders' Agreement may be obtained from the Depositary.

The undersigned Committee has arranged with the Depositary to advance to depositing Noteholders, who desire it, the amount of the interest coupon due May 1, 1913.

New York, April 30, 1913.

JOHN W. PLATTEN, Chairman.
OTTO T. BANNARD,
HENRY R. ICKELHEIMER,
Committee.

CALVERT BREWER, Secretary,
No. 55 Cedar Street, New York City.

ROGERS LOCOMOTIVE WORKS,
No. 80 Church St., New York City.
TO THE HOLDERS OF FIRST MORTGAGE FIVE PER CENT. BONDS.

Please take notice that bonds numbered as follows have been selected as provided in Paragraph Third of the mortgage securing the same to be redeemed at par and accrued interest, on the Fourteenth Day of May next ensuing:

3	83	152	296
21	98	189	352
23	103	191	395
45	111	206	400
53	138	243	417
66	151	289	446
67			

Such bonds shall cease to draw interest from said date and will be redeemed at the aforesaid price upon presentation and surrender thereof, with all unpaid coupons attached, on and after said date at the office of the Equitable Trust Company of New York, successor by merger to Colonial Trust Company, trustee, No. 37 Wall Street, New York City.

ROGERS LOCOMOTIVE WORKS,
By C. B. DENNY, Treasurer.

UNION OIL COMPANY OF CALIFORNIA
First Lien Five Per Cent. Twenty-Year Sinking Fund Bonds.

Pursuant to the provisions of Article 4 of the First Lien Trust Indenture executed by Union Oil Company of California to the undersigned as Trustee, dated January 2, 1911, tenders of bonds for sale to the Sinking Fund to the aggregate face value of $363,000 are hereby invited. Tenders will be received by the undersigned Trustee on or before Friday, May 16, 1913, at 12 o'clock noon. The right is reserved to reject any or all bids.

THE EQUITABLE TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, Trustee.
By LYMAN RHOADES, Vice President.

THE CITY OF ARECIBO, P. R., UNDER ordinance of the Municipal Council, dated April 23d, 1913, will redeem at par on and after July 1st, 1913, at the office of Mueller, Schall & Co., 45 William Street, New York City, $15,000 of its 6% Bonds of 1902, Numbers 64 to 78, inclusive. Interest on said bonds will cease on July 1st, 1913.

MANUEL PEREZ AVILES,
Mayor of Arecibo, P. R.

SAVING AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS.

The Franklin Society
Founded 1888. Under supervision N. Y. State Bank Department. Savings share accounts of $10 or more opened on or before May 31st earn from June 1st. Begin now or write for booklet A.
38 PARK ROW, NEW YORK CITY.
4½%

SURROGATE NOTICES.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF HON. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against IDA STRAUS, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers at their place of transacting business, No. 15 William Street, in The City of New York, on or before the fourteenth day of October next.

Dated, New York, the 3d day of April, 1913.

JESSE I. STRAUS,
PERCY S. STRAUS and
HERBERT N. STRAUS,
Administrators.

WISE & SELIGSBERG, Attorneys for Administrators, 15 William Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF HON. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York.

Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against EMMA L. HAWKINS, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers at their place of transacting business, the office of Thompson & Fuller, No. 165 Broadway, in The City of New York, on or before the 26th day of October next.

Dated, New York, the 26th day of March, 1913.

ROSETTA L. RYERSON,
WILLIAM A. RYERSON,
Executors.

THOMPSON & FULLER, Attorneys for Executors, 165 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York,

Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against ANNA C. BECKWITH, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, No. 31 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 17th day of October next.

Dated New York, 3d day of April, 1913.

HENRY C. BRYAN, Executor.

DUNCAN EDWARDS, Attorney for Executor, 31 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

DIVIDENDS.

BUFFALO MINES, LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an extra quarterly dividend of three per cent. (3%) on the capital stock of The Buffalo Mines, Limited, will be paid on May 15th, 1913, to shareholders of record on May 5th, 1913. The stock books close at the close of business May 5th, 1913, and reopen for transfer May 16th, 1913.

GEORGE C. MILLER,
Secretary-Treasurer.

Dated April 16th, 1913.

THE NATIONAL NASSAU BANK OF NEW YORK.

New York, April 28th, 1913.

120TH CONSECUTIVE DIVIDEND.

A semi-annual dividend of Four (4) per cent. was this day declared out of the earnings of the last six months, payable, free of tax, on and after May 1st, 1913, to stockholders of record April 30th, 1913.

ARTHUR W. GILBART, Cashier.

PEOPLES GAS LIGHT & COKE COMPANY (of Chicago.)

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of one and three-quarters per cent. (1¾%) has been declared on the capital stock of this Company, payable May 26th, 1913, to the stockholders of record at the close of business on May 3d, 1913.

L. A. WILEY, Secretary.

LACKAWANNA STEEL COMPANY.

New York, N. Y., April 24, 1913.

A dividend of one and three-quarters per cent. (1¾%) for the quarter ending May 31st, 1913, has been declared on the outstanding preferred stock of this company, payable June 1st, 1913, to stockholders of record at the close of business, May 31st 1913.

J. P. HIGGINSON, Treasurer.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

NOTICE OF MEETING.

AETNA NATIONAL BANK.

New York, April 28, 1913.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE AETNA NATIONAL BANK OF NEW YORK:

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that by order of the Board of Directors a Special Meeting of Stockholders has been called and will be held at twelve o'clock noon, on the 3rd day of June, 1913, at the banking office of the Aetna National Bank, No. 92 West Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, to vote upon a resolution to place said bank in voluntary liquidation, pursuant to Sections 5220 and 5221, United States Revised Statutes, to take effect upon such date as may be fixed, and upon a resolution to ratify the action of the Board of Directors in the premises preliminary to liquidation, and upon such other matters as may be brought before said meeting.

The stock transfer books will be closed from 3 o'clock P. M. May 6, 1913, to 3 o'clock P. M., June 3, 1913.

By order of the Board of Directors.

GEORGE F. GENTES, Cashier.

The Kansas City Southern Railway Co.

NOTICE OF STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.

The annual meeting of the Stockholders of The Kansas City Southern Railway Company will be held at the office of the Company, in the Thayer Building, northwest corner of Broadway and Ninth Street, Kansas City, Missouri, on Tuesday, May 13, 1913, at the hour of 9:00 o'clock A. M., Standard Time, for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

As provided by the By-Laws of the Company, the books for the transfer of the Preferred and Common Stocks will be closed for the said meeting at 3:00 o'clock P. M., May 2, 1913, and re-opened at 10:00 o'clock A. M., May 19, 1913.

By order of the Executive Committee.

J. A. EDSON, President.
G. C. HAND, Secretary.

Dated April 1, 1913.

INTERNATIONAL SMELTING AND REFINING COMPANY.

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of the stockholders of the INTERNATIONAL SMELTING & REFINING COMPANY will be held at the office of the Company, 243 Washington Street, Jersey City, New Jersey, on Tuesday, the third day of June, 1913, at eleven o'clock A. M., for the transaction of any and all business that may come before the meeting, including the election of four Directors to hold office for three years.

The transfer books will be closed at three o'clock P. M. on Tuesday, May 13, 1913, and will be reopened at ten o'clock A. M. on Wednesday, June 4, 1913.

By order of the Board of Directors,

J. W. ALLEN, Secretary.

The New York & Harlem Railroad Co.

New York, N. Y., April 30, 1913.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Eighty-third Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of The New York & Harlem Railroad Company for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may be brought before the meeting, will be held at the office of the company in Grand Central Terminal, in the City of New York, on Tuesday, the 20th day of May, 1913. The poll will open at 12 o'clock noon and continue open for two hours thereafter. The Transfer Books will be closed at 3 o'clock P. M. on Thursday, the 1st day of May, 1913, and re-opened on the morning of Wednesday, the 21st day of May, 1913.

DWIGHT W. PARDEE, Secretary.

Office of
The Manhattan Life Insurance Company
64, 66, 68 & 70 Broadway, New York.

The annual election for eight Directors of this Company will be held in accordance with the insurance laws of this State, at this office, on Tuesday, May 13th. The polls will be opened from 10:00 A. M. to 12:00 M.

MELVIN De MOTT, Secretary.

PROPOSALS.

WEIGHING AND SALES COMPANY.

Proposals for Sale of Bonds.

Pursuant to the terms of the deed of trust dated May 12th, 1911, made by Weighing and Sales Company to Empire Trust Company as Trustee, all persons interested are hereby notified that there has been this day paid to the Empire Trust Company, as such Trustee, the sum of five thousand dollars ($5,000) to create a sinking fund for the purchase and redemption of bonds secured by said deed of trust. All persons interested are further hereby notified that, pursuant to said deed of trust, sealed proposals will be received by the Empire Trust Company at its office, No. 42 Broadway, New York City, within six (6) days from the date of the last publication of this notice, offering for sale bonds of the Weighing and Sales Company secured by said deed of trust, with all unpaid coupons thereto attached.

All such offerings shall state the name and address of the person offering the same for sale, the numbers and par value of the bonds so offered for sale, and the price at which the bonds, with all unpaid coupons thereto attached, are offered for sale, which price must be less than the par value thereof and accrued interest. Such offer shall be contained in a sealed envelope endorsed "Proposal for sale to sinking fund of bonds of Weighing and Sales Company," and must be received by said Empire Trust Company at its office, No. 42 Broadway, New York City, before May 8th, 1913.

The money so paid to the Trust Company will be used in the purchase of bonds under said offers at the best price obtainable. No proposals will be considered except such as strictly comply with this notice.

Dated New York, April 26th, 1913.

WEIGHING AND SALES COMPANY.

POCAHONTAS CONSOLIDATED COLLIERIES COMPANY, INCORPORATED, FIFTY-YEAR FIVE PER CENT. GOLD BONDS.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the terms of the Mortgage, dated July 1st, 1907, that the undersigned as Trustee, will receive sealed proposals up to 3 P. M. on the 5th day of June, 1913, for the sale to it of bonds as above described, sufficient to use the sum of $32,959.44. The undersigned reserves the right to reject any or all tenders.

THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY,
Trustee.
By H. W. MORSE, Secretary.

New York, April 30th, 1913.

U. S. ENGINEER OFFICE, ROOM 2, CUSTOM House, Norfolk, Va., May 1, 1913.—Sealed proposals for constructing and delivering three motor survey cruisers will be received at this office until 12 M. June 2, 1913, and then publicly opened. Information on application. E. EVELETH WINSLOW, Lt. Col. Engrs.

FORT TOTTEN, N. Y., MAY 1, 1913.—Sealed proposals for construcing isolation ward, for building complete, including plumbing, heating, and electric wiring, will be received here until 2 P. M., May 30, 1913, and then publicly opened. Information furnished upon application to Quartermaster.

MELLEN TO TESTIFY IN ROAD'S DEFENSE

Will Appear at Boston Inquiry, but on Account of Indictment Here Will Not Be Sworn.

SCORE ACCOUNTING SYSTEM

Does Not Represent Real Values, Says Prouty—$102,000 Mellen "Profit" Explained by Counsel.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, May 1.—President Mellen of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad is to appear to-morrow morning at the hearing before Inter-State Commerce Commissioner Prouty to make a statement relative to the matters testified to in the investigation of his road's financiering. Mr. Mellen will not, however, be sworn, in view of the fact that he is under indictment in New York, and Commissioner Prouty will not permit cross-questioning unless Mr. Mellen desires to be interrogated by counsel.

This announcement came at the close of a day of testimony. Commissioner Prouty several times broke in upon C. F. Choate, Jr.'s, examination of David E. Brown, the Government accountant, to make it clear to Choate that the commission desired to find out exactly what was done with certain alleged "paper profits," said to have resulted from stock deals by Mr. Mellen and others. Mr. Choate intimated that the New Haven and its President were not getting "a square deal" and that the Commissioner had favored Louis F. Brandeis in the latter's examination of witnesses. Commissioner Prouty informed Mr. Choate that this intimation came with very ill grace from the road's representative, since he, (the Commissioner,) had repeatedly stated that he wanted the road to put in all the evidence it desired.

Mr. Choate questioned Mr. Brown as to his experience as an accountant, asking him, among other things, if he had ever previously been engaged in work similar to that involved in this investigation. When Mr. Brown replied in the negative, Commissioner Prouty interrupted to ask the witness if he did not mean that he had never before met such bookkeeping as the New Haven's. To this Mr. Brown replied in the affirmative. Mr. Choate objected to the Commissioner's answering for the witness in this way, but Mr. Prouty said he would not allow a skillful lawyer to lead a witness to say what he did not mean.

James B. Brady, better known as "Diamond Jim" Brady, is in town. His dealings with New Haven officials have been discussed at the hearing. He may himself be called to the stand to tell how he secured contracts from President Mellen.

Various notes given by Mr. Mellen to the New Haven Company in exchange for New Haven stock were explained by Mr. Choate through the expert's answers as having been paid in full, and, although Mr. Brown and Commissioner Prouty agreed that the bookkeeping methods of the company indicated that Mr. Mellen had made a profit of $102,000, the Commissioner said that he had no doubt that Mr. Mellen paid the company, but he wished a fuller explanation of the transaction than Mr. Choate was able to bring out.

Technicalities of bookkeeping were taken up to indicate that an aggregate of $7,415,325 for additions and betterments had been charged against profit and loss during the four years ended June 30, 1912. These charges, Mr. Brown said, might properly have been made against capital. The profit and loss balance of the New Haven Road on June 30, 1912, was $12,575,471, and had the betterments and additions for the four years been charged against capital the witness agreed that the profit and loss balance "on the right side of the ledger" would have been nearly $20,000,000.

The acquisition of the Boston & Maine by the New Haven and the dealings between the New Haven Road and J. L. Billard and the Billard Company were introduced by Mr. Choate in an attempt to show that the transactions had been misrepresented in the direct examination of Mr. Brown, and that Mr. Billard did not make a profit of $2,700,000 on the deal, as the direct testimony indicated.

Mr. Choate's explanation was left unfinished, as the course of the examination precipitated a discussion over the value of stock assets carried on the books of the company.

"You are now carrying New Haven stock at $160 a share," said Mr. Prouty. "It is not worth it. You carry Boston & Maine stock at $160 a share, and it is not worth it."

Mr. Choate replied that Old Colony stock, which was carried [illegible] on the New Haven's books at [illegible], was about $6,000,000 more than [illegible].

The transfer of 100,948 shares of Boston & Maine stock by the New Haven to J. L. Billard at $125 a share for $11,000,000 in notes and cash was inquired into. Commissioner Prouty said:

"Do you understand, Mr. Choate, that Mr. Billard had ever invested any actual money in the gold notes of the New England Investment and Security Company?"

"Not to my knowledge," said the lawyer.

The Commissioner asserted that Mr. Billard had not put up any actual money in connection with the Boston & Maine stock transfer and that there was every indication, according to the records, that he had made a profit varying from $2,400,000 to $2,700,000.

In answer to questions by Mr. Choate Mr. Brown read from the records figures to indicate that the subsidiaries paying dividends had earned them.

The bookkeeping system of the New Haven was criticised by Commissioner Prouty in connection with the first subject taken up to-day. This was the transfer of the steamers Rhode Island and Connecticut from the Providence and Stonington Steamboat Company to the New England Navigation Company, subsidiaries of the New Haven, in August, 1904, at an appraised value of $650,000. In December, 1906, the vessels were transferred to the United States Transportation Company for the same price. In 1908 the navigation company bought the steamers back from the transportation company for $932,000.

Mr. Choate asked Mr. Brown to assume that the transportation company had spent $282,000 on them and then say what was the amount represented by the steamers. The witness answered "$932,000."

In July, 1910, the witness said, adjustments were made which placed a book value of $225,000 on the Connecticut and $150,000 on the Rhode Island. When the Connecticut was broken up in 1911, $8,000 was received from salvage, $26,000 was allowed as the value of her boilers that were installed in a freight steamer, and the balance, $191,500, was charged against income.

"Have you any criticism of our method of 'charging off' in adjusting the value of these steamers?" the lawyer asked.

"I am not making criticisms of any kind," said the witness.

"I think I have," interposed Commissioner Prouty. "Your methods of bookkeeping are open to serious criticism. My criticism of your bookkeeping is that it does not represent real values. Your books ought to be kept in such a manner as to show actual value of property. You ought not to charge your property $300,000 up or $300,000 down, as you wish, for that does not represent real value. Do you think that these boats were worth $932,000 when they were turned back to the navigation company?"

"I do not know anything about that," replied the attorney.

"Well," commented the Commissioner, "I think you can make a pretty shrewd guess. These boats were used for several years, and were then turned back without any charge being made for depreciation."

Notes given by Mr. Mellen to the New Haven Road were then considered. The witness said that one note for $1,682,450 was given on May 1, 1904, for 8,855 shares of New Haven stock, and on March 16 another note was given for $2,086,200 for 19,835 shares. Payments on the notes made by Mr Mellen aggregated $3,945,252, or, as the witness agreed, nearly $88,000 more than he had received, excluding dividends on stock which also were paid back to the company.

"And this," said the lawyer, "is the transaction on which you testified Mr. Mellen made $102,000 profit?"

"From the books it would appear so," the witness replied.

The lawyer brought out the point that, after the interest charges had been figured, the New Haven Company appeared to have a difference of nearly $74,000 in its favor as a result of the transaction.

Mr. Choate used the purchase of the Worcester, Nashua & Rochester Railroad for the Boston & Maine as an illustration of the New Haven's method of transacting business. Mr. Mellen and certain Directors of the New Haven had given their notes for the purchase of Worcester, Nashua & Rochester stock.

"The Boston & Maine had not the money at the time for that purpose," he said. "It was desirable that the public should not know that the Boston & Maine wanted the other road, else the price of stock would have advanced. The Directors of the New Haven company who were working on the problem lent their credit and gave their notes to the company for money that purchased the stock. Every cent, including interest, was accounted for and turned back into the company's treasury."

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Bone Wares Not Jewelry; Linen Drawnwork Pays on Thread Count.

The Board of United States General Appraisers yesterday sustained a protest by Morimura Brothers and others of this city regarding the classification of bone articles returned by Collector Loeb under the Tariff act of 1909, at 60 per cent. ad valorem, as jewelry. The importers established the goods to be manufactures of bone, dutiable at 35 per cent., under Paragraph 463.

Gimbel Brothers were sustained in a controversy over the classification under the act of 1897 of linen drawnwork assessed at 60 per cent. ad valorem under the provision in the former law covering embroidery. The board held that the goods should be assessed under Paragraph 346, at rates depending on the count of threads per square inch.

The board overruled several protests of importers who claimed free entry for articles imported as antiques. The importers included C. Stonehill, G. W. Sheldon & Co., Walter S. Brewster, Mrs. H. W. Stewart, Mrs. Edith W. W. Sheridan, and the Universal Shipping Company.

RAILROADS REJECT NEW WAGE DEMAND

Would Add $17,000,000 to Expenses Over the $30,000,000 Increase in 1910.

STRIKE VOTE NEXT STEP

Eastern Lines at the Same Time Make Ready to Ask Authority to Raise Freight Rates.

The Eastern railroads, ground between the upper and nether millstones of enforced increases in wages and refusal by the Inter-State Commerce Commission of two years ago to permit them to advance freight rates, put both matters before the public yesterday, with a view to developing sentiment for their side.

The Conference Committee of Managers of the roads east of Chicago and north of the Potomac and Ohio Rivers refused the demands of their 100,000 conductors and trainmen for more wages, making public their reasons, and a committee of railway presidents, representing roads in what is known as officials classification territory, set forth the need of higher rates. Five per cent. increase is what they will seek.

According to railroad estimates, the increase they got in 1910 amounted to $30,000,000, and their present demands would add $17,000,000 more. It has been understood that the railroads would make a firmer stand against the conductors and trainmen than they did against the engineers and later the firemen, the chief reason being the increase of three years ago. Another is that the trainmen were particularly active in having enacted the recent full crew laws, which the railroads contend impose additional expense without any justification, either in improved service or in greater safety of operation. The third reason is that a strike of conductors and trainmen would not necessarily tie up the roads throughout the eastern territory as would a strike of engineers or firemen.

Arbitration or Strike.

The next step in the present controversy will probably be a vote by the 100,000 members of the two orders as to whether a strike shall be called, and none of the officials doubts that the vote will be in favor of a strike in order to strengthen the hands of the labor negotiators in seeking to bring about arbitration. The next proceeding, if the same course is followed as in the other controversies, would be to call in the Chief Judge of the Commerce Court and the Commissioner of Labor Statistics to act as mediators. Should they fail to bring the parties to an agreement on a wage scale, which is what has happened before, they would endeavor to obtain an agreement to arbitrate. By that time the choice would be between arbitration and a strike.

What the railroads think of this process and of the arbitration which followed in the other two cases was expressed in a letter sent to the labor representatives yesterday by Elisha Lee, Chairman of the Conference Committee of Managers, notifying them of the refusal of their demands.

"In making demands," he said, "for extravagant wages—wages entirely out of accord with the railroads' obligations as a whole—railway employes apparently act on the assumption that a strike that would tie up traffic would never be permitted by the public. They seem to think that if a strike is to be avoided the railroads must give way—that the public will force them to give way, believing that arbitration must take place, and that in the end the splitting of differences between what they demand and the wages they receive will result in their favor. In other words, the employes have everything to gain and nothing to lose."

In making public its letter the Conference Committee of Managers made this statement to the press and public:

> The railroads in the eastern part of the country are confronted with another wage movement, probably more important than those of the engineers and the firemen combined. Some 100,000 conductors and trainmen on forty-three Eastern roads have made demands for increased wages and changes in working conditions. Even though their wages were increased by $30,000,000 per annum in 1910, they now ask for an additional $17,000,000 per annum.
>
> A letter addressed to A. B. Garretson, President of the Order of Railway Conductors, and W. G. Lee, President of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen, said:
>
> The wages and working conditions which you request would increase the pay of the conductors and trainmen in the Eastern District—the forty-three roads represented by the Conference Committee of Managers—[illegible] approximately $17,000,000 [illegible] per annum, in addition to the $30,000,000 increase of 1910. The increase would be equivalent to placing on these properties a lien of $425,000,000 of 4 per cent. securities, which would have preference over first mortgage bonds.
>
> If the railroads are forced to pay extravagant wages to men in train service, the burden must fall on the public, for it is only from the 50,000,000 people directly dependent on these railroads for transportation facilities that the roads can secure revenue. You will readily see, therefore, why, in considering your demands, we hold the public interest paramount.
>
> **Thought 1910 Award Settled It.**
>
> The ability of the railroads to meet the recurring demands for increased wages is measured by the net results of their operations, and the sum of the obligations which they must meet to maintain their solvency. The reduction of the net revenue by the constantly increasing expenses of operation have so narrowed the margin which is essential to the solvent existence of many of the roads that further increases in operating costs are viewed with grave concern.
>
> The railroads reiterate their statement made to the engineers, that this headlong movement toward financial disaster cannot proceed unchecked.
>
> The conductors and trainmen in the Eastern District have practically uniform wages and working conditions, and the wages now paid are liberal. As positive proof of this we need only call to your attention the fact that they were fixed by E. E. Clark, former President of the Order of Railway Conductors, and P. H. Morrissey, former President of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen, who acted as arbitrators in the New York Central controversy in 1910.
>
> To prevent strikes on their lines practically all of the railroads in the Eastern territory in 1910 accepted the Clark-Morrissey award.
>
> In view of the fact that the present rates of wages are liberal, and in many cases excessive, the Conference Committee of Managers, acting in the interests of owners of railroad securities, in the interests of all railroad employes—in the interests of the public as a whole—must decline your request.

Daniel Willard, President of the Baltimore & Ohio, speaking for a committee comprising himself, Samuel Rea, President of the Pennsylvania, and W. C. Brown, President of the New York Central, which was appointed at a conference a few days ago, announced the intention of the roads to apply to the Inter-State Commerce Commission for its consent to an increase in freight rates. Mr. Willard said:

"When the matter of an increase in rates of freight was considered three years ago it was proposed by the railroads to increase generally the so-called class rates and some of the commodity rates. It was urged at the time by those opposed to the suggested advances that a fairer and better way to obtain an increase, if necessary, would be by a small advance on all rates instead of the larger advance as was proposed of some of the rates, and it has been very clearly brought out during recent years, and particularly in the numerous complaints filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission, that the relation of rates between localities is of much greater importance to the shipping public than the actual rate per se. With this in mind the carriers now hope to obtain the consent of the commission for an advance of 5 per cent. on freight of all character, and it is believed that such an advance if granted will create little, if any, disturbance in commercial conditions.

No Encouragement to Development

"It has been urged in certain quarters that some of the commodity rates now in existence are relatively too low and that they ought to be raised before any general advance is made, and to this view the railroad executives freely assent, but they also say that while they would be glad to see a better adjustment of these rates it can only be brought about by the co-operation of the shippers with the railroads and with the assistance of the commission.

"Since the previous hearing the railroads generally have expended large sums for equipment and additional facilities, and while there has been some response in the way of increased gross revenues the surplus income after paying charges and dividends has been so narrowed as to not encourage the further expenditures required to keep the railroads abreast with the growing demand of the business of the country.

"The bearing of this situation on the question of rates was aptly referred to by Commissioner Prouty in his opinion on the previous hearing:

"'Our railroads should be kept in a high state of efficiency and railroad charges should be sufficient to permit this. Necessary extensions and improvements should be made and the treatment of our railroads by the public should be such as will inspire that confidence in the investing public necessary to obtain the funds for such additions.'

"Unless the carriers are enabled to increase their revenue in some manner, and the plan above proposed seems likely to meet with less opposition than any other, their ability—already limited—to provide such additional equipment and facilities as will be necessary to take care of the growing demands of the country will be very seriously impaired."

Erie's Offer to Telegraphers.

CLEVELAND, May 1.—In answer to a strike vote taken by telegraph operators on the Erie Railroad last week, the road to-day tendered a 5 to 9 per cent. increase to operators receiving less than $60 a month—25 per cent. of the 400. "We can't give more," said H. C. Dunkle, General Superintendent, "because of our heavy losses in the recent flood."

The operators stand firm for a 12 per cent. increase.

PRAISES UNIFORMITY OF BANKRUPTCY LAW

Credits Helped Materially by the Present Statute, Says Frederick W. Wakefield.

SAFEGUARD FOR CREDITORS

But They Do Not Always Avail Themselves of Their Powers Under the Act.

Like all other human institutions the present bankruptcy law has its defects, according to Frederick W. Wakefield, credit manager for Cheney Brothers, but there is also a number of points in its favor.

"The first thing to be said in setting forth the good points of the law," said Mr. Wakefield in discussing it yesterday, "is that it makes the administration of insolvent estates throughout the country uniform. The second good point is that it gives creditors control of the handling of the assets.

"In the absence of a National bankruptcy law the credit man fears chattel mortgages, friendly assignments, and local preferences to banks and other creditors. All this is done away with by the present law, and that is its most important and far-reaching benefit. Moreover, this uniformity of the law helps credits materially.

"The second benefit is that the law gives creditors control. The officer who is to administer the estate is the trustee who is elected by a majority of the creditors. Often, however, creditors do not gain control. This is their own fault. All that creditors have to do is to organize; if they choose each to take his own methods there is often a feast for lawyers, receivers, appraisers and others. I have no sympathy with those carping critics of the bankruptcy law who expect it to be self-operative and to produce perfect results without effort on the part of the creditors. No law is self-acting—to be effective it must be administered completely.

"Critics of the present law often complain of the expense involved in the administration of estates. There is justice in their criticism so far as it relates to small estates; for example, those with assets of less than $5,000. In the larger estates, and particularly in the case of very large failures, the law has produced admirable results. This is because in the large failures creditors take the trouble to watch their interests; in small matters of this kind they are inert.

"In New York we have Federal Judges of the highest character and ability, and I think that this is generally so throughout the country. These Judges are not only willing, but anxious, to do everything in their power to give creditors control and to have economical and speedy administration of estates. I have found this so in my personal experiences with them; but the Judges cannot accomplish this result without the help of the creditors. There are, of course, cases with unnecessarily large expenses of receiverships, but these cases are becoming more and more infrequent. The fees of the receivers are fixed by the statute, and they are very small.

"One cardinal point that I want to bring home is that all we need to make the bankruptcy law a thoroughly successful statute is for all the creditors to avail themselves of the complete rights and powers accorded them by the act, and to make use of the opportunities which the Judges who administer that law are only too anxious to give them. If the creditors themselves are lax and take no interest in the administration of their own assets, they have no right to find fault with the law if these assets are not handled in the manner best suited to please them."

Rights in Baltimore Gas.

Stockholders of the Consolidated Gas, Electric Light and Power Company of Baltimore have the privilege of subscribing to $3,406,550 consolidated mortgage debenture stock at 96 in proportion of $25 of the new stock for each $100 of common or preferred stock owned. The debenture shares are part of an authorized issue of $10,000,000, and will be convertible from July 1, 1916, into common stock.

HITS INCOME TAX METHODS.

Chamber of Commerce Objects to Making Corporations Collect.

The Chamber of Commerce at its monthly meeting yesterday passed resolutions criticising the method of collecting the preferred income tax, as proposed in the Tariff bill, and protesting against the action any State might take which tended to impair treaty obligations with a foreign nation. The people of the State of California were appealed to in the second resolution to subordinate whatever local irritation may exist to the honor and welfare of the United States.

It was after hearing a report of Frank A. Vanderlip, Chairman of the Committee on Finance and Currency, that the Chamber voted on the income tax resolution. His report took exception to the method of collecting the tax because it made every corporation, firm, or individual having control of annual gains or the payment of them "a collector of revenue for the United States Government."

This he thought a greater burden on corporations than the imposition of the tax itself. He makes this comment:

> That part of the Tariff bill relating to the income tax comprises thirty printed pages, and gives evidence in many parts of crudity and obscurity, in the interpretation and application of which the services of multitudes of lawyers will be required and thus increase the expense and irritation of the collection.
>
> This system of deduction at source is bound to cause confusion, delay, and disputes, as well as disclosures of personal income to persons other than Government officials. A heavy burden will be placed upon every corporation making the deduction from its interest payments, if for purposes of identification every interest payment must be separately earmarked. An enormous number of applications will be necessary on the part of persons who are wholly exempted from the tax, in order to prevent deduction by the corporations. The expense and annoyance and incidental injustice will necessarily be great.

The Chamber held its annual election of officers and re-elected John Claflin as President for another year. The Chairmen of the different committees were also chosen, without change, to serve another term.

TAKE UNITED FRUIT NOTES.

Bankers Absorb $12,000,000 6 Per Cents to Sell to Investors.

The United Fruit Company has sold to a syndicate of bankers headed by Lee, Higginson & Co. $12,000,000 6 per cent. four-year gold notes which are being distributed to investors at a price to yield 6½ per cent. The proceeds of the sale will be used to finance the proposed expansion of the company's trade, particularly with Europe, and to extend the acreage of fruit-growing land in Honduras and Nicaragua.

It is expected that about $1,500,000 of the funds will be used to buy and equip additional steamships for the fruit trade. The company's railways in Central American will be extended.

LEGAL NOTICES.

JUDICIAL AUCTION SALE
—of—
VALUABLE
MINING PROPERTY,

known as "The Stirling Mine."
Situated near Arsenic Lake in the District of Nipissing, Ontario, Canada.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF ONTARIO,
HIGH COURT DIVISION.
LECKIE
vs.
MARSHALL.

PURSUANT to the Judgment in this cause, bearing date the 6th day of November, 1911, as varied by the Judgment of the Court of Appeal for Ontario of the 28th day of June, 1912, there will be sold by

PUBLIC AUCTION,

by and with the approbation of George O. Alcorn, Esquire, Master in Ordinary, at his Chambers at Osgoode Hall in the City of Toronto, Ontario, Canada, at the hour of 12 o'clock noon on

TUESDAY, THE 8TH DAY OF JULY, 1913, the property known as "THE STIRLING MINE," situated in the District of Nipissing and Province of Ontario, Canada, and composed of freehold mining locations, W. S. 13, and W. S. 14, and of the interest of the Lessee in the following mining locations: W. D. 460, W. D. 461, W. D. 462, W. D. 463, W. D. 464, W. D. 465, W. D. 597, W. D. 598, W. D 599, which latter nine locations are held under lease from the Crown.

The property will be offered for sale in one parcel subject to a reserved bid fixed by the said Master. Ten per cent. of the purchase price shall be paid to the Solicitor for the Vendors by way of deposit and the remainder of the Purchase money shall be paid into Court by the purchaser without interest within thirty days from date of sale.

The sale of the said Leasehold mining locations is subject to the consent of the Minister of Lands, Forests and Mines for the Province of Ontario.

The Vendors shall not be required to produce any abstract of title nor any documents or evidences of title or copies thereof other than the certificates of Title issued by the Local Master of Titles at North Bay, Ontario, and such documents and other evidences of title as may be in Vendors' possession.

All parties to this action other than the Royal Trust Company are at liberty to bid.

The properties are near Grey's Siding on the Temiskaming and Northern Ontario Railway.

A list of the buildings and of the fixed machinery on the property may be seen on application to the undersigned Solicitors. In other respects, the terms and conditions of sale will be the standing conditions of sale of the Court.

Further particulars and conditions of sale may be had from Messrs. CROMBIE, WORRELL & GWYNNE, 76 Adelaide St. West, Toronto, Solicitors for The Royal Trust Co., Vendors.

GEO. O. ALCORN, Master-in-Ordinary.

DATED 26th day of March, 1913.

Bankruptcy Sales

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of BESSIE LONDON and JOSEPH MARTIN, individually and as copartners, engaged in business under the name and style of LONDON & MARTIN, Bankrupts.

Take notice that pursuant to an order of the Hon. John J. Townsend, Referee in Bankruptcy, the undersigned, trustee in bankruptcy, will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the time and place stated below, pursuant to the rules of this court, all his right, title and interest in and to the following:

Parcel No. 1. Lease of the restaurant premises occupied by the bankrupts on Surf Avenue, opposite Luna Park, Coney Island, having an unexpired term of about six years, said sale being made subject to all liens, incumbrances and arrears on said lease.

Parcel No. 2. Furniture, fixtures and equipment of the restaurant lately conducted by the bankrupts at Surf Avenue, Coney Island, in the Borough of Brooklyn, City of New York.

Said property may now be inspected on any week day between the hours of 10 A. M. and 4 P. M.

Further particulars as to the lease and terms of the sale may be had from the trustee, or Yankauer and Davidson, his counsel.

Take notice, that a meeting of the creditors of the bankrupts will be held at the office of the Hon. John J. Townsend, referee in bankruptcy, No. 45 Cedar Street, Borough of Manhattan, on the 16th day of May, 1913, at two o'clock in the afternoon on said day, at which time bids will be received and the property will be sold subject to the approval of the court and the creditors.

YANKAUER & DAVIDSON,
Attorneys for Trustee,
261 Broadway, New York City.
EUSTACE D. MANCHEE,
Trustee in bankruptcy, 78 Hudson St.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of BESSIE LONDON and JOSEPH MARTIN, individually and as copartners engaged in business under the name and style of LONDON & MARTIN, Bankrupts.

Take notice that pursuant to an order of Hon. John J. Townsend, referee in bankruptcy, Charles Shongood, United States auctioneer, will sell at public auction to the highest bidder, at No. 6 Stone Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, pursuant to the rules of this court, on the 16th day of May, 1913, at 10:30 A. M., on said day, all the trustee's right, title, and interest in and to the following:

Parcel No. 1:

Lease of the restaurant premises occupied by the bankrupt at No. 6 Stone Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, having an unexpired term of about four years.

Parcel No. 2:

Furniture, fixtures, and equipment of the restaurant lately conducted by the bankrupt at No. 6 Stone Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, together with a stock of wines, liquors, etc., etc.

Said property may now be inspected on any week day between the hours of ten A. M. and four P. M.

Further particulars as to the lease and terms of the sale may be had from Yankauer & Davidson, 261 Broadway, New York City, attorneys for the trustee.

EUSTACE D. MANCHEE.
Dated New York, May 2d, 1913.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.
TO THE CREDITORS OF ESCHELBACHER BROTHERS, TRADING AS THE MAJESTIC SKIRT CO.:

Please take notice that George B. Williams, as trustee of the above-named, will offer at public sale, through Charles Shongood, auctioneer, the assets of the above named, consisting of ladies' dresses, princess slips, silks, satins, Bedford cords, cloths, woolens, linings, forms, laces, embroideries, insertions, ribbons, plain and fancy sewing machines, power tables, shaftings, pulleys, motors, factory and office fixtures, bookkeepers' desks, typewriter, showroom fixtures, safe, &c., on the 2d day of May, 1913, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at 28 West 27th Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

Dated New York, April 23, 1913.
GEORGE B. WILLIAMS, Trustee.
EUGENE L. BONDY, Attorney for the Trustee, 366 Broadway, Manhattan, New York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of CARL F. and JULIUS SPIESS, comprising the firm of SPIESS BROTHERS, Bankrupt.—Charles Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York, in bankruptcy, sells Thursday, May 8th, 1913, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 539 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of champagnes, Rhine wines, Moselle wines, brandies, whiskeys, cordials, barrels of whiskey cigars, cigarettes, &c. Also right, title, and interest of the receiver in and to the fixtures of the bankrupt, located at 532 Broadway, which are subject to a mortgage.

Inspection May 6th and 7th, between 10 A. M. and 4 P. M.

MARCUS HELFAND,
Receiver.
WILLIAM HENKEL, Jr., Attorney for Receiver, 64 William St., New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ANTONIO ACCURSO and ANTONIO Pizzarello, individually, and composing the firm of ACCURSO & PIZZARELLO, bankrupts.—Charles Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York, in bankruptcy, sells Wednesday, May 7th, 1913, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 115 [illegible] Street, [illegible], N. Y., assets of the above bankrupts, consisting of groceries, teas, coffees, horse, wagon, &c. Inspection May 6th, between 10 A. M. and 4 P. M.

CHAS. S. YAWGER, Receiver.
HIRSCHMAN & DRUCKER, Attorneys for Receiver, 299 Broadway, New York.

Bankruptcy Sales

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of L. STEINER COMPANY, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Friday, May 2d, 1913, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 539 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of cloaks, suits, partitions, chairs, desk, fixtures, &c.

GEORGE R. HALL, Receiver.
HERMAN H. OPPENHEIMER, Attorney for Receiver, 170 Broadway, New York.

Bankruptcy Notices

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JACOB NADELMAN, Alleged Bankrupt.—No. 17,625.

To the creditors of Jacob Nadelman of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, alleged bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that by an order of Hon. Julius M. Mayer, one of the Judges of this court, dated the 18th day of March, 1913, the above entitled proceeding has been referred to me as Referee in Bankruptcy under Section 12a of the Bankruptcy Act, to call a meeting of creditors for the allowance of claims, the examination of the alleged bankrupt, and the preservation and conduct of the estate of the same, and that action upon the petition for adjudication has been stayed until ten days after it shall be determined whether a composition herein shall be confirmed.

Notice is further given that, pursuant to said order and in conformity with said Section 12a, a meeting or creditors will be held at the office of Macgrane Coxe, Room 1,305, Woolworth Building, No. 233 Broadway, City and County of New York, on the 13th day of May, 1913, at 12 o'clock noon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, examine the alleged bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

MACGRANE COXE,
May 2d, 1913. Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 17,501.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ALBERT ROSENTHAL, doing business as ALBERT ROSENTHAL RAW FUR CO., Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Albert Rosenthal, doing business as Albert Rosenthal Raw Fur Co., of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 4th day of February, A. D. 1913, the said Albert Rosenthal, doing business as Albert Rosenthal Raw Fur Co., was duly adjudicated bankrupt and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Macgrane Coxe, Referee in Bankruptcy, Room No. 1,305, Woolworth Building, No. 233 Broadway, City and County of New York, on the 13th day of May, A. D. 1913, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

MACGRANE COXE.
May 2, 1913. Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SMITH BROS. & PROBSTEIN.—No. 16,589.

To the creditors of Smith Bros. & Probstein of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, alleged bankrupts:

Notice is hereby given that by an order of Hon. John R. Hazel, one of the Judges of this court, dated the 29th day of April, 1913, the above-entitled proceeding has been referred to me as Referee in Bankruptcy, under Section 12A of the Bankruptcy Act, to call a meeting of creditors for the allowance of claims, the examination of the alleged bankrupts, and the preservation and conduct of the estate of the same; and that action upon the petition for adjudication has been stayed until ten days after it shall be determined whether a composition herein shall be confirmed.

Notice is further given that, pursuant to said order and in conformity with said Section 12A, a meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Macgrane Coxe, Room 1,305, Woolworth Building, No. 233 Broadway, City and County of New York, on the 13th day of May, 1913, at 12:30 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, examine the alleged bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

MACGRANE COXE,
May 2nd, 1913. Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 16,593.—U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—SAMUEL STEINHARDT and JESSE S. KORNICKER, individually and as members of the copartnership of STEINHARDT & COMPANY, Bankrupts.

Notice is hereby given that Samuel Steinhardt and Jesse D. Kornicker, individually and as members of the copartnership of Steinhardt & Company, bankrupts, have filed their petition, dated March 31st, 1913, praying for a discharge from all their debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, June 2d, 1913, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioners should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupts thereon.

WILLIAM ALLEN,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, April 30th, 1913.

NO. 18,109.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of THE SOLID CONSTRUCTION COMPANY, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of The Solid Construction Company of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 26th day of April A. D., 1913, the said The Solid Construction Company was duly adjudicated bankrupt and that the first meeting of the creditors will be held at the office of William Allen, Referee in bankruptcy, No. 67 Wall Street, City and County of New York, on the 13th day of May A. D., 1913, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

WILLIAM ALLEN,
May 1, 1913. Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 17,624.—U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—MORRIS WEXLER, trading as IMPERIAL CLOAK & SUIT COMPANY, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Morris Wexler, trading as Imperial Cloak & Suit Company, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated April 19th, 1913, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, June 2d, 1913, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

WILLIAM ALLEN,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, April 30th, 1913.

NO. 17,950.—U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—BENJAMIN VIAU, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Benjamin Viau, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated April 25th, 1913, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, June 2d, 1913, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

WILLIAM ALLEN,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, April 30th, 1913.

NO. 16,551.—U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—CHARLES PRICHEP, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Charles Prichep, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated April 12th, 1913, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, June 2d, 1913, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

WILLIAM ALLEN,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, April 30th, 1913.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHERN District of New York.—MAURICE RUNKLE, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that the above-named bankrupt has filed his petition, dated April 18th, 1913, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, June 9th, 1913, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, May 1, 1913.

NO. 17,521.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of DENNY COMPANY, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupt of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid:

Notice is hereby given that on the 27th day of March, A. D. 1913, the said Denny Company was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned, referee in bankruptcy, No. 82 Beaver St., City and County of New York, on the 12th day of May, A. D. 1913, at 2:30 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
May 1, 1913. Referee in Bankruptcy.

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NEW ENGLAND. NEW ENGLAND. NEW ENGLAND.

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Mt. Kineo House
On Moosehead Lake

Think of the wonder of it! A wild and picturesque inland sea, on whose shores the Indians are still living. On all sides the deep woods and
BIG OUT-OF-DOORS

And in the midst of it this luxurious hotel, equal in service and cuisine to the world's best.

All day long you may have the finest game fishing in America, or explore the wilderness, or canoe on marvellous rivers. You return to the comfort and gaiety of the hotel, to dinner by a famous chef, to music and dancing.

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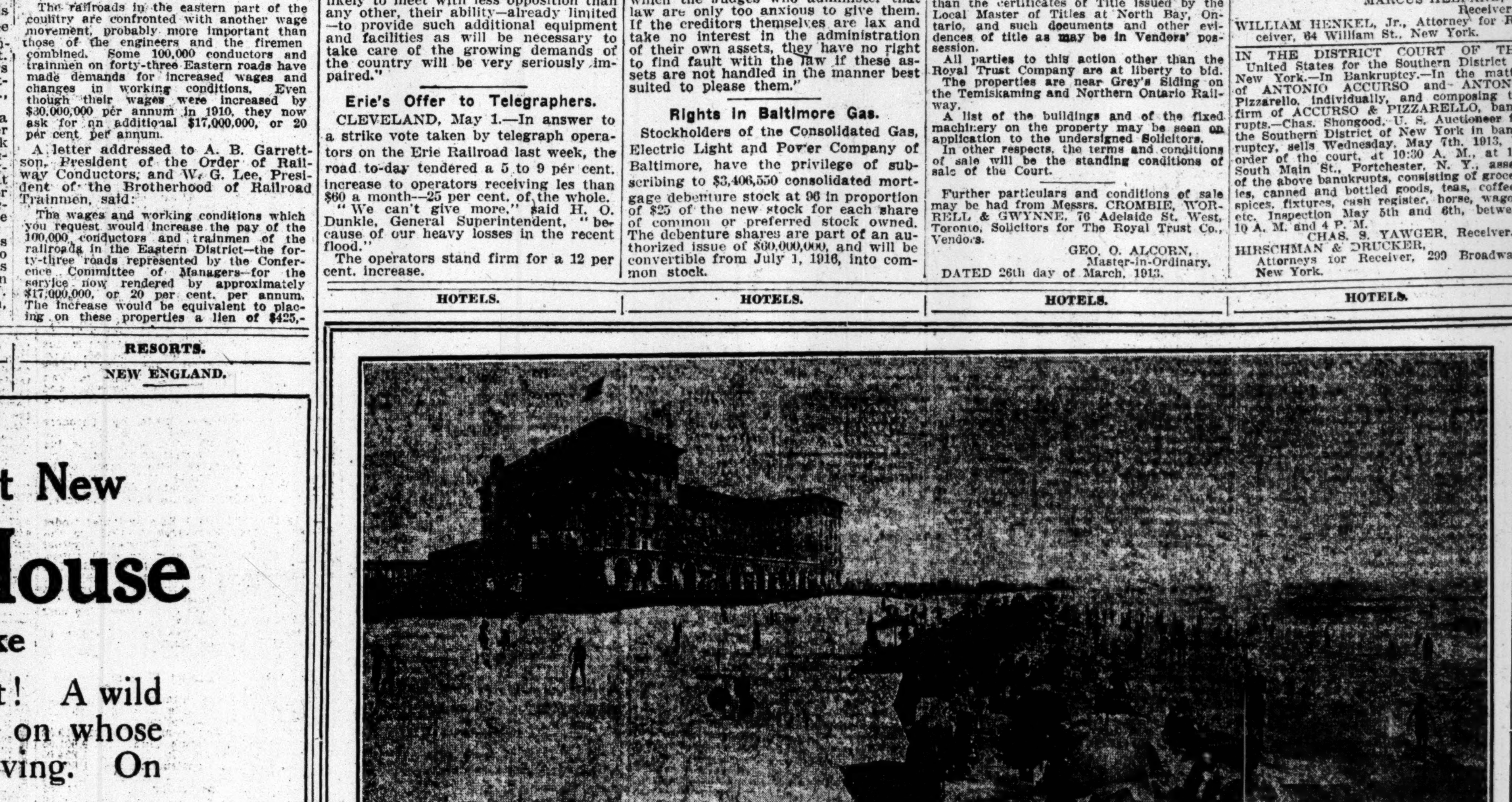

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HOTEL NASSAU
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is the ideal place to spend the week end, or for an absolute rest. It affords a splendid opportunity to the business or professional man to get away from business cares and to go back to his office refreshed and invigorated. The Nassau is a great place for the children because it is large and roomy and has ample accommodations. Three miles of the finest Board Walk in the world. Wheel chairs and attendants at reasonable rates.

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HOTEL NASSAU
(Barnett and Barse Company)
LONG BEACH, LONG ISLAND TELEPHONE 100 LONG BEACH

SHIPPING AND MAILS.

Miniature Almanac for To-day.

Sun rises..4:59|Sun sets..6:56|Moon rises..3:17

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	4:48	5:15	10:57	11:32
Governors Island	5:30	5:48	11:46	12:00
Hell Gate	7:20	7:38	1:26	1:40

Arrived—Thursday, May 1.

SS American, Banes, April 24.
SS Bermudian, Bermuda, April 29.
SS Maracas, Trinidad, April 23.
SS Creole, New Orleans, April 26.
SS Minnesotan, Philadelphia, April 30.
SS Chesapeake, Baltimore, April 28.
SS Commodore Rollins, Frontera, April 25.
SS Almirante, Kingston, April 26.
SS Swedish Prince, Port Spain, April 21.
SS Val Salice, Lisbon, April 13.
SS Philadelphia, Curacoa, April 23.
SS Guantanamo, Tampico, April 23.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.

Buenaventura	Shields	April 19
Irish Monarch	Hamburg	April 15
Venezia	Naples	April 19
Principe di Piemonte	Palermo	April 19
Kattenturm	Gibraltar	April 22
Mandalay	Liverpool	April 20
Thyra	Naples	April 18
City of Montgomery	Savannah	April 29

DUE TO-MORROW.

Carpathia	Gibraltar	April 24
Philadelphia	Southampton	April 26
Cedric	Liverpool	April 24
Lorraine	Havre	April 26
Neckar	Bremen	April 22
San Giovanni	Naples	April 19
Alamo	Key West	April 29
Lenape	Jacksonville	April 30

DUE SUNDAY.

Caronia	Liverpool	April 26
California	Glasgow	April 26
Brazos	San Juan	April 30
Vincent	Barbados	April 27
Buenos Aires	Havana	May 1
Korona	St. Thomas	April 29
Mississippi	Dunkirk	April 20
City of Savannah	Savannah	May 1

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TO-DAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
St. Paul, Southampton	5:30 A.M	10:00 A.M.
Suriname, Belize	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Vigilancia, Nassau	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Prins Willem I., Haiti	12:30 P.M.	3:00 P.M.
Borinquen, San Juan	——	12:00 M.
Payamon, Mayaguez	——	12:00 M.
Apache, Jacksonville	——	1:00 P.M.
Talisman, Cardenas	——	12:00 M.

SAIL TO-MORROW.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Olympic, Southampton	4:30 A.M.	9:00 A.M.
M. Washington, Azores	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Bermudian, Bermuda	8:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Sixaola, Jamaica	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
San Juan, San Juan	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Verdi, Argentina	9:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Parima, St. Thomas	9:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Saratoga, Havana	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Emil L. Boas, Jamaica	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Sant' Anna, Naples	——	3:00 P.M.
Carmania, Liverpool	——	10:00 A.M.
Cameronia, Glasgow	——	8:00 A.M.
Kursk, Libau	——	2:00 P.M.
Lapland, Antwerp	——	10:00 A.M.
Minnewaska, London	——	8:30 A.M.
Pres. Lincoln, Hamburg	——	3:00 P.M.
Mendoza, Naples	——	11:00 A.M.
Rochambeau, Havre	——	3:00 P.M.
Antilles, New Orleans	——	12:00 M.
San Jacinto, Galveston	——	1:00 P.M.
Alamo, Tampa	——	1:00 P.M.
City of Montgomery, Savannah	——	3:00 P.M.
El Sol, Galveston	——	12:00 M.

SAIL MONDAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Esperanza de Larrinaga, Montevideo		3:00 P.M.
Clement, Para	11:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Norhilda, Newfoundland	8:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.

Supplementary mails are open on the piers of the American, English, German, and French transatlantic lines until within ten minutes of sailing.

By Marconi Wireless.

SANDY HOOK, N. J., MAY 1.

SS Cedric, Liverpool to New York, was 735 miles E. at 1 P. M.; due 3d, 1:30 P. M. White Star Line.

SS Principe di Piemonte, Genoa to New York, was 330 miles E. at noon; due 2d, 12:30 P. M.

SCOTLAND LIGHTSHIP.

SS El Valle, Galveston to New York, was 200 miles S. at 6 P. M.

SS City of Montgomery, Savannah to New York, was 100 miles S. at 6 P. M.

SS Mexico, Vera Cruz to New York, was 275 miles S. at 7 P. M.

SS Comanche, Jacksonville to New York, was 213 miles S. at 7 P. M.

SS Lampasas, Key West to New York, was 550 miles S. at noon.

SS Iroquois, Turks Island to New York, was 627 miles S. at 8 P. M.

SS Lenape, Jacksonville to New York, was 115 miles N. of Charleston at 7 P. M.

SS Comus, New Orleans to New York, was 153 miles N. W. of Tortugas at noon.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Rotterdam, at Rotterdam, May 1.
SS Germania, at Angra, May 1.
SS City of Colombo, at Moji, April 29.
SS Berwick Law, at Dublin, April 30.
SS Wray Castle, at Hongkong, April 28.
SS Wearside, at Santos, April 28.
SS Adriatic, at Queenstown, May 1.
SS Ardoyne, at Tunis, April 24.
SS Valetta, at Adelaide, May 1.
SS Perugia, at Gibraltar, April 30.

Sailed.

SS Majestic, from Queenstown, May 1.
SS Baltic, from Liverpool, May 1.
SS Idaho, from Hull, April 30.
SS Baron Ogilvy, from Barry, April 30.
SS Thames, from Barbados, April 30.
SS Manhattan, from Antwerp, April 30.
SS Asiatic Prince, from Bahia, April 29.
SS Helios, from Shields, April 30.
SS Roma, from Horta, April 29.
SS Arnold Amsinck, from Monrovia, April 29.
SS Canada, from Marseilles, April 29.

Passed.

SS Bristol City, New York for Bristol, passed Brow Head.
SS Baron Cawdor, New York for Taku Bar, passed Gibraltar.
SS Kleist, New York for Bremen, passed Brow Head.

Transpacific Mails.

These mails close in New York at 6:30 P. M.

Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Wilhelmina	May 2
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via Vancouver)—Empress of India	May 2
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—Nippon Maru	May 5
Japan, Korea, and China (via Tacoma)—Panama Maru	May 8
Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Honolulan	May 8
Hawaii, Fiji Islands, New Zealand, and Australia (except West) (via Vancouver)—Makura	May 9

For Latest Shipping See Page 1.

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35 Washington Av., New Rochelle, N. Y.; American plan; open all year; 35 minutes from Grand Central Station; convenient to bathing beach, boating, fishing, golf; weekly rates, single, $10 to $15; double room for two, $18.50 to $25, with private bath, $25 to $30; suites of two and three rooms, with private bath, $45 to $60, according to number of persons.

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You camp in delightful places, sleep on hemlock boughs, eat campfire cooking, breathe pine-spruce-laden air, fish, explore, study the deer and moose.

You come out brown and happy, and made over in body and nerves.

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Golf, Tennis, and All Adirondack Attractions.
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LAUREL HOUSE
A. J. MURPHY, Mgr.

Reached from N. Y. via Central R. R. of N. J.

PENNSYLVANIA—Mt. Pocono.

Hawthorne Inn and Cottages, at Mt. Pocono, Penn., 1,800 feet up; 2¾ hours from New York; air the dryest; water the purest; fully furnished cottages connected with Inn, where the occupants take their meals; cottages rent from $250 to $450; service as well as ice and fire logs free. Address Ryerson W. Jennings, Wiscasset Heights, Mt. Pocono, Penn.

Referees' Sales

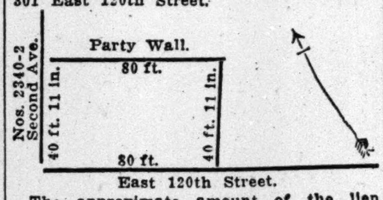
SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW York, EMANUEL L. SPELLMAN, Plaintiff, against WILLIAM WOLF and others, Defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action and bearing date the 12th day of April, 1913, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 8th day of May, 1913, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by JOSEPH P. DAY, Auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows: ALL those two certain lots, pieces or parcels of land, with the buildings thereon erected, situate, lying, and being in the Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, and bounded and described as follows: BEGINNING at a point on the corner formed by the intersection of the northerly side of One Hundred and Twentieth Street with the easterly side of Second Avenue, and running thence northwardly along the easterly side of Second Avenue forty (40) feet and eleven (11) inches; thence eastwardly and parallel with One Hundred and Twentieth Street and partly through a party wall, eighty (80) feet; thence southwardly and parallel with Second Avenue forty (40) feet and eleven (11) inches to the northerly side of One Hundred and Twentieth Street, and thence westwardly along the northerly side of One Hundred and Twentieth Street eighty (80) feet to the point or place of beginning; be the said dimensions more or less.

Dated, New York, April 15th, 1913.

THEODORE B. RICHTER, Referee.
REGINALD F. ISAACS, Attorney for Plaintiff, 290 Broadway, N. Y. C.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold; its street numbers are 2340 and 2342 Second Avenue; also known as 301 East 120th Street.



The approximate amount of the lien or charge, to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold, is Twelve Thousand and Thirty-six 66-100 ($12,036.66) Dollars, with interest thereon from the 10th day of April, 1913, together with the costs and allowance amounting to Four Hundred and Twenty-two 9-100 ($422.09) Dollars, with interest from April 14th, 1913, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments and water rates, or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the Referee, is One Hundred and Sixty-three ($163) Dollars and interest; also taxes which will become due on May 1st, 1913 estimated at Four Hundred and Thirty-four 40-100 ($484.40) Dollars and unpaid water meter bills; meter not fixed estimated at Fifty Dollars.

Dated, New York, April 15th, 1913.

THEODORE B. RICHTER, Referee.

THE AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE
OF
THE NEW YORK TIMES
ON THE NEXT TO LAST PAGE
is referred to by purchasers of used cars.

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

THE Marlborough-Blenheim
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
MAY

The most attractive month of

Atlantic's Great Spring Season

are this year free from the Easter interruption, and are in consequence particularly attractive.

JOSIAH WHITE & SONS COMPANY

HOTEL DENNIS ATLANTICCITY

Facing the sea and overlooking the famous Boardwalk. Every room connected with private bath or having hot and cold running water. Capacity 600. WALTER J. BUZBY.

Hotel RUDOLF

Ocean front; American and European Plans. Sea water in all baths. Running water in guest rooms.

A. S. Rukeyser, Mgr. Joel Hillman, Pres.

NEW HOTEL MERION

Homelike hotel of high class. Newly built brick. Cuisine unsurpassed. Vermont Ave., near Beach. MACK LATZ & CO.

NEW JERSEY—East Orange.

NEW HOTEL CLINTON
EAST ORANGE

A complete hotel with the true home atmosphere. Near Brick Church Station on the Lackawanna and 30 minutes from Broadway. EDWARD SAMMIS,
Also The Tuthill Point, East Moriches, L. I.

NEW ENGLAND—Massachusetts.

In the Mountains of Berkshire.

HOTEL ASPINWALL

Lenox, Massachusetts,
ALMON C. JUDD, MANAGER,
Will Open June 14th, 1913.

With 50 bathrooms added and redecorated throughout, it is pre-eminently the finest mountain resort hotel adjacent to New York, being but three hours via N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R. Located within a beautiful estate of 600 acres at an altitude of 1,500 feet; it is the ideal solution of the summer problem for business men and others who desire a resort of accessibility. One desirable cottage to offer in connection with the hotel service. **Booking representative at 1180 Broadway. Tel. Madison Sq. 4748.**

Under same Management,
The Elton, Waterbury, Conn.

NEW ENGLAND—New Hampshire.

WHITE MOUNTAINS
NEW PROFILE HOUSE

TWENTY COTTAGES. OPENS JULY 1ST. Clientele unexcelled. Here the best only can be obtained. Most desirable for permanent or transient guest.

ON IDEAL TOUR. Fine Garage, Golf, Tennis.
C. H. GREENLEAF, Pres.
Address E. B. RICH, 1180 Broadway, New York. Tel., Madison Square 4748.

NEW ENGLAND—Connecticut.

OSWEGATCHIE Cottages and Bungalows

WATERFORD, CONN.
TWENTY MINUTES ON TROLLEY FROM
NEW LONDON, CONN.

Combination seashore and country; fine salt bathing, sailing, canoeing, driving, tennis; no mosquitoes; extensive grounds; select family resort; table supplied from best markets and my farm. Open June 1. Send for booklet.

S. B. MANWARING, Prop.

LEGAL NOTICES.

TO WHOM THESE PRESENTS MAY CONCERN, GREETING:

Take notice that The Petite Dress and Waist Company, Inc., will present its petition to the Supreme Court of the State of New York, in the County of New York, at Special Term, Part I. thereof, to be held at the County Court House, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 16th day of May, 1913, at 10:30 A. M. of that day, for leave to asume the name of "The May Waist Company, Inc."

Dated New York, April 16th, 1913.

ABR. A. SILBERBERG,
Attorney for the Company, 258 Broadway, Manhattan Borough, City of New York.

ASSIGNEE NOTICES.

GENERAL MEETING OF CREDITORS.

Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against BERNARD ABEL, formerly doing business under the trade name and style of B. ABEL & CO., in the Borough of Manhattan and City of New York, that a general meeting of the creditors of such debtor will be held on the 20th day of June, 1913, at 2 P. M., at the office of the Fruit & Produce Trade Association, No. 97 Warren Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

THOMAS J. ROBERTS, Assignee.

FOREIGN HOTELS AND RESORTS.

Belgium.

GHENT

April to November 1913

UNIVERSAL and INTERNATIONAL EXPOSITION

An invitation and a welcome from the people of Belgium, foregathering at the most attractive and most comprehensive of modern Expositions, to review in detail the world's latest developments IN ART, SCIENCE, INDUSTRY, and COMMERCE, an exhibition marking yet another of Belgium's great contributions to the world's progress and constituting another giant stride towards universal and international trade relations.

On your 1913 European Trip make your headquarters GHENT. Explore its great Exposition, with its Palaces of Art and Industry, housing unique exhibits from all parts of the world; see the great Hall of Machinery; the superb buildings devoted to Railway and Maritime development; the Palace of Horticulture, the Museum, Botanical Gardens, the Model Village, the Enchanting Grounds, and the beautiful Boulevard, together with the great historical city and monumental antiquities.

A THOUSAND AND ONE ATTRACTIONS WORTH CROSSING HALF THE GLOBE TO SEE.

Interesting descriptive Booklets and full information free from 389 Fifth Avenue, New York.

Germany.

MUNICH

Hotel Four Seasons

Hotel de Russie

DRESDEN

Hotel Bellevue

Leading Hotel.

Unique position on the Elbe.

France.

PARIS

Hotel d'Albe

Champs Elysees

High-class Residential Hotel.
Tel. Albhotel, Paris.

England.

SAVOY HOTEL
LONDON, ENGLAND.
THE FAVORITE RESORT OF ALL AMERICANS IN EUROPE.

HOTEL CECIL,
LONDON.
Largest Hotel in Europe.

Italy.

CONTINENTAL HOTEL

Rome

Austria.

VIENNA.—THE GRAND HOTEL.—Most fashionable up-to-date Hotel. Unique location on the Ringstrasse. Opening of the new Annex, Spring 1913. 350 rooms. 100 private bathrooms.

ASSIGNEE NOTICES.

PURSUANT TO AN ORDER OF HON. Joseph E. Newburger, a Justice of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, notice is hereby given to all creditors of DONALD BETHUNE, formerly of 365 Third Avenue, New York City, to present their verified claims, with the vouchers therefor, to the subscriber, at the subscriber's place of transacting business, below stated, on or before the 20 day of June, 1913.

Dated New York, April 20, 1912.

CROMWELL G. MACY, Assignee,
280 Broadway, Manhattan, New York City.

STEAMSHIPS.

A Joy Ride in a 'Rikisha

Spend This Season's Playtime in Gay Little Japan

Lose yourself in the sheer joy of living in gay, hospitable, courteous, flower-embowered Japan—land of blossoms, scenery, happy pageant and festival.

A cool ten-day voyage on one of the Canadian Pacific fast Royal Mail Empresses takes you to Yokohama.

Railroads and 'rikishas carry you through this magnified fairyland, the summer resort of the Orient.

China, the Philippines and the "mysterious East" only a step beyond.

Canadian Pacific Empress Fleet

offers service that conforms to luxurious Oriental standards, which means a China "boy" to anticipate every want.

Leaving from Vancouver, the voyage is shortened nearly a week, which means two on the round trip.

Equipment provides Pacific Ocean Travelers with luxury and comfort never before enjoyed.

The fascinations of these strange, far countries, so easily reached, told in our folder, "Japan and China." Photographs show scenes and people as you will see them, text gives you the information you need to know. Free with sailing dates and full information as to Canadian Pacific Oriental, Australasian and 'Round-the-World trips by calling on any steamship agent or

A. H. SNELL, General Agent
458 Broadway, New York City, N. Y.
Telephone Spring 2440. (45)

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

The Ship That Takes You

Round Trip, $300

KRONPRINZ WILHELM

SAILS TUESDAY, MAY 6, 10 A. M.

BREMEN Choice accommodations still to be had. **MAY 8**

PRINZ FRIEDRICH WILHELM

SAILS SATURDAY, MAY 10, 10 A. M.

LONDON—PARIS—BREMEN

Express Sailings.		Twin-Screw Sailings.	
Kronprinzessin Cecilie	May 13	George Washington	May 17
Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse	May 20	Grosser Kurfuerst	May 29
Kaiser Wilhelm II	May 27	Friedrich der Grosse	June 5

NORTH GERMAN LLOYD

*Madeira, Gibraltar
*Algiers, Naples, Genoa

MEDITERRANEAN

Berlin ... May 10
Prinzess Irene ... May 24

*As indicated on sailing list.

NORWAY and POLAR REGIONS, June 16 and July 5.

In 1912 the North German Lloyd carried more passengers in all classes, First, Second and Steerage—eastbound and westbound—North Atlantic service, than any other line.

OELRICHS & CO., General Agents, 5 Broadway, NEW YORK

THE KEY TO EUROPE

CUNARD

MOST EXPEDITIOUS ROUTE DIRECT VIA FISHGUARD.
LONDON, PARIS, BERLIN, VIENNA
The Fastest Steamers in the World

Mauretania Lusitania

QUEENSTOWN, FISHGUARD, LIVERPOOL

CARMANIA ... MAY 3, 10 A. M.
CARONIA ... MAY 10, 10 A. M.
CAMPANIA ... MAY 14, 1 A. M.
*MAURETANIA .. MAY 21, 1 A. M.
CARMANIA ... MAY 31, 10 A. M.
CARONIA ... JUNE 7, 10 A. M
*MAURETANIA ... JUNE 11, 1 A. M
CAMPANIA ... JUNE 18, 1 A. M.
CARMANIA ... JUNE 28, 10 A. M.
*MAURETANIA .. JULY 2, 1 A. M
CAMPANIA ... JULY 9, 1 A. M.
CARONIA ... JULY 16, 10 A. M.

*Does not call at Queenstown, Eastbound.

MADEIRA, GIBRALTAR, GENOA, NAPLES, TRIESTE, FIUME

Sailing hour noon. See Itinerary.

CARPATHIA ... MAY 10 | SAXONIA ... JUNE 12 | CARPATHIA ... JULY 2
IVERNIA ... MAY 24 | PANNONIA ... JUNE 24 | IVERNIA ... JULY 10

Round the World Trips, $498. Special through rates to Egypt, India, China, Japan, Manila, Australia, New Zealand, South Africa, South America. Independent Tours in Europe, &c. Send for booklet Cunard Tours.

Agents for Peninsular & Oriental S. N. Co. in United States & Canada.

Summer Cruises, Norway, etc., 1913, June 19, July 1-July 18, Aug. 8, Sept. 5.

Piers Foot W. 14th St., North River, N. Y. Offices, 24 State St., Opp. Battery.

STEAMBOATS.

PEOPLE'S LINE CITIZENS' LINE TO ALBANY & TROY

ONE WAY $1.50

Round Trip $2.50 (Limited 10 days.)

Palatial steamers leave Pier 32 N. R. (foot of Canal St.) daily at 6 P. M., People's Line steamer calling at W. 129th St. at 6:45 P. M,

Splendid Cuisine and Music

Sunday day service between New York and Albany and Troy and intermediate landings will be inaugurated May 4.

HUDSON NAVIGATION CO.,
Pier 32 North River. Phone Spring 9400.

FALL RIVER LINE TO BOSTON $4.00

Lv. Pier 14 N. R., ft. Fulton St., New York daily at 5:30 P. M. Strs. PROVIDENCE and PLYMOUTH. ORCHESTRA ON EACH.

NEW LONDON (Norwich) LINE via New London. Lv. Pier 40, N. R., ft. Houston St., week days only 6:00 P. M.; Pier 70 E. R., ft. E. 22d St., 6:30 P. M. Strs. CITY OF LOWELL and CHESTER W. CHAPIN.

NEW HAVEN LINE Lv. Pier 28, E. R., ft. Catharine St., week days, 2:45 P. M. Str. RICHARD PECK.

BRIDGEPORT LINE Week days, leave Pier 27, E. R., ft. Catharine St., 11 A. M. Str. NAUGATUCK.

Tickets, etc., at 171 Broadway. Transfer Tourist Offices and at Piers.

The New England Steamship Co.

"The Public be pleased."

COLONIAL LINE

BOSTON Via Boat and Rail **$2.50**
PROVIDENCE Boat direct **$1.60**

The only independent line operating between New York and New England. Week days and Sundays at 5:30 P. M., from Pier 39, N. R., ft. West Houston St. Berths free. **All Outside Rooms—Finest Service.** Uptown Office: Broadway & 23d St. 'Phones Spring 9491 and 9492.

Portland, Me. All-the-Way By-Water

MAINE STEAMSHIP LINE. Steamships NORTH LAND and NORTH STAR. Leave Pier 18, N. R., foot Murray St., 5 P. M., Tues., Thurs. and Sats. A delightful 390 mile, 22 hour, trip to Portland, the CITY BEAUTIFUL. Tickets, etc., at 290 B'way, also Pier 18, N. R.

EASTERN STEAMSHIP CORPORATION.

BERMUDA & WEST INDIES

For Sailings and Rates, etc., apply
THE ROYAL MAIL STEAM PACKET CO.
SANDERSON & SON, Gen. Agts., 23 State St., N. Y., or ANY STEAMSHIP TICKET AGENT.

STEAMBOATS.

BOSTON $2.40 BAY STATE LINE

Providence Direct, $1.50; Worcester, $2.40
Outside Staterooms, $1.00.
Steel Steamships GEORGIA & TENNESSEE
Daily, including Sunday, 5:30 P. M.
From Pier 19, E. R., Phone 2700 Beekman.
City Ticket Office, 290 Broadway, N. Y.
Uptown Ticket Office, B'way and 23d St.

MANHATTAN LINE $1.00 TO ALBANY

Steamers IROQUOIS and MOHAWK. Through tickets and baggage checked to all points. Leave New York Daily, FT. W HOUSTON ST., 5:30 P. M. W. 129th ST., 6:00 P. M.

Central Hudson Line

Newburgh, Po'keepsie, and Kingston. From Pier 24, N. R. Week days 4 P. M. Sundays, for Newburgh, 9:00 A. M. Tel. 405 Franklin.

CATSKILL EVENING LINES

Passenger service Mon., Wed., Fri., Pier 43, N. R., ft. Christopher St., 6:30 P. M. Freight Service Daily. 'Phone 1097 Spring.

EXCURSIONS AND TOURS.

PACIFIC COAST TOURS

PERSONALLY CONDUCTED
July 3—Aug. 2. $290 and up.
FRANK TOURIST CO.,
396 Broadway, N. Y. Tel. 4530 Franklin.

DE POTTER HIGH-CLASS TOURS

Italy, Switzerland, Germany, France, Holland, Belgium, British Isles, Sweden, Norway, Russia. May, June, July. Send for Itineraries. Est. 1879.

DE POTTER TOURS CO., 175 5th Ave.

EUROPE, 1913 Tours Under Escort, $170 upward. All Expenses.
MARSTERS, 31 W. 30th St., N. Y. C.

STEAMSHIPS.

NEXT SAILING

To PLYMOUTH (London)
CHERBOURG (Paris)
and HAMBURG by
S. S. Pres. Lincoln
(18,000 TONS)
May 3, 3 P. M.

HAMBURG-AMERICAN

Largest S.S. Co in the WORLD — Over 400 Ships 1,306,819 TONS

H·A·P·A·G

"IMPERATOR"

world's largest ship, will make her first trip from HAMBURG May 24, arriving at New York May 31. Sailing June 7, 11 A. M. Enabling passengers to arrive in LONDON and PARIS on sixth and in HAMBURG on seventh day. Books now open for season.

LONDON, PARIS, HAMBURG

Pres. Lincoln ... May 3, 3 P. M.
*§Patricia ... May 14, 1 P. M.
Amerika ... May 22, 10 A. M.
†*§Pretoria ... May 28, 1 P. M.
Kais'n Aug. Vic. Aug. 29, 1 P. M.
Presid't Grant ... June 5, 9 A. M.
¶Imperator ... June 7, 11 A. M.
**Victoria Luise June 10, 10 A. M.
Pres. Lincoln ... June 14, 3 P. M.

§2d cabin only. *Will call at Boulogne. ¶New. **1st cabin only.

†Sail from new pier, foot of 33d St., South Brooklyn.

MEDITERRANEAN

Gibraltar, Naples and Genoa

S. S. Hamburg, (11,000 Tons) May 20, 9 A. M.
S. S. Moltke (12,500 Tons) June 3, 8:30 A. M.
S. S. Hamburg ... July 1, 3 P. M.
S. S. Moltke ... July 15, 3 P. M.

Change of Piers

Beginning with sailing of S. S. HAMBURG, May 20, all steamers in Mediterranean Service and S. S. PRETORIA and PENNSYLVANIA in Northern Service, beginning with Pretoria sailing May 28, will depart from the NEW PIER, foot of 33d Street, South Brooklyn. Take 39th Street Ferry.

From BOSTON To

LONDON—PARIS—HAMBURG
Cincinnati ... June 7
Cleveland ... June 24
Cincinnati ... July 12
Cleveland ... July 29

CRUISES

TO THE LAND OF THE MIDNIGHT SUN
JUNE, JULY and AUGUST.

Write for information
Hamburg-American
LINE
41-45 B'way, N.Y.
Phone 1900 Rector.

Trade Mark

Panama Cruise

Low Summer Rates

You can go to the Panama Canal and return in 17 days at a cost of $115 and up.

Three whole days at Colon where our steamer lies—a cool, quiet hotel, ready for your return at night fall.

An unfailing sea breeze, forced by powerful blowers to every part of the ship, to keep you comfortable all the way. Summer temperature delightfully cool and even, ranging from 74° to 84°.

Summer rates in effect May 1 to October 1.

Write for booklet

22-Day Cruise every Wednesday from New York, $110.00 and up.
24-Day Cruise every Saturday from New York, $115.00 and up.
Jamaica only and back, $75.00 and up.

UNITED FRUIT COMPANY

STEAMSHIP SERVICE
17 Battery Place Tel. 8701 Rector NEW YORK
Or any Steamship or Tourist Agency (46)

SCHOOLS.

ETHICAL CULTURE SCHOOL

Founded in 1878 by Felix Adler, Central Park West and 63d Street.

Examination of new pupils Thursday afternoons during April and May. Appointments for examinations should be made in advance.

FRANKLIN C. LEWIS, Superintendent.

INSTRUCTION—Dancing.

20 Years at This Address Means Something.

REMEY'S DANCING SCHOOL

915-917-919 EIGHTH AVE. (54TH ST.)

Waltz, two-step, barn dance, schottische and lanciers, all guaranteed in five private and four class lessons for $5; lessons any hour, day or evening, without appointment, with music.

TURKEY TROT, TANGO, ONE-STEP, BOSTON TAUGHT QUICKLY. PRIVATE LESSONS. SEND FOR LARGE FREE BOOKLET.

RECEIVERS' NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—JACOB L. KESNER, Complainant, against J. L. KESNER COMPANY, Defendant.

Take Notice:

That the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York has this day made a nisi decree accepting the bid made by the Twenty-third Street Stores Corporation for all of the property and assets of The J. L. Kesner Company, as stated therein, and that a further hearing will be had in Room 66, United States Post Office Building, on the 3d day of May, 1913, at 11 o'clock A. M., at which time said nisi decree will be made absolute unless good cause is shown to the court why said decree should not be so confirmed.

At that time any bids will be received and other business may be transacted, the hearing of April 30th having been adjourned for all purposes to the foregoing date.

Copies of the said bid may be procured from the attorneys for the receivers.

At said hearing this court will make any such orders in reference to the disposition or distribution of this estate as may to the court seem best, including any or all disposition as to the nature, extent, or validity of claims of creditors.

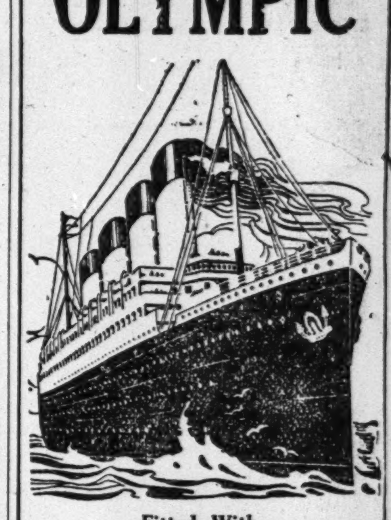
Dated New York, April 30th, 1913.

LEO A. PRICE,
ABRAHAM S. GILBERT,
Receivers.

ROSENBERG & LEVIS, Solicitors for the Receivers, 170 Broadway, New York.

STEAMSHIPS.

THE WHITE STAR LINE'S New "OLYMPIC"



Fitted With
DOUBLE SIDES
and Additional
WATERTIGHT BULKHEADS
Extending from the
BOTTOM to the TOP
of the Vessel
Will Sail from New York
May 3 9:00 A. M. **May 24**
and Regularly Thereafter

American Pier 62, N. R.

N.Y.-Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton
St. Paul ... May 2, 10 am.; May 30, June 27
Philadelphia. May 9, 10 am.; June 6, July 4
New York .. May 23, 10 am.; June 20, July 18
St. Louis ... June 13, 10 am.; July 11, Aug. 8

Atlantic Transport

New York—London Direct, Pr. 58, N. R.
Minnewaska May 3, 8:30 am.; May 31, Je. 28
Minneapolis. May 17, 8 am.; Je. 14, Jy. 12
Minnehaha .. May 24, 10:30 am.; Je. 21, Jy. 19
Minnetonka. June 7, 10:30 am.; Jy. 5, Aug. 2

Red Star Pier 61, N. R. 10:00 A. M.

N.Y.—London—Paris via Dover—Antwerp
Lapland ... May 3, May 31, June 28
Kroonland ... May 10, June 7, July 5
Zeeland ... May 17, June 14, July 12
Finland ... May 24, June 21, Aug. 2

White Star Piers 59 & 60, N. R.

N.Y.-Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton
Olympic. May 3, 9 A. M.; May 24, June 14
Majestic ... May 10, noon; May 31, June 21
Oceanic ... May 17, noon; June 7, June 28

New York—Queenstown—Liverpool
Cedric ... May 8, noon; June 5, July 3
Baltic ... May 15, noon; June 12, July 10
Adriatic ... May 22, noon; June 19, July 17
Celtic ... May 29, noon; June 26, July 24

Cruises—Boston—Mediterranean—Italy
Cretic. May 17, 8 am.; Canopic. June 12, 3 pm.
Passenger Dept., 9 Broadway, N. Y.

FABRE LINE TO EUROPE VIA THE MEDITERRANEAN

Having decided on the great desirability of the Mediterranean route consider the merits of the **New T.S.S. SANT' ANNA Sailing MAY 3rd** to Naples and Marseilles. On this steamer will be found a wonderful combination of security, comfort, and luxury. Wide sweeps of promenade decks, beautiful public and state rooms, suites-de-luxe and cabins with connecting bath, and the incomparable French cuisine for which the Fabre Line is famous. The rates are surprisingly moderate, viz.:

First Class Rates $80 and Up

S.S. Venezia ... May 10 S.S. Canada ... May 24
S.S. Roma ... May 16 S.S. Madonna .. June 4

Lifeboat capacity for *all* on board. Two Captains and two wireless operators carried.

"THE SOUTHERN ROUTE."

Write or phone for booklet "B."
Jas. W. Elwell & Co., Gen. Agts., 17 State St.

FRENCH LINE

Compagnie Generale Transatlantique

DIRECT LINE TO HAVRE-PARIS (France)
Departures Every Thursday at 10 A. M.
From Pier 57, North River, ft. of W. 15th St.

*La Lorraine ... May 8 | *La Lorraine ... May 29
‡France (new) ... May 15 | ‡France (new) ... June 5
*La Provence ... May 22 | *La Savoie ... June 12

*Twin-screw steamer. ‡Quadruple-screw steamer.

SPECIAL SATURDAY SAILING 3 P. M.
One-class Cabin (II) & Third-class Passengers Only.
‡ROCHAMBEAU (new) ... May 3
General Agency, 19 State St., N. Y.

BERMUDA

With the Lilies and Oleanders in bloom.

6 to 12 DAY TOURS | **All Expenses LOW RATES**

Leave Tuesdays, Wednesdays, Saturdays.

THOS. COOK & SON

245 Broadway, 264 Fifth Avenue,
553 Fifth Av., 2081 Broadway, New York.

Go To Bermuda

By "S. S. BERMUDIAN," the ship that brought President Wilson home in record time of 40 hours. Tours include Hotels, Shore Excursions, Lowest Rates.

Tickets interchangeable with R. M. S. P. Co.

For full information apply to A. E. OUTERBRIDGE & CO., Agents Quebec S. S. Co., Ltd., 29 Broadway, New York; THOS. COOK & SON, 245 and 2081 Broadway, 264 and 553 5th Ave., N. Y., or any Ticket Agent.

LOW'S "LIST OF SAILINGS" FREE

BOOK NOW FOR CHOICE ROOMS.
TICKETS ON ALL STEAMERS TO
EUROPE
NORTH CAPE
MEDITERRANEAN
E. H. LOW AGENT ALL LINES. 1123 B'way, N. Y. Regular Rates. Tel. 1308 Mad. Sq.

ANCHOR LINE

GLASGOW via Moville LONDONDERRY

Cameronia .. May 3, 8 AM Caledonia ... May 17, 3 PM
California .. May 10, 10 AM Columbia .. May 24, 11 AM

FIRST CABIN, $70 and $75.
SECOND CABIN, $50 and upward.
THIRD CLASS, $32.50.

For Book of Tours, Rates, etc., apply
HENDERSON BROTHERS, 17-19 Broadway.

AUSTRO-AMERICAN LINE

MEDITERRANEAN ADRIATIC
VIA SOUTHERN TRACK

Between New York and ALGIERS, ITALY, GREECE, AUSTRIA. MARTHA WASHINGTON, May 3, June 14, July 26. *KAISER FRANZ JOSEPH I., (new), May 14, June 21. Laura, Alice, Argentina, Oceania. Sailings usually Wed. or Sat.

PHELPS BROS. & CO., G. A., 17 Battery Place, N. Y.

Holland America Line

21-24 State St., N. Y.
PARIS—LONDON—ROTTERDAM.
Twin-Screw Sailings Tuesday, 10 A. M.

†New Amsterdam . May 6 | *Ryndam ... May 20
*Noordam ... May 13 | †Rotterdam ... May 27

*Via Boulogne. †Plymouth & Boulogne.

LLOYD ITALIANO

TO ITALY IN 11 DAYS.
Mendoza, May 3. Taormina, May 24.
Rates $65, $70, $75, $80 and up.
C. B. RICHARD & CO., 31 B'way, N. Y.

Great Western Railway of England

The "Holiday Line." Illust'd booklets of tours and useful *Map of Great Britain*—*Free* T. Kateley, Gen. Agt., 501 5th Av., New York

NORWEGIAN-AMERICAN LINE.

Magnificent Twin Screw Steamers first sailing, June 24. 1st Class, $77.50 and up; 2d Class, $62.50. Gen'l Office, 8-10 Bridge St.

AFTER $10,000,000 DEPOSITS

Banks Seek Share of Treasury Cash—Out $30,610,381 Interest.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 1.—The decision of Secretary McAdoo of the Treasury to place an additional sum of $10,000,000 on deposit in National bank depositaries throughout the country has met with ready response from the banks. Bonds will have to be sent to the Treasury as security for such funds as are allotted.

Secretary McAdoo, in reply to numerous inquiries received relative to his plan to require all National banks in which Government funds are deposited to pay interest thereon, beginning June 1 next, issues a statement in which he says:

"If the National bank depositaries of the Government had been required during the past sixteen years, from 1896, to pay interest on their average balances at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum, the net revenues of the Government would have been increased during this period by the sum of $30,610,381.

"The largest amount of money on deposit with the National banks at any one time during the past sixteen years was in December, 1907, when Government deposits in banks ran as high as $259,994,000."

A statement has been prepared in the Treasury showing the average balance of public moneys held by designated depositaries for the calendar years from 1886 to July 1, 1912, and the amount of interest which the Government would have received if the depositaries had paid interest thereon at 2, 2½, and 3 per cent. At 2 per cent. the Government would have received $36,600,923; at 2½ per cent., $45,751,154, and at 3 per cent., $54,901,390.

A definite effort is to be made by the Democrats in Congress to obtain legislation providing for the loaning of the surplus working capital of the Government by depositing it in the National banks under a "competitive" bidding system, carefully safeguarded. Former Secretary of the Treasury, Franklin MacVeagh, was asked for his views on this "competitive" bidding project, but refrained from endorsing it.

McADOO AND THE BANKS.

Big Ones Say Government Deposits at 2 Per Cent. Won't Do.

Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo's announcement that after June 1, 1913, National banks would be required to pay 2 per cent. a year on Government deposits, whether active or inactive, was generally attributed to political motives by local bankers yesterday. The success of his scheme for increasing the income from this source depends largely on the distribution of the deposits, it was said. The smaller out-of-town banks are expected to ask for increased deposits, but it is not believed that the larger institutions will take active deposits on which they must pay that rate.

Country banks are, as a rule, anxious to hold public funds, both for the advertising value of being known as Government depositaries, and for the additional strength gained from the increased deposits.

National bankers in New York, Chicago and San Francisco say they have made little out of their active Government deposits since February, when Secretary MacVeagh ruled that pension and other checks drawn on the United States Treasurer should be paid through depositaries. There are 800,000 pension checks alone each month, and when funds are in demand in this city, as at present, most of these are forwarded by local banks to their New York correspondents. One of the largest of these banks has kept five clerks busy handling these checks, and has frequently paid out more than the Government's balance, making it necessary to wire Washington to make up the overdrafts.

It was figured roughly yesterday that National banks would have to average 4½ per cent. on their Government funds to make anything after paying the 2 per cent required by the Government and the loss on the United States bonds required as security for the deposits. This would preclude the possibility of lending the money at call, but would allow a small profit at the prevailing rate for time loans.

WILLS FOR PROBATE.

BRODIL, KAREL, (died March 22;) left less than $5,000 realty, less than $5,000 personalty to wife, Frances J. Brodil.

GOLDBERG, SIMON L., (died April 18;) left $10,000 to son, Sidney Goldberg; $5,000 in trust for grandson, Robert Henry Blumenstock; residue to wife, Jennie Goldberg.

GREENFIELD, ELIZABETH M., (died April 23;) left more than $10,000 personalty; $20,000 and residuary estate to nephew, Arthur P. Greenfield; $7,500 to Marche J. Greenfield; $10,000 in trust for George Sidney Greenfield; $10,000 and personal effects to Elizabeth R. Hoy; $2,000 and personal effects to Mary E. G. Reverly; $2,000 to Douglass S. Reverly; $1,000 to Darrach Home for Crippled Children; $20,000 to Dr. Frederick W. Townsend; personal effects to Sara D. Newlin, Mrs. Jennie Franklin, Mrs. James E. Brett, Mrs. Julia Darrach, Mrs. Helen Hoy Greeley, Mrs. Bennett, Mrs. Dohl, William A. Hoy, Carlotta J. Marche, Episcopal Cathedral, New York City; Episcopal Cathedral, Washington, D. C.

HAUSER, LAVINIA, (died April 12;) left more than $1,000 realty, $100 personalty; $150 to daughter, Josephine Hauser; personal effects to daughters, Sarah Hauser and Amelia H. Sinsheimer; sons, Leopold, Alfred and George Hauser; Mathilda Velleman, Roslyn A. Sinsheimer and Camille Loey; residue in equal shares to Sarah and Josephine Hauser.

MARSCHEIDER, EDWARD, (died April 7;) left $4,800 personalty; $1,000 each to wife, Regina M. Marscheider, and daughters, Leanore Archer and Edna Marscheider; $900 each to son, Frederick E. Marscheider, and daughter, Jeanette Ludovici.

MEIER, EMMA, (died March 26;) left more than $20,000 realty, more than $5,000 personalty; $7,000 to Adolph Jentes.

MYHAVEN, ADAM M., (died April 12;) left $2,000 personalty; $1,500 to daughter, Helena Myhaven; $5 to Emma Scharfelburger; $495 to son, Robert Henry Myhaven.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

The Army.

WASHINGTON, May 1.—First Lieut. J. B. Corbly, Twenty-fifth Infantry, relieved from duty at Columbus Barracks, Ohio, and will proceed to join his regiment.

Orders 21, Jan. 25, directing First Lieut. W. H. Shepherd, Third Field Artillery, to proceed to join his proper station; amended.

First Lieut. F. Kramer, Medical Corps, will report to the Medical Superintendent, Army Transport Service, for duty at San Francisco.

Order of Jan. 8, directing Second Lieut. C. A. Selleck, First Field Artillery, to proceed to join his proper station, amended.

Capt. T. C. Ruse, Quartermaster Corps, will repair to this city to testify in the case of E. D. Steger, and will then return to his proper station.

Leaves: Brig. Gen. C. A. Devil, Quartermaster Corps, one month; First Lieut. G. C. Keleher, Twenty-sixth Infantry, extended ten days. First Lieut. J. R. Prabson, Second Field Artillery, one month.

The Navy.

Ensign U. W. Conway, detached Utah; to Walke; Ensign R. M. Hinckley, detached Vermont; to Beale.

Ensign W. S. Davidson, detached Vermont; to Fanning.

Ensign H. L. Merring, detached North Dakota; to Sterret.

Ensign E. D. Capehart, detached Utah; to Mayrant.

Ensign J. B. G. Gromer, detached Georgia; to Patterson.

Ensign G. D. Murray, detached Virginia; to Ammen.

Ensign E. B. Nixon, detached Georgia; to Trippe.

Ensign H. R. Keller, detached Virginia; to Burrows.

Ensign A. G. Zimmerman, detached New Hampshire; to Jouett.

Ensign J. C. Byrnes, Jr., detached Vermont; to Jarvis.

Ensign R. S. Field, detached Wyoming; to Paulding.

Ensign J. F. Meigs, Jr., detached Florida; to McCall.

Ensign F. L. Riefkohl, detached Florida; to Terry.

Ensign Frederick Baltzly, detached Delaware; to Perkins.

Ensign J. W. Reeves, Jr., detached Wyoming; to Drayton.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Virginia, at Lynnhaven Bay; Georgia, at Lynnhaven Bay; Illinois, at Patuxent River; Petrel, at Fernandina; Saturn, at Tiburon; Iroquois, at Venice, Cal.; De Long at Charleston; Annapolis, at Topolobampo.

Sailed—Petrel, from Brunswick for Fernandina; Saturn, from Mare Island for Tiburon, Cal.; Stringham, from Annapolis for Sparrow's Point, Baltimore; Iroquois, from Judith Sound for Washington; De Long, from Georgetown, S. C., for Charleston; Glacier, from Guaymas for Topolobampo.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.—The pressure remains high over the East and Southeast, and decidedly below normal over the Southwest and the Upper Mississippi Valley. This pressure distribution has resulted in a general northward flow of air over the Great Central Valleys and the Eastern States, and as a result warm and generally fair weather prevailed during Thursday throughout the Mississippi Valley and the districts east thereof and the South Plains States.

The weather is cold in the Northwest, with scattered rains and snows. The Western disturbance has not changed position in the last twenty-four hours, the centre having been over Colorado Thursday night.

The weather will remain fair and warm Friday and probably Saturday throughout the Atlantic and East Gulf States, the Ohio Valley, and the lower lake region. In the upper lake region, the Mississippi Valley, and the South Plains States fair and warmer weather Friday will probably be followed by scattered rains and cooler Saturday. Showers are also probable Friday and Saturday in the Rocky Mountain region. West of the Rockies the weather will be fair Friday and Saturday.

Winds along the Atlantic Coast will be light to moderate, variable.

Steamships departing Friday for European ports will have moderate, variable winds and fair weather to the Grand Banks.

FORECASTS FOR TO-DAY AND SATURDAY.

Eastern New York, New Jersey, and Eastern Pennsylvania—Fair and continued warm Friday and probably Saturday; light variable winds.

Southern New England—Fair Friday, warmer on the coast; Saturday fair, light variable winds.

Western New York.—Fair and warm Friday and probably Saturday; moderate south winds.

Northern New England—Fair and warmer Friday; Saturday probably fair, light to moderate variable winds.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1912.	1913.		1912.	1913.
3 A. M.	44	48	4 P. M.	66	76
6 A. M.	46	48	6 P. M.	60	76
9 A. M.	53	59	9 P. M.	56	73
12 M.	64	67	11 P. M.	56	69

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 61; for the corresponding date last year it was 56; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 54.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 54; at 8 P. M. it was 73. Maximum temperature, 76 degrees at 3:45 P. M.; minimum, 46 degrees at 4 A. M. Humidity, 45 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 33 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30.11 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 29.97 inches.

FIRE RECORD.

A. M.	Loss.
12:30—1,949 Clinton Av.; G. Von Klockgerter	Slight
2:00—2,377 Washington Av.; D. Ponzo	$500
3:05—2,904 8th Av.; Robert Forsythe	$50
4:30—7 Leroy St.; M. Philips	$10
5:30—473 Lenox Av.; not given	$300
9:05—120 W. 116th St.; Henry Stern	$150
P. M.	
12:10—232 W. 18th St. and 243 W. 17th St.; Thermos Bottle Co.	Not given
12:55—243 Melrose St.; Annie Kleinfeld	Slight
1:40—995 Faile St.; Kovass & Co.	Trifling
2:30—561 West 132d St.; J. Hessler	Trifling
2:30—842 2d Av.; V. Besca	Trifling
3:30—303 E. 99th St.; Israel Zarn	Trifling
4:45—216 St. Ann's Av.; William Locus	Trifling
7:05—635 5th St.; Sidney Conners	Trifling
7:10—232 E. 125th St.; not given	Trifling
7:55—16 Broome St.; J. Jacob	Trifling
9:45—53d and 54th Sts. and 11th Av.	Trifling
10:15—177th St. and Northern Av.; J. H. Ballantine and James Beckwith (automobiles)	$2,000
10:35—95 Liberty St.; E. Smith	Trifling
11:45—321 E. 117th St.; S. Zantino	Trifling

THE CIVIL SERVICE

City.

The Municipal Civil Service Commission has promulgated the competitive eligible list for Engineer Inspectors, civil, grades C and D. There are 141 names on the grade C list. Those who received a rating above 80 were:

Frank H. Densler, Yonkers, N. Y., 95; William Goldsmith, 203 West 122d Street, 93.40; Frederick H. Pond, 44 Seventh Avenue, Brooklyn, 92.90; Herbert J. Ord, 851 West 181st Street, 91.90; James Wilmot, 705 West 170th Street, 91.10; Felix Riesenberg, 189 Claremont Avenue, 90; George Yarroumis, 1,481 Bryant Avenue, Bronx, 89.40; Bruno C. Lechler, 219 Kingsland Avenue, Brooklyn, 89.10; Sol Kronberg, 1,225 Forty-ninth Street, Brooklyn, 89.10; Roger S. S. Guerber, White Plains, N. Y., 89; Thomas B. Brogan, 596 Riverside Drive, 88.70; John C. Brigham, Ossining, N. Y., 88.50; Edward B. Whittlesey, 219 Audubon Avenue, 88.40; Morris Jaffe, 34 West 129th Street, 88; Percy S. Palmer, 845 West End Avenue, 87; Edgar Rogers, Jamaica, L. I., 86.90; David S. Mosesson, 16 East 120th Street, 86.70; William J. Cunningham, 1,018 Hoe Avenue, Bronx, 86.70; William H. McMahon, Newburg, N. Y., 86.60; Seth M. Timberlake, 74 First Place, Brooklyn, 86.50; Hollander, 1,443 Washington Avenue, Bronx, 86; Martin C. Nilon, 114 West 126th Street, 85.90; Boris Levitt, Peekskill, N. Y., 85.90; Arthur H. Kohn, 567 Sixth Street, Brooklyn, 85.80; Fred H. Parsons, 679 East 220th Street, 85.30; Henry A. Hamilton, 332 Convent Avenue, 85.10; William F. Holzschuh, 343 East Seventeenth Street, 85; Louis Oppenheim, 811 Dawson Street, Bronx, 85; John R. Healy, 430 West 118th Street, 84.70; George V. Van Buren, 294 Washington Avenue, Brooklyn, 84.60; Joseph J. Elkin, 1,321 Hoe Avenue, Bronx, 84.50; Harry E. Barnes, 1,710 Filmore Street, Bronx, 84.40; Otis Wack, 2,020 Washington Avenue, Bronx, 83.90; Max A. Jaffy, 47 West 112th Street, 83.90; Peter Rapelje, 976 Belmont Avenue, Brooklyn, 83.90; Benjamin Ascher, 59 Second Avenue, 83.70; Lupescu M. Bernfeld, 63 West 143d Street, 83.70; Abraham L. Merkin, 702 East 176th Street, 83.50; Warner King, 301 Lafayette Avenue, Brooklyn, 83.50; William J. Ash, 1,532 Seventy-sixth Street, Brooklyn, 83.30.

On the grade D list are 133 names. Those who received a rating above 80 were:

Frank H. Densler, Yonkers, N. Y., 94.40; William Goldsmith, 203 West 122d Street, 93.40; Frederick H. Pond, 44 Seventh Avenue, Brooklyn, 91.40; Herbert J. Ord, 851 West 181st Street, 91.30; James Wilmot, 705 West 170th Street, 89.60; Felix Riesenberg, 189 Claremont Avenue, 89.10; George Yarroumis, (NQ,) 1,481 Bryant Avenue, Bronx, 88.80; John C. Brigham, Ossining, N. Y., 87.90; Bruno C. Lechler, 219 Kingsland Avenue, Brooklyn, 87.60; Solomon Kronberg, 1,225 Forty-ninth Street, Brooklyn, 87.60; Roger S. S. Guerber, White Plains, N. Y., 87.50; Thomas B. Brogan, 596 Riverside Drive, 87.20; Edward B. Whittlesey, 219 Audubon Avenue, 86.90; William J. Cunningham, 1,018 Hoe Avenue, Bronx, 86.70; Morris Jaffe, 34 West 129th Street, 86.50; Edgar Rogers, Jamaica, L. I., 86; Boris Levitt, Peekskill, N. Y., 85.90; Percy S. Palmer, 845 West End Avenue, 85.50; Frederick H. Parsons, 679 East 220th Street, 85.30; David S. Mosesson, 16 East 120th Street, 85.20; William H. MacMahon, Newburg, N. Y., 85.10; Seth M. Timberlake, 74 First Place, Brooklyn, 85; Arthur H. Kohn, 567 Sixth Street, Brooklyn, 84.90; Harry Hollander, 1,443 Washington Avenue, Bronx, 84.50; Martin C. Nilon, 114 West 126th Street, 84.40; John R. Healy, 430 West 118th Street, 84.10; Henry A. Hamilton, 332 Convent Avenue, 83.60; William F. Holzschuh, 343 East Seventeenth Street, 83.50; Louis Oppenheim, 811 Dawson Street, Bronx, 83.50; George V. Van Buren, 294 Washington Avenue, Brooklyn, 83.10.

United States.

The United States Civil Service Commission anonunces an open competitive examination at the New York Custom House for head nurse, (operating,) for women only, on May 7, to fill a vacancy in this position in Freedmen's Hospital, Washington, D. C., at $480 a year, together with board, quarters, and laundry, and vacancies in positions requiring similar qualifications as they may occur. Competitors will be examined in the following subjects, weighed as indicated: Anatomy and physiology, 5; hygiene of the sick room, 20; General nursing, 20; surgical nursing, 20; obstetrical nursing, 20; experience in nursing, 15.

Applicants will be required to show that they are graduates of recognized schools for trained nurses which require a residence of at least two years in a hospital giving thorough, practical and theoretical training. They must have reached their twenty-fourth but not their fortieth birthday on the date of the examination, which is open to all women who are citizens of or owe allegiance to the United States, and who meet the requirements.

ESTATES APPRAISED.

FARRELLY, PATRICK, (died April 28, 1904;) supplemental report; net New York estate amended to $41,458.45.

FISHER, JOSEPH; supplemental report; addition of $10,850 to taxable assets.

McGINNIS, FRANCIS, (died June 10, 1910;) net estate, $1,951.08, bank account.

MATTENFELDT, HENRY, (died Jan. 17, 1912;) net estate, $15,893.59; bank accounts, $2,535.49; promissory notes, $262.50; mortgage on property in Seabury Place, near 172d Street, $10,000; mortgage on 438 West 124th Street, $3,250; death benefit from Cooks and Pastry Cooks' Association, $299.50.

MORETTI, JOHANNA, (died Sept. 2, 1910;) net New York estate, $1,487.86; 1-17 part of estate of late Martin Brennan, $487.86; realty, $1,000, 1-18 interest in premises 1,037 Second Avenue.

SIMPSON, ELIZA, (died Oct. 29, 1910;) net estate, $922.76; bank account, $1,705.39.

VON STUMM, BARON HUGO, (died July 31, 1910;) net New York estate, $30,975; bond St. Paul, Minneapolis, Manitoba R. R., $10,212.50; one bond Chicago & St. Louis R. R., $10,100; Reading Co. and Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron, $10,075; Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul R. R., $10,925; Baltimore & Ohio R. R., $9,425.

POLICE AND FIRE NEWS.

Police Department.

SPECIAL ORDERS 98.

Resignation and Reappointment—Resignation of Fourth Deputy Commissioner James E. Dillon accepted, to take effect 12 midnight, April 30. Inspector James E. Dillon to report for duty as Borough Inspector, Brooklyn and Queens, at 12 midnight, April 30. Inspector James E. Dillon, Borough Inspector Brooklyn and Queens, is granted leave of absence, without pay, until further orders, to take effect 12 midnight May 1. James E. Dillon is appointed Fourth Deputy Commissioner, to take effect 12 midnight, May 1.

Mounted Sergeant Promoted to Lieutenant, assigned as indicated, to take effect 1 P. M., April 30—John A. Park, 42d Precinct, mounted.

Probationary, having qualified as patrolman, appointed and assigned as indicated—I. O'Leary, 32d, to take effect May 1.

Transfers, to take effect 8 A. M. May 2—Mounted Sergt. W. Irving, from Traffic A to 66th. Patrolman T. F. Marron, 63d to 65th. Mounted Patrolmen: W. S. Brown, from Traffic A to 66th; W. J. Gould, Traffic A to 63d; G. E. Siller, Traffic C to 68th; W. J. Lenihan, Traffic C to 168th, designated as Acting Mounted Sergeant.

Assignments, (Temporary.)—Sergt. J. D. Wallace, 148th, to Detective Division, detailed to District Attorney's office, Kings County, one day, from 4 P. M. April 30. Patrolmen W. J. Darrow, 2d, to Detective Division, five days, from 4 P. M. April 30; C. Brassil, 8th; W. Corbitt, 28th, and W. P. Sheehy, 143d, to Harbor Precinct, ninety days, from 8 A. M. May 1; G. Prigge, 32d, to C. O. Squad, ten days, from noon May 1; B. Ticho, 33d, to C. O. Squad, ten days, from 8 A. M. May 1; J. McTernan, 148th, to Detective Division and District Attorney's office, Kings County, one day, from 4 P. M. April 30.

To C. O. Squad from precincts indicated, ten days, from 4 P. M. May 1: L. H. Noenich, 5th; H. Stafford, 143d; J. P. Taaffe, 146th; E. B. Tallman, 150th; J. A. Esau, 166th.

Leave of Absence, (Without Pay.)—Patrolman E. W. Bull, 150th, one day, from 8 A. M. May 3.

Resignations.—Patrolmen Herbert F. Lang, 6th, to take effect 12 P. M. May 1; Thomas F. Maher, 35th, to take effect 12 P. M. April 30.

Circular 14.—Beginning May 5 regiments shall be instructed as follows:

At Twenty-second Regiment Armory, Broadway and Sixty-eighth Street—First, Second, and Third Battalions, Second Regiment, at 1 P. M., May 5; First, Second, and Third Battalions, Third Regiment, at 2 P. M., May 5; First, Second, and Third Battalions, Fourth Regiment, at 3 P. M., May 5.

At Sixty-ninth Regiment Armory, Lexington Avenue and Twenty-sixth Street—First, Second, and Third Battalions, Fifth Regiment, at 1 P. M., May 6; First, Second, and Third Battalions, Sixth Regiment, at 2 P. M., May 6; First, Second, and Third Battalions, Seventh Regiment, 3 P. M., May 6.

At Twelfth Regiment Armory, Columbus Avenue and Sixty-second Street—First, Second, and Third Battalions, Eighth Regiment, 1 P. M., May 7; First, Second, and Third Battalions, Ninth Regiment, 2 P. M., May 7.

At Thirteenth Regiment Armory, Sumner, Jefferson, and Putnam Avenues, Brooklyn—First, Second, and Third Battalions, Tenth Regiment, at 12 noon, May 9; First, Second, and Third Battalions, Eleventh Regiment, at 1 P. M., May 9; First, Second, and Third Battalions, Twelfth Regiment, at 2 P. M., May 9; First, Second, and Third Battalions, Thirteenth Regiment, at 3 P. M., May 9.

At Sixty-ninth Regiment Armory, Lexington Avenue and Twenty-sixth Street—First, Second, and Third Battalions, First Regiment, at 8 A. M., May 10; members of the Honor Company, 9 A. M., May 10.

Regimental commanders, adjutants, and buglers shall report with their respective regiments.

Members of the Police Band shall report in band uniform and with instruments at times and places designated herein. They shall be excused from duty from 8 A. M., May 5, to 8 A. M., May 8, and from 8 P. M., May 8, to 8 A. M., May 10.

Regimental, mounted, and bicycle instructions shall be discontinued on and after May 12, until further orders.

Fire Department.

SPECIAL ORDERS 85.

Resignations: Clerk Abraham N. Flamm, Division of Fire Marshal, Bureau of Prevention, Brooklyn and Queens, to take effect at 5 P. M April 30; Fireman (first grade) Peter J. McKenzie, Engine 245, to take effect 8 A. M. May 5.

Companies ordered to report at Company School, Headquarters, at 10 A. M., on dates specified: Engine 28, May 5; Engine 232, May 6; Engine 45, May 7; Engine 263, May 8; Engine 71, May 9; H. & L. 41, May 10.

Transfer: Clerk Robert Blogg, Department of Finance, to Fire Department in the same capacity, with compensation at $600 per annum, to take effect at 9 A. M. May 1; assigned to the Bureau of Repairs and Supplies, Division of Buildings.

Appointment: Henry Haverstrom as an ununiformed fireman on three months' probation, to take effect at 8 A. M. May 12; assigned to Engine 26.

GENERAL ORDERS 26.

Additions and corrections to assignment books, Brooklyn and Queens, to take effect at 8 A. M., May 2:

New Stations—129, Fifth and Flatbush Avenues; assignments same as for Station 75. 1226, Nichols Avenue and Etna Street; assignments same as for Station 959. 3-130, Halsey Theatre, Halsey Street, near Broadway; assignments same as for first alarm for Station 567. 3-752, Public School 171, Ridgewood and Nichols Avenue; assignments same as first alarm for Station 959.

Changes in Location of Street Boxes—Stations 54, Third Avenue and Warren Street; assignments same as at present. 57, Pacific Street and Third Avenue; assignments same as at present. 115, Underhill Avenue and Sterling Place; assignments same as at present. 319, Flatbush Avenue and Park Place; assignments same as at present. 384, Vanderbilt and St. Mark's Avenues; assignments same as at present. 669, Vanderbilt Avenue and Park Place; assignments same as at present. 683, Underhill Avenue and Prospect Place; assignments same as at present.

Changes of Assignments—Station 268:

Engine Companies.	Cos. to Supply Fuel.	From Fuel Depot.
279 239 203 223 57		
204 220 202 269 51	E. 279	H. 122
228 226 205	E. 239	H. 109
256 219 240	E. 203	H. 122

Assignments for engine companies to read: 3-179—279, 239, 203, 223. 4-958—Assignments for hook and ladder companies, first alarm, to read: 264.

Changes to General Orders 18, dated March 19, to take effect at 8 A. M., May 2. District boundaries to read: 37th Battalion—Throop and Myrtle Avenues to Bushwick Avenue, to Troutman Street, to Metropolitan Avenue, to Forest Avenue, to Elm Avenue, to Myrtle Avenue, to Cypress Avenue, to line of Evergreen Cemetery, to Knickerbocker Avenue, to Hancock Street, to Broadway, to Chauncey Street, to Patchen Avenue, to Monroe Street, to Throop Avenue, to Myrtle Avenue.

Hook and Ladder 124—Cypress Avenue and Grove Street, to Forest Avenue, to Elm Avenue, to Myrtle Avenue, to Cypress Avenue, to Grove Street.

Correction to General Orders 23, Paragraph II., dated April 10, to take effect at 8 A. M. May 2; 3-166—Assignments canceled.

General Orders 6, Paragraph III., and Manhattan Fire Alarm Company, dated Feb. 3, 1910, is hereby corrected as to assignments for stations 15-806, 15-807, 15-808, 15-809, 15-810, 15-821, 15-822, 15-823, 15-824, 15-825, 15-836, 15-837, 15-838, 15-839, 15-840, 8,205, 8,206, 8,207, and 8,208. New cards for these stations have been issued; on receipt, commanding officers will substitute them for the old cards, which will be returned with the number of the division, battalion, or company marked on the face of the cards returned. (Old cards will be marked in pencil and promptly returned in the same envelope in which the new cards are delivered.)

Above assignments to take effect at 8 A. M. May 2.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

New York.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, May 1.—The following companies were incorporated to-day:

The Standard Distributing Company, Inc., of Manhattan, bonds, mortgages, debentures, notes; $250,000. Franklin H. Mills, John M. Greenfield, Jr., Edgar M. Souza, 351 West 114th Street, New York.

J. F. Smith Paper Box Company, Inc., of Buffalo, paper, cardboard and other material; $200,000. William J. Heinold, Fred L. Pierson, Jacob F. Smith, all of Buffalo.

New Way Corset Steel Company, Inc., of Manhattan; $100,000. Bernard Sokolow, Philip Lowenthal, Henry Bettigole, 945 Tiffany Street, New York.

Vanban Realty Company, Inc., of Manhattan, realty; $36,000. Julius Weber, George Provot, Raymond Orteig, 29 University Place, New York.

Walter Brown Davis Company, Inc., of Elmira, theatrical; $30,000. Harry L. Walter, Josiah C. Brown, Irving L. Davis, 919 Walnut Street, Elmira.

Miles-Redmond Construction Company, Inc., of White Plains; $12,000. Thomas Walter Miles, Helen C. Miles, William F. Redmond, Yonkers.

Sofranski Brothers, Inc., of Manhattan, women's, misses', and children's clothing; $10,000. Newman Sofranski, Harry Simon, Harold Levy.

The Morning Sentinel, Inc., of Amsterdam, to publish a newspaper; $30,000. R. E. Reynolds, McQueen Fritcher, Steele R. Reynolds, all of Amsterdam.

American Barium Company, Inc., of Jersey City, N. J., sulphate of barium; $25,000. Ivan A. A. Blish, Bush Terminal, Brooklyn.

New York Moline Plow Company, Inc., of Moline, Ill., plows, agricultural implements, and vehicles; $100,000. G. H. Carver, 197 South Water Street, Poughkeepsie.

Bethlehem Strike Averted.

Special to The New York Times.

BETHLEHEM, Penn., May 1.—With the granting of an increase of 45 cents a day the threatened strike of 1,500 bricklayers in the Bethlehems, several hundred of whom are employed in Schwab's coke plant here, has been averted. The men had demanded an eight-hour day and 55 cents an hour, instead of 50 cents an hour and nine hours' work. The contractors agreed to pay 55 cents an hour for nine hours.

COURT CALENDARS

FEDERAL.

Supreme Court.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 1.—Following are the Supreme Court orders issued to-day by the Chief Justice:

276—John Ashon, appellant, vs. the Board of Commissioners for the Protection of Birds, &c., et al.; and

277—Leong Mow, appellant, vs. the Board of Commissioners for the Protection of Birds, &c., et al. The Conservation Commission of Louisiana, and M. L. Alexander, Edgar T. Leche and J. A. Dayries, substituted as the parties appellees in these cases.

272—The Lewis Blue Point Oyster Cultivation Company, plaintiff in error, vs. J. Marvin Briggs. Argument continued.

273—Oscar Wilkinson et al, plaintiffs in error, vs. Oscar A. M. McKimmie et al. Argument commenced and continued.

119 and 120—Portland Railway, Light & Power Company, plaintiff in error, vs. Railroad Commission of Oregon. Argument continued.

The day call for Friday, May 2, will be as follows: Nos. 119 (and 120,) 274, 276, and 277,) 281, 283, 284, (and 285,) 286, 287, 288, and 289.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Mack, J. Jury calendar. Case on. 237—Amst Bldg Co v. R U Delapenha Co.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Ward, J. Motion calendar. 1, 2—United Copper Sec Co v. Amalgamated Copper Co. 3—Equitable Trust Co v. Pollitz. 4 to 7—Smith v. Oro Grande Mines Co. 9—Thomsen v. Barber. 10—De Villeneuve v. Morning Journal Assn. 11—Hudson Nav Co v. Ferryboat Scranton. 12—N & E River Terminal Co v. Steam tug Brideton. 13—Dryfoos v. Epstein. 14—Frankel v. Levin. 15—Freidman v. P & D Pub Co. 16—Provident L & T Co v. Fletcher. 17—Maryland State Fair v. Jockey Club. 18—Meccano v. Wagner. 19—Steiff v. Bing. 20, 21—Klatz v. Sun Print & Pub Assn. 22—Rubsancen v. Horton. 23—Corrugated Paper Pat Co v. Paper Work Mach Co. 24—McKinnon v. Alabama Sec Co. 25—Munson S S Line v. Glasgow Nav Co. 26—Ballard v. Audubon Natl Bank. 27—Granger v. Providence Was Ins Co. 30—Berger v. Hartford. 31—In re Brody. 32—First Natl Bank v. Bureau Natl Literature. 33—Lovell McConnell v. Garland. 34—Same v. Haynes. 35—Same v. Jackson.

STATE.

Court of Appeals.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., May 1.—The Court of Appeals day calendar for Friday: 607—Hogan v. N Y C & H R R R. 129—Emmett v. Runyon. 133—Calkin v. Town of Camden. 136—Young v. Ingalsbe.

New York County.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Supreme Court—Ingraham, P. J.; McLaughlin, Laughlin, Clarke, and Scott, JJ. Court opens to-day at 10 A. M. Motions. Non-enumerated motions. 3—Polish Nat Alliance v. Lawson Purdy. 4—Polish Nat Alliance v. Lawson Purdy. 6—Reich v. Bliss Bldgs. 7—Reich v. Lane. 8—Reich v. Lane. 9—Abrams v. Abrams. 11—Robinson Co v. Security Mut Life Ins Co. 12—Matter of McQuade. 13—Liebman v. Man Life Ins Co. 14—Lyon & Healy v. Musical Courier Co. 15—Hirsch v. Freeman Bros Co. 16—Drazen v. Huber. 18—Matter of William Sohmer (in re People's Trust Co.) 20—Mills v. Leland. 22—Josepp v. Herzogg. 23—Danziger v. Gottlieb. 24—Title Guar & T Co v. Griffenhagen. 25—Cushman v. Cook. 26—Goelmer v. Warden District Prison. 27—Cauldwell v. Prendergast.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Page, J. Litigated motions. 1—People ex rel. King v. Henderson. 2—People ex rel. Hawley v. Henderson. 3—Graham Wood Company v. Standard Wood Company. 4—People ex rel. [illegible] v. Whitney. 5—Ward v. Stony Brook Assn. 6—Inglese v. Clark. 7—Butterfield v. Whitney. 8—Rothstein v. Rosenfield. 9—Met Life Ins Co v. Manhattan Island Corp. 10—Drazen v. Lieberman. 11—Deigl v. Mercantile Warehouse Co. 12—Hirschfield v. Keith & Proctor. 13—Holscher v. Ames Transfer Co. 14—Audibert v. Financial Encyclopaedia Co. 15—Same v. Shea. 16—Kernochan v. Kapelsohn. 17—Wood v. Fredericks. 18—Matter of McNamara. 19—Scheuer v. Albert. 20—Seaman v. Broadway Bank of Brooklyn. 21—Davis v. Simonson. 22—Matter of Am Surety Co, &c. 23—Same v. same (Levy v. Clark.) 24—Same v. same (Weil v. Finn.) 25—Same v. same (Schlosser v. Light.) 26—Brumberg v. Brumberg. 27—Kayser v. Hochstein. 28—Van Tuyl v. Robin. 29—Fried v. Rodgers & Hagerty. 30—Schafer v. Schafer. 31—Grey v. Hirsch. 32—Van Tuyl v. Robin. 33—Oppenheimer v. Oppenheimer. 34—Frank v. Frank. 35—Matter of J. Hood Wright Memorial Hospital. 36—Regent Realty Co v. Utard. 37—Butler v. Standard Milk-Flour Co. 38—Weil v. Nat Bituminous Coal and Coke Co. 39—Broadway Savings Inst v. Dubinsky. 40—Matter of City of N Y (Waterbury Av.) 41—Matter of Keenan. 42—Sentner v. Smith. 43—Kaufman v. Careful R & C Co. 44—Feeny v. Hill. 45—Davidson v. Davidson. 46—Matter of Osborne. 47—Matter of Hanson (Kanter.) 48—Matter of Swift. 49—Herzog v. Korn. 50—Nat City Bank v. Hartman. 51—Bostwick v. Burke & Sons Co. 52—Hauptmann v. City and Suburban Homes Co. 53—Silber v. Silber. 54—Automatic Strapping Machine Co. 55—Same v. same. 56—Same v. same. 57—Same v. same. 58—Matter of Ryan (Herschman.) 59—Holmes v. Mexican Nat Packing Co. 60—Steinert v. Steinert. 61—Wendt v. Hubinger. 62—Moran v. Vreeland. 63—Same v. same. 64—Same v. same. 65—Same v. same. 66—Pallerine v. Pallerine. 67—Bair v. Reilly. 68—Szilagyi v. Cooper. 69—Tadross v. Haddad. 70—Syalay v. Syalay. 71—Matter of Loewy. 72—Marek v. Marek. 73—Whittey v. Whittey. 74—Matter of New Netherland Bank. 75—Puma v. Southern Pacific Co. 76—Herman v. Herman. 77—Hudson Mtg Co v. Lentz Realty Co. 78—McNamera v. Eisenkramer. 79—Wm Haaker Co v. American Surety Co. 80—Matter of People, &c, by Emmet (Empire State Surety Co.) 81—Guliner v. Schacht Iron Works. 82—Schlesinger v. Schlesinger. 83—Harris v. Thompson-Starrett Co. 84—Anagnostopulos v. Anagnostopulos. 85—Matter of Sack. 86—Davis v. Lord & Taylor. 87—Matter of Cowen. 88—Petters v. Smith. 89—Matter of Cowen (Dunn.) 90—Lipman v. Lipman. 91—Michaelis v. St. Paul Fire and Marine Ins Co. 92—Warner Godfrey Co v. Smith. 93—Stetler v. Kendal. 94—Stetler v. Sweigard. 95—Donovan v. United Fruit Co. 96—Weiser v. Pelcyger. 97—Staples v. Zinn. 98—Edelstein v. City of N Y. 99—Same v. same. 100—Mendelson v. Margulies. 101—Smith v. N Y Herald Co. 102—Loewenstein v. Schmitt. 103—Matter of Keller. 104—Hauser v. Hauser. 105—54th St Realty Co v. Goodman. 106—Frooks v. Ruhlin. 107—Matter of Stiller (463 East 6th St.) 108—Freedman v. Prager. 109—Godin v. Wiltchik. 110—Doelger v. Altschul. 111—Matter of Nat Retail Grocers Co-operative Assn. 112—Matter of Brown (Erdner.)

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Lehman, J. Ex parte business.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part III.—Giegerich, J. Motions. Preferred causes. 714—Corson v. Ruthenberg. 2320—Dodsin v. Thorn. General calendar. 1180—Shamroy v. Shamroy. 2100—Gallagher v. Gallagher. 112—Jerym v. Searling. 2183—Bolz v. Habermacher. 932—Delaven v. N Y, N H & H R R. 1143—Krell Auto Grand Piano Co v. Auto Pneumatic Action Co. 886—Bobrow v. Kirch. 2168—Catlow v. U S Mtge & Trust Co. 930—Cowen v. Bernard. 2344—Bishop v. Bishop. 1848—Everards Brew v Cusick. 174—Gordon v. Hudson Film Co. 2098—Durchholz v. Durchholz. 2181—Kaufman v. Herzberg. 1496—Ketcham v. Ketcham. 1471—Perlstein v. Halperin. 1688—Maresca v. Riola. 1066—Quincey, Jr, v. Down. 957—Merritt v. Clarke. 2100—Gallagher v. Gallagher. 2080—Krauss v. McKinnon. 1368—Klein v. Klein. 2317—Heleuer v. Heleuer. 1191—Flint v. Tuttle. 1192—Fisher v. same. 1469—Fox v. Fox. 1091—Unione Tra Produttori-Barletta v. Laurora. 985—Dumeny v. Dumeny. 1955—Ellison v. City of N Y. 2343—Read v. Read. 184—Bellows Cut Stone Co v. Standard Gas Light Co. 1619—Buchanan & Co, Lim, v. Matthews. 1620—Same v. Ahler. 1621—J. Jameson & Son v. Matthews. 1665—Tanqueray, Gordon & Co v. Driscoll. 1678—Buchanan & Co v. Robinson. 1679—Gillen & Co v. same. 1680—Jameson & Co v. same. 1682—Tanqueray, Gordon & Co v. same. 1693—Same v. Archambault Cafe Co. 1701—Same v. Coffey. 102—Weingreen v. Michelbacher. 673—Lazarus v. Folser. 2322—Real Realty Co v. Deschere. 1958—Deschere v. Real Realty Co. 2338—Surbrug v. Kalil's Catering Co. 2349—Sihn v. Sihn. 2352—Met Tel & Tel Co v. Met Tel & Tel Co. 1472—Ayres v. Harmon. 1020—Valentine v. Valentine. 702—Dies v. Nealis. 1714—Drucker v. Singler. 775—Maxwell v. Steeger, Manning Noble & Co. 1179—Gumpel v. Bossong. 1470—Kalmus v. Blum. 210—Tax Lien Co v. Smith. 1503—Tull v. Barrett. 211—Killeen v. Kiernan. 884—Greenberg v. Hart. 1717—Gerber v. Gerber. 2348—Tax Lien Co v. Bird. 2377—Einstein v. Einstein. 972—Solomon v. Altmayer. 1954—State Bank v. Herrmann. 2081—O'Donnell v. Negri. 991—Page v. Fidelity Development Co. 1647—Leukert v. Leukert. 2365—Givens v. Givens. 1899—Leask v. Flannery. 2121—Moller, Inc, v. Disanza Bros. 1018—Bond v. Bond. 2371—Puhl v. Puhl. 1859—Friedman v. Streifer. 742—Baruch v. Young. 2329—Popp v. Winter. 110—Brockelbank v. McAdam. 2368—Warner v. Morgan. 366—Harris v. Snyder Co. 625—Martin v. Martin. 82—Peterson v. Fowler. 403—Hochstein v. Leder. 1129—Michaelson v. Michaelson. 2306—Elias v. 89-90 Co. 2313—Ritzert v. Gallatin. 109—Cerussi v. Whisten Con Co. 1893—Buecheler v. Buecheler. 954—McArdle v. Reilly. 2681—Levine v. Silverman. 237—Lowinson c. Longfellow Realty Corp'n. 2319—Washington Sav Bank v. Kingston Securities Co. 2325—Northern Bank of N Y v. Washington Sav Bank. 2354—Brown v. Brown. 2300—Squires v. Smith, Fitzhugh & Co. 2355—Crow v. Warner. 1642—Higgins v. Fairview Imp Co. 1652—Krause v. Siegel. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part V., clear: Part VI., case on: Part VIII., clear.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—Seabury, J. Criminal Term. Trial calendar. 1—Dennis Sweeney et al.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part II.—Newburger, J. 3282—United Surety Co v. Meenan. 3459—First Natl Bank v. Thompson. Clear.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part III.—Delany, J. Motion. 3937—Miller v. Greenberg. Trial calendar. 6012—Etshells v. Fargo. 1716—McKenna v. City of N Y. 3185—Meyerstein v. Davis & Laurence Co. 3309—Olson v. N Y, N H & H R R Co. 250—Wishnofsky v. City of N Y. 3094—Ormstein v. Silver. 3031—Varnum v. Barrett. 2776—Duff v. City of N Y. Clear.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part IV.—Ford, J. No day calendar.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part III.—Donnelly, J. Inquest. 3212—Reilly v. Birch. 3198—Eagle v. Brooklyn Heights R R Co. 2719—Steers v. City of New York. 3127—Lufrane v. Collins. Clear.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VI.—Amend, J. 3066—Levy v. Joline. 3034—Cooley v. same. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VII.—Weeks, J. 3351—Freedman v. Prager. 3355, 3356—Sinai v. Karp. 3362—Washus v. Thompson-Starrett Co. 3403—Buckley v. N Y Homeopathic Med College. 3345—Fuller v. N Y Ry Co. 3397—Finland v. Strauss. 3378—Nurman v. Wallach. 3398—Sheiltned v. Hug. 3402—Irwin v. Simon. 3404—McGeary v. Empire Shipping & Forwarding Co. 3379—Sovinsky v. Steinberg. 3384—Hyman v. Van Raalte. 3374—Globe & Rutgers Fire Ins Co v. O'Brien Const Co. 3411—La Marco v. Balt & Ohio R R. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VIII.—Hendrick, J. 133—Korones v. Adler. 1807—Wohleb v. Watts. 1942—Demotrakonollos v. Morch. 3236—Polansky v. Engel. 2878—Sciacco v. City of New York. 3590—Brown v. Penn R R. 2593—Smith v. Palmer. 2601—Crosby v. Cowen & Co. 2897—Kirshner v. Moskovitz. 3014—Rehm v. Fine. 441—N Y County National Bank v. Herrmann. 3311—Yaged v. T. J. McGuire Cont Co. 3243—Morton v. Breed. 2958—Boyle v. Cary. 2628—Rosenfeld v. Astoria Veneer Mills. 2624—Trotto v. Rheinfrank House Wrecking Co. 2716—Smith v. Evening Journal Pub Co. 3375—McGovern v. Morgan. 3178—Koch v. De Pistar. 2948—Kirby v. Newberry. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part IX.—Adjourned for the term.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part X.—Dugro, J. 3026—Truger v. Mason Seaman Transp Co. 2685—Carhart v. Keene. 2678—Holland v. Joline. 3022—Ligatino v. Arrigoni. 2303—Bruder v. Eagle Pencil Co. 3030—Montalbane v. Cons Tel & Elec Sub Co. 960, 961—Cohn v Ansonia Realty Co. Clear.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XI.—Erlanger, J. 2364—Nelson v. E E Smith Cont Co. 3299—Braunfeld v. Walbridge. 1914—International Trust Co v. Gow. 2523—Bochhaus v. Int R T. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XII.—Philbin, J. Case on. Johnson v. Isaacs. No day calendar.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XIII.—Greenbaum, J. 2509—Siegel v. Lese. 1571—Nelson v. A H Woods Prod Co. 2527—Davis v. D-D-D Co. 727—Roe & Conover v. Kilbride. 1868—Quinn v. Peck. 1096—Sire v. Shubert. 2515—Woodhouse v. Irving Natl Exchange Bank. 2519—Ackerman v. Bartine. 2526—New Edicott Co v. d'Allomonte. 2534—Sentner v. Smith. 2520—Yonalem v. Pincus. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XIV.—Davis, J. Motion. 3181—Finkelstein v. Hamilton R & B Co. Trial calendar. 1731—Brady, Adler & Koch Co v. Hochstadter. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XV.—Platzek, J. Case on: Heinze v. MacGovern. No day calendar.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XVI.—Pendleton, J. Case on: Jones v. Woodin. No day calendar.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XVII.—Whitaker, J. 2439—Garber v. Tooker. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XVIII.—Brady, J. Case on: Elwell & Co v. Acme Portland Cement Co. No day calendar.

SURROGATES' COURT—Chambers—Cohalan, S. Motion calendar. Ella Schwartz, &c, Sarah R Wolbarst, Benjamin B Ettlinger, Thomas H Cullen, Otto L Lind, Margaret A Brennan, Henry Lobenthal, George Schaefer, Lena Morgenstein, Nathaniel Scarlett, Alessandro D Paoli, Bronislaw Gardziewcz, Nathan I Proser, Moses M Haas, Sterling Jones, Harry Nack, Sarah Freedman, (2,) Tirso M. y Hernandez, Ellen M Hennessy, Lizzie Woods or Dolan, William E Crosby, John F Murray, Mollie Smith or Harverson, Mary Sullivan, Mark H Lee, &c, George Fischer, Annie K Dale, Luciano Genovise, Daniel F Sullivan, Priscilla W Nelson, Isaac Rosenthal, Julia Steckel, Thomas B Deely, Anna K Daroczy; John S Kennedy, (14,) Margaret T Murphy, Ellen St C Woolley, Edward Kelly, Solomon M Swartz, Julia Hallgarten, Edward O Kindberg, Ida Joseph, William H Beadleston, Jacob F Cullman, Mary J Radway, Henry Le Grand Cannon, Sabina Jost, Lena Goodman, Ann Tracy, Charles Cahn, Richard H Townley, Elise R Wilhelm, Hugo Wilhelm, John Barclay, Anne W Batonnier, &c, Eliza K Cassin, Louise Trappler, &c, Nellie H Grant, &c, Richard Pancoast, Paul Westphal, (2,) Julia Diefendorf, George Fischer, Mary McMahon, William Weisell, Mary Ann Cavanagh, (2.) Estate of Patty W Ware, issue of fact. Estate of Julius Berliner, issue of fact. Estate of Ann Maher, issue of fact. Estate of William Ziegler, issue of fact. Estate of Henry E Agins, issue of fact. Wills for probate: Adam Roland, Jessie Rutterband, Jane W Bain, Mary E Talmage, Wm Habeck, Gertrude Phillips, Howard Beck, James J Friedrich, Wm Morgan, Cornell A Theller, Helen Sykes, Christine Rieger.

SURROGATES' COURT—Trial Term—Fowler, S. Uncontested probate: Florence A Ahlstrom, formerly Florence A Johnson.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—Finelite, J. 3080—Brener v. Albert. 2853—Nat Surety Co v. Stallo. 2928½—Diedrich v. Roebling Cont Co. 3059—Nikolo v. Am Press Assn. 3005—Peck v. McGee. 4401—Greenbaum v. Peyser. 2764—Rosenfeld v. N Y Rys. 3070—Brady v. same. 2989—Brooks v. Int R T Co. 2990—Goldstuk v. same. 3085—Klein v. Curley. 3092—Griffin v. Price. 3098—Burns v. Fiat Auto Co. 3117—Keller v. Meyerson. 3122—McGrath v. Campbell. 3123—Andrews v. Connors. 2960—Malecki v. Wills & Marvin Co. 2933—Jacobson v. Maier. 2675—McCoy Co v. Cont Asphalt Pav Co. 2775—Liebowitz v. Liberty St Metal Works. 2867—Caros v. Weiss. 3017—Slimik v. Barett. 3046—Saeload v. Rosenbach. 3067, 3068—Barnes v. Joline. 3075—Lazarowitz v. Int R T Co. 873—Parsheisky v. Bethel Const Co. 874—Corbin v. Manning Noble Co. 874½—Victer v. Gershowitz. 875—Federal Terra Cotta Co v. George Bacher Const Co. 875½—Bernstein v. Taub. 876—Harbison-Walker Refractories Co v. Pocana R Co. 877—Hotaling v. Reakirt. 878—Cutting-Larson Co v. Stein. 880—Belkind v. Cohen. 883—Rothenberg v. Zwinge. 884—Prushin Bros v. Windsor Const Co. 1887—Patrnak v. Strauss. 1872—Mutual Sav Bank v. Fahys. 1920, 1921—Grant v. Locust Farms Co. 1926—List v. O'Beirne. 1654—Greenwald v. Cohen. 6690½—Mingo v. Nat Realty Co. 1907—Catnow v. Astoria Light, H, &c, Co. 6789½—Schulath v. Hoff. 5949½—Wood v. Miller. 6769½—Coe v. Freedman-Atkin Co. 6797½—Russell v. Mays. 561—Falsky v. Seletsky. 6829½—Reisler v. Int R T Co. 1981—Farning v. Joline. Clear.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part III.—Green, J., case on; Part IV., Lynch, J., case on; Part V., Luce, J., case on; Part VI., Dolehanty, J., case on; Part VII., O'Dwyer, C. J., case on.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part II.—Schmuck, J. 5659—Koroff v. L J Worth, Inc. 5213—Liebman v. Solomon. 5730—Prout v. Duras. 5724—Sobel v. Nugent. 5734—Cohen v. Lebanon M Co. 5700—Sternstein v. Goldstein. 5707—Schweitzer v. Landress. 5712—Guernsey v. Butterick Pub Co. 5715—Hedden Iron Const Co v. Kramer Cont Co. 5719—Oppenheim v. Bonwit. 5726—Meltzer v. Stern. 5744—Huggins v. Craven. 5758—Scholer v. Pellman. 5682—Cobe v. Goldstein. 5661—Rosenstein v. Wolfsohn James Fur Co. 5360—Met Printing Co v. Isman. 5705—Philipsborn v. Doktor. 5720—H B Claflin Co v. Altin. 5603—Flanagan v. Harris. Case on.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Davis, J. Hallbauer v. Berle—Charles J Leslie.

SUPREME COURT—Lehman, J. Simerman v. Schaetman, (2)—Ezekiel Fixman.

SUPREME COURT—Page, J. Brennan v. Kissel—Edward T Hiscox. Bachman v. Jacobson—Charles H Murray. Moloughney v. Benver Realty Co—Fred C Gladden. German Life Ins Co v. Schoering, (2)—Francis W Judge. Hunt v. Cohen—Schuyler C Carleton. Dollar Sav Bank v. Conlon—Leslie J Tompkins. Matter of Vanderbilt—Chas P Rogers. Lagomarsino v. Mascia—Theodore H Friend.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Lehman, J. 16th St Baptist Church v. Esther M Sutherland—Martin F Huberth. John H McCarthy v. Anna M Downes—Vincent L Leibell. Wm J Farrell v. Julia E Liggan—Louis Ross. Thomas J Caulfield v. Ida M Conklin—Wm F Rooney.

SUPREME COURT—Page, J. Sarah P. Wells v. Henry Hoffman et al—James C Meyers.

Kings County.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term.—Maddox, J. Ex parte business.

SURROGATES' COURT.—Ketcham, S. No day calendar.

COUNTY COURT—Civil Calendar—Part IV.—Ferris, J. Actions triable by the court without a jury: 3087—Manger v. Bartlett. 3986—Kahn v. Ginsberg. 3077—Bond & Mtge Guar Co v. White. 3083—Wenk v. Jessamine Realty Co. 1805—Savarese v. Valentino. 2760—Collister v. Jackson. 2868—Loew v. McInerney.

COUNTY COURT—Criminal Calendar—Part I.—Dike, J. Edward Albert, Edward Seiffert, Joseph Silvia, Edward Olsen.

COUNTY COURT—Criminal Calendar—Part II.—Fawcett, J. Maurice J. Nabler, James Mariano, James Lombardo, Vincenzo Amaglerio, Salvatore Francavilla, Raffaele Studa, Paul Revaqua, Henry Stark, Philip Allessi, Prosper Devois, Robert Cook.

COUNTY COURT—Criminal Calendar—Part III.—Nye, J. Shafter Frishel, John Jordan, Frank McCarthy, Joseph Schreiber, Samuel White.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Blackmar, J. Litigated motions. 1—Cameron v. L I R R Co. 2—Gribbon, F A, v. L I R R Co. 3—Gribbon, D V, v. L I R R Co. 4—Figari v. L I R R Co., 5—London v. Gescheidt et al. 6—Ashley v. Heatley. 7—Matter of Second M E Church. 8—Becker (Henry) v. Noble. 9—Kuntz v. German Savings Bank. 10—Matter of Brody (Dept of Health.) 11—Matter of Harold Av. 12—Massie and another v. L I R R Co. 13—Curran v. Howard. 14—Matter of Fitzpatrick (Howard.) 15—Griffing v. Vanderbilt. 16—Goldstein v. Goldstein. 17—Matter of Gogarty. 18—Swerdlow v. Berger et al. 19—Foley v. Higgins. 20—Wisotzky v. Kessler. 21—Bialostosky v. Bialostosky. 22—Wick v. Wick. 23—Neill v. Schaeffer et al. 24—Curran v. N Y Telephone Co. 25—Pigot v. Riverhead Light Co. 26—Klusick v. So Pacific Co. 27—Tax Lien Co v. Collins et al. 28—Matter of Dean Alvord Sec Co. 29—Matter of Suburban Constr Co. 30—Matter of Belle Terre Estates, Inc. 31—Matter of Roslyn Estates. 32—Duck et al v. McGrath et al. 33—Duck v. McGrath et al. 34—Oswald v. Oswald. 35—Oswald v. Oswald. 36—Faraci v. Bradley Contracting Co. 37—Zingaro v. Caponigri. 38—Zingaro v. London et al. 39—Sullivan v. Ollendorff. 40—Miller and another v. La Sauce et al. 41—Miller and another v. La Sauce et al. 42—Gordon v. C A Agar & Co. 43—Miller v. Coles and another. 44—Lentino and another v. Lentino and another. 45—Matter of Sea View Av (Nust.) 46—Biangarda v. Chelsea Fibre Mills. 47—Wilson and another v. Robinson et al. 48—Elflein v. Schroeder et al. 49—O'Brien v. O'Brien. 50—Heinlein Cut Stone Co v. Bonnert. 51—Dykeman and another v. Cardone.

EDUCATION NOTES.

It is said that Vincent Astor was so pleased and impressed by his visit to the public schools on Wednesday that he intends to make another inspection. No date, however, has as yet been set for it.

The Board of Superintendents has sent a circular to all the high school Principals asking them to say what new positions in their schools will have to be filled next term. All the answers are expected within ten days. The Board of Superintendents will then nominate teachers from the eligible lists to fill these positions. There are in all about 210 applicants on the present high school eligible lists. The nominations will be made at this early date so as to let the applicants know of their nominations before the Summer vacation begins. It is found that when eligible teachers are not nominated for the ensuing term before the close of the current school term some of them make contracts to teach in other cities under the impression that their chances of appointment here are poor.

The Teachers' League at its meeting in the High School of Commerce on the evening of May 9 will consider the drafting of a petition to the Board of Education requesting that by-laws be enacted whereby teachers will be eligible to membership in the local School Boards; also establishing in each school an Executive Committee, of which the Principal shall be Chairman, and providing that upon periodic election by the teachers of the school the members of the committee, with the Principal, shall administer those affairs of the school which are now under the sole jurisdiction of the Principal. The league is convinced that a conception based on military ideals of school government is seriously defective, and that many of the shortcomings of the schools are directly traceable to the attempt to conform the school system "to this outworn ideal." The league believes that coöperation, not subordination, is the watchword of educational efficiency.

Closing exercises for the season will be held to-day in the recreation centre in Public School 157, Kent Avenue, near Park Avenue, Brooklyn.

The dedication and cornerstone laying of the new Bay Ridge High School, Fourth Avenue and Sixty-seventh Street, will take place on May 6. Frank D. Wilsey, Chairman of the Committee on Buildings of the Board of Education, will preside, and will lay the cornerstone. The invocation will be by the Right Rev. Mgr. John Barrett, and the benediction by the Rev. Charles D. Trexler. Addresses will be made by Vice President John Greene, Controller Prendergast, Commissioner Arthur S. Somers, Associate City Supt. Edward L. Stevens, Jeremiah J. O'Leary, President of the West End Board of Trade, and W. E. Cleary, President of the Citizens' Association of Bay Ridge and Fort Hamilton. Songs will be rendered by the pupils of the Bay Ridge High and Grammar Schools.

The Associated Alumni of Evening Schools of Greater New York will hold a reception this evening in Palm Garden, Fifty-eighth Street, west of Third Avenue.

CHANGES OF NAME.

LASKOWSKY, EDWIN A., to LAKE, EDWIN A.; 610 Sixth Avenue; father changed name; former name not American, as owner is; hard to pronounce; City Court Judge Richard H. Smith.

LOWY, DAVID, to LE ROY, DAVID; 554 East 149th Street; real estate dealer; former name difficult to pronounce and spell; injury to business; City Court Judge Richard H. Smith.

SAFUSNICK, MAX and JOHN, to PHILIPS, MAX and JOHN; [illegible] difficulty [illegible] their [illegible]; City Court Judge Richard H. Smith.

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Panama Canal at the Show

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Grand Central Palace

Lexington Av., cor. 46th St.

Opens Saturday, May 3 AT 7 P. M.

All Next Week, 11 A. M. to 11 P. M.

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

W. H. Chesebrough Enlarges His Holdings at State and Whitehall Streets—Greek Congregation Buys Amity Baptist Church—West Side and Dyckman Deals—Lively Brooklyn Market.

William H. Chesebrough and Oakleigh Thorne, who purchased the historic old buildings on the northwest corner of State and Whitehall Streets a short time ago, have added to their holdings there by acquiring the two adjoining buildings at 4 and 5 State Street and a 40-foot frontage in the rear of these on Pearl Street. The property at 4 State Street was bought from the German Lutheran Emigrant House Association. It has a frontage of 28 by 116 feet deep. The other property was acquired from the United States Trust Company and Morgan J. O'Brien, as executors of the Herman Wronkow estate, and includes besides 5 State Street, 25 by 116 feet, the property immediately in the rear, known as 18½ and 20 Pearl Street. The State Street building is one of the old-time houses, very similar to the ancient Coles residences at 1 and 2 State Street.

These purchases give the owners a plot of 136 feet on State Street, overlooking Battery Park; 131 feet on Whitehall Street, and about 40 feet on Pearl Street, a total of nearly 20,000 square feet. The deal was negotiated by Francis Guerlich of Horace S. Ely & Co.

No plans have been announced as to the future disposition of the property, but it is understood that a high-class commercial building will be erected there in the near future. Mr. Chesebrough has been an active investor and improver of property south of Bowling Green, and the success with which his previous operations have met has strengthened his confidence in the continued commercial possibilities of the Battery Park locality.

Old Amity Baptist Church Sold.

The trustees of the Amity Baptist Church, one of the oldest congregations in the city, have sold the church property at 308, 310 and 312 West Fifty-fourth Street to the Greek Orthodox Church. On the plot, which has a frontage of 75 feet on Fifty-fourth Street, running 200 feet through to Fifty-third Street, is a church edifice and the Amity building. The church was built in 1898, when the congregation moved uptown from Amity Street. It is modeled after the famous Mosque of St. Sophia. About $150,000 was involved in the transaction, which was negotiated by A. W. Miller & Co.

The Lancashire in a $325,000 Trade.

The Lancashire, an eight-story elevator apartment, occupying a plot 75 by 98.9 feet, on the northeast corner of Eighty-fifth Street and Riverside Drive, has been sold by the J. J. Steindler Company to the Lancashire Corporation. Property at Edgemere, Long Island, was given in part payment, the apartment being figured in at $325,000.

Buys to Protect Apartment Light.

Edgar A. Levy has purchased from the estate of Sarah Goldenberg the four-story dwelling at 110 East Seventy-second Street, on plot 18.9 by 102.2. The property adjoins the old Freundschaft Club on the southeast corner of Park Avenue and Seventy-second Street, purchased by Mr. Levy some time ago, and the recent purchase is made for the purpose of protecting the light and air of the twelve-story apartment he is to erect on the corner plot. The Douglas Robinson, Charles S. Brown Company acted as the brokers.

Activity in Dyckman Section.

Another valuable plot in the Dyckman section, which has been remarkably active during the past few weeks, was disposed of yesterday to a builder, who, it is understood, will break ground at once for a large apartment house.

The property was sold by John P. Duff and consists of a vacant plot 50 by 200 feet on the south side of Nagle Avenue, 300 feet west of Elwood Avenue. There was also a rumor of a deal involving an entire block front in the same section. The buyers were said to be a syndicate of builders who had been active in the Tremont section of the Bronx.

Investors Buying Tenements.

Brooks & Momand have sold for Bern Budd 157 East 104th Street, a four-story flathouse on a lot 25 by 100 feet. The buyer is an investor.

J. J. Falahee has increased his holdings on West 103d Street by the purchase of 134 and 136, two five-story flats on a plot 53.1 by 104.10 feet.

Brooklyn.

One of the largest deals made in some time in the Eastern Parkway section has just been closed by A. E. Colson of David Porter's real estate office, who has sold the southeast corner of Rogers Avenue and Union Street and the northwest corner of Rogers Avenue and President Street, both having a frontage on Rogers Avenue of 87.9, with a depth of 100 feet. The property was sold for Anna S. de Selding to one of the largest building concerns in Brooklyn. It was formerly owned by the Sage estate, which owned the greater part of the vacant property lying to the south of Eastern Parkway, a part of which was purchased by the State of New York as a site for the Squadron C Armory. The two corners are now being graded and will probably be improved with apartment houses.

John F. Burke has sold for the Lanoor Realty Company the three-story brick store property on the west side of Fifth Avenue, 40 feet north of Forty-second Street, on lot 20 by 100 feet, to an investor. This is the second building sold by this broker within a week of these store properties now in course of construction.

Sarah L. Chapman has sold 1,425 St. Mark's Avenue, a four-story flat house, on a lot 20 by 100 feet. Brooks & Momand were the brokers.

Frank A. Seaver sold the sixteen-family brick flat 268 Sixty-seventh Street, Bay Ridge, for Emily H. Wilhelm, to an investor. The building occupies a plot 40 by 88 by 100 feet.

Newman Leavy has sold for Mrs. M. Steinhart the property at 7,703 Nineteenth Avenue, to a client.

The Jerome Property Corporation has sold for Henry E. Toby of Manhattan the southeast corner of Tenth Avenue and Seventy-third Street, Bay Ridge, a plot 100 by 100, with a large residence.

A $300,000 Far Rockaway Development.

The S. and L. Construction Company represented by Morris Cooper, has purchased from the Amundson Realty Company, M. Morgenthau, President, represented by James Frank, seventy-five lots, fronting on the Atlantic Ocean, known as the Harriman Court property, adjoining the Grove Club at Edgemere Crest, Far Rockaway, L. I.

These lots will be immediately improved with fourteen cottages and two large seashore hotels. The total investment will aggregate over $300,000. Lewis H. May & Co. negotiated the transaction.

Long Island.

Recent sales at Massapequa by the Queens Land and Title Company have been made to C. O. Lester, J. M. Aharn, C. A. Finninger, S. Garrity, L. Larrey, M. Rooney, and A. M. Straper.

The Windsor Land and Improvement Company has sold, at Hempstead, to M. A. King and J. Montague each a plot 40 by 100 and to J. Curristine a plot 60 by 100, Nassau Parkway, to D. and Deg Joseph a plot 60 by 100, to C. Armstrong a plot 149 by 100, Frazier Street; to F. and T. McCarty each a plot 60 by 100, Bernhard Street and Hempstead Parkway; to M. Challon a plot 40 by 100, Miller Street; to Y. C. Grossman a plot 100 by 100, Lawson Street and Hempstead Parkway; to M. Feeney a plot 40 by 100, Lawson Street; to J. McCrea a plot 40 by 100, Emery Street; to T. O'Connor a lot 20 by 119, Grand Avenue; to L. and M. Unger a plot 60 by 100, Booth Street and Oceanside Avenue; to A. F. Tagg a plot 40 by 100, Windsor Parkway. The same company has sold, at Rockville Centre, to M. and A. Rezzoagh a plot 40 by 100, Jackson Street; to F. H. Weyer a plot 40 by 100, Mount Street.

New Jersey.

J. L. Gordon of Manhattan has purchased at Mountain Lakes a stucco dwelling occupying a plot 200 by 350 feet on the lake front.

New Development Co. Organized.

For the purpose of developing Crestwood Gardens, Westchester County, the D. & D. Construction Company has been organized, with a capital of $100,000. Charles B. Drake, President of the new company, announced yesterday that 150 high-class private dwellings would be erected on the property during the next two years.

Belmont Tunnel Opening.

Alfred Craven, chief engineer of the Public Service Commission, when asked yesterday when the Belmont tunnel to Long Island was to be opened, and if there was any truth in the statement to the effect that the tunnel was not adapted to service for Subway trains, said: "Subway trains can be operated in the Belmont tunnel. We are going to operate the standard ten feet wide Subway cars, and will build the station platforms for the standard ten-car trains now used in the present Subway.

"Estimates are being prepared for the cost of putting the tunnel into temporary operation from Jackson Avenue, Long Island City, to Third Avenue, New York, and an operating contract will be signed shortly."

Realty Notes.

Herbert A. Sherman has leased for Mrs. Lillian W. Porter the residence at 36 East Sixty-second Street to Dr. G. R. Pisek.

Shindler & Liebler in conjunction with Arnold, Byrne & Baumann negotiated the sale of Dayton Court reported last week.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

By Joseph P. Day.

11th St, 57 and 59 East, n s, 302.9 ft w of Broadway, 54x103.3, ten-story loft and store building; foreclosure, to the plaintiff, United States Trust Co., $175,500.

76th St, 431 East, n s, 413 ft e of 1st Av, 25x102.2, four-story tenement; foreclosure, to the plaintiff, Metropolitan Savings Bank, $10,000.

By Henry Brady.

Ludlow St, 179, w s, 124 ft s of Houston St, 23.10x87.10, three-story tenement and store and three-story rear tenement; foreclosure, to the plaintiff, Gertrude Palmer, $18,000.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures in Manhattan and the Bronx.

11th Av, s w corner of 51st St; for a six-story factory, 100.5x99.6; Henry Astor, 11 East 42d St, owner; Ross & McNeil, 30 East 42d St, architects; cost $60,000

20th St, 414 and 416 East; for a three-story stable, 40x92; T. Farley, 441 East 19th St, owner; G. F. Pelham, 101 Park Av, architect; cost $12,000

Wales Av, 633; for a two-story brick dwelling, 25x57; Casper Heilbrock, on premises, owner; Chris F. Lohse, 871 East 149th St, architect; cost $5,025

150th St, 788; for a one-story frame shed, 25x25; John Wilker, 566 Wales Av, owner; Chris F. Lohse, 371 East 149th St, architect; cost $150

163d St, n w corner of Tinton Av; for open-air theatre, 93x90; Leavenfelt & Prager, Singer Building, owner; I. Goldsmith, 1,699 Fulton Av, architect; cost....$1,000

Westchester Av, w s, 214 ft n of Edison Av; for five one-story frame stores, 19.7x36; Louise R. Allen, 3,011 Westchester Av, owner; Anton Pirner, 2,063 Westchester Av, architect; cost $8,000

Webster Av, n e corner of 184th St; for a one-story brick office and garage, 75x65; the Fleischmann Co., 515 Park Av, owners; Jardine, Hill & Murdock, 3 West 29th St., architects; cost $18,000

Alterations.

Items under $5,000 omitted.

Barclay St, 28; to a five-story store and loft; A. L. Simonson, 243 Washington Av, Brooklyn, owner; W. M. Leonard, 162 West 20th St, architect; cost....$8,000

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

THURSDAY, MAY 1.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

2D AV, 2,269, w s, 20x90, (foreclosure April 9;) Charles A. Hickey, referee, to Charles L. Boutillier, 140 East 36th St, April 29; attorney, Seth B. Robinson, 1 Liberty St. $9,000

2D ST, 308, n s, 22x46.10; Jacob Waldfogel to Isidor Monheimer, 157 West 124th St, (mtg $8,750,) April 30; attorney, Hugo Cohn, 19 Avenue A....$100

5TH AV, 680, w s, 48.3 ft s of 54th St, 52.1x75x irregular; Eliza O. Webb to John D. Rockefeller, Jr., 13 West 54th St., all liens, April 10; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$1,000

5TH AV, e s, 63.2 ft s of 120th St, 87.8x100; Inter-City Land and Securities Co. to Marie R. Winters, Port Washington, L. I., (mtg $49,500,) April 23; attorney, Thomas J. Brady, 20 Nassau St....$100

13TH ST, n s, 348 ft w of 6th Av, 20.6x irreg; John F. O'Neil and others, executors, to the Salvation Army, 120 West 14th St, April 29, (mtg $11,500;) attorney, New York Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway....$100

16TH ST, 608 East, s s, 25x103.3; Rebecca Walkenberg to Martha A. Smith, 313 State St, Brooklyn, (mtg $18,250,) April 15; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.. $100

SAME PROPERTY; Martha A. Smith to Clara S. Dean, 764 Beck St, (mtg $18,250,) April 24; same attorney....$100

19TH ST, 405-7 East, n s, 40x92; Walter Herbert to Charles A. and Sophia Bondy, 405 East 19th St, tenants by entirety, V. & S., April 30; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$100

19TH ST, 405 and 407 East, n s, 40x92; Emil Herbert and others to Walter Herbert, 405 East 19th St, 4-5 part, all title, April 30; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway $100

20TH ST, s s, 414 and 416 East, s s, 40x92; Janette A. Nealis to Thomas Farley, 240 East 27th St, (mtg $12,000,) April 30; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.$100

22D ST, 49 West, n s, 64x98.9; Alphonse Montant and others to Perfect Holding Co., 320 Broadway, April 30; attorneys, Kantrowitz, & E., 320 Broadway....$5,000

29TH ST, 336 East, s s, 20x98.9; Santo Fiumefreddo to Angelo Leguiti, 64 Mulberry St, (mtg $16,800,) all liens, April 30.$1

35TH ST, 534 West, s s, 25x98.9; Peter F. Kane to Ellen Downey, 552 West 35th St, (mtg $10,000,) April 30; attorney, H. Cook, 38 Park Row....$1

39TH ST, 311 East, n s, 25x98.9, (foreclosure, April 30;) Sampson H. Weinhandler, referee, to Hecker-Jones-Jewell Milling Co, 207 Produce Exchange Building, (mtg $15,000,)

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55 LIBERTY ST.

April 30; attorneys, Sullivan & C., 49 Wall St....$5,500

39TH ST, s s, 137.10 ft e of 3d Av, 12.2x98.9; same to same, all liens, April 30; attorney, same....$100

39TH ST, s s, 1,250 3d Av, 12.10x98.9; John J. Egan to Anna, his wife, 323 East 41st St, all liens, April 30; attorney, Ellis V. Levy, 280 Broadway....$100

44TH ST, s s, 225 ft w of 10th Av, 25x100.5; Emil Herbert et al to Walter Herbert, 405 East 19th St, 4-5 part, April 30; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$100

SAME PROPERTY; Walter Herbert to Emil and Carine Herbert, 514 West 44th St, April 30; same attorney....$100

48TH ST, 507 West, n s, 25x100.5; Melvina S. Joiner to Gardner Realty Co., 115 Broadway, (mtg $21,500,) Feb. 24; attorney, M. E. Joiner, 115 Broadway....$1

48TH ST, 317 East, n s, 25x102.2; Philip Fiumefreddo to Angelo Leguiti, 64 Mulberry St, (mtg $19,500,) April 30....$1

50TH ST, 31 East, n s, 16.4x100.5; Emanuel Lowinson to Lowinson Realty Co., 5 Beekman St, all liens, April 3; attorneys, Bloomberg & B., 5 Beekman St....$100

51ST ST, 348 West, s s, 12.6x100.5; Joseph E. Ergens-Chaefter to John A. Wyeth, 244 Lexington Av, (mtg $6,000,) all liens, April 30; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$100

52D ST, 409 East, n s, 18.9x96x—x99.6; Hahnemann Hospital of New York to Karl R. Finestone, 866 Southern Boulevard, b. & s.; attorneys, De Forest Brothers, 30 Broad St....$100

57TH ST, s s, 475 ft w of 5th Av, 25x100.5 William M. Martin to Florence and Charles J. Mathews, 30 West 57th St, one-quarter part; Harold C. Mathews, 46 East 42d St, one-quarter part; Drelincourt M. Martin, 145 East 35th St, one-twelfth part; Florence C. Martin, 44 West 40th St, one-twelfth part, and Edith C. Mossman, South Norwalk, Conn., one-twelfth part, all liens, April 11; attorney, George J. Gillespie, 20 Vesey St....$1

57TH ST, s s, 475 ft w of 5th Av, 25x100.5; Harold C. Mathews to Charles J. Mathews, 30 West 57th St, one-quarter part, all title, all liens, April 14; attorney, George J. Gillespie, 20 Vesey St....$1

57TH ST, s s, 475 ft w of 5th Av, 25x100.5; Florence C. Martin and Edith C. Mossman to Florence Mathews, 30 West 57th St, all title, all liens, April 11; attorney, George J. Gillespie, 20 Vesey St....$100

61ST ST, 123 West, n s, 20x100.5; John S. Hynes, referee, to Edward H. Bandman, 151 West 61st St, May 1; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance & Trust Co., 160 Broadway. $13,500

64TH ST, n s, 125 ft w of West End Av, 25x100.5; Eugene Goll to John J. Finnerty, Croton-on-Hudson, N. Y., April 30; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.$100

64TH ST, 303 to 315 East, n s, 100x100.2x101.2x121.9; William J. Sloane and Babette Moller, widow, to Sloane & Moller, Inc., 316 East 65th St, April 30; attorneys, Deyo & B., 111 Broadway....$48,000

66TH ST, 68 East, s s, 20x100.5, bill of sale of buildings on leased ground; Alice G. Demorest to Elbridge T. Gerry, Bellevue Av, Newport, R. I., b. & s., April 24; attorneys, Harris & Towne, 258 Broadway. $25,000

73D ST, 416 East, s s, 25x102.2; Flora Klein to Vaclav Nemecek, 342 East 72d St, (mtg $15,000,) quitclaim, April 28; attorney, Title Guarantee Company, 176 Broadway....$1

73D ST, 416 East, s s, 25x102.2; Frederic E. Klein and others, executors, &c., of Josef Klein, to Vaclav Nemecek, 342 East 72d St, (mtg $15,000,) all liens, April 21; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway....$23,000

75TH ST, 15 West, n s, 22x102.2; Fred M. Stein to Beatrice B. Stein, 15 West 75th St, (mtg $32,500,) all liens, C. A. G., April 29; attorneys, Kendall & H., 233 Broadway....$1

80TH ST, s s, 50x102.2; Rosario Lagumina to Santa Rumore, 516 East 80th St, (mtg $20,000,) April 29; attorney, J. Rumore, 2,089 2d Av....$1

81ST ST, 149 West, n s, 22.3x102.2; Julius Sachs to Blanche B. Yates, 79 West 104th St, April 30; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

85TH ST, 353 West, n s, 75x102.2; J. J. Steindler Co. to the Lancashire Corporation, 15 Broad St, (mtg $215,000,) May 1; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$100

89TH ST, 258 West, s s, 16x100.8; Nathaniel Doyle to Minna M. Coester, 1,330 Prospect Place, Brooklyn, (mtg $10,000,) all liens, April 30; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$1

86TH ST, 124-26 East, s s, 51.6x102.2; Alexander Herzog to Mendel Herzog, 944 Park Av, all liens, April 29; attorney, Jacob Powel, 271 Broadway....$10,000

89TH ST, s s, 193 ft e of West End Av, 52x100.8; Minna R. Coester to Leo. M. Klein, 1,715 Grand Av, and Samuel Jackson, 1,701 Grand Av, April 30; attorney, same....$100

94TH ST, 319 East, s s, 25x100.8; Henry J. Schiffer to George Sauer, 602 East 84th St, (mtg $13,000,) April 7; attorney, Hummel & H., 1,511 3d Av....$100

95TH ST, 164 West, s s, 17x100.8; Maria L. James to William Colgate, 5 East 82d St, April 22; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$100

99TH ST, 54-56 East, s s, 373x100.11; Shenk Realty and Construction Co., to Gussie Lindenauer, 38 West 116th St, (mtg $43,000,) April 30; attorney, M. N. Krakower, 320 Broadway....$100

105TH ST, 307 East, n s, 25x100.11; Joachim Spiro and another to Regina Spiro and Minnie Hirsch, 205 West 118th St, (mtg $22,750,) April 29; attorney, A. J. Hirsch, 65 Nassau St....$100

109TH ST, 321 East, n s, 25x100.11; Teresa Tuzzo to Henry Elias Brewing Co., 403 East 54th St, (mtg $11,000,) April 30; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$1

111TH ST, s s, 245.6 ft w of 5th Av, 99.6x23.11x irregular; Samuel Roseff et al. to John Volz, 131 East 86th St, (mtg $72,000,) April 30; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$100

111TH ST, 238 and 240 East, s s, 40x100.11; Emanuel Lowinson to Lowinson Realty Co., 5 Beekman St, (mtg $41,000,) all liens, April 3; attorneys, Bloomberg & B., 5 Beekman St....$100

115TH ST, 125 and 127 East, n s, 43.7x100.11; Mary Ehrmann to Clarence A. Weill, 8 Van Nest Place, all liens, Dec. 2, 1912; attorneys, Gettner, S. & A., 277 Broadway.$100

115TH ST, 125 and 127 East, n s, 43.7x100.11; Clarence A. Weill to Wenare Holding Company, 90 Lenox Av, all liens, April 30; attorneys, Gettner, S. & A., 277 Liberty St, $100

118TH ST, 217 East, n s, 18.1x100.5; Realty Realization Co. to Sebastiano Beninati, 213 East 111th St, mtg $11,000, April 28..$100

119TH ST, 336 and 338 East, s s, 35x100.10; Emanuel Lowinson to Lowinson Realty Co, 5 Beekman St, (mtg $38,500,) April 3; attorneys, Bloomberg & B., 5 Beekman St. $100

148TH ST, s s, 125 ft e of Boulevard, 100x99.11; Sarah Friedman and another to Ellie T. Williams, 303 West 93d St, (mtg $90,000,) April 30; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co., 160 Broadway....$100

154TH ST, s s, 131.9 ft w of St. Nicholas Av, 20x99.11, (foreclosure April 30;) R. Harold Bagnell, referee, to Manhattan Life Insurance Co., 66 Broadway, April 30; attorneys, Rapallo & Kennedy, 66 Broadway....$15,000

AMSTERDAM AV, w s, 25 ft s of 179th St, 75x100; The Debenture Corporation to Valley View Court Co., 334 5th Av, July 1, 1912, mtg $87,000; attorney, The Debenture Corporation, 334 5th Av....$100

AUDUBON AV, e s, 78.8 ft s of 175th St, 16x73; Elizabeth F. Irwin to Joseph Brucker, 536 West 175th St, May 1; attorneys, Irwin & O., 203 Broadway....$100

BROADWAY, 2,409 to 2,415, s w corner of 89th St, (252 and 254 West,) 100.8x80; Edwin A. Cruikshank to Leo M. Klein, 1,701 Grand Av, and another, April 23; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co., 160 Broadway....$100

BROADWAY, s w corner of 89th St, 100.8x132; Leo M. Klein and others to Oceanic Investing Co., 49 Wall St, B. & S., C. A. G., May 1; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co., 160 Broadway....$100

CATHARINE ST, 73, n e corner of Hamilton St, 18x50; Mary Smith to Ellen Brown, 191 St. Mark's Av, Brooklyn, (mtg $9,000,) April 30; attorney, M. J. Scanlan, 57 Chambers St....$100

CHRISTOPHER ST, 179, n s, 63.6x22x irregular; Frank Meier to Carl Oelhaf, Leonia, N. J., ½ part, April 15; attorneys, Cass & A., 68 William St....$1

FORT WASHINGTON AV, n w corner of 161st St, 102.2x118.5x99.11x140; Sunbar Realty Co. to Hilliard Construction Co., 2,865 Broadway, (mtg $47,500,) April 30; attorney Lawyers Title Insurance & Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$100

ESSEX ST, 11, w s, 25x87.6; Leopold W. Harburger, referee, to Bertha Haimovitz, 1,376 5th Av, (foreclosure April 11,) April 30; attorney, William H. Chorosh, 51 Chambers St....$39,500

GRAND ST, 59, s s, 22x67; Alice Fuchs to Herrman Harris, 64 West 126th St, (mtg $16,000,) April 29; address 933 Broadway.$1

PARK AV, n e corner of 40th St, 98.9x151; Fortieth Street Co., Inc., 101 Park Av, to Architects' Offices, Inc., 101 Park Av, (mtg $1,776,000,) all liens, C. A. G., May 1; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co., 160 Broadway....$100

PARK AV, n w corner of 113th St, 100.11x25; James S. Scott and another to Abraham Lipshitz, 19 West 112th St, (mtg $20,000,) May 1; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Brdoaway....$35,800

PARK AV, s w corner of 93d St, 100.8x105; Charter Realty Co. to Chelsea Realty Co., Inc., 135 Broadway, (mtg $120,000,) April 28; attorney, New York Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway....$100

PARK AV, s e corner of 85th St, 25.6x82.2; Amos R. E. Pinchot to Dorothea T. S. & Amelia C. Pope, 100 East 85th St, trustees, Jno. W. Pope, all title, quitclaim, Feb. 5; attorney, Gaylord N. Smith, 60 Broadway.$1

PARK ROW, 31, s e s, 24x108.6 to n w s of Theatre Alley x 26.1x97.2; Claire L. Phillips to George J. Gould, Lakewood, N. J.; Edwin Gould, Ardsley-on-Hudson, N. Y.; Howard Gould, Port Washington, L. I.; Helen M. Shepard, Tarrytown, N. Y., executors and trustees of Jay Gould, ½ part, all title, April 30; attorney, Daniel H. Taylor....$100

PEARL ST, 208, s e corner of Fletcher St, 15.1x35.9x13 9x36.9; Pearl St, 206, e s, 20.3x28x21.5x28.8; Pearl St, 240, n e corner of Burling Slip, runs e 22.6x s e 54.4x w 20.6 to slip and n w 57.5 to beginning; Pearl St, 242, s s, 22.8x51.2x20.11x54.4; Burling Slip, 3, e s, 21.2x40.4x21x41.5; Valerie F. Cooper and another to estate of H. V. B. Frankel, Inc., 20 Vesey St, (mtgs $21,000 on first two parcels and $46,000 on last three parcels,) April 25; attorney, Morris Cooper, 20 Vesey St....$1

LEXINGTON AV, n e corner of 120th St, 100.11x49.11; John Volz to Samuel Roseff et al, 11 Park Av, Mount Vernon, N. Y., (mtg $40,000,) April 29; attorneys, Krakower & P., 309 Broadway....$100

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 552, e s, 75x—; Silverson & Loudon Construction Co. to Alphonse Montant, 17 West 96th St, April 30, mtg $190,000; attorneys, Butts & V., 51 Chambers St....$100

WALL ST, 29, s w s, begins at 31 Wall St, runs w 31.11x s w 57.9x s e 19.8x s w 14.6x s e 11.4x n e 71.10 to beginning; interior lot, at line between lands of A. J. Drexel and Mechanics National Bank, 57.9 ft s w of Wall St, runs s w 9.1x s e 17.6x n e 3.1x n w 16.10 to beginning; Wall St, s s, 42 ft on street and 108 ft on s e s along land formerly of Charles Crooke, on n w s along land formerly of Stephen Callow, 72.6x w 9.9x s w 42.3 and 48.6 in rear; Wall St, s s, a strip 0.8 wide opposite a 24-inch party wall between building of said bank at 31 and 33 Wall St, and the Mills Building, at 35 Wall St, runs s 106.7x e 0.8x n 106.7 to street x w 0.8 to beginning, all the above now known as 29 to 33 Wall St; The Mechanics and Metals National Bank to Drexel Building Corporation, 15 Broad St, all liens, April 30; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

WASHINGTON ST, s e corner of Morton St, 56.3x irregular to Greenwich St x75.4x188.9; Charles Laue to Falcon Realty Co., 35 Nassau St, (mtg $70,000,) April 30; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$100

WATER ST, 412 to 416, n s, runs n 120.9 to s s of Cherry St, (143,) x w 25x s 60.4x w 50.3x s 60.5 to Water St x e 75.2 to beginning; Mary O. Borden and another to J. Pitman Co., Inc., 202 Franklin St, April 28; attorneys, Butts & Vining, 51 Chambers St....$100

Bronx.

ALEXANDER AV, e s, 80 ft s of 141st St, 20x80; Eugene J. McGuire to Ella McGuire, 314 Alexander Av, April 29; attorney, D. L. O'Reilly, 258 Broadway....$100

ANTHONY AV, n w corner of 179th St, 17.11x92.10; Annie C. Williams to M. Carl Levine, 1,985 Anthony Av, April 30; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co., 160 Broadway....$1

BECK ST, 764, e s, 25x100; Clara S. Dean to Rebecca Wolkenberg, 96 Avenue C, (mtg $8,500,) April 15; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

CRESTON AV, 2,311, w s, 18.9x117.6; Hans W. Goetze to Smith Williamson, 364 Alexander Av, (mtg $7,000,) March 1, 1912..$100

DAWSON ST, 774, e s, 25x100; George F. Johnson to Ellen Timoney, 774 Dawson St, April 30; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$1

DAWSON ST, 774, e s, 25x100; Ellen Timoney to Frederick F. Shaut, City Island, N. Y., April 30, (mtg $7,000;) attorney, F. E. Silverman, 233 Broadway....$1

FAILE ST, w s, 155 ft s of Aldus St, 50x100; American Real Estate Co. to Fram Building Co., 1,210 Evergreen Av, April 28; attorney, A. H. Mittlemann, 44 Cedar St....$100

HEATH AV, 2,880, e s, 20.2x100; Warren Leslie, referee, to Thomas M. Crowley, 568 Greene Av, Brooklyn, April 30; attorneys, Fuller & P., 145 Nassau St....$5,000

HEATH AV, 2,882, e s, 20.2x100.5; Warren Leslie, referee, to Thomas M. Crowley, 568 Greene Av, Brooklyn, April 30; attorneys, Fuller & P., 145 Nassau St....$5,000

HOFFMAN ST, 2,406, e s, 25x117.11; Charles H. Lockwood to Smith Williamson, 364 Alexander Av, (mtg $2,300,) April 22....$100

LAMPORT AV, s s, 250 ft w of Fort Schuyler Road, 25x100; John T. Canavan, referee, to Sidney B. Hickox, 2,246 Gleason Av, May 1....$2,000

LOT 385, map of Van Nest Park; Eliz. Newell to John J. Newell, 609 Van Nest Av, Dec. 27, 1912; attorney, T. Power, 2,758 Walker Av....$1

LOT 48, map Hunter Estate; Edward L. Parris, referee, to James R. Strong, Short Hill, N. J., April 30; attorneys, McGuire, H. & S., 16 Exchange Place....$1,000

LOT 150, map of part of Hunt estate, Van Nest Station; Annie Dain to Frederick W. Spahlholz, 303 East 41st St, May 1, (mtg $3,800;) attorney, Charles H. Baechler, 1,126 Walker Av....$100

LOT 236, map 473 lots Haight Estate; George Hublitz to George Robb, 1,920 Pilgrim Av, April 30; attorneys, Hildreth & P., 3d Av and 148th St....$100

LOTS 163 to 165, map of Koch homestead; Margaret Berrian and others to John J. Neller, 1,744 2d Av, April 30; attorney, L. G. Mapes, 1,469 Williamsbridge Road....$1

LOTS 271 and 272, 294 and 295, Map part of Hunt estate; Range Realty Co to Joseph P. McIntee, 1,656 Wallace Av, (mtg $4,162,) April 30; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$100

LOTS 2 and 3, Block 6, Map of Whitehall Realty Co.; Sebastiano Beninnati to Realty Realization Corporation, 1,400 5th Av., April 28, (mtg $1,270)....$100

MARMION AV, w s, 140 ft s of 176th St, 50x146; Elizabeth A. Heaney to P. J. Dwyer Building Co., 906 East 176th St, (mtg $4,500,) April 30; attorney, F. X. Kelly, 500 Willis Av....$1

PLIMPTON AV, s w corner of 170th St, 75x100; Kath. Merkel to John P. Leo, 765 St. Nicholas Av, (mtg $5,250,) May 1; attorneys, Dalon & L., 41 Park Row....$100

PLOT lying n of n s of premises conveyed in Liber 76, Page 228, between 170th St and Cromwell Av; Merle I. St. John to Frederick Grasmuck, 207 Edgecombe Av, quitclaim, April 28....$1

PYNE ST, e s, 568.9 ft n e of Bayard St, 18.9x107; Charles H. Lockwood to Smith Williamson, 364 Alexander Av, April 22.$100

UNION AV, e s, 40 ft n of 166th St, 40x100; Harry Levy to Sophie Prager, 1,044 Forest Av, April 30; attorney, H. A. Gordon, 320 Broadway....$1

UNION AV, n e corner of Home St, 43x—; Charles Barthen and another, executors, to Theresa J. M. Schneider et al, 329 East 90th St, (mtg $7,000,) May 29, 1912; attorneys, Amend & A., 119 Nassau St....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Lawrence T. Schneider and another to Thomas H. Houghtaling, 170 East 90th St, (mtg $7,000,) March 13; attorney same....Gift

THIERIOT AV, e s, 100 ft s of Ludlow Av, 200x—; M. M. Michelo, Inc., to Leonora Klinger, 319 4th St, Brooklyn, Feb. 1; attorney, Noble S. Nelson, 177 Montague St, Brooklyn....$100

WEBSTER AV, w s, 175 ft n of Bedford Park Boulevard, 50x120.11; Auletta & Co. to Bronx Investment Co., 100 Broadway, April 30, (mtg $37,000;) attorney, Merrill & R., 100 Broadway....$1

3D AV, 3,968, e s, 24.9x99.6; Emanuel Lowinson to Lowinson Realty Co., 5 Beekman St, April 3, (mtg $15,000;) attorneys, Bloomberg & B., 5 Beekman St....$100

3D AV, e s, 439 ft n of 174th St, 0.10x100; John Johnston to Co-Free Realty Co., 567 East 169th St, quitclaim, April 21; attorney, J. Freeman, 99 Nassau St....$1

141ST ST, s s, 859 ft e of Willis Av, 37.6x100; Robert J. Moorehead to Lena Pahls and another, Flushing, L. I., April 30, (mtg $30,500;) attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$100

149TH ST, 432 and 434 East, 37.9x—; E. M. Burghard to Emma Schwartz, Tarrytown, N. Y., (mtg $35,000,) April 30....$100

167TH ST, s s, 100 ft w of Prospect Av, 40x100; Cioffi Co. to Hamilton Holding Co., 149 Broadway, April 30, (mtg $35,000;) attorneys, Arnstein, L. & P., 128 Broadway.$1

SAME PROPERTY; Rack Realty Co. to same, quit claim, April 26; attorneys, same....$1

168TH ST, 762 to 768, s w s, 75x125; Lena Pahls and another to Robert J. Moorehead, 415 East 140th St, (mtg $13,500,) April 30; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$1

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

AUDUBON AV, e s, 78.8 ft s of 175th St, 16x73; Joseph Brucker to Elizabeth V. Irwin, 1,079 Lexington Av, May 1, 5 years; attorney, John V. Irwin, 203 Broadway.. $5,000

AVENUE D, 24, s e s, 16x75; Henry Krauss to Isadore Berger, 434 East Houston St, (mtg $12,200,) April 29, demand, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$2,500

BROADWAY, s w corner Emerson St, 100x107; T. G. Galardi & Co. to Carrie S. Weiss, 179th St. and Haven Av, May 1, 5 years; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$63,000

SAME PROPERTY; same to Thomas S. Walker, Long Lake, N. Y., prior mtg $63,000, demand, 6 p. c., May 1; attorney, same....$5,000

CANNON ST, 56, e s, 25x100; Hattie Brandt to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank, 51 Chambers St, May 1, 5 years; attorney, Amend & Co., 119 Nassau St....$20,000

ESSEX ST, 11, w s, 25x87.6; Bertha Haimowitz to Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway, April 30, due, &c., as per bond. $27,000

SAME PROPERTY; same to Fannie Klein, 116 East 7th St, prior mtg $27,000, April 30, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co. 176 Broadway....$6,000

FORT WASHINGTON AV, w s, 175.7 ft s of 170th St, 20.3x—; Annie M. Geraty to Andrew J. Kerwin, Jr., 2,115 Broadway, April 30, due as per bond; attorney, J. J. Geraty, 14 East 32d St....$12,000

HESTER ST, 121 to 125, 60x50; John C. Eberle to Lillius Grace, Great Neck, L. I., (prior mtg $80,000,) April 30, 4 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, New York Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway....$10,000

LEXINGTON AV, n e corner of 96th St, 100.11x26; Albert J. Adams to Sarah A. Jefferson, 175 West 72d St, May 1, 3 years; attorney, W. W. Corlett, 71 Broadway. $45,000

PARK AV, n w corner of 113th St, 100.11x25; Abraham Lipshitz to James S. Scott, 282 Manhattan Av, May 1, (prior mtg $20,000,) due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$11,800

RIVINGTON ST, 345, s s, 22x75; John Bergman to Metropolitan Savings Bank, 59 Cooper Square East, May 1, 3 years; attorneys, A. S. & W. Hutchins, 84 William St....$1,000

WATER ST, 414 and 416, n s, 75.2x—; J. Pitman Co. to Leopold Schepp, 32 East 64th St, April 30, 6 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Butts & V., 51 Chambers St....$15,000

2D AV, e s, 25 ft n of 10th St, 105.2x—; New York City Baptist Mission Society to Mutual Life Insurance Co., 34 Nassau St, April 30, due as per bond....$68,000

8TH AV, w s, 74.1 ft s of 39th St, 24.8x100; Julius Gumpel to Bowery Savings Bank, 128 Bowery, May 1, 5 years, 4½ p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Company, 160 Broadway....$34,000

8TH AV, w s, 25 ft n of 48th St, 21x—; John E. Whitaker to Robert W. Taller, Richfield Springs, N. Y., April 30, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$10,000

16TH ST, s s, 488 ft w of Avenue C, 25x103.3; Rebecca Wolkenberg to Samuel Weil, 222 Lenox Av, April 14, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarante and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$1,000

16TH ST, 608 East, 25x103.3; Martha A. Smith to Rebecca Wolkenberg, 96 Avenue C, April 15, prior mtg $17,000, 3 years, p. c. as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$1,250

19TH ST, 405 and 407 West, n s, 40x92; Charles A. Bendy to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, April 30, due, &c., as per bond....$10,000

22D ST, 49 West, 24x98.9; Perfect Holding Corporation to American Mortgage Co., 31 Nassau St, April 30, 5 years; attorney, Bowers & S., 31 Nassau St....$45,000

SAME PROPERTY; same to A. Montant, 17 West 96th St, April 30, prior mtg $45,000, 5 years; attorney, Butts & V., 51 Chambers St....$15,000

35TH ST, 534 West, 25x98.9; Ellen Downey to Peter F. Kane, 981 Park Av, 3 years, April 30; attorney, H. S. Cook, 38 Park Row....$5,000

39TH ST, 311 East, 25x98.9; Hecker-Jones-Jewell Milling Co. to William Korn, 985 Park Av, May 1, prior mtg $13,000, 5 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, I. S. Heller, 35 Nassau St....$4,900

44TH ST, s s, 225 ft w of 10th Av, 25x100.5; Emil and Carrie Herbert to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, April 30, due, &c., as per bond....$3,000

46TH ST, 24 and 26 East, 40x100.5; Ella F. Johnson to Bowery Savings Bank, 128 Bowery, May 1, 5 years, 4½ p. c.; attorneys, Strong & C., 40 Wall St....$35,000

48TH ST, 219 West, 20x100.5; Francis X. O'Connor to Bowery Savings Bank, 128 Bowery, May 1, 5 years, 4½ p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Company, 160 Broadway....$1,000

51ST ST, 348 West, 12.6x100.5; John A. Wyeth to Joseph E. Ergens-Chaeffter, Pleasantville, N. Y., April 30, (prior mtg $6,000,) due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$4,500

57TH ST, s s, 475 ft w of 5th Av, 25x100.5; Charles T. Mathews to Harold C. Mathews, Norwalk, Conn., April 18, 1 year, 4½ p. c.; attorneys, Gillespie, C. & C., 20 Vesey St. $4,000

61ST ST, 123 West, 20x100.5; Edward H. Proudman to Lawyers Mortgage Company, 59 Liberty St, May 1, 5 years; attorney Lawyers Title Insurance Company, 160 Broadway....$12,000

63D ST, 42 East, s s, 14.2x100.5; Ada Van T. Billington to Mary A. Underwood, 268 West 73d St, April 25, 3 years; attorney, William J. Underwood, 52 William St. $16,000

81ST ST, 149 WEST, 22.3x102.2; Blanche B. Yates to North River Savings Bank, 31 West 34th St, May 1, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway. $20,000

SAME PROPERTY; same to Julius Sachs, 225 West 86th St, prior mtg $20,000, 5 years, 6 p. c., May 1; attorney, same....$4,000

85TH ST, s s, 179.4 ft e of Av. A, 18.8x102.2; George Nehm to German Savings Bank, 157 4th Av, May 1, 5 years; attorney, Amend & Co., 119 Nassau St....$6,000

85TH ST, 353 West, 75x102.2; Lancashire Corporation to J. J. Steindler, 8 West 38th St, May 1, (prior mtg $200,000,) 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co., 160 Broadway....$15,000

102D ST, n s, 146 ft e of Columbus Av, 27x100.11; Albert Blum to Rosa Rosenheim, 610 West 150th St, prior mtg $22,500, April 30, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, E. J. Ludvigh, 31 Nassau St....$2,000

109TH ST, n s, 250 ft e of 2d Av, 25x100.11; Henry Elias Brewing Co. to Teresa Tuozzo, 178 4th St, Long Island City, prior mtg $11,000, April 30, due, &c., as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$2,000

111TH ST, s s, 245.6 ft w of 5th Av, 99.6x irregular; John Voltz to Samuel Roseff, 11 Park Av, Mount Vernon, N. Y., April 30, due Sept. 16, 1917, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.. $15,000

120TH ST, 134 West, 18x100.11; Lisette A. Seitz to Hy C. Needham, 89 Hancock St, Brooklyn, due Nov. 1, 1915, 5½ p. c., May 1. $1,000

138TH ST, n s, 100 ft w of Broadway, 75x99.11; Lerria T. Scarritt to Joshua Velleman, 59 West 77th St, April 30, 3 years; attorneys, Strasbourger, E. & S., 74 Broadway....$100,000

Bronx.

ANTHONY AV, n w corner of 179th St, 17.11x92.10; M. Carl Levine to Annie G. Williams, Stamford, Conn., due April 30, 1921; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co., 160 Broadway....$6,000

CASTLE HILL AV, 1,103, w s, 29x100; Elise Schellenberg to Elizabeth Betz, Queens, L. I., 5 years, April 30; attorney, H. Cracauer, 271 Broadway....$4,000

FAILE ST, w s, 155 ft s of Aldus St, 50x100; Fram Building Co. to City Mortgage Co., 15 Wall St, April 30, demand, 6 p. c.; attorney, F. A. Snow, 15 Wall St....$40,000

SAME PROPERTY; same to American Real Estate Co., 527 5th Av, prior mtg $40,000, April 28, due May 20, 1916, 6 p. c.; attorney, J. C. Meyers, 527 5th Av....$6,250

LOTS 671 to 675, Block 22, map of Tremont Terrace; Baxter Howell Building Co. to Abraham Docterhoff, 1,735 Unionport Road, April 7, prior mtg $3,000, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, M. Steiner, 35 Nassau St....$513

LOTS 163 to 165, map of Koch homestead; John J. Neller to William Koch, 2,936 Middletown Road, April 30, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, L. G. Mapes, 1,469 Williamsbridge Road....$650

THIEROT AV, e s, 100 ft s of Ludlow Av, 200x100; Leonora Klinger to Rosina Dame, 1,241 Halsey Place, Feb. 15, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, A. G. Schaffner, 177 Montague St, Brooklyn....$7,500

UNION AV, n e corner of Home St, 43x—; Lawrence T. Schneider and others to German Savings Bank, 157 4th Av, May 1, 3 years; attorneys, Amend & A., 119 Nassau St....$7,000

12TH ST, s s, Lot 302, map of Unionport; Michael M. Reynolds to Anna K. M. Hefele, 3,361 3d Av, April 30, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, John Davis, 68 William St....$3,000

136TH ST, s s, 100 ft e of Brook Av, 37.6x100; Samuel Grossman to Century Mortgage Co., at Ossining, N. Y., April 29, 3 years; attorney, Title Guarantee & Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$25,000

138TH ST, 426 East, 25x100; Oskar Ballschu to Diedrich Lindhoff, committee, 209 West 135th St, May 1, 5 years; attorneys, A. & H. Block, 99 Nassau St....$21,000

165TH ST, n s, 107.3 ft e of Kelly St, 25x98.3x25x100; Margaret and William Sinnott to Board of Foreign Missions of the Reformed Church in America, 25 East 22d St, April 30, 5 years; attorney, Title Guarantee & Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$20,500

236TH ST, s s, 72.8 ft e of Verio Av, 20x100; Maria V. Hill to Victoria Wild, executrix, 664 Covert Av, Brooklyn, April 30, 1 year; attorney, J. S. Carroll, 189 Montague St, Brooklyn....$3,900

SAME PROPERTY; same to same, April 30, prior mtg $3,900, 1 year; attorney, same. $600

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of lessee.

AMSTERDAM AV, 50, store; Catherine Cook to Charles Cook, 52 Amsterdam Av, 5 years from March 1, 1912; attorney, Charles Cook, 50 Amsterdam Av....$840

AUDUBON AV, n e corner of 177th St, store and basement; Inter-City Land and Securities Co to Abraham Settel, 5 years from May 1, 1913; attorneys, Refkind & S., 200 Broadway....$1,500

BROOME ST, 211, store; William L. Cahn to Joseph Price, 211 Broome St, 5 years from April 1; attorneys, Holm, W. & S., 35 Nassau St....$2,220

HOUSTON ST, 313 East, all; Dora Miller to Samuel Goldberg, 3 years from May 1, 1913; attorney, J. D. Gordon, 37 Liberty St. $1,320

MONROE ST, 18, store and cellar; Luigi Torregrossa to Giacomo Sammarco, 18 Monroe St, 3 years from May 1....$600

PLEASANT AV, 320, corner store; Solomon Jacobs to Samuel Fortgang, 320 Pleasant Av, 8 years from May 1, 1914....$1,320

SUFFOLK ST, 161, w s, 25x100; the land; Alice Leaman and another to Fanny Gruen, 116 East 90th St, 21 years from May 1, 1913; attorneys, Weil & M., 5 Beekman St; taxes and....$950

SUFFOLK ST, 163, w s, 25x100, the land; same to same, 21 years from May 1, 1913; attorneys, same; taxes and....$950

1ST AV, 2,036, store; Raffaela De Grazia to Joseph Citarella, 2,036 1st Av, 5 1-12 years from April 1, 1913....$1,500

1ST AV, 2,276, all; Helen L. Morris to Vincent Cancro, 453 East 114th St, 3 years from May 1, 1914; attorney, E. M. Burghard, 111 Broadway....$960

3D AV, 1,704, store; Herman Wiebke and another to Bertha Tigner, 1,704 3d Av, 3 years from May 1....$1,500

14TH ST, 302 East, store; Henry Herrmann and another to Sotiris Tsororos, 302 East 14th St, 5 years from May 1, 1913....$1,200

31ST ST, 25 to 29 West, third loft; Napoleon Construction Co to Morris Frank, 2 9-12 years from May 1, 1913; attorneys, Felteislar & R., 309 Broadway....$3,000

47TH ST, 315 and 317 West, all; Anna W. H. Nichols to Wendell L. Nichols, Brookline, Mass., 19 years from May 1, 1913....$19,800

127TH ST, 176 East, second loft; Max Rosenblum to Frederick Feuss, 64 East 125th St, 3 years from June 1; attorney, H. F. Weinecke, 59 East 125th St....$1,000

132D ST, 249 West, all; Annie Sugarman to Thomas G. Gibbons, 276 West 132d St, 1 year from May 1, 1913....$600

156TH ST, 417 and 419 East, all; Bronx Torrens Land Co to Arthur Cahn, 912 Forest Av, 6 years from May 1, 1913; attorneys, Cahn & C., 391 East 149th St....$2,200

MECHANICS' LIENS.

AMSTERDAM AV, s w corner of 96th St, 25.8x89.9; Cosgrove Brothers against Abraham Goldberg, owner; John Sheier, contractor....$125

AMSTERDAM AV, s w corner of 96th St, 25.8x89.9; Cosgrove Brothers against Abraham Goldberg, contractor....$100

MAHON AV, w s, 108 ft n of Middletown Road, 25x100; Christian Verndran's Sons against Eliza Cooper, owner; Charles K. Baxter, contractor....$135

TREMONT TERRACE, 720; A. Iaconica Co., Inc., against Eliza Cooper, owner; Charles K. Baxter, contractor....$225

WHITLOCK AV, 832 to 872; Ludvig Larsen against Lockwhit Co., owner and contractor. $760

14TH ST, 154 to 160 West; Mark Silver Iron Works against Seventh Avenue and Fourteenth Street Corporation, owner; Joseph Gellenter, contractor....$891

25TH ST, 133 and 135 West; John K. Turton against New York and Chicago Realty and Construction Co., contractor and owner.. $3,000

45TH ST, 141 to 147 West; Henry Hekmaier and others against William Crawford, owner; C. H. Lang and Lang Contracting Co., contractors....$174

64TH ST, 241 to 245 West; Lewinson & Co. against Bournonville Realty Co., owner; F. J. Ashfield & Sons, contractors....$969

91ST ST, 61 West; Alexander C. Patterson against Ida M. Corkling, owner and contractor....$87

127TH ST, 229 East; Rocco L. Graziano against Italian Savings Bank, owner; Rocco M. Marasco, contractor....$350

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

AMSTERDAM AV, n e corner of 120th St; Achoellkopf, Hartford & Hanna Co. against Edmund Francis Realty Co. and others, March 17, 1913, (canceled)....$310

LEXINGTON AV, 287; James B. Ferguson & Co. against Mrs. D. Crovat and others, March 29, 1913....$110

LEXINGTON AV, 287; David H. Epstein against Mrs. D. Crovat and others, Feb. 5, 1913....$16,500

LEXINGTON AV, 287; Alfred David Co. against Mrs. D. Crovat and others, Feb. 7, 1913....$1,325

22D ST, 116 West; Frank Sulb against Charles W. Mayne and others, April 12, 1913....$130

182D ST, s s, 400 ft e of Willis Av; Albin Anderson against New York, Westchester & Boston Railroad Co. and others, April 5, 1913....$61

LIS PENDENS.

BOSTON ROAD, 1,444; Henry McC. Channing against Louis F. Braun et al, (amended foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Cary & Carroll.

GREENE ST, 158 and 160; John A. Stewart et al against Henry Corn et al, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Beekman, Menken & Griscom.

LOT 203, map of Mapes Estate, Bronx; Annie L. McClintock against William Geyer et al, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Clocke, Koch & Reidy.

MAIN ST, s s, Lot 5, map of portion of Arnow Estate, Bronx; Mathilde Weinberg against Zerega Realty Co. et al, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, G. Meyer.

SHERIFF ST, w s, 150 ft s of Rivington St, 25x100; City Real Estate Co. against Cary Hanisch et al, (amended foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, G. B. Winthrop.

5TH AV, 548; Harris, Silvers Baker Co. against Anna A. Murtland et al, (action to foreclose mechanic's lien;) attorney, W. H. Kinnear.

8TH AV, 2,180; Edgerton Park Co. against Thomas F. Coffey et al, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, J. J. Walz.

10TH ST, 66 and 68 West; two actions; Florence M. Haskins against George B. Hayes et al, (foreclosure of two mortgages;) attorney, A. Knox.

69TH ST, s s, 225 ft w of Central Park West, 25x100.5; Herman H. Gammann et al against Annie B. Mackay et al, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, H. L. Morris.

132D ST, s s, 185 ft e of 5th Av, 25x90.11; Harry Isaacson against Louis Segelbohm et al, (amended foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, W. F. Clare.

175TH ST, n s, between Webster and Park Avs, Lot 46; Sadie F. Clocke against Henry Young et al, (foreclosure of transfer of tax lien;) attorneys, Clocke, Koch & Reidy.

224TH ST, n s, 105 ft w of White Plains Road, 20x114; Walter L. Crow against David M. Meyerson et al, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, S. Williamson.

224TH ST, n s, 145 ft w of White Plains Road, 20x114; Gottfried F. Laufenburger et al against David M. Meyerson et al, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, S. Williamson.

228TH ST, n s, Lot 105, map of Village of Wakefield, Bronx; Edward F. Maloney against John F. Harley et al, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, R. W. Maloney.

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Chester Court

ONE FAMILY HOUSES

EASY HOUSEKEEPING PLAN.

Ideal Homes for Medium Sized Families.

BEAUTIFUL ENGLISH HALF TIMBERED, STUCCO ON BRICK.

ADJOINING NEW SUBWAY EXPRESS STATION OF THE BRIGHTON BEACH "L" (PROSPECT PARK STATION,) Opposite 610 Flatbush Ave.

PRICE $7,750—TERMS TO SUIT.

Equal to any $9,500 house in Flatbush.

On Premises, PETER J. COLLINS, Builder

BROKERS PROTECTED.

Modern apartment house, opposite a park; all leased; splendid investment.

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A BARGAIN AT QUEENS.

Save the broker's commission and buy from the owner. Best value in Jamaica Township. Several detached homes on 80x100 plot; now ready for occupancy; best construction; built by day's work; owner is the builder and developer and lives on property; all improvements; oak trim; ⅞ inch oak floors; steam or hot water; 3 blocks from station.

Home $4,000 to $12,000.

C. G. STEWART, Individual Owner and Developer.
Hollis and Euclid Avs., Bellaire Gardens,
Queens, N. Y. C. Telephone 1423-W Jamaica.

20 Minutes to Herald Sq. **BAYSIDE** 10 Minutes' Walk to Bay.

Stucco house, 7 rooms and bath, plot 40x100; parquet floors, steam heat, gas, water, electricity, macadamized streets, sidewalks; restricted property; 4 minutes' walk to station; price $6,800; $500 cash, balance easy terms. Address Frank Crowell, 347 5th Av. Phone 3640 Murray Hill.

WESTCHESTER—SALE OR TO LET.

Mount Vernon.

ANDERSON REALTY COMPANY,

Mount Vernon, No. 22 East First Street;
Bronxville, Gramatan Bank Building.

Southern Westchester Real Estate.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED APARTMENTS

LASANNO COURT

307 West 79th Street

AT SUMMER RATES.

RECEIVERS' SALES.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Middle District of Pennsylvania.—BOSCH MAGNETO COMPANY, Complainant, against MATHESON AUTOMOBILE COMPANY, Defendant.—Notice of sale of all the properties of the above-named defendant.

Pursuant to a decree of the District Court of the United States for the Middle District of Pennsylvania, made in the above-entitled cause, bearing date the 1st day of March, 1913, and filed in the office of the Clerk of said court on the 1st day of March, 1913, the undersigned receiver will, on the 21st day of April, 1913, between the hours of 10 o'clock in the forenoon and 3 o'clock in the afternoon, sell at public auction, in accordance with the provisions of said decree, the property therein directed to be sold at the premises of the Matheson Automobile Company, located in the Borough of Forty Fort, County of Luzerne, State of Pennsylvania.

The following is a description of the property to be sold in accordance with the provisions of said decree, namely: All the right, title, and interest of the undersigned as receiver of the Matheson Automobile Company, and all the right, title, and interest of the defendant company in and to all of the property of such company, namely:

All the real estate, buildings, plants, and equipment of the Matheson Automobile Company, located in the Borough of Forty Fort, County of Luzerne, State of Pennsylvania, as more fully described in the decree of sale;

All automobiles, parts of automobiles, supplies, and materials in connection with the manufacture of same, outstanding accounts created in said business, and all the contents of the factory located in the Borough of Forty Fort, County of Luzerne, State of Pennsylvania, and all the property of the Matheson Automobile Company located in New York City at No. 1,886 Broadway, and any and all other property, real, personal, and mixed of whatsoever kind and wheresoever situated, owned or possessed by the Matheson Automobile Company, the full particulars of which property may be obtained from the undersigned receiver.

The terms and conditions of said sale are fully set forth in a certain decree of sale heretofore made and entered in the office of the Clerk of the United States District Court for the Middle District of Pennsylvania, on the 1st day of March, 1913. A copy of said decree of sale and of the terms of said sale may be obtained of the receiver or of his undersigned attorneys at their respective addresses, and said decree is referred to and made a part of this advertisement as if herein fully set forth, and all bidders or persons interested in purchasing any or all of the property of the defendant are referred to the same or any of them.

Dated Wilkes-Barre, March 1st, 1913.

WILLIAM C. SHEPHERD,
Receiver of Matheson Automobile Company.
ROSENBERG & LEVIS, Solicitors for Receiver, 170 Broadway, New York.
THOMAS H. ATHERTON, Solicitor for Receiver, Wilkes-Barre, Pa.

POSTPONED SALE.

Notice is hereby given that the above mentioned sale is to be adjourned from the 21st of April, 1913, to the 20th day of May, 1913, at the same time and place, by order of the District Court for the Middle District of Pennsylvania, entered in the office of the Clerk of the Court on the first day of April, 1913.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

STATE OF NEW YORK, COUNTY OF New York, SS.—The undersigned do hereby certify that they are conducting or transacting business in the said county under the name and style of F. M. LOCKWOOD & CO., and further certify that the true or real full names of the persons conducting or transacting the said business, together with their post office addresses are as follows: FREDERICK R. LOCKWOOD, Jersey City, Hudson County, N. J. WILLIAM L. LOCKWOOD, Plainfield, Union County, N. J.

FREDERICK R. LOCKWOOD.
WILLIAM L. LOCKWOOD.

State of New York, County of New York, SS. On this 30th day of April, 1913, before me personally appeared Frederick R. Lockwood and William L. Lockwood, to me known, and known to me to be the individuals described in and who executed the foregoing certificate, and they thereupon severally duly acknowledged to me that they executed the same.

(Seal.) CLINTON D. F. GANSE,
Notary Public Kings Co.,
Kings Co. No. 8, Kings Reg. No. 788 Certificate filed in New York Co., New York Co. No. 5, New York Reg. No. 4042.

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BUSINESS ESTABLISHED JULY, 1847

BRYAN L. KENNELLY

REAL ESTATE AUCTIONEER,
BROKER AND APPRAISER,
156 BROADWAY, NEW YORK
Telephone Cortlandt 1547.

Joseph P. Day
REAL ESTATE
31 Nassau Street.

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57th St. and Columbus Circle Section

Attractive offerings in this and other central locations.

MANAGEMENT OF PROPERTY,

Nathan L. Ottinger
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Telephones, 7361-7362—Columbus.

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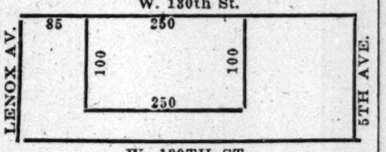

RULAND & WHITING CO.,
5 Beekman St.

A Little Gem

Examine 453 Convent Av., (149th St.;) 4-story American basement dwelling; 11 rooms; electric light; parquet floors; little cash necessary; fine condition. Caretaker.
PRICE ONLY $13,000.

SUMMONSES.

SUPREME COURT, STATE OF NEW York, County of New York.—THE TAX LIEN COMPANY OF NEW YORK, Plaintiff, against BLANCHE S. DURELL, JOSEPH PETRUZZI, JOSEPHINE PETRUZZI, his wife; DAVID O. LINDROTH, SOPHIE E. LINDROTH, his wife; BANET STEINBERG, "MARY" STEINBERG, his wife, if any; CHARLES F. CANEDY, HELEN F. CANEDY, his wife; CHARLES W. THORNE, MARGARET W. THORNE, his wife; HARRIS BERGER, LIZZIE BERGER, his wife; GEORGE ANDREWS, "MARY" ANDREWS, his wife, if any; MARY ELIZABETH MacKENZIE, WILLIAM G. J. MARKS, "MARY" MARKS, his wife, if any; ERNST F. EURICH, RACHEL H. EURICH, his wife; ERNST F. EURICH, as executor under the last will and testament of Augusta Eurich, deceased; EMMA L. RING, ELLA A. SMITH, GENEVIEVE B. BOGART, AUGUSTA LARNED, TITLE GUARANTEE & TRUST CO., MATILDA S. DAVIS, RUSSEL F. SAMMIS, JOHN McCARTY, ELIZABETH C. SLAYTON, LOUISA H. SCHULTZ, LOTTIE SCHULTZ, EMMA L. RING, as surviving executrix under the will of Eleanor Hunt, deceased; FANNIE SMITH, MERLE I. ST. JOHN, SARAH S. S. STURGES, LOUISA A. DUGAN, MARY FOX, MARY F. FOX, WILLIAM A. LARNED, EDWARD P. LARNED, and ELIZABETH McCARTHY, as executors of the estate of W. Z. Larned, deceased; ELIZABETH McCARTHY, SAMUEL DOYLE, "MARY" DOYLE, his wife, if any; FRANK E. REYNOLDS, "MARY" REYNOLDS, his wife, if any; ANNA A. MARTIN, JOSEPHINE PARROTT, FREDERICK K. REYNOLDS, "MARY" REYNOLDS, his wife, if any; GEORGE H. REYNOLDS, "MARY" REYNOLDS, his wife, if any; MARY A. MURRAY, THOMAS B. MURRAY, "MARY" MURRAY, his wife, if any; ROBERT E. MURRAY, AUGUSTA B. MURRAY, his wife; JOHN F. MURRAY, "JANE" MURRAY, his wife, if any; ISAAC H. MURRAY, "INEZ" MURRAY, his wife, if any; JOSEPH F. MURRAY, "JOSEPHINE" MURRAY, his wife, if any; WILLIAM S. MURRAY, CHARLES P. MURRAY, JENNIE A. MURRAY, his wife; ADDIE M. MURRAY, LILLIAN MURRAY, IDA F. MURRAY, MARY A. CASLIN, ANNIE F. BLEEZARDT, CITY OF NEW YORK, PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK, NEW YORK TELEPHONE CO., DUNCAN A. DOBIE, M. N. CLEMENT as Excise Commissioner or his successor in office, STANDARD PLUMBING CO., FREDERICK L. MASSER, JOHN W. MASURY & SON, KLENERT & ROSENBLUTH, "GEORGE" KLENERT, "MORRIS" ROSENBLUTH, DRY DOCK, EAST BROADWAY & BATTERY R. R. CO., DeWITT C. FLANAGAN and CHRISTOPHER R. H. WOODWARD as trustees, MUTUAL MILK & CREAM CO., WILLIAM H. DOWLING, ADA HOWE, NEWMAN H. FOWLER, CHARLES FOWLER, HERMAN DEUTSCH, JOSEPH BOSS, tenants in possession of tax lot No. 1 in Block 2958 of the Borough of the Bronx, City of New York; JOHN H. HOWE, "MARY JONES," tenants in possession of tax lot No. 9 in Block 2958; "ANNA BERG," NATHAN ZELICKSON, "MARY BERG," "LOUIS BERG," tenants in possession of tax lot No. 10 in Block 2958; PAUL M. ZIMMERMANN, "MARY NEWMAN," tenants in possession of tax lot No. 12 in Block 2958; "JOHN DOE," "MARY DOE," "RICHARD ROE" and "ROSE ROE," tenants in possession of tax lot No. 14 in Block 2958; "EMMA GARDEN," "MARY GARDEN," "JOHN GARDEN," "ROSE GARDEN," tenants in possession of tax lot No. 16, in Block 2958; "CHARLES AUGUST," "MARY AUGUST," "JOHN AUGUST," "ROSE AUGUST," tenants in possession of tax lot No. 21 in Block 2958; all named in quotation marks fictitious, real names unknown to the plaintiff; and if any of the above-named defendants be deceased, then any and all persons unknown to the plaintiff claiming or who may claim to have an interest in or general or specific lien upon the real property described in the complaint in this action, through or under the said named defendants or either or any of them or through or under Phoebe A. Reynolds, John McCarty, Mary Fox, Mary F. Fox, Isaac Murray, Louisa A. Dugan, Samuel Doyle, Sarah S. S. Sturges, and David Murray, such unknown persons being herein generally described and being intended to be included in the following designations, viz.: the wives, widows, husbands, descendants, heirs-at-law, administrators, devisees, legatees, creditors, trustees, committees, executors, grantees, lienors, assignees or next of kin if any of the said named defendants or of John McCarty, Sarah S. S. Sturges, Louisa A. Dugan, Mary Fox, Mary F. Fox, Isaac Murray, Samuel Doyle, Phoebe A. Reynolds, David Murray, or any or either of them or of any person or persons deriving any interest in or lien upon or title to the said real property, through or from them or any of them and their respective husbands, wives, widows and widowers, if any, Defendants.—Summons.

To the above-named defendants and each of them:

You are hereby summoned to answer the second amended complaint in this action and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorney within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and in case of your failure to appear or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated New York, March 13th, 1913.

WILLIAM LUSTGARTEN,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
Office and Post Office address, 68 William Street, New York, N. Y.

To the defendants: John McCarty, Mary Elizabeth MacKenzie, Louisa A. Dugan, Mary Fox, Mary F. Fox, Samuel Doyle, Mary A. Murray, John F. Murray, "Jane" Murray, his wife, if any, the name "Jane" fictitious real first name unknown to plaintiff; Isaac H. Murray, "Inez" Murray, his wife, if any, the name "Inez" fictitious, real first name unknown to plaintiff; Joseph F. Murray, "Josephine" Murray, his wife, if any, the name "Josephine" fictitious, real first name unknown to the plaintiff; Addie M. Murray, Lillian Murray, Ida F. Murray, Annie F. Bleezardt, and if any of the above-named defendants be deceased, then any and all persons unknown to the plaintiff claiming or who may claim to have an interest in or general or specific lien upon the real property described in the complaint in this action, through or under them or any of them, such unknown persons being herein generally described and being intended to be included in the following designations, viz.: the wives, widows, husbands, descendants, heirs-at-law, administrators, devisees, legatees, creditors, trustees, committees, executors, grantees, lienors, assignees or next of kin, if any of the above-named defendants or any person or persons deriving any interest in or lien upon or title to the said real property through or from them and their respective husbands, wives, widows, and widowers, if any.

The foregoing second supplemental summons is served upon you by publication pursuant to an order of the Hon. Joseph E. Newburger, a Justice of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated April 1st, 1913, and filed with a copy of the second supplemental and amended summons and complaint in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York, in the County Court House, in the County of New York, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 1st day of April, 1913, the original second supplemental and amended summons and complaint having been filed in said Clerk's office on the 17th day of March, 1913.

Dated New York City, April 2d, 1913.

WILLIAM LUSTGARTEN,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
Office and Post Office address, 68 William Street, New York, N. Y.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

An Exclusive Colony

designed to meet the exacting conditions of the man who can afford to select his country home with extremest care exists at

Grenwolde

Great Neck, Long Island

It will impress you with its atmosphere of culture and refinement; it will attract you because of its unrivalled waterfront and delightful natural surroundings. It presents the manifold advantages of country life, the open air, the water.

GRENWOLDE has been divided into a limited number of plots generous in size and unique in shape and outlook. Plots may be had with or without waterfrontage.

The houses now building (Edward King, Architect) are full of the charming diversity that characterizes old English rural architecture. Interior arrangements are notable for comfort and convenience. Desired changes in plan can still be made.

Send for booklet B, describing GRENWOLDE, floor plans of houses, and directions for reaching the property.

PAUL V. SHIELDS,
286 Fifth Avenue, New York.
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For Sale

CONCRETE BUNGALOW

Hollow Tile Construction.
Eight Rooms and Tiled Bath.

Large Plot of Ground

Within Five Minutes' Walk of the

Atlantic Ocean

Boating, Bathing, Fishing.

Shore rights go with property, which is only 40 minutes from Pennsylvania Station at 33rd St., New York City.

Price Complete, $8,750, on Easy Terms.

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Get your family away from the summer heat and humidity of the city, to the cool days and health-restoring nights at

ATLANTIC BEACH

FIRE ISLAND.

An inexpensive place for refined families to enjoy wholesome outdoor life. Bungalow sites, $200 up, 5 and 6 room bungalows on special terms. Ordered now, ready for you June 15th. Call and talk it over, or write.

ATLANTIC BEACH REALTY CO.
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IT'S NEARLY BUNGALOW TIME

If you start now you can be ready this summer.

Every family man owes it to his wife and children to investigate our

SUMMER BUNGALOW COLONY

SALTAIRE

A colony of refined people, within commuting distance of New York. Water, gas, etc. BOATING, BATHING, FISHING.

Atlantic Ocean on One Side, Great South Bay on the Other.

BUNGALOWS with large plot, **$1800 UP**

SOLD ON EASY TERMS.

For full particulars, etc., apply
FIRE ISLAND BEACH DEVELOPMENT CO.
1328 Broadway. Tel. Greeley 1697.

$1,550 Reduction **HOUSE BARGAIN**

Easy terms. Beautiful suburban house; cost $7,500; sell for $5,950; in Greater New York City, between the Sound and the sea; artistic in design, handsome interior, decorated to suit; hardwood finish; large plot, in beautiful restricted residence park; steam heat; beamed ceilings, parquet floors, spacious concrete cellar, tiled bathroom; water, gas, electricity; large veranda; 26 minutes from Manhattan; very close to trolleys and depot. Call, phone or write. Owner, Room 403, 334 5th Av.

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DUTCH COLONIAL HOUSE

just being completed. The best built and most perfectly equipped small house for family of two or three near New York. Located in the exclusive section of the high and beautiful north shore of Long Island. 30 minutes to Penn. Station now; 7 minutes' walk to station; 5 minutes' walk to water, sewers, artesian water, electric light; sidewalks, macadamized roads; private police protection; boating, bathing, golf, &c. Owner finding it necessary to live in the West, the place is offered at a price which makes it a bargain. Will not rent. No brokers. For appointment, see house, address owners, Agent, Box A 88 Times.

Great Neck, 2 Choice Plots

Three years ago I bought two large plots on the main road of the finest residential park on the North Shore; no other plots as desirable remain unsold; finances compel me to sell at cost—less than prevailing values; terms to suit you; property has every improvement, including sewers, IN AND PAID FOR. No assessments. Exceptional class neighbors; 5 minutes' walk to station; 10 minutes' walk to water; boating, bathing, tennis, golf. Full particulars upon application to Owner, Box 94 Times.

HOUSE TO RENT.

Best section beautiful Richmond Hill, 17 minutes from Manhattan; eight rooms and bath, hardwood floors; decorated, all improvements; porches, lawn; only $35 monthly. Apply 429 Vine St., Richmond Hill, L. I.

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WINTER COUNTRY HOME 50 minutes from Grand Central Station; 115 trains daily. House of stucco, 11 rooms, 3 baths. Plot large and well shaded; city water, gas, sewerage, electric light.

AT SOUTHFIELD POINT

Close to, with unobstructed view of, Sound, and right of way to water. Bathing, boating, fishing, golf, tennis and yachting; shops, stores, churches, public and private schools, amusements. 5 minutes to station. Price, $11,500.

BADGLEY, JONES & GOOD,
505 Fifth Ave., at 42d St., New York.
Telephone 710—Murray Hill.

ROCHELLE PARK residence, 9 large rooms, bath, gas, electricity, heat. Beautiful grounds. Near depots and schools. Sale or rent. Right price. Cottage, 7 rooms, bath, heat, gas; high grounds, 50x108; all kinds of fruit. Cheap.

FARMS.—Several choice Connecticut farms in commuting distance of New York.

KILTHAU & ENGELBREKT,
220 Broadway, New York City.
221 Huguenot St., New Rochelle, N. Y.

BRONXVILLE, LAWRENCE PARK, SCARSDALE, HARTSDALE, WHITE PLAINS and other desirable sections of WESTCHESTER COUNTY for sale or rent.

Fish & Marvin 527 Fifth Ave., N. Y., and Bronxville.

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HILLSDALE ESTATES.

An ideal suburb high up in the hills and close to city, with all improvements in and paid for. Commutation 13 cents. 42 minutes from Hudson tubes; excellent train service.

6 room new house with bath. Plot 50x106; reception hall, parquet floors, beam ceiling and panel dining room, steam heat, big attic, concrete cellar, shade trees—$4,250.

Terms arranged to suit. 4 minutes from station, 1 block from school. Also, a splendid bungalow for $3,500, and fine 7 room house, $5,000. Photographs on application. 'Phone Cortlandt 7887.

W. J. RICH, 802 Singer Bldg

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"Thirty Minutes from Broadway."

New York's most convenient suburb, 6½ miles out—only 15 minutes' ride on train. Commutation 7 cents. All city conveniences, best municipal improvements. Fine schools, and churches of every denomination. A model suburb that is growing by leaps and bounds. Our new tract 3 minutes' walk from station. We will sell you a house already completed or build for you. Lots 25x120 ft. to be started at very low prices and sold on the savings bank plan.

A $10 BILL STARTS YOU.

Write, phone or call for illustrated booklet.
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MOUNTAIN BUNGALOW

$5,000—EASY TERMS

On hilltop, overlooking lake. 800 ft. elevation, healthful spot, grand views. This all-year-round dwelling has seven rooms, tiled bath, laundry in stone cellar, steam heat, etc. Half acre ground; 55 minutes from New York City, four minutes from express station, on D., L. & W. R. R. Write, 'phone, or call for further particulars.

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Beautiful seven-room Semi-Bungalow, finished in hardwood, all latest city improvements, on large plot surrounded by fine shade, near Depot; $5,500. Very easy terms. Several others now building. Plans of our attractive houses sent you free. Several fine homesites on monthly payments. Free railroad tickets.

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LINCOLN PARK, the new section of the best residential town of New Jersey, offers opportunity for first-class investment or home builder. Property is situated 5 minutes' walk from station and has all improvements. Will sell lots on easy terms or build house to suit. Call or write for booklet.

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Complete information of this very convenient, healthful and beautiful town, also details and photo of new 7-room house, built for convenience and comfort; gas, kitchen, fireplace; steam; oak floors; large front porch around side; sleeping porch above; 50-foot lot; fine shade; all improvements; 6 minutes to station; $5,300; $500 cash.
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Gentleman's home; handsome, up-to-date house; large grounds; beautiful old trees and shrubbery; fully equipped, well-stocked greenhouse; 45 minutes out. Owner, Room 703, 141 Broadway, N. Y.

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Rumson Road—Seabright.

Furnished houses for rent. Estates for sale.

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Hotel building on plot of 12 acres, 500 feet shore front on beautiful bay; one hour from New York on south side; ice house, laundry, barn, and carriage shed on property; hotel contains 45 rooms, 2 bowling alleys; has telephone, gas, running water, and toilets; beautiful scenery, delightful drives, excellent boating, bathing, and fishing; no mosquitos or malaria; house fully furnished throughout.

Price $35,000; Mortgage $6,700; Equity $28,300
What have you to offer?

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30 Acres at New Dorp, Staten Island, overlooking lower bay. 10 miles from City Hall. Steam and trolley within 5 minutes. Apply Box H 40 Times.

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Country Estate of Four Acres.

Residence 17 rooms, 3 baths, Garage, Gardener's Lodge, Splendid Old Trees, Fine Flower and Vegetable Gardens.

For Sale at Reasonable Price

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At Bantam Lake, Litchfield County, Conn.; has eight rooms, nicely finished and furnished, running water and bath. Inquire No. 109 Bank St., Room No. 12, Waterbury, Conn. No agent need apply.

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Brooklyn.

Beautiful Brick Houses FOR RENT, $30.00 and $35.00, in Brooklyn.

Semi-detached brick and stone; 7 rooms and bath, parquet floors, hardwood trim; elegantly decorated; electric lights, water, sewer and gas; located in Park Section of Brooklyn on lines of elevated and new subway; 5c. fare to New York. Send for booklets and photos. Special Manager 60-A, Liberty St., N. Y. 'Phone 5528 Cortlandt.

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The Beautiful Country Home, "WEST LAWN,"

For Rent, Furnished—Large, roomy house, seven master's, five servants' rooms, four bathrooms, large dining room, parlor, living hall, den, library; open fireplaces; servants' hall; very large, roomy piazzas; extensive view; stable for seven horses, six carriages, apartments for men; separate garage; ample shade; pure water. Address George G. Shelton, M. D., Ridgefield, Conn.

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New, magnificently furnished house: 6 master bedrooms, 3 servants' bedrooms, 3 baths; price reasonable.

Milton L'Ecluse, Huntington, L. I.

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"Harlem's Most Populated Section"

To Lease in 2 New Bldgs.

Large Light **STORES**

Bowling Alley—10 Light

Lodge and Meeting Rooms

Large Dance Hall 5000 Sq. feet

and Grill Room

Adjoining a large theatre.

Very Moderate Rents

Apply Agent, on Premises.
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TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

How can YOU or YOUR business and YOUR office be distinguished in a city of nearly six million people?

MAINLY:

By getting and giving a sense of location which in itself identifies you and your business unconsciously above your competitors.

No location in New York City can be so instantly placed as

"Times Building Times Square"

When you make that statement on your letter-head, or over your telephone, six million people know exactly where you are located.

Is it worth while for you to rent an office in this building?

If so, consult the Renting Agent, Room 406. Or telephone Bryant 1000 for a plan.

TO LEASE

Elstone Park Hotel

FAR ROCKAWAY

100 Rooms.

FINEST HOTEL ON LONG ISLAND

FULLY FURNISHED.

Apply to
BROWN-WEISS REALTY CO.,
63 Park Row, N. Y.

FOR RENT

29 West 34th St.

LARGE and SMALL OFFICES ALSO ENTIRE FLOOR

Light on four sides; suitable for showrooms; Rents $300 upwards. Apply on premises.

$50

PER YEAR AND UP.

NEWLY FURNISHED OFFICES

7TH FLOOR

Candler Building, Times Square.

STORES TO LET,

17-19 WEST 31ST STREET

(Life Building), one store, 20x40; other over 3,000 square feet, including mezzanine floor; very desirable neighborhood; rents very low.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

THE ADLON

HOUSEKEEPING APARTMENTS,
7TH AV AND 54TH ST.

This 14 story high class fireproof apartment house contains

SUITES OF 3 and 4 ROOMS

Large foyer & reception hall; parquet floors; abundance of closets; exclusive apartment house. References of the highest character absolutely indispensable.

SUPT. ON PREMISES OR
ADLON CONSTRUCTION CO.,
501 5TH AVE.

83D ST., 71 WEST

Seven large, light rooms, bath; suitable for doctor, dentist; rent reasonable. Apply premises, or

ALEXANDER WILSON, 489 5th Ave.

52D ST., 223 WEST,

Near Broadway, fine private dwelling; suitable for boarding house; rent reasonable. Apply to

ALEXANDER WILSON, 489 5th Ave.

West Side.

Above 110th St. and Washington Heights.

New Elevator Apartments,

122d St. & St. Nicholas Av.

2, 3, 4 & 5 Rooms.

Large rooms; extraordinary closet space.

Kitchens and Kitchenettes.

Two-family frame house; 12 rooms; suitable for a doctor. 672 Dawson St., Bronx.

THE MIDLOTHIAN

353 West 117th St.

5 rooms, $32.00 to $37.50.

Elevator, telephone, steam heat, hot water, tiled bath, uniform service, electric light; all rooms outside light and air. See janitor.

601 WEST 168TH STREET,

OPPOSITE SUBWAY STATION

Corner Apartment, 7 rooms, 2 baths, southern exposure, elevator, all improvements, $87.50.

Broadway **REMCO** 98th Street

2 WEST 129TH ST., COR. 5TH AVE.

7 & 8 rooms and bath.

Elevator, all improvements, $900.

Broadway **REMCO** 98th Street

MANHATTAN—East Side.

Strictly **NEW ENGLAND** Fireproof

43 to 49 E. 58th, 480 Park Av., 7 rooms, 2 baths. All night elevator, standard service, $1,300-$1,500.

Broadway **REMCO** 98th Street

BROOKLYN.

CLINTON AVENUE.

Modernized 4-story and basement brownstone on finest block of Clinton Av.; amidst handsome detached residences; 3 bathrooms, electric lights, parquet floors in every room; exceptionally desirable; an opportunity for some one. W. B. Greenman, 350 Fulton St. Telephone 1,751 Main. Brokers protected.

Real Estate

Real Estate Wanted.

Wanted to buy on easy terms, new detached house, within 45 minutes of Times Square; 7 to 10 rooms; price, $6,000 to $10,000; parquet floors, hardwood finish throughout; extra large bath; billiard room, if possible; screened porches up and down; in fact, must be strictly modern throughout; large lawn, shade trees, plenty of ground, small garage; good transportation; high elevation. Address, giving complete description, A. B. Cook, Statler Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y. (Photographs will be returned.)

New York State—For Sale or to Let.

Widow must sacrifice two nice furnished cottages, 14 rooms, in good condition; ideal location, on large river; total price, only $1,800; 90 miles. Ideal 7 room country home, finely furnished; sacrifice; $1,000. Ten-room village residence, only $950. Modern gentleman's place, $7,500. Twelve furnished cottages to let, different locations, $100 to $400. Modern cottage to let; board optional. Spindler, Lefever Falls, Ulster Co., N. Y.

Rockland County.

40 acres; 33 miles out; 1 mile from station; unfailing stream and springs; brick Colonial house; modern improvements; antique furniture; $15,000; might rent. Helmscrest, New City, Rockland Co., N. Y.

Real Estate

Manhattan—For Sale.

West Side.

38 EDGCOMBE AV.
Three-story-and-basement private dwelling, handsomely finished, in fine repair; must be sold. OWNER, Room 703, 141 Broadway.

Brooklyn—For Sale or to Let.

38 Midwood St., Prospect Park section; three-story house; every modern improvement; 10 rooms, 3 baths; rolling screens; double shades; beautifully decorated; a splendid opportunity to obtain beautiful home, conveniently located, within 1½ blocks of Prospect Park "L," and within a few blocks of all surface cars; quick sale necessary because of owner moving to country. Room 306, 100 Hudson St., New York.

One-family, easy housekeeping, model up-to-date house; near Shore Road, Brooklyn; choice neighborhood; overlooking N. Y. Bay; easy terms; sell at cost. Peake, 44 Court St., Brooklyn.

Bronx—For Sale or to Let.

2,052 Lafontaine Av.—6-room old house; sell or exchange. Steinmetz, 1,007 East 180th St.

Queens—For Sale or to Let.

$148 buys a 28-foot lot in the southern part of Jamaica; $10 cash; balance $3 per month; this is a real bargain and worth half again as much as the above asking price, as the lot is three minutes' walk from the L. I. R. R. depot and six minutes' walk from the trolley. Room 1,039 Park Row Building, New York City.

JAMAICA TERMINAL PROPERTY.

Business property, Fulton St., between Post Office and new depot. For particulars John Distler, Jr., 9 Miller Place, East New York.

Westchester—For Sale or to Let.

Southern Colonial house, with unobstructed view of Sound; 22 spacious rooms; 6 tiled baths; beautifully parked grounds; rare old trees; 410 feet on Davenport Drive; 200 feet deep; private right of way to water; living room, 18 by 35; huge fireplace; parquet floors; gas, electricity, and water supplied; sewerage connection; five minutes from Stamford Station on the Sound; price, $40,000; terms to suit purchaser; floor plan at office. Thos. J. Good, 505 5th Av. Phone 709 Murray Hill.

GREAT BARGAIN.—Gentleman's home of three acres in beautiful country park; lots of trees, grass, and cherries; within 30 minutes of 42d St., three minutes from depot; house beautifully furnished and every room repapered and painted; five master's, four servants' bedrooms, three baths; plenty of purest water; flowers, splendid garden; garage and stable; $200 a month; June 1 to October 1. Thornton Woodbury, Pelham Manor. Tel. 1595—Pelham, and 450—Rector.

For Winter or Summer.—Excellent 11-room, 3-bath residence; well-shaded grounds, with unobstructed views over Sound; five minutes to station; fifty minutes to New York; at Stamford; city improvements installed; golf, tennis, yachting, bathing, fishing; private and public schools; water rights and use of private dock; price, $11,500. Frederick P. Jones, 505 5th Av.

Beautifully located plot, about 300 feet from water edge, with fine shade trees; all improvements installed, including sewerage; has water rights and use of private dock; price, $5,500; 100 feet frontage; unobstructed view over Sound of 30 miles; five minutes to Stamford Depot. Rob't T. Badgley, 505 5th Av.

Katonah, N. Y.—Farm, 100 acres; high elevation; five springs; good fruit; good neighborhood; old farmhouse; three fireplaces; numerous outbuildings; 1¼ hours from Katonah to Grand Central; $150 per acre; a bargain. Reed & Clark Co., White Plains, N. Y. Tel. 1516.

HARTSDALE, N. Y.
Gentleman's country estate—modern house; 16 rooms, 3 baths; stable, garage, orchard, lake, stream; splendid neighborhood; terms most moderate. Address Owner, Box 260 Hartsdale, N. Y.

Devine, Hastings-on-Hudson—Property for sale and rent. River View Manor, Hastings vicinity.

Harmon-on-Hudson, 2 lots 50x125, on Irving Ave. W. D., 15 E. 57th St.

Long Island—For Sale or to Let.

Amityville, east side Bay View Av., fifth house north Merrick Road; cottage, furnished, four bedrooms, tiled bath, water each bedroom; two acres ground; every vegetable, fruit, or flower; hot water heat, gas, electric lights, large living room, dining room, kitchen, sitting room, large front and back porch; house screened and awnings; garage three cars; three rooms upstairs; child's play house, tool house, stable, chicken house, and run; garden planted; must be seen to be appreciated; A1 condition; 56 minutes New York; $9.65 commutation; house now open. I. C. C., 1,169 Dean St., Brooklyn.

Pretty south shore bungalow; parlor, dining room, pantry, entry to kitchen; open fireplace, den, pergola porch, very classy; gas, electric range, heat, &c. 4 bedrooms and tile bathroom; white enamel finish upstairs, hardwood floors; everything artistic; elegant water view, bathing, boating; 150 feet road front; $250 cash; $25 monthly; map, views. Arrow, 320 Times Downtown.

RENT A BUNGALOW
at Ocean Beach, Fire Island; $150 to $400; beautiful location; surf and still water bathing, boating, fishing, and shooting; also lots for sale on easy terms. Ocean Beach-Fire Island Co., 334 5th Av.

At Bronxville, in Westchester County; 28 minutes from Grand Central; charming homes, large and small, for rent and sale. Gramatan Realty & Construction Co. Gramatan Bank Bldg., Bronxville, N. Y.

For Sale near Hicksville.
Plot 50x100; price $265; $5.00 down and $3.50 per month; first-class place for a home, farming and chicken raising. Address Dan, 146 Times.

Twenty-six Minutes Out.—The nearest real countrylike suburb to Manhattan; modern cottages, $2,600 up; easy terms. W. Schabehorn, Springfield, L. I.

$7,000 buys beautiful new seven-room home, costing $8,000; large corner plot; choicest location; your terms. Johnson, 225 West 79th St.

Port Washington.—New stucco home, 8 rooms, modern, $6,200; $250 cash, bal. monthly; request photos. Frind, 47 W 34th St. Greeley 2060

New Jersey—For Sale or to Let.

RIDGEWOOD, NEW JERSEY.
A mountain home at the gate of New York; 80 trains a day; 35 minutes by express; Swiss Chalet, 9 rooms, bath, fireplace, beamed ceiling, gas range, concrete porch, plot 100 x150 feet; 4 minutes station; price exceedingly low; fireproof residences; white stucco; green tile roof; 10 large rooms, two baths; open fireplaces; 5 minutes station; 150x200 feet; unusual value at bargain; of course all city improvements both houses; write to-day for photos, prices, special terms, and illustrated booklet. WALTER W. WILSEY, WILSEY SQUARE, RIDGEWOOD, N. J.

Great Sacrifice.—Taken under foreclosure; beautiful cottage, 6 large rooms, bath, hot-water heat, gas, electricity; high, healthy location; large plot; 30 minutes out; 2 railroads, trolley; price $3,700; worth $4,500; $300 cash; $25 monthly. Photo sent. Carl Hallberg, Ridgefield Park, N. J.

Elizabeth, N. J.—Central location on trolley, 5 minutes to station; four modern semi-detached villas; 9 rooms and bath each; rented for $1,680 per annum; price $15,000; mortgage $6,500 at 5 per cent. Gennert, 554 Madison Av., Elizabeth, N. J.

In the Beautiful Ramapo Valley.
To rent, furnished, for the season, a most attractive house and grounds. Particulars of Oakland Realty Co., 500 5th Av., New York City.

FOR SALE—OPPOSITE 42D ST.
Highwood Park, Weehawken, 51 Eldorado Place, seven-room cottage; lot 33.4x100; $6,600; 1% off for each thousand cash; it's a bargain; look at it. Owner, M 134 Times.

BARGAIN!—25 miles New York, on Lehigh Valley, eight-room house, improvements; one acre; 80 fruit trees; drilled well; two minutes station. Address B. M., 810 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

Shrewsbury River.—Locust, N. J., opposite Oceanic; to let, 14-room cottage, furnished, facing river; gas and two baths; near golf and tennis grounds; stable. A. H. Matthews, 82 Nassau St.

A sacrifice, $5,500; large 8-room dwelling, all improvements; half acre plot; near station. New 7-room dwelling, $3,500; $20 monthly; send for photographs. Evan Hughes, River Edge.

20 ACRES; 400 FEET ELEVATION;
superb views; half wooded; spring, lake, stream with waterfalls on property; mile station; commuting distance. S. R. Lamb, owner, 35 Nassau.

Cranford, six rooms and bath, $3,500, $300 cash, balance as rent; steam heat, oak floors, every improvement; near station; commutation, 10½c. Builder, Box 217, Cranford, N. J.

SUMMER HOMES
Furnished for the season; also unfurnished houses. Write for particulars, S. S. Walstrum-Gordon & Forman, Ridgewood, N. J. Fone 555.

Bungalow, 4 rooms, large porch, $295. ¼-acre chicken farm, $190; $10 down, $5 monthly; 49 minutes; fare 14c.; shade trees; title guaranteed. D. Nichols, 258 Broadway.

Bungalow, new; charming; 7 rooms; steam heat; every improvement; ideal location, near station; $4,500; easy payments. Smith-Singer Co., Ridgewood, N. J.

JERSEY SUBURB—Fine old Colonial home; all improvements; 12 rooms, acres. For full particulars, address Box 512, Boonton, N. J.

New England—For Sale or to Let.

COTTAGE FOR SALE, BANTAM LAKE.
Nicely finished cottage, all furnished, with all improvements, at Bantam Lake shore front, Litchfield County, Conn. Particulars. Inquire P. O. Box 172, Waterbury, Conn.

Spofford Lake, N. H.—For rent or sale, house, 16 rooms; bath; cottage, 6 rooms, bath; furnished; 36 acres, overlooking lake; no mosquitoes; artesian well. W. Bonynge, 27 Cedar St., N. Y.

Real Estate

Apartments to Let—Unfurnished.

West Side.

124th, 501-503 West.—Desirable 4 and 5 room apartments in high-class house; decorated to suit for May 1 or 15; all improvements; convenient all cars; 1 block park; rents reduced; $24-$28; liberal concessions; shown any time; agent on premises.

SUBLET.
unfurnished, 5 large, light outside rooms; reduced to $20. The Luxor, 600 West 115th, corner Broadway, one block from Subway.

49th St., 242 West.—Modern elevator apartments, five and six large, light, sunny rooms; reduced rental to desirable tenants; best value in Times Square section.

Four-room outside apartment; immediate occupancy; new; elevator, telephone, &c.; will sublet at a reduction; lease can be renewed Oct. 1. Apartment 6E, 661 West 180th St.

Seven rooms, ground floor apartment, now under lease; rent $67.50. Inquire Apartment 1-F, 839 West End Av., corner 101st St. Call before 3 o'clock.

Bargain—Seven large, sunny rooms, near Broadway, Riverside; 2 baths; $95 per month; will rent for $65. Apartment 42, 521 West 112th.

A.—6-room elevator apartment; all improvements; to sublet; very reasonable, till Oct. 1. Apply Rosenthal, 108 West 141st St.

Bargain to Desirable Tenant.—Five rooms; elevator apartment; convenient, healthy neighborhood. 509 West 112th St.

89th St., 74 West.—7 large rooms; all improvements; cheap rent; select location.

To sublet, elegant 5-room apartment, from June 1 to April 12. St. Regis Court, 152d St. and Broadway.

To Sublet.—Concession; 5 large, light rooms; foyer; elevator; near 145th St. Subway. 3,495 Broadway.

Sublet.—Four-room apartment, unfurnished, facing street. Apply 214 West 110th St. Apartment 94.

Light, airy room; private bath; gentlemen; maid service; $20 monthly. 302 West 99th St.

East Side.

RENTS $32.50 TO $47.50.
Corner apartment, facing Central Park, 6 and 7 rooms and bath; corner 5th Av. and 101st St. Superintendent, or Duff & Conger, agents, Madison Av. and 86th St.

RENTS $35.00 TO $45.00.
Single flat, 7 large rooms and bath; all improvements; perfect order; Nos. 58 to 66 East 96th St. Apply Superintendent, or Duff & Conger, Madison Av. and 86th.

RENT $25.00.
Six rooms and bath; all improvements. 1,051 Park Av., near 86th. Apply janitor.

Madison Av., 1,139, (85th St.)—Six-room single apartment; all improvements; moderate rent. Janitor.

Apartments to Let—Furnished.

Immediately, four charmingly furnished rooms; exquisite view, breeze Hudson; mission Daveno in parlor; beautiful Knabe piano, linen, silver, books, gas, electricity, telephone, elevator, express Subway. The Sarsfield, 3,495 Broadway. Any reasonable offer if references satisfactory.

A.—A.—CATHEDRAL PLAZA,
100 Cathedral Parkway, 110th, Columbus Av.
1, 2, AND 3 ROOMS.
Private bath, kitchenette; furnished, $30, $40, $50 up monthly; unfurnished, $25, $30, $40; elevator, hotel service; near "L" and Subway; references; special rate on lease.

I HAVE a handsomely furnished apartment in ideal location overlooking Hudson River to sublet from June 1 to Sept. 15; 8 rooms, 3 baths; elevator, telephone, and telegraph service; all rooms light and airy and artistic; near Riverside Drive; convenient to surface cars and Subway; rent $166.67 per month, same as unfurnished. Apartment 8E, 318 West 100th St.

124th St., 501-503 W.—Elegant 5 room and bath front apartment, on second floor; high-class house; newly decorated and furnished for Summer comfort; will sublet, Summer or longer, to party giving good care; $45 monthly. 'Phone 6650—Morningside.

THE VAN DYCK & SEVERN,
Broadway at 72d St.
Six and eight rooms and two baths; newly decorated and furnished; ready for occupancy May 1. Apply to manager on premises. Telephone Columbus 3547.

For rent, Hotel San Remo, 74th St. and Central Park West, fully furnished apartment four rooms and bath; hotel service. Can be seen any morning between 11 and 1 o'clock. Tel. 6700 Columbus. Apt. 614.

119TH ST., 435 WEST.—Attractively furnished front apartment; 3 rooms, kitchenette, bath; strictly high-class; reasonable to October. Moore. Phone 8200 Morningside.

Studio apartment, furnished, for Summer; 3 rooms, bath, kitchenette, electric light, telephone; moderate rent; seen any time. 62 Washington Square South.

Apartment for rent, 7 rooms, 2 baths; 270 Riverside Drive; furnished, $75, or will rent a part of same. Telephone Plaza 7370, 9 to 11 A. M., 4 to 6 P. M.

Furnished and unfurnished apartments; consult apartment specialist, office of Archibald Foss, 341 Madison Av. and 45 East 44th. Murray Hill 3596.

FORREST CHAMBERS,
Broadway and 113th; completely furnished; 6 rooms; Summer months. 6261—Morningside. Sachs.

80th St., 305 West.—To sublet, all improvements, 9 rooms; light and airy; private phone, 4893 Schuyler. Call or phone E. E. Sage.

Handsomely furnished apartment, corner, seven rooms, two baths, October or longer. 6D, Nevada Apartments, 70th St. and Broadway.

THE SEVILLIA APARTMENT HOUSE.
117 West 58th St.—Very desirable furnished apartment 2 rooms, bath, from May 1.

To Sublet.—Furnished or unfurnished, five-room apartment; reasonable terms. Phillips, 3,800 Broadway, corner 158th St.

Newly furnished three-room housekeeping apartments, complete; baths, kitchens, telephones. Caretaker, 155 West 84th St.

A comfortable three-room apartment on the eighth floor of Hotel San Remo at $50 a month, unfurnished. H 45 Times.

57TH, 58 WEST.—Delightful outside studio apartment; elevator; restaurant optional; piano; $55; references. Baxter.

134th St., 511 West.—Three and four rooms, completely furnished, every improvement, $8 and $10 weekly. Janitor.

For rent from May to Oct. 1, furnished duplex apartment, 257 West 86th. Inquire Superintendent of building.

Two airy rooms; bath; maid service; $35 monthly; references. 302 West 99th. (Riverside.)

Furnished Apartments Wanted.

TWO GENTLEMEN want 3-room apartment, furnished, 40th to 70th; state price; moderate. M 173 Times.

Studio apartment vicinity Times Square; wanted May 1 to Aug. 15. Studio 157 Times.

City Houses to Let—Unfurnished.

48TH ST., 20 WEST.—Private Family Only—Four-story and basement house, 18 rooms, 4 baths; three-story extension; electric light; hardwood floors; immediate possession. Caretaker or Charles C. Bull, 27 William St. 'Phone 587 Broad.

City Houses to Let—Furnished.

Ten-room house, Marble Hill, near 225th St. Inquire Dr. Beyer, 168 East 38th St.

Country Houses to Let—Furnished.

3-Room furnished bungalows at Oakwood Beach, S. I., adjoining aeroplane field, with use of boats; fine bathing and fishing; commutation from Battery, $5.25. Address E. R. Fox, Oakwood, or 205 East 9th St., Manhattan. Phone Orchard 3707.

On the Sound, Byron Shore, Greenwich, Conn. —New house, 10 rooms, 3 baths; hot water heat, electricity; large piazzas; large grounds; garage; moderate rent; furnished or unfurnished. Phone 4235 Schuyler.

White Plains, N. Y.—Furnished residence for rent near North Broadway; 1¼ acres, 9 rooms, bath, gas, barn, $150 monthly. William Keil, Depot Square, White Plains, N. Y.

Long Branch, West End, Elberon.—Furnished cottages for rent. "Remember the name." Conveyance by appointment. Wardell & Burke, West End.

Cottages for rent, furnished, $200 upward; have bargains. Rutzel, Cedarhurst, L. I.

Country Houses to Let—Unfurnished.

Larchmont—Detached modern cottages; opposite golf grounds; 8 rooms, $40, $45 monthly by the year. Collins, 54 Franklin St., New York.

SCARSDALE AND HARTSDALE.
Furnished and unfurnished homes for rent. Angell, 507 5th Av., and Scarsdale.

For Rent Unfurnished.—Six-room house; shade, fruit, garden; prices reasonable. John A. Simms, Lake, N. Y.

House, barn; improvements; $40; 40 minutes by Harlem Railroad. Delisser, 280 4th Av.

Country Houses Wanted.

Wanted—A bungalow or cottage at Placid, situated near the lake, May 10 to Oct. 1. H 41 Times.

Real Estate for Exchange.

Desired, farm in exchange for good income property, Bayonne, N. J. Z 125 Times.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

Part of loft wanted with five machines for manufacturing dresses; best references. M 175 Times.

Real Estate

To Let for Business Purposes.

West 44th St., 333 and 335.—Rear building; good light; size 35x50; cheap rent. Inquire janitor, or Joseph M. Adrian, 137 East 34th St.

A HANDSOME private office or desk room with service in the Long Acre Building, Broadway and 42d St. Apply J. W. Buckley.

$15 Up Month, 109 Broad St.—Exceptionally light and cheerful OFFICES in modern fireproof building.

Rare opportunity for right party secure desk space; excellent service. Meacham Co., 149 Broadway.

Shop to rent; suitable for manufacturing or storage purposes; excellent location. 515 West 59th St.

Automobile Exchange

MILLER-BRISBEN CO.,
AUTO STORAGE MART.

BUICK, 1911, Model 17, touring	$450
CASE, roadster, elec. equip	575
COLUMBIA, Electric Stanh	175
FORD, 1911 rumble runabout	275
FLANDERS, roadster, perfect	350
HUDSON, roadster, perfect	475
HAYNES, 7p. touring, like new	475
MERCEDES, racer roadster	350
MOON, 4-door, 5p. touring	525
MITCHELL, rumble runabout	325
REGAL, 1912, 4-door, like new	575
NATIONAL, racer roadster	1,250
BUICK, roadster, like new	450
STOD.-DAYT., 40 toy tonn	675
PACKARD, 30, lim. touring	1,225
ELMORE, racer, '13 body	350
FLANDERS, delivery	425
BUICK, delivery	275
FORD, delivery	300
MAXWELL, delivery	275
THOMAS, truck	375

32 W. 63d. Phone 1242 Columbus.

NEW CARS 50% OFF.
New foredoor bodies 65% off.
100 rebuilt cars, all makes, $100-$3,000.
New tops fit Fords, others, $10 up.
Del'y wagons $150 up. Windsh'ds, speedmt'rs $5
Ford elec. lgt. outfits and others $5.
20th Century Co., 1,700 B'way, Cor. 54th.

Mercedes 7-passenger touring car for hire by day, week, or month; owner expert driver of long experience; rates reasonable. Address Schaffner, 80 Ocean View Av., Woodhaven, L. I. Phone Richmond Hill 659 Party R.

Premier Big Six, one of fastest and most comfortable touring cars ever built; in perfect condition; completely equipped; car and equipment cost $4,500; runs better than when new; a bargain at $3,000. Room 305, 100 Hudson St.

For Sale.—1913 Winton toy tonneau; run 2,000 miles; guaranteed in perfect condition; every equipment, including dynamo, electric lighting, shock absorbers, &c.; cost $3,500, sell for $2,400. Europe, K 266 Times Downtown.

Closing out 50 touring cars, trucks, and chassis, suitable for delivery and station wagons, from $100 up; great bargains; big money for dealers. Auto Finance Co., 246 West 59th St.

Automobiles for Sale.—Two Dayton trucks, two-ton and five-ton capacity; in service less than a year; both in first-class order. The Fleischmann Co., 701 Washington St.

PACKARD THREE-TON TRUCK.—Just been overhauled in Packard shops; practically as good as new. Bedford Feldspar Co., Bedford, Westchester County, N. Y.

1911 Lozier, with touring and limousine body; cost $7,000; at right price to a prompt buyer, Youngs & Company, Newburgh, N. Y.

G. M. C. truck, 2,500 lbs. capacity; screen body; eight months old; in A1 condition. Box C 120 Times.

For Sale.—Oldsmobile taxicab; Pierce Arrow touring car and Clement Bayard landaulet. 419 West 150th St.

Will pay cash for late model roadster; must be bargain; no dealers. Telephone Becker, 8748 Cortlandt.

Reo the Fifth, 1912; centre control; equipped like new; bargain. Reo Co., 19 West 62d.

Premier six-cylinder; ran less than 1,000; equipped; bargain. Reo Co., 19 West 62d.

Reo roadster, torpedo; foredoor; late model; equipped; $450. Reo Co., 19 West 62d.

Cadillac five-passenger; fully equipped; $550. R. M. Owen & Co., 19 West 62d.

Hudson roadster, 1911 model; fully equipped; big bargain. Reo Co., 19 West 62d.

New 1913 Overland exchanged for Reo car, $875. R. M. Owen & Co., 19 West 62d.

Ford roadster, 1911; fully equipped; big bargain. Reo Co., 19 West 62d.

Knox, 1911; practically as good as new; big bargain. Premier Co., 19 West 62d.

New Detroiter, taken in exchange for Reo, $675. Reo Co., 19 West 62d.

Automobiles for Rent.

For Hire.—Packard 1912 touring cars; 7-passenger; prices reasonable. 'Phone 7845 Columbus. Williams, 143 West 51st St.

Expert chauffeur rents fine Peerless touring; newly painted; monthly preferred; references. Telephone 2564 Columbus.

Brand new 7-passenger Premier touring; expert driver; reasonable rates; private. Telephone 821 Melrose.

Packard.—Private seven-passenger touring; owner drives; low rates. Phone 2850—Morningside.

For Hire, National touring, 1912, with services, Summer months. Ajax, 170 W. 65th St.

For Rent—Beautiful Packard; trip, week, month; owner drives. Murphy, 6701 Plaza.

Automobile Repairing.

Foredoors a specialty by experienced body builders. Ranshaw & Ingraham, basement, 244 West 49th St.

Motorcycles and Bicycles.

Pope motor cycles, New York Distributors. Also agent for Indian and Excelsior. Amos Shirley, 935 8th Av., near 55th St.

Business Opportunities.

Corner cafe, completely furnished, with large basement, located Bowery and Canal St., opposite new bridge; entrance on both streets; one-half block from Atlantic Athletic Club; this will be the only cafe on any of the four corners after May 15, 1913. Inquire Schulte Realty Co., 63 Park Row, New York City. Telephone No. Beekman 2810.

Have a patented Surelock door fastener for sale; wanted a purchaser to buy this outright; have sold and installed thousands of these in apartment houses, &c., in New York City and vicinity; good article for a man who can devote his whole time marketing this lock; reason for selling is have other business and can't attend to both. J. H. Hoegger, Jersey City, N. J.

Have you $50 to $400 to invest? We offer you a safe proposition with large profits within six months from present date. Ours is a unique selling plan. We are a corporation of unquestionable reliability. No broker's commissions. S 223 Times.

RENTED FURNISHED APTS. FOR SALE. —Lady going abroad to live must sell five beautiful, furnished apartments; subject to leases; fine percentage profit; all rented. Apartment 92, 609 West 114th St.

Delicatessen, grocery, on main avenue; 8 years established; no opposition; cash business $450 weekly; terms reasonable for cash; lease if desired. Inquire 1,928 Himrod St., Brooklyn. William Aldag.

Cigar manufacturing business, Brooklyn, for sale; established thirty years; because of ill-health and increasing age owner will sell fixtures and good will cheap. Opportunity, H 865 Times Downtown.

Have you a moderate amount of money to invest to be the owner of a legitimate business paying big money? A chance to be independent; rigid investigation invited. V 116 Times.

A well-known ladies' hand-blocked hat factory, fully equipped, must be disposed of at once; good reasons for selling. Address Box K 204 Times Downtown.

For Sale—18-room boarding house, completely furnished; established 10 years; Washington Heights, near Drive; low rent; long lease. V 136 Times.

Will buy profitable textile or any other good business; state price, particulars. M 172 Times.

For Sale.—¼ interest in a railroad patent just out (no collision;) no agents. Box 19, 1,515 3d Av.

Business Notices.

We are doing the detail work for a number of successful mail order houses; why not let us do yours? For full particulars address Farmer Smith, Incorporated, 123 N. Summit Av., Cedar Grove, N. J.

Multigraph letters, 300, $1.50; 1,000, $2; 10,000, $10; delivered promptly; addressing, mailing; samples submitted. Telephone 1332 Cortlandt. William Gray, 93 Nassau St.

Multigraphed letters, 300, $1.20; 1,000, $1.50; 10,000, $8; work called for, delivered. Phone Weatherford, 5860 Morningside. 215 W. 116th.

Purchase and Exchange.

I pay the highest cash prices for furniture, bric-a-brac, paintings, rugs, pianos. Myers, 115 University Place. 2298 Stuyvesant.

Dressmakers—Milliners.

DRESSMAKER.—Tailored suits, afternoon, evening dresses; reasonable. Mme. Juliette, 126 East 12th St. Stuyvesant 408.

DRESSMAKER.—Afternoon and lingerie gowns at reasonable prices. Anna, 97 Lexington Av.

Pianos and Organs.

Steinway mahogany upright piano, in fine condition; sell for $125. Anguera, 316 W. 42d.

Steinway baby grand for sale cheap. 35 West 14th St.

Lost

LOST.—Wednesday evening, Times Square, silver mesh bag, containing small amount money and name plate, H. W. Polack. Return to Hotel Wellington, 7th Av. and 55th St. Reward.

LOST—At Central Park Menagerie or between there and 6th Av., 59th St. elevated station, black and white cameo pin, surrounded with pearls. Return to 215 7th Av. Reward.

LOST.—Gold watch fob, initials "M. K.," inscribed "From P. W. D. B. to M. K., July 25"; reward. M. Klepper, 1,572 Broadway. Phone 4044 Bryant.

LOST.—Saturday, small open-faced gold watch, initials E. E. S.; reward if returned to E. E. Shaw, care Astor Trust Co., 389 5th Av., New York.

LOST.—Vicinity Broadway and 160th St., black seal billfold, with money, marked "A. G."; liberal reward. Dr. Grimm, 47 West 34th St.

LOST—Dinner ring, platinum top, set with 28 small diamonds in grape design; liberal reward. Manager, Hotel Iroquois, 49 West 44th St.

LOST.—Lady's gold watch, monogram F. H., and ribbon fob, with Mount Holyoke pin. Finder notify F. Hall, Room 707, 42 Broadway.

LOST—Unset pearl, Monday, between 30th and 40th, 3d and 5th Avs.; suitable reward for return. Klamroth, 150 East 35th St.

LOST.—Shrine watch charm; if pawned mail ticket or return charm and receive reward. W. D. Bird, 505 West 112th.

LOST.—Lady's gold watch, H. G. H., vicinity of Cental Park; reward. Apartment 4D, 220 West 98th St.

LOST—A glove containing wedding ring. Finder please return to 364 Clermont Av., Brooklyn; reward.

LOST.—A diamond bow pin, platinum setting; $200 reward for return. M 146 Times.

LEFT in ladies' dressing room, Waldorf-Astoria, Wednesday evening, ring containing two diamonds, one sapphire; large reward. T 138 Times.

$25 REWARD
for pearl and diamond crown brooch, lost Thursday, the 24th, at the Polo Grounds or the Claremont. Return to Black, Starr & Frost, 5th Av. and 48th St.

$50 REWARD for return of diamond platinum octagon scarfpin, lost Saturday around Maiden Lane. O'Donnell, 4,209 16th Av., Brooklyn.

Found.

FOUND—April 3, 6th Av. store, pearl lavalliere. Box 900, Arverne, L. I.

Lost and Found, Cats and Dogs.

LOST.—Brindle bull terrier, male, name Buster; white feet, white streak on face; $5 reward. Parker, 141 West 145th St.

LOST.—Toy French poodle; pure white; answers Reggie. Ostrander 534 West 147th St.

UNWANTED DOGS AND CATS should be taken to the A. S. P. C. A. Shelter for Animals, Ave. A and 24th St., or to the receiving station at 37 East 135th St. Owners of lost dogs and cats and responsible persons wishing to secure pets should apply at the Shelter.

For Sale—Miscellaneous.

ADDING MACHINES
rebuilt, all styles and makes; Burroughs, Comptometers, Wales, &c., for sale or rent, from $40 up, guaranteed for one year.

ADDING MACHINE INSP. & SALES CO., Phone 6739 Cort. 220 Broadway, N. Y. C.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED
4 months for $5 and upward.
AMERICAN WRITING MACHINE CO., Inc.,
345 Broadway at Leonard St. } Tel. 5408
956 Broadway at 23d St. } Franklin.
10 Barclay St., Tel. 6353 Cortlandt.

Have just purchased an entire broker's office, consisting of roll, flat, typewriter desks, chairs, tables, hat trees, telephone booths, partitions and railings, oak and mahogany. Quick & McKenna, 6 Reade St., New York.

Slightly used office furniture, safes, typewriters, adding machines, cash registers, Multigraphs, filing cabinets, Neostyles, Addressograph, partitions. Nathan's, 102 Worth, near Broadway.

For Sale.—Large private stamp collection; opportunity for one desiring to start rare collection. Call and inspect, Room 2,003, No. 2 Rector St., New York City.

For Sale.—Complete files of New York Times and Herald, during the war between the North and the South. Address A. D., No. 530 Broadway, Kingston, N. Y.

Typewriters rented, 3 months, $4.50 up; sold at lowest prices, cash or payments; expert repairing. Durant McLean Typewriter Co. 265 Broadway.

150 typewriters costing $100 each new, now $5 and up; 25 drop-leaf typewriter cabinet desks selling out 393 Broadway.

Large carpet 12x33, mahogany china closet, fine lot of furniture. 781 8th Av., (48th.)

Cameras.

BARGAINS IN CAMERAS.
Come and look over our stock of second-hand Graflex, Premos, Centuries, film and plate cameras; all bargain lists discounted.
HERBERT & HUESGEN CO.,
311 Madison Av., at 42d St.

Boarders Wanted

East Side.

5TH AV, 47.—Unusual accommodations; double and single rooms, with board; table board; references.

34TH, 117-119 EAST { Large and small rooms, with board.

West Side.

5TH AV., 46.—Desirable, furnished single, double rooms; superior table; references; table guests; Southerners accommodated.

16TH, 20, 22, 33 WEST.—Large and small rooms, well furnished; unexcelled board; telephone.

22D ST., 327 WEST, (the Elms.)—Suite of 2 rooms; private bath; double, single rooms; $18 two; $7-$10 single; home cooking. Tel. Chelsea 2554.

44TH, 258-260 WEST, (Alliance Hotel.)—Quiet place for quiet people, with home comforts, in the heart of New York City; single and double rooms; also suites with private baths; steam heat, elevator, and telephone service; rooms and board optional; references required. Phone 6068 Bryant.

53D, 57 WEST.—Large, small rooms; private baths; superior cuisine; table guests; moderate; references.

56TH ST., 62 WEST.—Desirable rooms, with board; references.

57TH, 351 WEST.—Large and small front rooms; all conveniences; good board; reference; telephone.

68TH, 74 WEST.—Desirable double, single rooms, board; private baths; families; convenient cars; reasonable.

68TH ST., 58 WEST.—Comfortably furnished rooms, single or en suite; board optional.

70TH, 30 WEST.—Large comfortable room with dressing room; every convenience; board; best location.

71ST ST., 120 WEST.
Attractive rooms; all conveniences; table guests accommodated.

73D, 155 WEST.—Double and single rooms; every convenience; excellent table; phone; moderate.

73D, 181 WEST.—Ideal Summer location; absolutely clean, cool; double and single room; moderate.

76TH, 127-129 WEST.—Single, double rooms; parlor dining; reasonable; table guests.

77TH, 104 WEST.—Large, pleasant room, private bath; also medium; table board; telephone; references.

78TH, 121 WEST.—Large and small rooms, adjoining bath; elegant private house; gentlemen; moderate.

79TH ST., 114-132 WEST.
Norece Hall-The Bonheur, residential hotels; attractive, unusual, homelike; Southern cooking, white service; out-of-town guests accommodated. Write for booklet.

80TH ST., 108 WEST.—Permanent business party desiring private atmosphere, true home surroundings; ladies' residence with all comforts; superior table; references.

80TH ST., 143 WEST.—Large room, adjoining bath; inducements to business people; references.

82D ST., 52 WEST.—Connecting rooms, with beautiful bath; board optional. Telephone Schuyler 8397.

86TH ST., 149 WEST.—Exceptionally handsome rooms; excellent table; beautiful street; references.

86TH ST., 114 WEST.—One large and one small room; references.

92D, 54 WEST.—Large rooms; private baths; excellent table. Telephone 9939 Riverside.

94TH, 16 WEST.—Furnished or unfurnished rooms with board; newly decorated house; telephone; references.

95TH, 65 WEST. Cool, attractive dining; cuisine, service exceptional; telephone operator, hall boy attendance.

102D ST., 216 WEST.—In private family, two handsomely furnished, sunny, front rooms, single or en suite; excellent table. Field.

103D ST., 252 WEST. — Attractive rooms, second, third floor; private bath; bachelors, couples; Riverside; Subway; table.

105TH, 309 WEST.—Beautifully equipped new private dwelling overlooking Hudson, Riverside; extra large connecting rooms, private baths, electricity, parquet floors; absolutely superior to boarding house life; terms moderate.

113TH ST., 544 WEST, (Near Broadway.)—Double and single rooms; table guests; home cooking.

113TH ST., 625 WEST.—Table board that is unsurpassed; appointments of the best. Telephone Morningside 8186.

119TH ST., 419 WEST.—Superior food; breakfasts, 10c-35c; noon dinner, 25c; table d'hote evening dinner, 35-50c. Cooper's Kings Cote Restaurant.

114TH ST., 526 WEST.—Delightfully situated room adjoining bath; suitable for two; exceptional table board.

Boarders Wanted

West Side.

122D, 156 WEST.—Large, well-furnished room; excellent table; reference; table guests.

141ST, 527 WEST.—Attractively furnished suite; also single; lavatory; all conveniences; references; table guests.

130TH ST., 250 WEST.—Private dwelling, nicely furnished front room, suitable for one or two; also small room, with good board; reasonable.

157TH ST. SUBWAY, WEST.—Pleasant room overlooking Hudson; elevator apartment; excellent board. Tel. 203 Aud.

CONVENT AV., 336.—Ideal Summer location; Washington Heights; large, comfortable rooms, with dressing room; also medium; absolutely clean; excellent table. 144th St.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, (116th.)—Married couple or two ladies can secure accommodations in private adult family owning beautiful apartment; southwestern exposure; balcony; cool; references exchanged. Phone 6694—Morningside, (Apartment 48.)

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 855, (the Woodbury, 2 blocks north of 157th St. Subway.)—Wonderful spot; beautiful grounds; country house on Manhattan; references exchanged.

THE EVELYN LODGE.
Ocean traffic passing windows; 20 minutes Manhattan; charming residence; elegant sunny rooms, suites; every luxurious convenience; superb dining room; excellent chef and service; separate tables; rates moderate. 71 Central Av., Tompkinsville, S. I.

WEST END AV., 879, (103d.)—Large corner room; all conveniences; splendid cuisine; Summer rates.

Brooklyn.

COLUMBIA HEIGHTS, 187. — Convenient Subway, cars; large, small rooms, private bath; excellent table; harbor view.

PIERREPONT ST., 76.—Convenient Borough Hall, Subway; rooms, private bath; excellent table. Phone 1159-W Main.

Country Board

New York City.

IN THE COUNTRY—
IN NEW YORK CITY.
It's an ideal spot, 300 feet above the Hudson; eight-acre park; attractive, rambling hotel, accommodating 50 guests; modern conveniences; excellent cuisine; moderate rates; accessible by train or Subway; 30 to 45 minutes. Address for booklet, THE CHESTNUTS, Riverdale-on-Hudson, (in New York City.) Tel. Kingsbridge 135.

Long Island.

Rockaway Park, 46 Second Av.—Desirable, cool rooms, $125 until October. Balconies overlooking ocean.

New England.

PRIVATE, quiet country home for invalids; comfort and good food assured. Europeenne, 98 Times.

Furnished Rooms

East Side.

19TH, 134 EAST.—Large, comfortable room; running water, bath adjoining; suitable two; telephone; references.

28TH, 109 EAST.—Large and medium size, light, airy, comfortable rooms, bath convenient; gentlemen preferred; phone, Subway.

30TH ST., 39 EAST.—All newly furnished, porcelain bath; large parlor; piano; phone.

43D ST., 130 EAST.—To business lady or gentleman, large, beautifully furnished room; strictly private home; connecting bath; telephone; separate entrance; near Grand Central and all lines. Ring first bell.

44TH ST., 136 EAST.—Large room, well furnished; all conveniences; also hall room; private house.

55TH ST., 81 EAST.—A beautiful room, suitable for one or two. Tel. 3800 Plaza.

62D, 240 EAST.—Attractive front parlor; hot and cold water; select neighborhood; reasonable.

69TH ST., 204 EAST.—Beautiful furnished parlor floor; running hot and cold water; light, clean; big closets; telephone; would be suitable for doctor.

IRVING PLACE, 14.—Front rooms; box spring beds; tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness.

IRVING PLACE, 55, (Between 17th and 18th Sts.)—Large and small; Summer prices; telephone.

LEXINGTON AV. 586, (52d.)—Homelike, clean, comfortable room; breakfast; bath and phone; private house.

MADISON AV., 175.—Attractively furnished room, all conveniences; private bath; breakfast optional; excellent neighborhood; moderate.

MADISON AV., 527.—Large and small furnished rooms, adjoining bath; electricity, telephone; references.

West Side.

13TH ST., 156 WEST.—For rent, newly furnished large room; private family.

15TH ST., 349 WEST.—Comfortable single room; gentleman; $2.50; exclusive private house; telephone; desirable.

42D ST., 322 WEST.—Nicely furnished; bath; telephone; $2 upward; gentlemen. Hughes, Number 322 only.

47TH ST., 41 WEST.—Elegant suite; shower bath; electric light; hardwood floors; Otis elevator; reasonable.

47TH, 68 WEST. — Nicely furnished large, small rooms; all conveniences; desirable location.

47TH, 53 WEST.—Rooms, large, single; private baths; board optional. 4589 Bryant.

68TH, 38 WEST.—Room to rent with hot and cold running water; modern conveniences.

70TH ST., 117 WEST.—Elegantly furnished large front rooms; other rooms; telephone; references.

70TH ST., 136 WEST.—Back parlor, private bath; also one on second floor; southern exposure; references.

71ST ST., 165 WEST, (Off Broadway.)—Immaculately clean furnished rooms; running water.

72D, 123 WEST.—Strictly private family will rent room, select bachelors only; furnished or unfurnished rooms or en suite; "L" and Subway.

72D ST., 103 WEST.—Pleasant, large, medium rooms; private house; telephone; reference.

73D, 160 WEST.—Single and double rooms; large closets; all conveniences; private house; near "L," Subway; gentlemen only.

73D, WEST.—Attractive room adjoining bath for gentleman; private house; references. Z 113 Times.

76TH ST., 125 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms; refined neighborhood; breakfast optional; telephone; references.

76TH ST., 56 WEST.—Second floor, private house; also room with bath.

77TH ST., 160 WEST.—Medium and single rooms; conveniences; gentlemen; reference; reasonable.

78TH ST., 114 WEST.—Attractive, large, also medium-sized room, with running water; bath adjoining.

79TH, 169 WEST.—Beautiful, large, sunny suite; private bath; together or single; block Subway.

79TH, 225 WEST.—Private family; unusually large, handsome rooms; select parties; superior surroundings; references.

80TH ST., 104 WEST.—Private family will rent few large, nicely furnished rooms; running water; electric light; telephone; with or without private bath; near elevated and Subway; Summer rates.

80TH, 110 WEST.—Nicely furnished, large and small rooms; select neighborhood; telephone; Summer rates.

80TH ST., 122 WEST.—Bachelor home; especially attractive rooms; bath, electric lights; quiet surroundings; references.

80TH ST., 132 WEST.—Medium room; plenty sunlight; running hot and cold water; private family.

80TH ST., 135 WEST.—Nice front room, with telephone extension; running water, &c.; convenient location; rent reasonable.

80TH ST., 104 WEST.—Beautiful parlor floor for doctor or dentist; moderate rent.

81ST ST., 160 WEST.—Exceptionally clean room; improvements; Subway, L; telephone; private family. Horton.

82D ST., 152 WEST.—Large, handsomely furnished second-floor front; running water; refined neighborhood; phone.

83D ST., 11 WEST.—Cool, first flight front, bath connecting; parlor floor; private bath; moderate.

84TH ST., 25 WEST.—Southerner wishes rent furnished suite rooms; business people; first floor; references.

85TH, 140 WEST.—Well furnished, large, small rooms; suitable two; private; telephone; Subway, "L."

86TH ST., 341 WEST.—Large, handsomely furnished second-floor room, with private bath; unusually desirable; Subway, elevated, Riverside; references.

91ST, 46 WEST.—Large front room; large closets, running water; suitable two; telephone; moderate.

92D ST., 74 WEST.—Large front parlor, with one or two adjoining rooms; running water; furnished or unfurnished; ground floor; reasonable.

93D ST., 10 WEST.—Delightful, clean single rooms; elevator; telephone; references. Brien.

93D ST., 177 WEST.—Front parlor suite; other front rooms; Summer rate; newly furnished; telephone.

95TH, 145 WEST.—Outside room adjacent bath; lavatory; telephone; convenient transit; private house; gentlemen.

97TH ST., 315 WEST.—Beautiful rooms; modern elevator apartment; every convenience imaginable; reasonable. Inquire elevator boy.

Furnished Rooms

West Side.

101ST ST., 230 WEST.—Private family; well-furnished, single room; gentleman; superior surroundings; references. Reilly.

103D, 139 WEST.—Large front room; running water; $6; telephone; private house.

107TH ST., 220 WEST.—Bright, airy, attractively furnished room; elevator; private family; references. Apartment 53.

107TH ST., (Broadway, 2,783.)—Light outside room; running water, elevator, telephone; suitable one, two. Jarett.

112TH ST., 505 WEST.—Desirable parlor bedroom; sunny; bath; telephone; Morningside Heights; Summer rate. Wilford.

113TH ST., 622 WEST, (near Riverside Drive.)—Attractive rooms, en suite or singly; elevator. Apartment 31.

114TH ST., 606 WEST.—Handsomely furnished room overlooking Broadway; electricity, shower baths; private house; reasonable.

114TH ST., 528 WEST.—Large room, with bath; ground floor; private house; near Columbia University; all conveniences.

115TH ST., 606 WEST.—Bright, attractive room, comfortably furnished; running water; desirable neighborhood; references. White.

115TH, 404 WEST, (Cathedral Heights, near Columbia University.)—Choice, light room; elevator. Apartment 51.

115TH, 604 WEST.—Large room; single; suite; lavatory; breakfast; 116th Subway. Wells.

116TH ST., 404 WEST, (block from Broadway Subway.)—Light, attractive rooms, overlooking Morningside Park. Morse.

118TH, 419 WEST.—Front suite, piano; single rooms; elevator, shower; Summer rate. Apartment 32.

122D, 126 WEST.—Large, small room; private kitchen; Subway; private location; reference.

122D, 416 WEST.—Bright room, overlooking park; also double room; kitchen; elevator; electricity. Apartment 31.

122D ST., 500 WEST.—Light room, reasonable; refined home; elevator, lavatory, kitchen; women; references. Brown.

124TH ST., 546 WEST.—Large, newly furnished front room; elevator apartment; nice neighborhood. Neff.

128TH, 48 WEST.—Two splendidly furnished rooms, connecting; very reasonable; quiet, private home; telephone.

137TH ST., 611 WEST, and Riverside Drive. —Elegantly furnished rooms; $4 per week and up; suites, private baths; restaurant service. The Pierson.

147TH ST., WEST, (near Broadway.)—Four nicely furnished rooms to sublet, May 15 to Sept. 15. Telephone Audubon 3970.

149TH ST., 552-554 WEST, (Near Broadway.) —Beautiful Riverside; coolest, healthiest section; "The Audubon"; bright, cool rooms, comfortably furnished; electric light; bathroom adjoining; $5 to $8; smaller room, $3; board optional. Telephone 2757 Audubon. Vandrann, Prop.

173D, 519 WEST.—Desirable room; adjoining bath; board optional; references. 'Phone Audubon 4828W.

175TH ST., 500 WEST.—Large, light, airy room; private family; no other boarders; breakfast optional. Phone 6560 Audubon. Morris.

ALL THE COMFORTS OF HOME, WITH NONE OF THE WORRIES. SUITE OR SINGLY, WITH OR WITHOUT MEALS. MAGNIFICENT LOCATION, ADJOINING CENTRAL PARK WEST. TELEPHONE EACH ROOM; EVERY MODERN CONVENIENCE. REFERENCES RIGIDLY DEMANDED. FIRST INSTANCE. P. O. 1719.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 327.—Two large rooms; running water; board optional; best of references. Osler.

CORNER OF 93D AND BROADWAY.—Elegantly furnished rooms; running water; private family. 2,491 Broadway. Inquire Purdy.

HAMILTON TERRACE, 11, (Near 144th, Convent Av.)—Large room; daintily furnished, $4.50; private residence.

LADY will rent front room in beautifully furnished corner apartment. Schuyler 8558.

LARGE ROOM, dressing room, private bath, Riverside Drive and 97th St.; private family. M 166 Times.

MORNINGSIDE DRIVE, 110.—Large rooms, large closet; price reasonable; call mornings or evenings. Griffing.

MORNINGSIDE DRIVE, 54.—Cozy rooms; delightful apartment; light housekeeping; Broadway Subway. Henry.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 587, (136th.)—Cool, outside, four windows, $8; also two windows, $6; suitable couple; board optional; elevator mornings, evenings. Wattles.

WEST END AV.—Charming room, with water; private family; references. G 145 Times.

Brooklyn.

CLUB ROOMS for young men; modern, all conveniences, electric light, hot and cold water, baths; rates reasonable; references required. Y. M. C. A., Marcy Av., near Broadway, Brooklyn.

CLEAN, HOMELIKE, SUNNY ROOM; all improvements; pleasant surroundings; near Park, express station; corner; reasonable. Also hall room. 371 9th St.

New Jersey.

TWO well-furnished rooms in private house; near Englewood golf links; Oakdene and 2d Sts., Palisade Park, N. J.; 20 minutes from 125th St.; board optional.

Rooms Wanted—Furnished.

BY REFINED young business woman small outside room in lady's apartment; west side, 70th to 100th St.; give full particulars; references exchanged. K 210 Times Downtown.

GENTLEMAN desires cheerful room above 70th St., in home of small family; congenial surroundings; $20 month. K 214 Times Downtown.

Furnished Rooms and Board Wanted.

INTERNATIONAL RESIDENTIAL BUREAU

Two ladies desire room and board, vicinity of 60th-90th. $15-$18.

Gentleman desires room and board within one hour's commuting distance; near seashore and bathing. $10-$12 week.

Wanted—Single room ($5 per week,) near elevated, vicinity 50th-130th.

Wanted—Unfurnished three-room apartment. $35-$40 per month.

THE INTERNATIONAL RESIDENTIAL BUREAU.
501 5th Av., suite 716.
'PHONE 5775 MURRAY HILL.

Help Wanted Female.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
NEW YORK,
Require the services of
EXPERIENCED HANDS ON SKIRTS
for their
ALTERATION WORKROOM.
Apply at Employment Office, 5th Floor,
32d St. Door.

LADY OF EXPERIENCE TO HANDLE FIELD AGENTS; CHILDREN'S BOOK PROPOSITION; STRAIGHT SALARY; MUST KNOW THE BUSINESS AND BE ABLE TO GIVE REFERENCE. ADDRESS, STATING FULL PARTICULARS, EXPERIENCE, AGE, &c., G. S. B., 158 TIMES.

OPERATORS on bath robes; steady work. F. W. Maas, 118 University Place.

STENOGRAPHER. — In publishing house; must have had experience in advertising; good chance for advancement; state fully experience, age, &c. T 160 Times.

SYDENHAM HOSPITAL Registered School for Nurses, 343 East 116th St., New York City.—General course of training for young women of education in the maternity, surgical, medical, and dispensary departments of the hospital; age limit, 20 to 35 years. Apply by letter or in person, Superintendent of Nurses.

WANTED—An experienced cook, also chambermaid, laundress; country; personal references required. 335 West End Av.

Instruction.

A.—SPECIAL COURSE FOR TRAINING SECRETARIES
at a reliable school. Registered by the Regents of the University of the State of New York.
INDIVIDUAL INSTRUCTION; MONTHLY PAYMENTS.
PRATT SCHOOL, 64 WEST 45TH ST.
KNOWN THROUGHOUT THE COUNTRY FOR THOROUGH WORK.

A.—THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES.
Aeolian Hall, 27 West 42d St.—Secretarial course only; stenography, secretarial English, accountancy, and social amenities.
V. M. WHEAT, Director.

Help Wanted, Male

AN ADVERTISING SOLICITOR, about 30 years of age, of good appearance; an excellent opportunity on commission basis for the man who is ambitious and willing to work, and who can procure the proper reception and inspire confidence. T 143 Times.

A YOUNG MAN of good address desirous of learning the real estate business; wages to start, $5 per week. K 212 Times Downtown.

BOYS of good appearance and between the ages of 17 and 20 for bank messengers; excellent references required. Address Boys, P. O. Box 822, New York.

ESTIMATOR wanted by builder; thoroughly familiar with mason and carpenter work; no attention will be paid to replies unless references, age, and salary desired are stated. A 158 Times.

Help Wanted, Male

CLOAKS AND SUITS SALESMAN WANTED FOR NEW YORK AND VICINITY BY A WELL ESTABLISHED FIRM; MUST BE ABLE TO SELL SUITS FROM $16.50 TO $35; MUST BE WELL ACQUAINTED WITH THE BEST TRADE; ONLY THOSE THAT CAN SELL AT LEAST $50,000 A YEAR NEED APPLY; ALL COMMUNICATIONS WILL BE KEPT STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL. ANSWER WITH REFERENCES AND FULL PARTICULARS, T 139 TIMES.

EXPERIENCED magazine and bookman for up-to-date proposition; commissions paid larger than any other magazine concern. Call Sales Manager, 10th floor, 134 West 29th St.

GAS ARC SALESMAN; SALARY AND COMMISSION. CALL 124 EAST 15TH ST., SIXTH FLOOR, BETWEEN 9 AND 10 AND 4 AND 5. INQUIRE FOR MR. STEACY.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
NEW YORK,
Require the services of an experienced
SHADE TACKER AND MOUNTER.
Apply at Employment Bureau, 5th Floor,
32d St. Side.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
NEW YORK,
require the services of an experienced man
to
BEND AND MAKE AWNING FRAMES;
also
A THOROUGHLY COMPETENT
AWNING BENCH MAN.
Apply at Employment Office, 5th Floor,
32d St. Side.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
NEW YORK,
require the services of experienced
SALESMEN
for their
CAMERA DEPARTMENT.
Apply at Employment Bureau, 5th Floor,
32d St. Side.

MAN of good address, who thoroughly understands investigation of wholesale trade; references required by credit agency; good opportunity; highest business and personal references; salary. Davis, 9 A M. Friday, 30 West 36th St.

MEN, well dressed, over 40, will find our proposition selling a modern household device direct to consumer very interesting. Call 58 West 15th St., first floor.

NOTION SALESMAN.—Young man; experienced; reference; wages. F. F., Times, Harlem.

PROOFROOM FOREMAN.—Must be well recommended and be used to large work; state experience and approximate salary wanted, giving past or present connections. Address Z 119 Times.

SALESMAN and demonstrator, preferably one familiar with automobiles, to market non-competitive product; wages, commission and expenses; $350 cash security required; only a hustler looking for a future need apply at Room 303, 1,876 Broadway. Mr. McNally.

SALESMEN WANTED.—No experience required; earn while you learn; write (or call) for list of positions open, paying $1,000 to $5,000 a year. National Salesmen's Training Association, 1,001 C, Candler Bldg., Times Square, New York. Branches everywhere.

SALESMAN.—Patented specialty; live, bona fide proposition for energetic man; absolutely new idea. Address for full particulars Patent, M 164 Times.

SALESMAN wanted for Middle West and South to handle line infants' coats; must be well acquainted. Z 129 Times.

SALESMAN for the Auto-Pneumatic Swimming Belt; high-class attractive goods. 309 Broadway, N. Y.

WANTED—ELOQUENT ORATOR WHO CAN SWAY AUDIENCES; MUST BE DISTINGUISHED APPEARING, ELEGANT DRESSER, AND HAVE THOROUGH KNOWLEDGE OF FRENCH LANGUAGE; COLLEGE GRADUATE PREFERRED; STATE FULL PARTICULARS AND SALARY EXPECTED; INTERVIEW WILL FOLLOW. M 125 TIMES

WANTED by a large daily newspaper, man with thorough experience on want advertising; one who has successfully managed want department of an important newspaper preferred; must be energetic, know how to direct and control a force of men, and promptly and efficiently execute employer's instructions; state explicitly experience and minimum salary until ability clearly demonstrated; applications strictly confidential, if so desired. Box M 160 Times.

WANTED FOR U. S. ARMY—Able-bodied, unmarried men between ages of 18 and 35; citizens of United States or men who have declared their intention to become citizens, of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read, and write the English language. For information apply to Recruiting Officer, 25 3d Av., 749 6th Av., New York City, 363 Fulton St., Brooklyn, N. Y., 162 Newark Av., Jersey City, N. J., or any army recruiting station.

WANTED in a large fire insurance office a young man, 23 to 30, who writes a rapid, legible hand and is quick and accurate at figures; answer stating age, salary, and experience. Accounting, K 202 Times Downtown.

WANTED—In the office of a large mercantile house, a young man to make out bills and general office work; good chance for advancement. M 126 Times.

WANTED—A bright and intelligent office boy of good family. Apply between 9:30 and 10:30. Room 903, 29 West 39th St.

WANTED. — Lithographic map engravers; send samples and state terms. A. Hoen & Co., Baltimore, Md.

Instruction.

A.—A.—A.— BOOKKEEPERS.
Make a plan for your work, then work your plan. A good plan to earn more money is to learn more about your work. Theo. Koehler, C. P. A., practicing accountant and teacher for 25 years, personally conducts
THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF ACCOUNTS
1,133 Broadway, Manhattan.
You become his apprentice more than student. Bookkeeping, accountancy, factory costs. Write for essay on Efficiency, terms, &c.

A.—THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES.
Aeolian Hall, 27 West 42d St.—Secretarial course only; stenography, secretarial English, accountancy, and social amenities.
V. M. WHEAT, Director.

Agents Wanted.

GRAIN and FEED AGENTS wanted; state experience; references. Box V 159 Times.

Situations Wanted

Female.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER; well educated; executive ability; intelligent; references. Miss Schatz, 290 Georgia Av., Brooklyn.

CARETAKERS, private house, city, by man and wife, with one child; reference, 15 years. T., 390 Amsterdam Av.

CHAMBERMAID.—Present employer can be seen. 20 West 52d St.

EXPERT MASSEUSE at ladies' residences; all cases Summer rates. Mackof, 175 West 85th St., City.

LADY, closing her house for the Summer, desires situation for competent laundress, willing to assist with chamber work. Call Friday, between 10 and 1, at 101 East 39th St.

NURSERY GOVERNESS.—French; wants a position with family going abroad .235 East 72d St.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, typewriter; 8 years' experience; thorough details. Reidenbach, 305 East 90th St.

SEAMSTRESS.—First-class, wishes a position with a private family. M 165 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—First class; 10 years' experience with one firm; thoroughly qualified; reliable services; conscientious, faithful, willing; excellent references; nice appearance; salary, $15. Valuable, K 209 Times Downtown.

SETNOGRAPHER.—Knowledge bookkeeping; neat appearance; good figurer; transcribe accurately; small salary. Reliable, 1,731 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn. Phone 660 E. N. Y.

STENOGRAPHER, six years' experience; rapid, accurate typist; familiar with filing, billing and being generally useful; $15; references furnished. H 378 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Bright, conscientious, reliable beginner, business school graduate; will work hard for advancement. Mary Tobin, 605 Madison Av. 'Phone Plaza 1799.

STENOGRAPHER and TYPEWRITER for law office; $8 to start; must have some experience. F. X. Wazeter, 109 East 3d St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Exceptionally bright beginner, 19, wishes position in a law office; anxious to get a start; salary incidental. K Box H 46 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Educated, intelligent, up-to-date American girl; understands Spanish. Efficient, H 280 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER; beginner; refined girl just graduated wishes position; $6; excellent references. H 360 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter; short experience; neat, intelligent; good penman; no agency; $8. H 332 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Competent, reliable; any kind of stenographic work. K 208 Times Downtown.

Situations Wanted

Female.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter; just graduated; excellent record; neat, accurate, capable; American; $6. H 331 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Well-educated, experienced, accurate; good speed; salary, $8. K 205 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, one year's experience, refined American, wishes position busy office; references. H 377 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Bright beginner; business school graduate; $6. K 211 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — Six years' experience; busy office; any kind of dictation; $15. Competent, H 302 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, bookkeeper, typewriter; neat and accurate; salary reasonable; best references. Schultz, 91 Delancey St.

STENOGRAPHER wishes permanent position; 3 years' experience; references; $10. J. R., 223 East 95th St.

STENOGRAPHER, high school graduate, experienced; good grammarian and speller; $12-$15. H 376 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPIST.—Six years' commercial experience; competent; $12. H., 1,418 5th Av.

STUDENT desires stenographic employment afternoons. M. L. Maguire, 502 E. 77th St.

SWEDISH GIRL, graduated from high school and gymnasium, medical institute, Stockholm, desires position to travel with a lady and give her massage; speaks English and German; best references. Z 123 Times.

TYPIST, general office worker, knowledge of shorthand; experienced; $9. Sigall, 54 West 118th.

TYPEWRITING.—Experienced typist will do copy work at home. Typist, 156 Times.

YOUNG LADY, 19, desires position as companion for elderly lady; good reference. Write Julia Jaccard, Hillsdale, N. J.

Situations Wanted

Male

ACCOUNTANT and bookkeeper; manufacturing or contracting concern who needs the services of an A1 accountant in cost work or general bookkeeping, to examine, supervise, or install a system to determine cost of production or construction or to supervise their books and assume charge of their office details can secure the services of an expert during spare time. S. E., Times, Harlem.

ACCOUNTANT, CERTIFIED.—Books opened, closed, audited, written up, systematized; financial statements prepared; investigations; work confidential; rates moderate; personal service. C. P. A., 132 Nassau St., Room 702. Phone Beekman 2730.

ACCOUNTANT, expert, opens, closes, audits, or systematizes books; prepares financial statements; makes investigations; work confidential; charges moderate; personal service given. W. H. Smith, 149 Broadway. Tel. 2141 Cortlandt.

ACCOUNTANT.—Audits, investigations, installs symplified systems that tell just what you want to know about the operation of your business. Room 815, 35 Nassau St. Telephone Cortlandt 1330.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up; reasonable. Accountant, 32 Union Square. 'Phone 2259 Stuyvesant.

ADVERTISING MAN.—College and N. Y. U. commerce trained; experience with agency, large publishers; valuable assistant; good correspondent; private secretary. Reed, 2,148 7th Av.

A MAN OF BUSINESS ability and integrity; experienced corporation and private secretary; first-class bookkeeper, stenographer; able auditor and accountant; best of references; outside New York no objection. M 139 Times.

A YOUNG MAN desires to locate with an advertising agency or in advertising department of large concern; has five years' experience soliciting classified and general for leading New York papers; best references; state conditions and salary. M 163 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, (24,) competent, thoroughly experienced, take entire charge books; highly recommended. H 337 Times Downtown.

BOOKLETS and special advertising are often necessary; I am an expert in this work; my prices are lowest in New York; may I call? M 168 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 23, 5½ years' experience; highly indorsed; $18. Davidson, 168 East 112th.

BOY.—Neat, clean, intelligent; school graduate; honest, willing; best references. Thomas, H 300 Times Downtown.

CHAUFFEUR.—I would like to place a man who has been in my employ four years; competent, reliable, trustworthy, of good appearance and address; salary, $25 per week; a man who can be trusted with your family; one of many to be appreciated. I would be pleased to communicate or interview such person who may need his services. H. H. Frost, Jr., 141 Broadway, New York City.

CHAUFFEUR, neat, careful driver; own repairs; useful; good habits; licensed New York and New Jersey; go anywhere; good references. Carlo Bain, 312 East 33d St., City.

CHAUFFEUR, French, 2 years with present employer, desires a change, due to extremely long hours. Address Chauffeur, Garage, 307 West 44th St.

CHAUFFEUR.—Six years' experience; married; steady and reliable; careful driver. William Schillinger, 244 East 128th St.

GENTLEMAN wishes to place his chauffeur, Frenchman; understands some English; polite, honest; very capable mechanic and driver; industrious and obliging; city or country, latter preferred; good man for family of ladies and children. M 145 Times.

JAPANESE, experienced butler, valet, desires position; tall, neat, trustworthy, and competent to take charge of gentleman's apartment; best city references. Address Kanda, 469 West 157th St.

PURCHASING AGENT, cost accountant, or production manager, thoroughly competent and familiar with up to date systems, also able to handle office and factory help, having had 16 years' experience with two large corporations, wants position with machinery, electrical, or hardware manufacturing company; can furnish high-grade references, including public accountants who audited work for several years. Address K. M., 810 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

SALES MANAGER.—Technical college man, 28; recently in charge of Chicago and New York sales department for large specialty house; open for engagement as salesman or manager. M 169 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPEWRITER.—Young man, (29,) ten years' commercial and banking experience; seven years with last firm; $23. K 201 Times Downtown.

VALET.—Swede, speaking French and German; best of references; G. B. 1913. M 150 Times.

YOUNG MAN, American, with experience in South American country and export experience in New York, seeks opening in export or manufacturing house; able to handle foreign sales correspondence; knowledge Spanish and French; best references. H 373 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 30, American, good appearance, possessing business getting ability, seeks position with commercial establishment; or road as salesman. M 142 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (22,) past 4 years with lace establishment, would like position with reliable concern with chance advancement. Nat. Adler, 511 East 87th St., City.

YOUNG MAN, 20, mechanically inclined, wants to learn trade; salary not an object; not a clock watcher; is a hustler and very willing. Box H 33 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 21, desires position as driver, or anything. Thos. Berger, 1,797 Bergen St., Brooklyn.

Employment Bureaus.

Help Wanted.—Domestic.

A. A. HOFMAYER, Reed & Barton Building, 320-322 5th Av., 9th floor, telephone 4527 Madison Square, agency for superior domestic help.

COMPETENT colored help; all trades supplied. Riverside Agcy, 12 West 99th St. 1538 Riverside.

COUPLES, general workers, colored, city, country; waiters, porters, useful men. 7288 Morningside.

Situations Wanted.—Domestic.

A.—For excellent colored servants phone Riverside 4375. Domestic Service Agency, 203 West 98th St.

ALL HELP, (selected colored,) shortest notice. Middlesex Employment Agency, 29 West 134th St. Harlem 6370.

CHELSEA SQUARE
BUREAU OF INFORMATION.
MARY C. NELSON,
156 5th Av., Agency. Gramercy 4428.
Departments—Foreign, Literary, Travelers, Entertainment, and Art.

COLORED HOUSEWORKERS.—Several neat girls, experienced, good references, thoroughly investigated, want places; other Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency,) 314 West 59th. Phone 4786 Columbus. Established 1890.

COMPETENT HELP, short notice, procurable at Progressive Agency; reliable. 34 West 131st St. 5370 Harlem.

COOK and coarse washing, chambermaid and waitress; North of Ireland sisters; excellent references; city or country. Mrs. Cooper's Agency, 657 6th Av.

FIRST-CLASS SERVANTS.—Berta Carlson's Employment Agency, 2,494 Broadway, corner 93d. Tel. 9527 Riverside.

HOUSEWORKERS, chambermaids, cooks, couples; city, country. Henderson Agency, 110 West 134th St. Morningside 486.

HOUSEWORKER.—Neat, willing girl; good cook; excellent laundress; city, country; finest reference; $25; colored. Pearson's Agency, 5049 Harlem.

THE ALGONQUIN EMPLOYMENT AGENCY. —Efficient servants supplied. 769 Lexington Av. 'Phone Plaza 4961.

MAY DAY PARADES BY 50,000 WORKERS

Men and Women, Marching in Two Columns, Meet at Last in a Big Rally.

SHOW STRIKERS' CHILDREN

Plenty of Revolutionary Oratory, but Day Passes Without Incident of Disorder.

Boastful in hundreds of banners and placards of strikes won in the last year, and denouncing in hundreds of red-lettered sandwich-signs the "capitalist system" and the "exploitation of labor," some 50,000 organized workers, men and women, wearing the bright red of Socialism and the worldwide blood bond of labor, marched through the streets of Manhattan yesterday to celebrate the 1st of May, the international holiday of workers.

It was a fine day and a fine parade, but, whereas, in former years May Day has always been attended with some great strike in this city for the marching Socialists to make capital of, this year there was none. It was a strikeless May Day for New York, and the paraders had to import some 110 children of Paterson silk strikers from New Jersey to give concrete embodiment to the woes of the workers. Pending the settlement of the silk strike, the children will be cared for in the homes of workers in this city.

Despite the many signs denouncing the capitalist system, moreover, this May Day parade was marked by a look of general sleek comfort and good cheer among the triumphant marchers, and was especially notable for a certain spirit of friendliness toward some of their employers hitherto absent in such parades, and this time manifested in many signs and banners advertising individual detachments of the parade as employes of this or that firm and shop.

Plenty of Fiery Oratory.

When the various parades through the city met in a final rally in Union Square Park, there was plenty of fiery and revolutionary oratory, lasting almost two hours, in English, German, Italian, and Yiddish. Care was taken by some of the speakers, however, to caution the assembled multitude against "falling into the trap the capitalists had laid for them" by resorting to deeds of violence.

The May Day paraders marched in two great columns, one starting uptown under the lead of the Socialist Party, and the other downtown under the lead of the United Hebrew Trades. The latter parade which was the larger of the two, started at Rutgers Square at 1 P. M., and marched through Canal Street, Orchard, Broome, Attorney, Rivington, Eldridge, East Houston, Second Avenue, First Street, Bleecker, Lafayette, West Fourth, Washington Square, Fifth Avenue, Thirtieth Street, Fourth Avenue, and Seventeenth Street to Union Square.

In this line of march were various organizations of the United Hebrew Trades, the Jewish Branch of the Socialist Party, the Ladies' Waist and Dress Makers' Union, locals of the United Brotherhood of Cloakmakers, Cloak and Buttonhole Makers' Union, the Cloak and Suit Makers' Union, the International Furriers' Union, delegates of the United Garment Workers' Union, and of the White Goods Workers' Union. Over one thousand girl shirtwaist workers marched in white shirtwaists with red sailor collars and cuffs.

The banners and placards—red lettered most of them, in English, Italian, and Yiddish—gave expression to the spirit of the marchers.

"The Unionized Needle is Mightier than the Sword!" announced the banner of the Ladies' Waist and Dress Makers' union.

"Let Greed Not Feed on Need," rhymed another.

Recall Triangle Fire.

"We Want a Square Deal and No Triangle Disasters," read another placard, with a square and a black triangle to illustrate the sentiment. Persons in the building where the fire caused the death of more than one hundred workers had reason to remember that catastrophe yesterday, for almost every detachment of the two-hour-long parade of the downtown marchers, as it passed up Washington Square East, at that point broke off the blaring strains of quick martial music abruptly and slid into slow, solemn strains of a funeral march, the workers bareheaded falling into slower step behind the bands.

At Union Square North the downtown parade and the uptown parade, which had started from the Labor Temple, at Eighty-fourth Street and Second Avenue, and marched, 6,000 strong, down First Avenue to Fifty-seventh Street and then down Fifth Avenue, joined into one red-decked multitude. The cottage at the north end of the park had been draped with United States and Socialist flags and fitted up as a speakers' pavilion, while other platforms were arranged east and west of this on cart tails and moving vans. Here the crowds poured in to hear the speeches.

In the uptown parade, which arrived at the disbanding point late, was one of two vans of children of the Paterson silk strikers, who were greeted with tremendous cheers and waving of hands. Another picturesque feature of this parade was the show of the Bakers and Confectioners' Union, which came preceded by a huge cake, borne on the shoulders of sixteen men and portraying Eugene Debs on a tall Presidential chair.

Algernon Lee, Secretary of the Rand School, was Chairman of the speechmaking rally at the cottage. He sounded a note of warning against violence to the multitude below.

The speakers on the cottage platform, besides Mr. Lee, were Ludwig Loree of The Volkszeitung, Mrs. Marie McDonald of The New York Call, Mrs. Anita C. Block, Augustus Claessens, Jacob Panken, Meyer Wanhope, Charles Matchett, the first Socialist candidate for President of the United States; William Karlin, B. Feigenbaum, Victor Grayson, and Lucien Sanial of the French Commune of 1848.

Over in the east end of the park a wagon drew up bearing a great red banner of the Industrial Workers of the World, whom the Socialists hate just about as religiously as they do the anarchists of the Ferrer school, also represented in the marching columns yesterday. The I. W. W. orators were not suffered to speak from the main platform, but they spoke the louder from the cart-tail in Italian and Yiddish.

At the northwest end of the park the United Hebrew Trades orators held forth in loud and gesticulative Yiddish, assisted by the Society for the Relief of Exiles in Siberia, and expressed almost exclusively by B. Weinstein, general organizer and secretary.

PATERSON KIDDIES POPULAR.

Biggest Enthusiasm of Day When They Arrive in Union Square.

Two automobile vans loaded with children of the striking silk workers of Paterson left that city under the auspices of the Industrial Workers of the World yesterday for New York to take part in the workers' May Day parade and thereafter to be cared for by workingmen's families here until the strike in Paterson is settled. An offer by the city to care for the children was refused.

At 11:30 o'clock the first auto van, in charge of Sumner Boyd of the I. W. W., left Paterson with eighty-five children of eighteen different nationalities. The second, under Miss Margaret H. Sanger, containing twenty-six more children, left a little later. Most of the 110 children, ranging in age from 6 to 12 years, were healthy-looking and bright-eyed and eager for the trip.

The first van reached New York at the Forty-second Street Ferry at 2 o'clock in the afternoon. It was taken to Fifth Avenue and Fifty-seventh Street, where it fell in the line of march of the uptown parade. The second van arrived here too late to take part in the parade.

The big auto labeled "Children of Paterson Strikers" in great red letters reached Union Square at 4:10 o'clock, and was greeted with the greatest burst of cheering of the day.

Last night the youngsters were distributed at the Labor Temple among various families and organizations here that have been investigated and guaranteed as thoroughly able to care for them until the silk strike is settled. Dr. Warbasse, a Brooklyn physician, who took care of half a dozen of the Lawrence strikers' children some months ago, took care of as many of the Paterson strikers' young. The Ferrer School, at 103 East 107th Street, turned one of its rooms into a dormitory and took care of three.

There were other children that figured in yesterday's May Day celebration. Some 2,000 children of the free schools of Manhattan and Long Island City started a parade from the Labor Temple yesterday morning. Most of them wore red, and carried banners announcing that they were against child labor, drudgery, and consumption, and wanted health, knowledge, and pleasure.

PLANS REPUBLICAN REVOLT.

Gardner Out to Head National Committee and Oust McKinley.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 1.—Representative Augustus P. Gardner of Massachusetts, son-in-law of Senator Henry Cabot Lodge, has organized a revolt within the Republican membership of the House of Representatives, with the object of bringing about a reorganization of the Republican National Congressional Committee, so that those who have heretofore been foremost in this organization will be eliminated or kept in the background.

Mr. Gardner fired his first shot to-day when he issued a statement, announcing that he intended to be a candidate for membership in the new committee, and if elected would seek to be chosen as its Chairman. The Republican Congressional Committee is composed of one Senator or Representative from each State having Republicans in their Congressional delegations, and a prominent Republican from every State which has a solid Democratic delegation in Congress.

William B. McKinley of Illinois is the present Chairman of the committee. A recent movement among friends of Mr. McKinley in the House to have him again chosen as Chairman of the committee, though he is out of Congress, aroused Representative Gardner's ire, and he has been endeavoring to arrange a combination among the Republican Representatives to defeat Mr. McKinley.

Representative Gardner in his statement says:

"If I am elected I shall try to unite my colleagues under a more liberal banner than some of the leaders of my party have displayed during the last few years."

FOLIES BERGERE FAILS.

Charges Troubles to Early Closing—Petition in Bankruptcy.

Mayor Gaynor's cabaret closing order was said yesterday to be the cause of the trouble into which the Folies Bergere Restaurant at Broadway and Forty-seventh Street has fallen. As a result of the strict enforcement of the 1 o'clock closing order the receipts on Saturday nights have been reduced by from $700 to $800.

A petition in bankruptcy was filed yesterday in the Federal District Court against the Macon Hotel Restaurant Co., the owner of the establishment, and Judge Hazel appointed John B. Cartwright receiver and gave him authority to continue the business for ten days. The petition was granted at the instance of Waterman & Co., creditors for $436, Charles Schellenberger, who claims $3,500 and Julius E. Siegel, who asks for $250. William C. Rosenberg is their counsel.

Mr. Rosenberg set the liabilities yesterday at $75,000, a large portion of which he said was secured by collateral, while the assets he estimated at $5,000.

BOY ACCUSES TEACHER.

Says Miss Mehl Severely Punished Him—She Denies It.

The parents of eleven-year-old Carl Portoffe of 8,662 Seventeenth Avenue, Bath Beach, are intended as a result of a story told by the boy to the effect that he was severely punished by his teacher, Miss May Mehl of 144 Bay Sixteenth Street, during a drawing lesson in Public School 163 on Monday afternoon. The boy asserts that the teacher cuffed his ears and then thrust one of her fingers into his left ear, drawing blood. When she saw the blood, the boy says, she told him to go and wash his face, but instead of obeying he went home.

John Portoffe, the father of the lad, a carpenter, visited the school yesterday and made a complaint to the principal, Miss Margaret Lynch. The latter investigated the charge, but could find no corroboration of the story from the other pupils. Miss Mehl denied the charge. The boy is still ill from severe pains in his head, according to his parents.

POLICE HUNT HIGGINBOTHAM

Bail of ex-Magistrate Is Forfeited for His Non-Appearance.

Ex-Magistrate Higginbotham, who eluded a detective armed with a warrant for his arrest last October by appearing often in public places, was again the object of a police search yesterday when Magistrate Dooley declared the $1,000 bond for his appearance in the Brooklyn Domestic Relations Court forfeited.

Higginbotham was due to appear yesterday to answer a charge of non-support made against him by his wife. Mrs. Higginbotham was in court, but he was not. James J. Noonan, a saloonkeeper, of 391 Myrtle Avenue, who furnished the bail, told Magistrate Dooley that after a diligent search he had failed to find the defendant.

When the bond had been forfeited Detective Mulvaney was sent out to find Higginbotham. At 49 Fourth Avenue, Brooklyn, where he is living, it was said that he had not been seen there yesterday.

CHARGE OF MOUNTED POLICE QUELLS RIOT

With Red Shirt as Flag, Italian Strikers March from Jamaica to Richmond Hill.

BEGIN TO SMASH BOXCARS

Small Force of Police Arrives at Gallop and Dashes Into Them—Shots Disperse Mob Quickly.

Three hundred Italians employed in construction work on the Long Island Railroad gathered at the Jamaica station yesterday morning at 9 o'clock and demanded an increase in wages from $1.75 to $2 per day. It was refused, and the men hung about in angry knots until several policemen drove them away.

They started to march toward Dunton, where another gang of Italians was at work. Some of these joined the strike, but others refused and were showered with stones as they walked away to avoid trouble.

The strikers had gained, however, 300 recruits, and as they turned toward Richmond Hill one of them, divesting himself of a red flannel shirt, hoisted it as a flag on a pole. Every gang of Italian workmen along the tracks between Dunton and Richmond Hill was recruited from until the shouting procession as it reached the railroad yards at Richmond Hill was nearly 1,000 strong.

John McFadden, the gang foreman there, heard by telephone that the strikers were coming. He was in charge of a crew of forty men, and, calling an interpreter, he explained to them that they were menaced by a great danger and must conceal themselves in the freight cars. The forty were quickly herded into two cars and the doors locked after them. Once inside they were told to be quiet, if they valued their lives.

A few minutes later the strikers from Dunton poured in. They knew the gang of Italians was there and were amazed and angry at not finding them. They swarmed through the yards and began throwing stones at the box cars and other destructible property. Hundreds of residents gathered to watch the cobbles rattle off the sides of the cars, and as the riot grew the police began to interfere.

Policemen Sheridan, Fleishmann, White, and Carson tried to rush the strikers on foot, but were driven back by a volley of stones. In the meantime news of the riot had been telephoned to the Richmond Hill Station, where Acting Sergeant Albert Kolson, at the head of ten mounted policemen, was about to go out to drill. At once they started on a gallop for the railroad yards, four blocks way.

They found the four policemen on foot in danger of being rushed by the mob. Without wasting time in asking the strikers to withdraw Sergt. Kolson and his mounted men charged into the midst of the Italians and used their clubs on every head in range. For a minute a pitched battle raged. Then the police began shooting and the Italians fled.

During the minute of fighting, however, the police did not get off unscathed. The bridle of Policeman Albert Herter's horse was seized by an Italian, and the policeman was dragged to the ground. Before his companions could aid him he had been kicked and beaten and had three ribs fractured.

Sergt. Kolson's horse shied as a jagged stone struck its shoulder, and the Sergeant was thrown, dislocating his right shoulder. Policeman Joseph Probst was sent reeling from the saddle by a missile, which cut a deep gash in his forehead. He fell heavily on his head and suffered concussion of the brain.

But the cavalry charge routed most of the Italians, and those who stubbornly stood their ground turned and ran when the police opened fire. Most of the bullets were aimed into the air or the ground, but one Italian fell with a wound in his leg. The police swept past him and his comrades helped him away.

Though most of the strikers fled in all directions, a few score continued together. At Atlantic Avenue and Willow Street, Sergt. Kolson, who had remounted in spite of his injury, ordered another charge, and the mob broke in two directions.

Sergt. Kolson and three men drove one division along Lefferts Avenue until there was no longer any rioting to be feared from them. The other mounted men pursued the main body of the strikers along Jamaica Avenue for over a mile to Clarenceville. Capt. Dulfer and the reserves came up shortly after the battle in the yards was over, and broke up small knots of stragglers. They arrested six Italians who had taken part in the fight, two of them suffering considerably from the nightsticks of the mounted men.

HABEAS CORPUS FOR SON.

Father Got Writ to Remove Him from the Home of a Consumptive.

For the purpose of removing ten-year-old Leslie Caulfield from surroundings where he might contract tuberculosis Supreme Court Justice Lehman yesterday upheld a writ of habeas corpus sworn out by the boy's father, Ernest F. Caulfield of 138 West Ninety-eighth Street.

Pending a decision of a suit for separation brought by Mrs. Eleanor Caulfield, the boy's mother was made custodian of the child. According to Caulfield, after parting from him his wife went to live with her step-father, Gustav Frey, at 670 St. Ann's Avenue, the Bronx. The father asserts that Frey is a consumptive and that the child is apt to contract the disease.

Justice Lehman directed that Leslie be removed from Frey's home by May 12 and that thereafter he should not be permitted to live there.

TELLS OF A DIPLOMA MILL.

Shoemaker Doctor Gets Suspended Sentence for His Information.

Domenico Cargulo, the "shoemaker doctor" of 2,251 Seventh Avenue, who was recently convicted of trying to work a "faith cure" on an agent of the County Medical Society, got a suspended sentence in Special Sessions yesterday after he had signified his willingness to testify against a so-called medical institute in Rochester, N. Y.

In pleading for a suspended sentence the defendant told the court that he had paid money to the heads of this "institute," and had in turn received a "diploma," which he supposed gave him the right to practice as a physician.

The District Attorney and the County Medical Society will conduct investigations into the methods of this "institute."

FOR AERO-DYNAMICS STUDY.

Smithsonian Institution to Reopen Langley Laboratory to This End.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 1.—An important step in the development of aerial navigation was taken to-day, when the Board of Regents of the Smithsonian Institution decided to reopen the institution's laboratory for the study of aerodynamics.

The laboratory, which is well fitted for such an investigation, has been closed since the death of Dr. S. P. Langley, formerly Secretary of the institution, who conducted experiments with the ill-fated airship Buzzard.

BUFFALO STORE STRIKE ON.

Between 2,500 and 4,000 Employes Out—Several Places Are Closed.

Special to The New York Times.

BUFFALO, May 1.—The first day of the strike of the clerks and drivers of the Buffalo department stores and 5 and 10 cent stores for higher wages and shorter hours passed off with little disorder. The union leaders assert that at least 4,000 employes are out, and that at least 1,000 more will join the strike to-morrow, when they expect to tie up every department store in the city. The employers say their business is little hindered. One of them admitted, however, that probably 2,500 women and men were on strike.

Arrangements are being made to call out all of the telephone girls to-morrow. The union leaders say that the plan will be accomplished in all of the exchanges.

Two of the department stores and all of the Woolworth stores were obliged to close their doors to-day because of a lack of clerks. The other stores ran with curtailed forces. The greatest handicap is caused by the strike of the drivers, which makes it difficult to deliver goods. The strikers this morning overturned two delivery wagons, and scattered the goods in the street. After that none of the stores affected made any effort to run wagons.

About 2,500 strikers undertook to parade through Main Street after a permit had been refused. Mounted policemen charged the strikers, and dispersed them. Mounted police were kept on duty all day, breaking up the crowds almost as quickly as they formed. All the stores are picketed by strikers, and all are under police guard.

Eleven representatives of the Retail Merchants' Association met to-night, and voted to close their stores Saturday evenings. This was one of the demands of the strikers. The union leaders declare the clerks will not return to work until all the other demands are granted and the union is recognized.

NEW UNREST AT AUBURN.

Textile Strikers in Ferment—Carpenters and Railroad Men Out.

AUBURN, May 1.—The foreign element among the textile strikers here is in a ferment over the apparent determination of the police to punish the six strikers arrested during disorders yesterday. The strikers declare that Gov. Sulzer's representative, Edwin P. Chapman, promised the release of the prisoners. The latter denied to-day that any such promise was made, saying he merely promised to advocate leniency. The strikers insist that they will not go back to work unless the prisoners are released. The prisoners declined to give bail.

About 250 carpenters struck to-day for a forty-four-hour week and a minimum wage of 45 cents an hour. The teamsters' troubles were settled by State Organizer W. H. Ashton. The section men of the New York Central Railroad in this territory struck to-day.

Will Support Wilson Jury Reform.

HACKENSACK, N. J., May 1.—Bergen County's three Democratic Assemblymen—Charles O'Connor Hennessy, Arthur M. Agnew, and C. G. Zisgen—came out solidly for jury reform last evening at a meeting here of the Federation of Civic Clubs of Bergen County.

ESCAPE FIRE OVER ROOFS.

Dwellers Above Restaurant in 34th St. Get Away Without Accident.

When a fire swept Carducci's restaurant on the second floor of 134 West Thirty-fourth Street shortly after midnight last night the flames cut off all hope of escape by way of the stairs for the persons living in the two upper stories. All made their way to the roof, however, and from there to adjoining buildings, except one man, who came to the fourth-floor window in his pajamas, climbed to the sill, and seemed about to jump.

Persons leaning from the nearest window of the adjoining house could almost touch him, and they beckoned to him to come their way. Without becoming confused and without any apparent hesitation he stepped from the sill of his window to the sill of the window next door and was safe.

The fire was practically out at 1:30 this morning, but it left little except the shell of the building.

McCooey Would Name Architect.

ALBANY, May 1.—John H. McCooey, leader of the Kings County Democratic organization, has asked Gov. Sulzer to appoint a Brooklyn man as State architect. Mr. McCooey favors Frank H. Quimby for the place, but it is understood the Governor will appoint L. F. Pilcher, if a Brooklyn man is chosen.

Kennedy
12 Cortlandt St.
Three Complete Men's Stores
Hats, Men's Furnishings and Shoes

No Middlemen's Profit
SPRING SOFT HATS
$1.50 and $1.90.
Every New Style
50c to $1.00 Saved!
Smart Tweed Caps
50c & 95c
Large English Shapes.
Flexible Derbys, $1.50, $1.90, $2.90
The Lightest Stiff Hats Made

Wallach Bros.
Third Ave., cor. 122d St. (Open Evenings)
Broadway at 29th St. (Southwest Corner)
246-248 W. 125th St. (Open Evenings)
The Home of Hart, Schaffner & Marx Clothes

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To Him That Passed By.

LIKE all of us who have the use of our five good senses, you are looking for Opportunity. Opportunity means Money to you as it does to us. Opportunity to *save* money is just the same as opportunity to *make* money if the old saw, "A Penny Saved Is a Penny Earned," be true. And here at Wallach Stores thousands of men have found opportunity to save clothes money a plenty. This because our Hart, Schaffner & Marx clothes have greater values, dollar for dollar, than any others. You can prove this statement if you will but come here and see the clothes. So *don't pass by* again. Come in and see what $18, $20, $22.50 or $25 will buy in Hart, Schaffner & Marx clothes here.

"A NATIONAL INSTITUTION"
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CLOTHING, FURNISHINGS AND HATS
FOR MEN, BOYS AND CHILDREN

MANCHESTER

Up To You

We have done the best possible in producing our "Manchester" Model. It is a suit absolutely correct as to style and fit.

The range of fabrics is wider than any one else can show you. See the chalk lines and black and white effects, so much in vogue this season, and decide whether this is not the best ready-made suit you ever saw.

Try on a suit, with no obligation to buy it, and let us have your best judgment as to its style.

$20.00 to $35.00

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Cooper Square, Opposite 5th Street.
Brooklyn: Fulton St. at De Kalb Ave.

Clothes from Maker to Wearer

The Tariff Did It!

Yes, and did it so well that you can buy a $30 Suit in my store now at $15. A manufacturer of woolens rushed to me the other day to sell out his stock—he was scared—he knew something was about to happen and he wasn't taking any chances.

I bought from him at far below his regular price enough material to make 965 Suits—then rushed them to completion, so as to give my patrons the benefit before the real warm weather set in. They're ready for you now.

Just take into consideration the value I am offering. Remember that I manufacture these garments myself, that I am selling them to you without adding a retailer's profit, and that, besides this, I am making and retailing them in the same building—in a building out of the high rent district, where I save thousands of dollars a year. Deduct these amounts—then, again, deduct 40% off the cost of material—that's what I am giving.

$30 Pencil Stripe Suits $15

Yes, $30 Pencil Stripe at $15—and 32 other different stylish patterns and fabrics among these 965 Suits. They are indeed beyond description—$30 doesn't begin to tell the story. I have tailored these garments up to the very essence of the $30 material used in their making. I have designed them in all the fashionable models, following both English and American ideas and styles. The soft rolling lapel patch pocket Suit a la London, the swaggering, dashingly popular Suit a la Broadway. In fact, everything and anything you could desire.

Reduce your cost of living. The tariff revision is for that purpose. Here is the first chance you'll have to partake of its advantages. Come to my store to-day.

Evenings Until 9 Moe Levy *Saturdays Until 10*
(MY ONLY STORE) 119-125 Walker St., N. Y. (MY ONLY STORE)
Three blocks East of Broadway—One block from Canal St. Subway Station.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES.

EMPIRE B'way, 40 St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. To-m'w & Wed. 2:30.
"BY ALL MEANS, GO AND SEE BILLIE BURKE."—*HERALD.*
"BILLIE BURKE IS A DARLING IN THE AMAZONS."—*ALAN DALE.*
"BILLIE BURKE'S SECOND TRIUMPH OF THE THEATRICAL YEAR."—*MAIL.*
MISS BILLIE BURKE
IN THE AMAZING
THE AMAZONS A. W. PINERO'S COMEDY.
"BILLIE BURKE IS A BEWITCHING BOY."—*SUN.*
"BILLIE BURKE WAS ALTOGETHER CHARMING."—*WORLD.*
"BILLIE BURKE'S NEW TRIUMPH."—*TELEGRAM.*
MATINEES, WED. & SAT.

KNICKERBOCKER, Broadway & 38th St. Evs. 8 sharp. Mats. To-m'w & Wed.
JULIA SANDERSON with JOSEPH CAWTHORN
in THE SUNSHINE GIRL.

LYCEUM, 45th St. n'r B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. To-m'w & Thurs. 2:30.
H. B. WARNER THE GHOST BREAKER

GARRICK 35th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Last Matinee To-m'w.
Last 2 Nights—Last Matinee To-m'w.
"The Conspiracy"

CRITERION B'way, 44th St. Evs. 8:15 Mats. To-m'w & Wed. 2:15
Robert Hilliard in "THE ARGYLE CASE."

HUDSON W. 44th St., nr. B'way. Ev. 8:20. Mats. To-m'w & Wed. 2:20.
THE POOR LITTLE RICH GIRL.

FULTON 46 St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. To-m'w & Wed. 2:30.
RICHARD BENNETT AND CO-WORKERS present
DAMAGED GOODS

HARRIS, W. 42St. Eve. 8:20. Reg. Mat. Tomor
THE MASTER MIND With EDMUND BREESE.

New Amsterdam W. 42d St. Evs. 8:15. Mat. To-morrow.
OH! OH! DELPHINE
The Last Word in Musical Comedy.

LIBERTY W. 42d St. Evs. 8:10 sharp. Mats. To-morrow & Wed. 2:30.
The Biggest Musical Success of the Season.
The Purple Road
"Charming." Charles Darnton. | "Exquisite." Alan Dale. | "Delightful." Acton Davies

GAIETY B'way & 46 St. Eves. at 8:30. Mat. To-m'w & Wed. 2:10.
"STOP THIEF" A Farce That Makes You Laugh.

GLOBE Mat. To-m'w. | MONTGOMERY & STONE, ELSIE JANIS. THE LADY OF THE SLIPPER.

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HOTEL
Bretton Hall
BROADWAY 85th to 86th St.
Between Riverside Drive and Central Park.
Large rooms, large closets and all comforts of the best New York Hotels at one-third less price. Within ten minutes of shopping and theatre centres. Subway station at the door.

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Large rooms, with private bath, $1.50 per day. Parlor bedroom and bath, $2.50 per day.

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QUAINTEST PLACE IN AMERICA
BROADWAY AND 30TH ST.

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13 MINUTES from Penna. Station.
NEW FIREPROOF HOTEL.
By Long Island R.R. to Forest Hills, L. I.
$12 to $18 per week, including meals.
Tea garden, golf, tennis, squash, & billiards.
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DAILY OR THREE TIMES A WEEK.

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Ev.8. 6 Av., 43d-44th. Daily Mats.2. Best Seats $1
GYPSY LIFE LAST 3 WEEKS PLUNGING HORSES
In addition to the $200,000 Spectacle
UNDER MANY FLAGS

WINTER GARDEN Evenings 8. Mat. To-m'w 50c to $1.50
2ND EDITION HONEYMOON EXPRESS
Al Jolson—Grace La Rue—Ina Claire.
Sunday Night Concert—15 Entirely New Star Acts

LYRIC 42nd, West of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Matinee To-morrow 2:15.
Star Revival of ARIZONA By Augustus Thomas

39TH ST. Thea., near B'way. Evs. 8:15. Matinee To-morrow 2:15.
THE FIVE FRANKFORTERS.

PLAYHOUSE 48th, E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Matinee To-m'w 2:30.
GRACE GEORGE in Sardou's comedy
Grace George in Her Best Role.—*Alan Dale.* DIVORCONS

MAXINE ELLIOTT'S Thea., 39th, bet. B'way & 6th Av. Evs. 8:30. Matinee To-m'w 2:30
ROMANCE

WEBER & FIELDS' 44th St. Thea., W. of B'way. Ev. 8:15 Matinee To-m'w 2:15.
THE GEISHA JAS. T. POWERS and STAR CAST.

Princess 39th St., Bet. B'way & 6th Av. Evs. 8:30. Matinee To-m'w 2:15.
THEATRE OF THRILLS | 5 ONE-ACT PLAYS THAT MADE THE GRAND GUIGNOL IN PARIS FAMOUS.

CASINO B'way and 39th St. Evenings 8:15. Matinee To-morrow 2:15.
Gilbert-Sullivan Company in THE MIKADO
NEXT WEEK, PINAFORE

48TH ST. THEA., East of B'way. Evgs. 8:15. Matinee To-m'w 2:15.
WHAT HAPPENED TO MARY
with OLIVE WYNDHAM
Entire 1st Balcony, $1; entire 2d Balcony, 50c.

William Collier's Comedy 41st, E. of B'way. Beg's Mon., May 5 Seats Now.
A new comedy by C. W. Bell Her First Divorce
with LAURA HOPE CREWS and JULIAN L'ESTRANGE, ALLAN POLLOCK, RUTH HOLT BOUCICAULT, AND OTHERS.

MANHATTAN OPERA HOUSE, 34th St. & 8th Av. Evs. 8. Mats. 2.
Evs. & Mat. To-m'w 25c. to $1.50. THE WHIP Wed. Mat. 25c. to $1.
500 ORCHESTRA SEATS AT $1.
To-night "Yankee" Baseball Night

WEST END, 125th, W. of 8 Av. Evs. 8:15.
Pop. Daily Mats. Best Seats 50c. EVA TANGUAY
Next Week—THE GOVERNOR'S LADY, Original Republic Thea. Cast & Production.

NOW MADISON SQ. GARDEN NOW
Twice Daily, 2:15 and 8:15 P. M.
BIGGER, GRANDER THAN EVER.

BUFFALO BILL'S WILD WEST
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PAWNEE BILL'S GREAT FAR EAST
Admission to everything. 25c and 50c at 26th & 27th St. Entrances only.
RESERVED SEATS—NIGHT PRICES, 75c., $1.00, $1.50; Box Seats, $2.50. Children half price.
Half Price to All Matinees Except Saturday.
BRANCH TICKET OFFICES (same prices as at the Garden) at John Wanamaker's, Broadway and 8th St.; Gimbel Bros., 33d St. and 6th Avenue; also at the Garden every day from 9 A. M.

CENTURY Thea. 62nd & 8th Av. Evs. 8:15
Angelina-Gattini Opera Co. in repertoire, 50c. to $2.
All This Week—"I SALTIMBANCHI"—Mat. Sat.

H. H. FRAZEE'S LONGACRE THEATRE 48th ST. JUST W. of B'WAY Tel. Bryant 23. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30
ARE YOU A CROOK?

CORT 48th St. E. of B'way. Tel: Bryant 46. Eves. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15
Laurette Taylor 'Peg o' My Heart.'

ELTINGE West 42d St. Evenings at 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
WITHIN THE LAW

GEO. M. COHAN'S THEA., B'way, 43. Evs. 8:10. Mats. To-m'w & Wed. 2:10.
May Irwin in "Widow By Proxy" and "Mrs. Peckham's Carouse."
Hear Miss Irwin sing Old Songs and New Ones.

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N't Week: Julian Eltinge, "The Fascinating Widow"

ADOLF PHILIPP THEATRE, 57th St. nr. 3d Av.
ALMA, WO WOHNST DU? Eve. 8:15. Mat. Sat.

Palace THEATRE, B'way, 47th St. Eve. 25c., 50c., 75c., $1.00. DAILY MATINEE 25-50-75c.
ETHEL BARRYMORE & Co. in a new play by Richard Harding Davis—Entitled "Miss Civilization."
BESSIE CLAYTON Nat. M. Wills, Forrest Huff, and Fritzi von Busing, Courtney
—AND A BIG SHOW—
Next Mon. MME. SARAH BERNHARDT & her Co. in Repertoire & Big Vauderille Bill—Seats Now.

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100 of America's Greatest Stars' Original Program of Drama, Comedy, Operetta, Monologue. 100

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Years of Discretion

REPUBLIC West 42d St. Evs. 8:10. Last Matinee To-morrow 2:10.
LAST 3 TIMES A Good Little Devil

F. F. PROCTOR'S N. Y. THEATRES
5th AVE. B'way 28th St. Mat. 25c. Ev. 25c-$1. | NANCE O'NEIL Chief Caupolican, "The Movies," Sherman, Van & Hyman, "Cheyenne Days," oths.
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CELEBRATED IRISH TENOR
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Tickets 75c. to $2. Now on sale at Box Office.

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TWICE DAILY, 3:15 and 8:30 P. M.
PANAMA CANAL—BALKAN WAR
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WILLIAM MORRIS' N. Y. THEATRE B'way 45 St. 10c.-15c-25c.
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TO-NIGHT, COUNTRY STORE. The Merry Whirl.

PROSPECT THEATRE. Prospect and Westchester Avs.
A FOOL THERE WAS
Mat. To-day 2:15. By Porter Emerson Browne.

Tetrazzini in Lucia di Lammermoor
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COLUMBIA B'way & 47th St. Burlesque Mat. To-day.
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To-night at 8:15. Special Perf'ce. The Jewess.

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HAMMERSTEIN'S. Ev. 50, 75c, $1. D'ly Matinees 25 & 50c. | Kitty Gordon, Annie Abbott, "Girl of The Golden West," 15 oths

MURRAY HILL, Burlesque. Evgs. 8:15. Mat. To-day. | GAYETY GIRLS.

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MAJESTIC | LAST MATINEE SATURDAY
ALL STAR CAST ROSEDALE
Next Week—Faversham in Julius Caesar

ORPHEUM MATINEE DAILY, 25c. | Maurice Levi & his Invisible Band of 22. Elizabeth Murray, Paul Dickey & Co., Walter Law & Co., Etc.